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Ihor Gawdiak with Helen Fedor

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PREFACE

This volume is the fourth in a series of reference works intended to present a statistical summary of the activity of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration from its inception. Volume IV, NASA Resources 1969–1978, is an update of the initial volume in the series, NASA Resources 1958–1968. The present volume treats briefly, as did its predecessor, NASA's history, organization, management, financing, personnel, and procurement matters during the second decade of its existence. Its primary objective is to provide the reader with comprehensive statistical data to illustrate the status of NASA in the decade after the first man set foot on the Moon.

Volume IV is organized in the same way as the first volume. Each chapter of the present volume deals with the same subject matter as the first one. There are some differences, however. Whereas the first volume provided statistical data not only for the individual installations but also for each installation's component facilities as well, this volume combines statistical data of the component facilities with the data of the parent installation. There are two reasons for this. First, many of the component facilities were consolidated with their parent installation between 1969 and 1978. Second, increasingly during this decade NASA offices themselves tended to consolidate all statistical data on the particular installation. The statistical tables in this volume contain some gaps simply because the prerequisite data were not available. Finally, until 1976 the fiscal year began in July and ended at the end of June. Starting October 1976, it began in October and ended at the end of September. Whenever information was available, data were provided for the so-called "transition quarter" (TQ) to cover the period July 1, 1976, to September 30, 1976. Otherwise, the transitional quarter is combined with 1976.

The author wishes to acknowledge the contributions of numerous individuals to this volume. The author expresses his gratitude to Dr. Roger D. Launius, the Chief Historian of NASA's History Division, Lee D. Saegesser of NASA's History Division, and others at NASA who contributed their guidance, extensive knowledge, and research materials. He is particularly grateful to his colleague, Helen Fedor, who worked with him on this project formatting the large number of tables in this volume and entering the data into them. Special thanks are owed David P. Cabitto, who designed the artwork on the title page of each chapter and oversaw the preparation of the map and graphic work. Finally, the author is especially grateful to Andrea T. Merrill for her diligence in the editing and preparation of the manuscript.

Ihor Y. Gawdiak February 1993



CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

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CHAPTER ONE **INTRODUCTION**

As the 1960s came to a close, NASA could proudly look back at the past decade as one of significant achievements and triumphs. In a relatively short span of time, NASA's great feats in space exploration had allowed the United States to pass the Soviet Union as the unquestioned leader in this endeavor. A decade of spectacular space voyages had been crowned on July 20, 1969, when NASA landed the first human on the moon. NASA hoped that in the next decade the agency would accomplish new and equally spectacular achievements in space exploration. The proposed program of space exploration for the next two decades, submitted to the President in 1969 by the Space Task Group chaired by Vice President Spiro T. Agnew, delineated such projects as a Mars manned mission, a lunar surface base, a lunar orbital space station, an earth orbital space station, and reusable space shuttles.

Paradoxically, it was at this moment of NASA's great triumphs that the tide of public opinion began to turn. NASA's very success—catching up to and overtaking the Soviet space program—dulled the public's appetite for new sensational feats in space. Furthermore, the increasingly unpopular war in Vietnam fully preoccupied the public's attention, placed a heavy burden on the nation's economy, strained the Government budget, and generated a host of domestic problems. NASA's annual budget, which had reached more than \$5 billion in the mid-1960s and stood at almost \$4 billion in 1969, was reduced to \$3.7 billion in 1970 and just over \$3 billion in 1974.

The cuts in the NASA budget had a considerable impact on the agency. Grandiose space programs were eschewed in favor of more modest and, from the public's point of view, practical programs. Thus, of the programs suggested in 1969 by the Space Task Group, only the development of the Space Shuttle was approved, in 1972. And the approved Space Shuttle project was a more economical and scaled down version than the one originally envisioned by NASA. Funds appropriated for research and development were reduced, not only because of cuts in the overall NASA budget but also because an increasing share of NASA funds went for administrative operations. In 1969 almost \$3.4 billion was appropriated for research and development. In 1974 the figure fell to a low of \$2.2 billion, rising again to slightly over \$3 billion in 1978.

Cuts in the NASA budget had an impact on the growth and development of the individual NASA installations as well. Although one could hardly have expected the extensive growth and expansion of NASA facilities during 1958-68 to continue into the next decade, some expansion of NASA facilities likely would have occurred if NASA's budget had not been cut. As it was, NASA underwent a process of consolidation and reduction of its facilities during 1969-78. The best examples of this were the closing of the Electronics Research Center as a NASA installation in 1970 and the transfer of its facilities to the Department of Transportation and also the disestablishment of the Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1973.

The change in the nature and emphasis of research and development carried out by NASA during the second decade of its existence was reflected in the quantity and composition of its personnel. Between 1969 and 1978, the number of NASA in-house employees was reduced by almost 10,000, or by about a third of what it was in 1969. The reduced work force contained, however, an increasingly large percentage of scientists and engineers and other personnel with professional degrees. In addition, there was a marked increase during this period in the number of minority employees at NASA. Minority employees made particularly impressive gains among NASA's professional administrative ranks. There was also a slight increase in the percentage of women employed by NASA during the 1969-78 period. Like minority employees, women achieved their greatest gains in professional administrative positions.

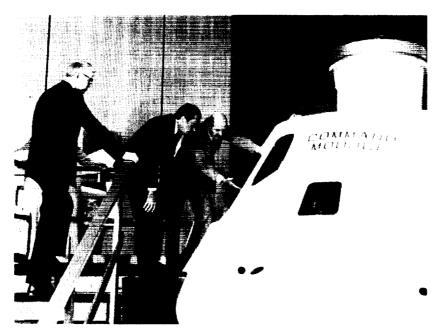
In spite of the considerable cuts in its funding and personnel, during the 1969–78 decade NASA continued to push forward in space exploration and to make important advances in the development of spacecraft technology. Many of the NASA projects that were begun during the previous decades endured into the 1970s. Apollo lunar exploration continued until December 1972 with the launching of Apollo 17, the last flight of the Apollo Moon program. The Mariner space probes to Mars in 1969 and 1971 were followed by the Mariner probe of the planet Mercury in 1974. In 1972 Pioneer 10 began its successful year and one-half journey to the planet Jupiter. Pioneer 11 repeated the journey in 1973 and then flew toward the planet Saturn. A Viking probe of Mars in 1976 was followed by a Voyager flight to Jupiter in 1977 and a Pioneer probe of Venus in 1978. These and other flights to the planets of our solar system marked a period of intensive study of the planets in search of knowledge that could explain the mysteries of the earth itself.

Concurrently with the exploration of the planets, NASA was pursuing programs that had tangible and immediate impact on earth-related problems. In the 1970s, a number of satellites were launched into orbit around the earth. These satellites, such as the Earth Resources Technology Satellite launched in July 1972, scanned the earth and provided real-time information on such topics as crop inventory and crop health, water storage, air and water pollution, forest diseases and forest fires, and coastal and oceanic movements. Although unmanned satellites performed the bulk of research in space, manned space flight was not neglected. Instead of sending astro-

nauts on a distant journey to the planets, however, NASA's Skylab project called for them to live and perform experiments in a space laboratory orbiting around the earth. The Skylab, a space workshop, was launched by a Saturn V rocket and placed into an earth orbit in May 1973. Eleven days later, a manned Apollo command and service module combination was launched into orbit by another Saturn rocket and docked with the workshop. The first crew spent twenty-eight days aboard the Skylab, proving that humans could live and work in space. Two other missions followed in 1973.

Increasingly, the satellites put into orbit by NASA during this period were performing research and experiments for other Government agencies, private corporations, and even foreign governments. The increased cooperation in space exploration between the United States and other countries led to one of the more striking feats in space. In July 1975, the United States and the Soviet Union carried out a joint space venture, the Apollo-Soyuz Test Project, when an orbiting Soviet Soyuz spacecraft rendezvoused and docked with a American Apollo spacecraft. The two spacecraft then proceeded to exchange crews and conduct joint experiments.

In its second decade of existence, from 1969 to 1978, NASA achieved notable successes. After the enormous achievement of landing a man on the Moon in 1969, NASA went on to other missions, including sending space probes to explore other planets in our solar system, orbiting satellites to study the earth, establishing an orbiting space laboratory, and performing space exploration jointly with other countries. As the next decade dawned, NASA was embarking on new ventures, chief among them the Space Shuttle program, to fulfill its commitment to maintaining United States leadership in space exploration.

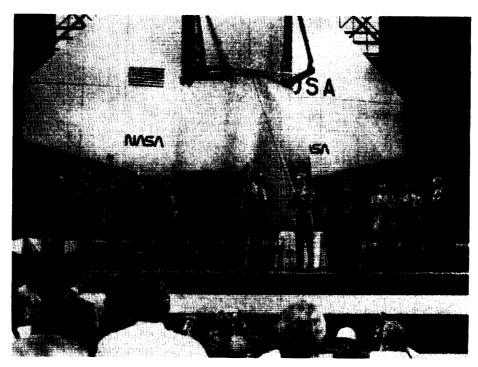


President Richard M. Nixon being briefed by Flight Commander, Astronaut Thomas P. Stafford on the Apollo Command Module to be used in the U.S.-U.S.S.R. Apollo-Soyuz flight in the summer of 1975. Standing at the President's right is Dr. James C. Fletcher, NASA Administrator.



President Gerald R. Ford and NASA Administrator James C. Fletcher examine a model of the Space Shuttle during a meeting at the White House on September 8, 1976.

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President James E. Carter awarding the Space Medal of Honor to former Astronaut Alan B. Shepard during NASA's 20th anniversary celebration at the Kennedy Space Center on October 1, 1978. A mock-up of the Space Shuttle is in the background.

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CHAPTER TWO

NASA FACILITIES

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CHAPTER TWO

NASA FACILITIES

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NASA FACILITIES

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CHAPTER TWO NASA FACILITIES

For NASA facilities, the first decade of NASA's existence was a period of rapid growth and expansion. The basic configuration of NASA installations was developed from 1958 to 1968. By the end of FY 1968, there were ten NASA field installations, each with its own Director. They were the Ames Research Center (ARC) at Moffett Field, California; the Electronics Research Center (ERC) in Cambridge, Massachusetts; the Flight Research Center (FRC) at Edwards Air Force Base, California; the Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC) in Greenbelt, Maryland; the John F. Kennedy Space Center (KSC) near Cape Canaveral, Florida; the Langley Research Center (LaRC) at Langley Field in Hampton, Virginia; the Lewis Research Center (LeRC) in Cleveland, Ohio; the Manned Spacecraft Center (MSC) near Houston, Texas; the George C. Marshall Space Flight Center (MSFC) in Huntsville, Alabama; and the Wallops Station (WS) on Wallops Island. Virginia. In addition, the Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL), operated in Government-owned facilities in Pasadena by the California Institute of Technology, has been under contract to NASA since 1959. Another NASA installation, the Space Nuclear Propulsion Office (SNPO) in Germantown, Maryland, with branch offices in New Mexico, Ohio, and Nevada, reported directly to the NASA Headquarters Office of Advanced Research and Technology. Also, several of the independent NASA centers had component installations.

The second decade of NASA's existence was for the most part a period of retrenchment for its facilities. The Electronics Research Center closed as a NASA installation on June 30, 1970, and its facilities were transferred to the Department of Transportation. Also that year, the Space Nuclear Propulsion Office was renamed the Space Nuclear Systems Office. It was disestablished in 1973. The Manned Spacecraft Center was renamed the Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center (JSC) on February 17, 1973. On April 14, 1974, Wallops Station was renamed the Wallops Flight Center (WFC), reflecting its expanded use as a rocket flight-test range. The same year, on June 14, 1974, the Mississippi Test Facility at Bay St. Louis, Mississippi, one of the component installations of the Marshall Space Flight Center, was established as an independent NASA field installation and renamed the National Space Technology Laboratories (NSTL). On January 8, 1976,

the Flight Research Center was renamed the Hugh L. Dryden Flight Research Center (DFRC) in honor of the first NASA Deputy Director, who was an aeronautical research pioneer.

Whereas the first decade of NASA's existence witnessed a rapid growth in the number and size of its facilities, a comparable expansion did not take place in the second decade. Indeed, as indicated by Tables 2-1 to 2-30, the most remarkable characteristic of NASA's field installations during the second decade of NASA's existence was the lack of any significant changes. From 1959 to 1968, the land area on which NASA installations were located grew from 5,179 acres to over 142,000 acres. By 1978 the number of acres had actually decreased to just slightly over 136,000 acres. The total real property value grew from just over \$268 million in 1959 to \$2.4 billion in 1968; in 1978 it stood at \$2.8 billion. The total investment value of NASA installations—comprising real property, leasehold improvements, capitalized equipment, and fixed assets-in-progress-rose from \$4.4 billion in 1968 to \$6 billion in 1978. From 1968 to 1978, investment value rose only modestly in three of the above categories but showed a marked increase in capitalized equipment value from \$1.4 billion in 1968 to \$2.9 billion in 1978.

Attainment of stability in the NASA system of installations is further evidenced by comparing proportional changes that make up the total real property value. Whereas the value of buildings changed from almost 92 percent of the total in 1959 to close to 54 percent in 1968, it remained almost steady during the next decade, rising to only slightly less than 56 percent in 1978. Similarly, the value of other structures and facilities rose from about 8 percent of the total in 1959 to almost 42 percent in 1968, and in the next decade it changed by only 2 percent, attaining the figure of 40 percent in 1978. The value of NASA-owned land was 0.3 percent of the total in 1959, 4.3 percent in 1968, and 4.1 percent of the total real property value in 1978.

Definition of Terms

Definitions of the terms used in this chapter were taken from NASA Management Instructions (NMIs) and NASA Handbook (NHB) Approval of Facility Projects.¹

Buildings. Facilities with the basic function of enclosing usable space. This category of real property includes buildings leased by or on behalf of NASA and improvements to NASA-owned buildings and installed property but excludes leaseholds improvements (NMI 8800.1A).

Note: In the tables of this chapter and those of Chapter Six, the square footage of buildings leased does not include GSA-leased buildings.

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¹NASA, Office of Organization and Management, Administrative Services Division, NASA Management Instruction (NMI) 8800.1A and 1132.2A; and NASA Handbook (NHB) 7330.1, Approval of Facility Projects.

Component Installation. An installation, office, or other NASA organizational element that is located geographically apart from a NASA installation and that, pursuant to delegations from the Administrator, is assigned for management purposes to the Official-in-Charge of a Headquarters office, the Director of a field installation, or an immediate subordinate of these officials (NMI 1132.2A).

Component installations of NASA Headquarters include:

NASA Pasadena Office

The Space Nuclear Propulsion Office/Space Nuclear Systems Office was organizationally under the NASA Headquarters Office of Advanced Research and Technology and in some cases was regarded as a component installation.

Former component installations of NASA Headquarters include:

NASA Daytona Beach Operation

NASA Office—Downey

North Eastern Office

Western Coordination Office

Western Operations Office

Western Support Office

Component installations of centers include:

Kennedy Space Center-Western Test Range Operations Division

Lewis Research Center—Plum Brook Station

Manned Spacecraft Center-White Sands Test Facility

Marshall Space Flight Center—Michoud Assembly Facility with its Computer Operations Office; Mississippi Test Facility (until June 14, 1974, when it became the independent National Space Technology Laboratories); and Slidell Computer Facility

Easement. An acquired privilege or right of use or enjoyment that one party may have in the land of another, for example, an easement or right-of-way for road or highway purposes or for construction and maintenance of utility lines (NHB 7330.1, 26).

Equipment. Personal property that meets all of the following criteria: (a) has an estimated service life of one year or more, (b) has an initial acquisition cost of \$50 or more per unit, (c) retains its identity when put into use, and (d) will not be consumed during an experiment (NHB 7330.1, 26-27).

Collateral Equipment. All nonintegral, severable equipment that is acquired for use, or is used, in a facility. Collateral equipment is not required to make the structure or building useful and operable as a structure or building, but it imparts to the facility its particular character at the time, for example, furniture in an office building or test equipment in a test stand (NHB 7330.1, 25). See Personal Property.

Integral Equipment. Equipment that is normally required to make a facility useful and operable as a facility and that is built in or permanently affixed to it in such a manner that removal would impair the usefulness, safety, or comfort of the facility. Integral equipment includes such items

as elevators, central air-conditioning systems, and electrical and plumbing fixtures and equipment (NHB 7330.1, 28). See Installed Property.

Note: As used in this chapter and in Chapter Six, equipment refers to capitalized equipment only. (To be recorded as capitalized equipment, the equipment must have an estimated service life of more than one year, be identifiable as equipment when in use and not part of other equipment, generally cost \$200 or more, and not be intended to be consumed in an experiment. Noncapitalized equipment is charged to the appropriate cost account as "expensed equipment."²)

Facility. A generic term used to encompass real property and related integral and collateral equipment of a capital nature; thus the term does not encompass operating materials, supplies, and noncapitalized equipment. The term "facility" is used in connection with land, buildings (facilities with the basic function of enclosing usable space), structures (facilities with the basic function of a research or operational tool or activity), and other real property improvements (NHB 7330.1, 27).

Field Installation. A NASA organizational element located geographically apart from NASA Headquarters and headed by a Director. The following are NASA field installations:

Ames Research Center

Electronics Research Center, disestablished June 30, 1970

Flight Research Center/Hugh L. Dryden Flight Research Center, as of January 8, 1976

Goddard Space Flight Center

John F. Kennedy Space Center

Langley Research Center

Lewis Research Center

Manned Spacecraft Center/Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center, as of February 17, 1973

George C. Marshall Space Flight Center

National Space Technology Laboratories, established June 14, 1974 Wallops Station/Wallops Flight Center, as of April 14, 1974

The Jet Propulsion Laboratory is not a NASA field installation but is operated by the California Institute of Technology under contract to NASA.

The Space Nuclear Propulsion Office/Space Nuclear Systems Office was not a NASA field installation but reported to the NASA Headquarters Office of Advanced Research and Technology.

Industrial Facility. NASA property that is contractor held. Figures for industrial property are included with NASA's in-house property in all tables, unless otherwise noted.

Installation. A NASA organizational element, including both Headquarters and field installations (NMI 1132.2A).

Installed Property. Items of fixtures and equipment normally required

²NASA, Office of Administration, Financial Management Division, *Financial Management Manual*, paragraph 9250-32a, 32b.

for the functional use of a building or structure, the removal of which would impair the usefulness, comfort, and safety of the building or structure. Installed property is included as part of the building or structure and is accounted for accordingly. Examples of installed property items included as real property are plumbing fixtures and equipment, electrical and fixed fire protection systems, overhead crane runways, components that become part of a system, and other similar built-in or permanently affixed items (NMI 8800.1A). See Integral Equipment.

Investment Value, Total. A figure representing the total of (a) real property value, including land, buildings, and other structures and facilities; (b) leasehold improvements value; (c) capitalized equipment value; and (d) assets-in-progress value. Value is based on cost plus improvements.

Note: As used in Chapter Two, total investment value includes both inhouse and contractor-held facilities.

Land. A category of real property that includes all acquired interests in land (for example, owned, leased, or acquired by permit) but excludes NASA-controlled easements and rights-of-way that are under leasehold improvements (NMI 8800.1A).

Note: As used in the tables of Chapters Two and Six, land includes only NASA-owned land unless otherwise noted. Figures presented for this variable do not include leased land or land held under use permit or agreement. NASA-owned land means Government-owned land for which NASA has custody and accountability.

Lease. An instrument conveying land, buildings, or other structures or facilities or portions thereof for a specified term of time, in consideration of payment of a rental fee (NHB 7330.1, 28).

Leasehold Improvements. Improvements made by or on behalf of NASA to leased land, buildings, or other structures and facilities; easements and rights-of-way (NMI 8800.1A).

Note: Although NASA Management Instruction 8800.1A deems lease-hold improvements a category of real property, they are considered as a separate component of total investment value in Chapter Two.

Other Structures and Facilities. Category of real property that includes facilities having the basic function of research or operational tools or activities as distinct from buildings, which have the primary function of enclosing usable space. Includes all structures and facilities and installed property owned or leased by or on behalf of NASA, for example, storage tanks, gantry cranes, launch pads, blockhouses, airfield pavements, roads, monuments, sidewalks, parking areas, and fences. Excludes leasehold improvements (NMI 8800.1A).

Personal Property. Items of equipment that are installed in a building or structure to perform or assist in performing the operation housed within the buildings or structures and that, if removed, would retain their identity and usefulness as individual items of equipment, for example, a machine tool installed in a building (NMI 8800.1A). See Collateral Equipment.

Real Property. Land, buildings, structures, and utilities systems and their improvements and appurtenances, permanently annexed to land. Real

property includes equipment attached to and made a part of buildings, structures, and other facilities (such as heating systems) but excludes collateral equipment (such as machine tools) that is removable without significant damage to the real property (NHB 7330.1, 29).

Real property—when under the control of the United States or of any instrumentality, entity, or wholly owned corporation of the United States—means any interest in land, excluding lands in the Public Domain or reserved or dedicated for National Forest or National Park purposes, and any fixture, structure, appurtenance, or other improvement permanently annexed to land, including lands to which the United States has no title or interest and lands in the Public Domain or dedicated or devoted to National Forest or National Park purposes (NMI 8800.1A).

Note: In the tables of Chapters Two and Six, total real property value is the sum of land value, buildings value, and other structures and facilities value. Leasehold improvements are not included in total real property value but are considered as a separate component of total investment value.

Use Permit. A document conferring temporary permission to NASA to use land, buildings, structures, or other facilities for which another Government agency has custody and accountability.

NASA Installations and Abbreviations

For installation summaries, see Chapter Six.

Ames Research Center (ARC)

Electronics Research Center (ERC), disestablished June 30, 1970

Flight Research Center (FRC)/Hugh L. Dryden Flight Research Center (DFRC)

Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC)

John F. Kennedy Space Center (KSC)

Langley Research Center (LaRC)

Lewis Research Center (LeRC)

Manned Spacecraft Center (MSC)/Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center (JSC)

George C. Marshall Space Flight Center (MSFC)

National Space Technology Laboratories (NSTL)

Space Nuclear Propulsion Office (SNPO)/Space Nuclear Systems Office (SNSO)

Wallops Station (WS)/Wallops Flight Center (WFC)

Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL)

NASA Headquarters (Hq.)

Table 2-1. Property: In-House and Contractor-Held, FY 1969-FY 1978 (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands)

			•							
Category	6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	5761	9261	1977	1978
 Total real property value Percentage change 	2,586,311	2,652,271	2,697,804	2,643,646	2,587,919	2.589,042	2,687,151	2,735,161	2,743,223	2,834,809
Land value Percentage change	120,034	123,245	117,4%	117,449	117,488	118,080	117.246	0.4%	116,884	116,537
Buildings value Percentage change	1,383,481 6.6%	1,424,410 3.0%	1,444,695	1,454,415	1,428,291	1,431,332	1,487,590	1,507,817	1,533,951	1,584,804
Other structures and facilities value Percentage change	1,082,796 7.2%	1,104,616	1,135,613	1,071,782	1,042,140 -2.8%	1,039,630 -0.2%	1,082,315	1,110,534	1,092,388	1,133,468 3.8%
 Leasehold improve- ments value Percentage change 	985 -7.3%	863 12.4%	4,218	4,375	4,483	4,228	1,031	957	Z Z	2,383 NA
 Capitalized equipment value Percentage change 	1,690,850	2,298,512 35.9%	2,721,830 18.4%	2,969,461 9.1%	2,985,671 0.6%	3,151,968	3,040,531 -3.5%	2,868,064 -5.7%	X A	2,933,021 NA
4. Fixed assets-in-progress value Percentage change	206,932 64.7%	84,858 - 59.0%	103,241	132,122	116,366 11.9%	197,545 69.8%	187,173 -5.3%	231,455 23.7%	Y Z	242,528 NA
5. Total investment value (1+2+3+4)Percentage change	4,485,138	5,036,504 12.3%	5,527,093 9.7%	5,749,604 4.0%	5,694,439	5,942,783 4.4%	5,915,886	5,835,637 -1.4%	Y Z	6,012,741 NA

Table 2-1. Property: In-House and Contractor-Held, FY 1969-FY 1978 (continued) (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands)

				,						
Category	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
6. Number of acres of land	NA	AN	144,466	144,475	137,075	137,178	136,179	136,139	136,139	136,045
Percentage change			NA	*	-5.1%	0.1%	-0.7%	*	*	-0.1%
Number of buildings			2.895	2.819	2.717	2,588	2,583	2,466	2,412	2,424
Percentage change			NA V	-2.6%	-3.6%	-4.8%	-0.2%	-4.5%	-2.2%	0.5%
Number of square feet			32,100,557	32,100,557 32,264,639	32,181,510 31,965,114		32,028,298	32,028,298 32,241,069	32,327,081	32,624,432
of buildings Percentage change			N A	0.5%	-0.3%	-0.7%	0.2%	0.7%	0.3%	9.2%
7. NASA leased property rental value	NA	N	321,414	377,839	2,191,686	1,130,507	2,002,763	2,376,371	2,214,015	2,176,644
Percentage change			Y Z	17.6%	480.1%	-48.4%	77.2%	18.7%	-6.8%	-1.7%
Number of acres leased			2.874	2,874	1,345	1,107	109	361	368	358
Number of buildings leased			Y Z	N A	Y V	Y Z	Z	Y V	Y V	Z
Number of square feet of buildings leased			114,250	114,611	510,832	486,379	631,386	638,454	500,039	444,497

NA = Not available. *Less than 0.05%.

Table 2-2. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total Real Property: In-House and Contractor-Held* (at end of fiscal year; total real property value in thousands)

			•		(,			
Component	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	7761	1978
Land	4.6	4.7		4.4	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.3	4
Buildings	53.5	53.7	53.6	55.0	55.2	55.3	55.4	55.1	55.9	9.0
Other structures and facilities	41.9	41.6		40.5	40.3	40.1	40.3	40.6	39.8	40.0
Total real property value	2,586,371	2,652,271	2,697,805	2,643,729	2,587,919	2,589,042	2.687,151	2,735,161	2,743,223	2,834,809

*Because of rounding, columns may not add up to 100.0%.

Table 2-3. Contractor-Held Facilities (at end of fiscal year; dollar amounts in thousands)

Category	1969	0261	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8261
Total real property value Percentage change	312,291	Y Y	313,909 NA	602,146 91.8%	573,910 -4.7%	557,124 - 2.9%	329.846 - 40.8%	337.827	328,777 - 2.7%	331,168 0.7%
Land value Buildings value Other structures and facilities value	15,800 194,435 102,056		12,309 195,306 106,294	30,993 280,154 290,999	30,914 255,623 287,373	30,914 242,797 283,413	12,211 190,926 126,709	12,230 198,760 126,837	12,230 202,042 114,505	11,901 202,089 117,178
2. Number of acres owned Percentage change	Z V	Z Z	10,987 NA	31.900	25,032 -21.5	25,032 0.0	4,525 - 81.9	4,525	4,525	4,477
3. Number of buildings Number of square feet of buildings	¥ Z	V V	578	638	609	597 8,598,788	497	460 7,614.238	449	7,644,015

NA = Not available.

Table 2-4. NASA Facilities Total Investment Value, FY 1969: In-house and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

Facility	Total Real Property Value	Leasehold Improvements	Capitalized Equipment	Fixed Assets- in-Progress	Total Investment	Percentage of NASA Total Investment
NASA Headquarters	0	0	14,878	0	14.878	0.3
Office of Manned Space Flight						
Kennedy Space Center	776.309	0	169.769	101,215	1,047,293	23.4
Manned Spacecraft Center*	225,586	œ	230.086	17.057	472 737	5 01
Marshall Space Flight Center	576,751	116	347.703	C\$0.61	943.627	0.10
TOTAL	1.578,646	124	747,558	137,324	2,463,652	<u>54.9</u>
Office of Aeronautics and Space Technology ^b						
Ames Research Center	172,505	_	60.811	4 510	737 827	۲,
Electronics Research Center	1,388	0	20 613	14 713	36.714	n o
Flight Research Center	9,793	0	36,744	565	47 132	9.0
Langley Research Center	255,962	0	114,575	19,370	389,907	?: ∞ - ∞
Lewis Research Center	251,958	145	026.66	27.362	379.435	. · · ×
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office®	25,874	0	24,133	249	50.256	9: – -
TOTAL	717,480	146	356.846	66.799	1.141,271	25.5
Office of Space Science and Applications						
Goddard Space Flight Center	141.128	301	421,902	0	563 331	13.6
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	82.205	414	110,806	2.809	193 475	6 6
Wallops Station	66.852	0	38,860	0	108 521	i, c
TOTAL	290,185	715	895.175	2.809	865,277	19.3
NASA TOTAL	2,586,311	\$86	1.690,850	206,932	4,485,078	100.0
"Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973, Called Office of Advanced Research & Technology until 1970.	3. Technology until 19	70.	Renamed 'Renamed	Renamed Space Nuclear Systems in 1970. Discstablished in 1973. Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.	ms in 1970. Disesta r in 1974.	blished in 1973.
*Disestablished in 1970.	7,01 -:		Source: Faci	Source: Facilities Engineering Division Office of Facilities	ision. Office of Eac	lities

Table 2-4A. NASA Facilities Total Investment Value, FY 1970-FY 1972: In-house and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

	Total 1	Total Real Property Value	Value	Leaseh	Leasehold Improvements	ements	Capil	Capitalized Equipment	ment
Facility	1970	1761	1972	0261	161	1972	1970	161	1972
NASA Headquarters	0	-	83	0	_	83	32,077	21,171	21,406
Office of Manned Space Flight Kennedy Space Center Manned Congent Center	773,603	783,358	708,473	00	0 0	• 0	222,097 500,607	464,972 572,736	588,968 622,132
Marshall Space Flight Center TOTAL	585,10 <u>1</u> 1,593,678	616,392	616,336	010	3,523	3,607	468,775	505,252 1,542,960	532,570 1,743,670
Office of Aeronautics and Space Technology ^b						ı	;	000	6,
Ames Research Center	176,577	182,067	182,523		0	•	73,617	82,684	87,432
Electronics Research Center	21,757	1	l	0	1 '	1 '	28,255	1 3	100
Flight Research Center ^d	9,948	10,407	11,108	0	0	0	52,914	56,198	1/4./4
Langley Research Center	265,962	272,475	274,147	0	0	0	122,671	140,009	138,525
Lewis Research Center	256,863	263.641	265,049	139	139	139	122,032	122.657	139,478
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	25,928	25,930	25,918	0	ျ	9	27,217	27,594	27,985
TOTAL	757,035	754,520	758,745	140	139	139	426,706	429,142	440,897
Office of Space Science and									
Applications Goddard Space Flight Center	151,721	151,898	157,422	303	102	8	474,147	507,499	521,949
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	83,332	89,077	94,297	420	453	465	131,587	173,299	192,777
Wallops Station ^f TOTAL	66,505 301,558	67,319 308,294	<u>68,474</u> 320,193	$\frac{0}{723}$	<u> </u>	24 ₀	42,516 648,250	728,557	763,488
NASA TOTAL	2,652,271	2.697,804	2,643,646	863	4,218	4,375	2,298,512	2,721,830	2,969,461

Table 2-4A. NASA Facilities Total Investment Value, FY 1970-FY 1972: In-house and Contractor-Held (continued) (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

Facility	Fixed	Fixed Assets-in-Progress	gress		Total Investmen	ent	Perc To	Percentage of NASA Total Investment	VASA nent
	1970	161	1972	1970	161	1972	0261	1761	1972
NASA Headquarters	0	0	0	32,077	21,172	21,489	9.0	4.0	0.4
Office of Manned Space Flight									
Kennedy Space Center	9,448	8.595	13,352	1,005,148	1,256,925	1.310.793	6.61	7.22	9 (1
Manned Spacecraft Center	12,998	13,459	12.334	748,579	821,435	874,365	14.9	14.9	15.2
Marshall Space Flight Center	1,983	2,281	5,998	1,055,859	1,127,448	1,158,511	21.0	20.4	20.1
TOTAL	24.429	24.335	31,684	2,809,586	3,205,808	3,343,669	8.55	58.0	58.2
Office of Aeronautics and Space Technology ^b									
Ames Research Center	6.022	4.546	10.609	256.217	269, 297	280 564	1.5	4 0	4.9
Electronics Research Center	295	I		50.579			0 -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Flight Research Centerd	366	393	514	63.228	866.998	660.65		<u>; </u>	-
Langley Research Center	14,335	13,589	15,527	402,968	426,073	428.199	0.8	7.7	7.4
Lewis Research Center	19,017	17,557	23.894	398,051	403,994	428,560	7.9	7.3	7.5
Space Nuclear Propulsion									:
Office	27	0	S	53,172	53.524	53,908	0.1	0.1	6.0
TOTAL	40,334	36.085	50,549	1,224,215	1.219.886	1,250,330	24.3	22.1	21.7
Office of Space Science and									
Coddord Same Eliabs Contor	ιτ7 τ	0000	11 140	YOU OU	603 607	.00			
let Propulsion Laboratory	16 179	33.472	36 740	331.468	205,700	100,060	2.5	12.0	0.21
Wallons Station	1 243	1366	0,000	110 244	100,001	756.011	5. c	4. •	0.0
TOTAL	20,095	42,821	49,889	970.626	1,080,227	1.134.116	<u>5.27</u> 19.3	5.61	19.7
NASA TOTAL	84.858	103,241	132,122	5.036.504	5,527,093	5.749.604	100.0	100.0	00

"Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

PCalled Office of Advanced Research & Technology until 1970.

'Disestablished in 1970.

Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

Source: Facilities Engineering Division, Office of Facilities.

^eRenamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973. Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Table 2-4B. NASA Facilities Total Investment Value, FY 1973-FY 1975: In-house and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

			,						
	Total	Total Real Property Value	Value	Leaseh	Leasehold Improvements	/ements	Cap	Capitalized Equipment	oment
Facility	1973	1974	5/61	1973	1974	1975	1973	1974	1975
NASA Headquarters	0	0	0	0	0	0	38,186	34,656	32,155
Office of Manned Space Flight		;	0	¢	•	<			799 009
Kennedy Space Center	680,363	674,361	679,939	0	0	0	186,286	616,/91	389,336
Manned Spacecraft Center	241,104	246,895	256,105	0	115	151	605,637	639,702	612,243
Marshall Space Flight Center	564,496	304,715	314,282	3,776	3.288	<u> </u>	554,524	485,165	476,560
TOTAL	1,485,963	1,225,971	1.250,386	3,776	3,403	151	1,722,742	1,741,658	1,678,359
Office of Aeronautics and Space Technology									
Ames Deservet Center	187 718	190 684	205 635	c	C	U	100 011	110.274	114.810
Miles Nescalcii Celifei	11 550	100,00	008 01	> <	· <	•	57.887	702 19	63.873
riight Research Center	11,300	12,000	0.70,71	> '	· c	>	700,20	100,10	20,00
Langley Research Center	274,250	281,581	288,326	0	0	0	145,256	166,062	169,343
Lewis Research Center	274,710	279,102	284,624	139	139	178	139,525	142,504	123,300
National Space Technology									
Laboratories	1	245,011	279,120	1	°	0		68,236	40,901
TOTAL	748,238	1,008,386	1,070,595	139	139	178	437,674	548,383	512,177
Office of Space Science and									
Applications									
Goddard Space Flight Center	155,759	156,335	152,161	81	172	172	534,371	555,188	549,170
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	127,432	125,988	139,820	487	514	530	204,856	221,808	218,625
Wallops Station	70,527	72,362	74,189	0	0	0	47,842	50,275	50,045
TOTAL	353,718	354,685	366,170	268	989	702	787.069	827,271	817,840
NASA TOTAL	2,587,919	2.589.042	2.687.151	4.483	4.228	1.031	2.985.671	3,151,968	3,040,531

Table 2-4B. NASA Facilities Total Investment Value, FY 1973-FY 1975: In-house and Contractor-Held (continued) (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

							Perc	Percentage of NASA	VASA
Facility	Fixed	Fixed Assets-in-Progress	gress		Total Investment	ent	To	Total Investment	ent
	1973	1974	1975	1973	1974	1975	1973	1974	1975
NASA Headquarters	0	0	0	38,186	34,656	32,155	0.7	9.0	0.5
Office of Manned Space Flight									
Kennedy Space Center	9.1%	16.034	23,622	1,252,140	1,307,186	1,293,177	22.0	22.0	21.8
Manned Spacecraft Center	14,149	27,298	30,664	860.890	914,010	899,163	15.1	15.4	15.2
Marshall Space Flight Center TOTAL	14,359 37,704	27,035 70,367	24,570 78,856	1,137,155 3,250,185	$\frac{820,203}{3,041,399}$	815,412 3,007,752	<u>20.0</u> <u>57.1</u>	13.8 51.2	13.8 50.8
Office of Aeronautics and Space Technology ^b									
Ames Research Center	17,042	24.774	16.938	304.771	325.732	337.383	5.4	۶ ۶	57
Flight Research Center	539	884	1,459	64,981	74,199	78.172	Ξ	1.2	5
Langley Research Center	26,083	40,486	45,694	445,589	488,129	503,363	7.8	8.2	8.5
Lewis Research Center	12,496	21,904	12,064	426,870	443,649	420,166	7.5	7.5	7.1
National Space Technology									
Laboratories" TOTAL	<u>56,160</u>	9,655 97,703	$\frac{0}{76.155}$	1.242,211	322,902	320,021	21.8	<u>5.4</u> 27.8	28.2
Office of Space Science and									
Applications	6	679 61		600				,	:
Goddard Space Filgni Center	10,185	796.71	40,4	/00,394	/24.25/	/16,150	12.3	12.2	12.1
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	10.145	14,216	14,938	342,920	362,526	373,913	0.9	6.1	6.3
Wallops Station	2,174	2,697	2,577	120,543	125,334	126,811	2.1	2.1	2.1
TOTAL	22,502	29,475	32,162	1,163,857	1,212,117	1,216,874	20.4	20.4	20.5
NASA TOTAL	116,366	197,545	187,173	5,694,439	5,942,783	5,915,886	100.0	100.0	100.0
"Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973 Called Office of Advanced Research & "	enter in 1973. Research & Technology until 1970.	1970.		Established as an independent NASA fiv Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.	an independent	⁴ Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974. Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.	stallation in	1974.	
'Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976,	er in 1976.		So	urce: Facilities	Engineering Di	Source: Facilities Engineering Division, Office of Facilities.	Facilities.		

Table 2-4C. NASA Facilities Total Investment Value, FY 1976-FY 1978: In-house and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

	Total	Total Real Property Value	/ Value	Leaseh	Leasehold Improvements	vements	Capita	Capitalized Equipment	pment
Facility	9261	1977	8261	1976	1977	8/61	9261	1977	8/61
NASA Headquarters	0	0	0	0	A Z	0	11,592	NA	11,764
Office of Manned Space Flight Kennedy Space Center	704.266	681.406	718,151	0		0	773,035		494,442
Manned Spacecraft Center	259.584	264,066	265,115	116		53	409,576		421,746
Marshall Space Flight Center TOTAL	1,281,073	1.246.990	1,295,212	119	N A	98	1,609,742	Y V	1.602,294
Office of Aeronautics and Space Technology ^b									
Ames Research Center	900 006	715 848	220 141	C		1,583	115.308		136,331
Landev Research Center	13.687	15.534	15,859	0		0	61,437		62,310
Lewis Research Center	288,423	304,947	334,451	0		0	145,903		163.301
National Space Technology	291,813	294,386	296,199	139		136	118,544		120.44
Laboratories ^d TOTAL	270,222	275,735 1,106,450	276.342 1,142,992	1 <u>3</u> 6	Z Z	$\frac{0}{1.719}$	47,304	Z	30,919 513,302
Office of Space Science and									
Goddard Space Flight Center	157.675	156,221	160,630	172		16	484.554		521,134
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	147.283	155,803	156,628) 20 0		076	55 915		52.82
wanops station TOTAL	380,885	389,783	396,605	702	N A	<u>[1</u>	758,234	₹ Z	805,661
NASA TOTAL	2,735,161	2,743,223	2,834.809	156	Y V	2,383	2.868.064	Y Z	2,933,021

Table 2-4C. NASA Facilities Total Investment Value, FY 1976-FY 1978: In-house and Contractor-Held (continued) (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

	Fixed A	Fixed Assets-in-Progress	ogress	To	Total Investment	ent	rero	Percentage of NASA Total Investment	NASA
	9261	1977	8/61	9261	1977	8/61	9261	1977	1978
NASA Headquarters	0	NA	0	11.592	Y Z	137	0.0	2	
Office of Manned Space Flight Kennedy Space Center Manned Spacecraft Center Marshall Space Flight Center TOTAL	60,057 35,733 15,430 111,220	S Z	116.583 23.034 8.016 147.633	1,537,358 705,009 759,784 3,007,151	Ž	1,329,176 709,948 1,006,068 3,045,103	26.3		22.1 11.8 16.7
Office of Aeronautics and Space Technology ^b Ames Research Center					5	2010:00:0	1 .	⊄ Z	90.6
Flight Research Center	12.826		19,108	337,192		377 163	×		,
Langley Research Center	2,543		2,478	77,667		80.647	9.6		0.5
Lewis Research Center	57.914		11,317	492,240		509,069	. ∞ 4		- x
National Space Technology	6.420		12.948	416,916		429,724	7.1		7 - 7
_aboratones-	0		0	317,526		307,261	5.4		
IOIAL	/9,/03	Y Z	45.851	1,641,541	Y Z	1,703,864	28.0	Ϋ́Z	28.3
Office of Space Science and Applications									
Goddard Space Flight Center	15,865		19,234	658,266		701.089	= 3		11.7
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	21,069		25.305	386,647		414.154	99		
Wallops Station	3,598		4,505	135,440		136.678	6		, c , c
IOIAL	40.532	Y Z	49.044	1,180,353	Y Z	1.251.921	20.2	Y Z	20.9
NASA TOTAL	231,455	Z	242,528	5,835,637	Y Z	6,012,741	8.66	0 001	00
NA = Not available = Because of rounding, columns may not add up to 100 0%	20 100 to 100		15.5	Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.	Flight Resear	rch Center in 19	76.		
Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973			· 5	Exercises as an independent (NASA field installation in 1974, Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974,	Flight Cente	rasa nelg inst r in 1974.	allation in 19	. 4/4.	
^h Called Office of Advanced Research & Technology until 1970	Polynov metil 10	02	ŭ						



Aerial view of the Western Test Range Operations Division at the Vandenberg Air Force Base in California. The Western Test Range Operations Division is a component installation of the Kennedy Space Center.



The Space Power Facility at the Plum Brook Station in Sandusky, Ohio is a component installation of the Lewis Research Center. It has many uses, from testing space vehicles to creating clouds for study purposes.

Table 2-5. Land Owned by Installation and Fiscal Year in Acres: In-House and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year)

			(at cita	at city of fiscal year	can)					
Installation	6961	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	NA	ΥN	366	374	374	430	430	430	430	430
Electronics Research Center ^a	Ν	Υ		1			?	2	P	2
Flight Research Center ^b	N A	Y Z	0	0	0	0	C	C	ļ c	٦
Goddard Space Flight Center	NA	ΥZ	12,003	12,003	12,003	12,003	12.003	12.003	12 00	12 003
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	ΥZ	ΥN	146	146	146	146	146	146	4.	156
Kennedy Space Center	Ν	Ϋ́	84,021	84.031	84,031	84.031	82.944	82.943	82 943	82 943
Langley Research Center	V Z	Ϋ́	240	540	240	540	540	868	868	868
Lewis Research Center	Ν	Ϋ́Z	15,760	15,750	8,350	8,398	8.402	8.402	8 402	8 357
Manned Spacecraft Center ^e	Ν	ΥZ	3,195	3,195	3,195	3,195	3,195	3 195	3 195	7 195
Marshall Space Flight Center	N V	Ϋ́Z	21,821	21,821	21.821	506	1.314	1.314	1 314	1 256
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	l	1	-	1	1	20.916	20.643	20.643	20,642	20,540
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	N V	Ϋ́	0	0	ļ	¦	2	- 	70,01	710,01
Wallops Station ^f	Y Z	۲ Z	6,615	6,615	6,615	6.615	6,563	6,166	991.9	6,166
TOTAL	NA	Y Z	144,466	144,475	137,075	137,178	136,179	136,139	136,139	136,045

Because of rounding, columns may not add up to total.

Disestablished in 1970.

Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

 Table 2-6. Contractor-Held Land by Installation and Fiscal Year, in Acres

 (at end of fiscal vear)

		٣	(at ellu ol listai year)	istai yeai)						
Installation	6961	0261	161	1972	1973	1974	5261	1976	1977	8/61
Goddard Space Flight Center	4Z	AZ	2,789	2,789	2,789	2,789	2.789	2,789	2,789	2,789
Contrain Space Light Contract	Z	Z	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	156
Jet riopuision Laboratory Langlay Decearch Center	Ž	Z Z	110	011	110	110	011	110	110	011
Langey Nescalcii Center	ž	Z Z	6.871	898.9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manage Canageraft Centeral	Z	Z	99	991	991	991	991	991	991	9 <u>9</u>
Marchall Space Flight Center	Z	Ϋ́Z	\$06	21.821	21,821	305	1.314	1,314	1.314	1,256
National Space Technology Laboratories ^b	1		ı	1	ł	20,916	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	NA V	Ϋ́	10.987	31,900	25.032	25,032	4,525	4.525	4,525	4,477

^aRenamed Johnson Space Center in 1973. ^bEstablished as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Table 2-7. Number of Buildings Owned by Installation and Fiscal Year: In-House and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year)

				, man f						
Installation	6961	1970	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	161	8/61
Ames Research Center	NA A	NA	129	129	129	123	124	28	133	153
Electronics Research Center ^a	ΥZ	N A	1	1	ļ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>}</u> i
Flight Research Center ^b	ΥN	N A	36	36	9	*	2	œ.	દ	5
Goddard Space Flight Center	ΥN	Ν	797	286	278	278	276	3,68	, 5 1 6	² 29
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	Y X	Y V	386	351	353	339	342	317	322	320
Kennedy Space Center	N A	ΥZ	538	484	470	413	405	350	333	344
Langley Research Center	N A	Y V	155	156	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	142	142	4	15
Lewis Research Center	Y V	Υ	586	292	292	264	263	26.	265	259
Manned Spacecraft Center	Y V	ΥZ	274	280	273	569	263	257	255	253
Marshall Space Flight Center	Ϋ́	ΥN	455	433	408	254	249	236	221	326
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	1	1	1		95	107	60	i =	13
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	Y Z	Z Z	16	91	ļ	1		}	<u> </u>	3
Wallops Station ^f	V V	NA A	355	356	360	361	358	337	306	280
TOTAL	N A	NA	2.895	2,819	2,717	2,588	2,583	2,466	2,412	2,424

"Divestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Table 2-8. Number of Square Feet of Buildings Owned by Installation and Fiscal Year: In-House and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year)

Ames Research Center Electronics Research Center Flight Research Center Goddard Space Flight Center NA NA 2,730,170 Goddard Space Flight Center NA NA 1,790,964 Kennedy Space Center NA NA 1,933,145 Lewis Research Center NA NA 3,264,126 Lewis Research Center NA NA 3,264,126							
center NA NA Senter NA	86,736 2,00	,006,888 2,060,02	21 2.114,797	2,109,355	2,336,655	2,350,060	2,433,145
ry NA	1	1					1
enter NA		374,702 375.1	89 386,276		409,573	434,872	446,897
AZ A		2,776,199 2,767,353		• •	2,719,150	2,698,057	2,698,348
	_	_		1,896,330	1,940,062	1,993,168	1,997,380
NA N	4,	.	•	5,133,170	5,134,774	5,121,605	5,297,528
Y Z Z	_	1.938.041 1.997.466		2,057,768	2,057,768	2,105,510	2,153,591
			3,172,115	3,169,856	3,161,247	3,162,721	3,123,410
1	•	4	,	4.793.419	4,795,311	4,832,326	4.826,481
S Z	. 2	ж		7.712.053	7,608,269	7,534,902	7.529,877
National Space Technology				000 880	1 034 964	1 054 460	1 064 511
Laboratories ^d		1	4/2.5/4	988,990	1.024,001	1,024,407	1.55
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office ^e NA NA 189,220 Wallops Station ^f NA NA 1.040,160	_	189.220 — — .045.990 .045.007 1.045.990	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	1,049,094	1,043,396	1.039,391	1,053,264
TOTAL NA NA 32,100,557		32,164,639 32,081,510	31,965,114	32,028,298	32,241,069	32,327,081	32,624,432

Disestablished in 1970.
 Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.
 Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.
 Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.
 Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.
 Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Table 2-9. Contractor-Held Buildings by Installation and Fiscal Year: Number of Buildings (at end of fiscal year)

		į	(=: ciid oi iiscai jeai)	car year)						
Installation	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	8261
Ames Research Center	V V	ΑN	15	2	2		-	=		
Flight Research Center ^a	۷ Z	Y V	0	0	· ~	· c	•	•	0 0	> <
Goddard Space Flight Center	۷ Z	N V	۳.	ংশ	۰.	> -	> -	> -	> -	> -
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	Y Z	N A	386	351	353	339	142	117	133	1000
Langley Research Center	Y V	Z	_	-	. –	-	-) -	776	076
Lewis Research Center	₹ Z	Z	<u>~</u>	. 1			- <	- <	- <	
Manned Spacecraft Center ^b	₹ Z	Z Z	7.	. 22	, 12	7 -	> 9	> 3	o 9	⊃ ;
Marshall Space Flight Center	۲Z	Ϋ́	2	178	: 32	- S	3	; F	8 ¥	10
National Space Technology Laboratories	1	ļ	ı	1	1	95	5 0	<u> </u>	G C	g =
TOTAL	Ϋ́Z	Ϋ́	578	638	609	587	497	. 460	° 77	944
									È	<u>:</u>

"Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976. Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973. 'Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Table 2-10. Contractor-Held Buildings by Installation and Fiscal Year: Number of Square Feet (at end of fiscal year)

Installation	6961	0261	161	1972	1973	1974	5261	9/61	1977	8/61
Ames Research Center	4Z	ΥN	11,016	999'9	999'9	0	0	0	0	0
Flight Research Center	NA	ΥN	0	0	1,100	0	0	0	0	0 8
Goddard Space Flight Center	Y Y	Y Z	2,352	2,352	2,352	0 8	≈	&	9	08
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	Ϋ́Z	₹ Z	1,790,964	1,853,783	1,904,695	1,864,394	1,896,330	1,940,062	1,993,168	1,997,380
Langley Research Center	۲ Z	ΥZ	65,990	65,990	65,990	65,990	65,990	65,990	65,990	986.69
Lewis Research Center	Y Z	Ϋ́Z	87,236	901.89	0	0	0	0	0	9
Manned Spacecraft Center ^b	Y Z	Y Z	1,717,163	1,717,563	1,715,193	1,720,996	1.716,577	1,711,377	1,733,668	1,734,673
Marshall Space Flight Center	Y N	Υ	4,292,499	5,266,919	5.169,378	3.972.054	3,969,272	3,896,729	3,845,115	3,845,892
National Space Technology						100			•	•
Laboratories	l	ļ	1			4/2.5/4	>	•		
TOTAL	Z A	X Y	7,967,220	8,981,379	8,981,379 8,865,374	8,598,788		7.648,249 7.614,238	7.638.021	7.644,015
TOTAL	Y N	NA	077'/96'/	6,6,106,0	6,600,374	007,026,0	- 1	ì	007,110,1 (17,	200000000000000000000000000000000000000

"Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976. ^hRenamed Johnson Space Center in 1973. Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Table 2-11. Total Real Property Value by Installation and Fiscal Year: In-House and Contractor-Held^a

(at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

Installation	6961	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	5761	9261	1977	8261
Ames Research Center	172,505		182,067	182.523	187.718	190.684	205,635	850 60°	215 848	170 141
Electronics Research Center ^b	1,388						•	0.00	Sto://-	11.0-1
Flight Research Center	9.793				11.560					15.850
Goddard Space Flight Center	141.128	151,721	151,898	157,422	155.759	156,335	152.161	157.675	156.751	160.630
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	82,205				127,432					156 628
Kennedy Space Center	776,309		•		680,363	-			_	718 151
Langley Research Center	255,962		•		274,250					334 451
Lewis Research Center	251,958				274.710					206.190
Manned Spacecraft Centerd	225,586		•		241.104					265 115
Marshall Space Flight Center	576,751		_	Ī	564,496					311.946
National Space Technology Laboratories					1					776 342
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office ^f	25,874				1	}				!
Wallops Station ^g	66.852			68,474	70,527				927.77	79.347
TOTAL	2.586,311	2,652,271	2,697.804	2.586.311 2.652.271 2.697.804 2.643.646 2.587.919 2.589.042	2,587,919	2,589,042	2.687,151	2,735,161		2.834.809

*Real property total = land value + buildings value + other structures and facilities value.
*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Table 2-12. Land Value by Installation and Fiscal Year: In-House and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

	(41 5)	o o nece	(at cilu ol nocal year, in chousands of worth			(21				
Installation	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	5261	1976	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	2,372	2,374	2,372	2,373	2,373	2,928	2,928	2,928	2,928	2,928
Flectronics Research Center	1,384	1,573	1	1	1	1		1		
High Research Centerb	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coddard Space Flight Center	45.	1.640	7,647	1.647	1,66	1,661	199,1	1,661	1,675	1,675
Tet Propulsion I shoratory	1.067	1.067	1.067	1,067	1,067	1,067	1,067	1,067	1,067	1,188
Vennedy Space Center	71.018	72.173	72,173	72,171	72,171	72,172	71,345	71,345	71,345	71,345
Nomical Space Comes	911	911	116	116	911	911	911	162	162	162
Langiery Account Center	969	3.391	3.739	3,692	3,624	3,657	3,661	3,662	3,662	3,651
Manned Spacecraft Centers	620 6	9.029	9.029	9,029	9,029	9,029	9,036	9,047	6,107	9,107
Marchall Space Flight Center	30.822	30.810	26.270	26.271	26.271	7,568	7,568	7,587	7,587	7,137
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1		1	1	١	18,703	18,703	18,074	18,074	18,061
	0	0	0	0	١	l	1	1	1	-
•	986	1,072	1,083	1,083	1.176	1.179	1,161	1,277	1,277	1,283
TOTAL	120,034	123,245	117,496	117,449	117,488	118,080	117,246	116,810	116,884	116,537

*Discstablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Table 2-13. Buildings Value by Installation and Fiscal Year: In-House and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

Installation	1969	1970	1971	7261	1973	1974	1075	1076	1077	950
				- 1/21	CITT	-//-	6/6	0/61	//61	19/8
Ames Research Center	167,146	170,901	175,801	176,188	180.858	183.260	195 541	198 848	200 200	000 800
Electronics Research Center	0	18.468	1		<u> </u>			2500	0//, 102	200,200
Flight Docorret Contant	037.6					1		ł	1	1
right research Center	800'/	1,726	8,147	8,479	8.989	9,175	9,853	10,401	11.972	12.094
Goddard Space Flight Center	86.019	87,283	88.224	91,628	91.769	92.607	91.830	97,108	98,377	511 101
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	53,172	53,864	55,821	59,887	63,133	62,966	71.754	79.370	85 498	86 131
Kennedy Space Center	281,739	285,847	290,392	286.274	291,191	291.853	297 723	297 983	200 588	137,76
Langley Research Center	121,397	121,891	126,472	125,024	123,301	127 837	132,810	132.810	130 340	144 443
Lewis Research Center	189.287	191,979	197,673	198, 193	200 007	207 337	206,275	712,610	214 500	14.442
Manned Spacecraft Contact	164 040	1707 001	110,000	70.071	100.007	200,202	5,007	213,100	0K0,412	67/,017
Maining Spacerali Cellici	(t)	1/2,/8/	1/9.6/1	1/8,011	1/9,061	183,042	189,215	191,551	194,275	194,928
Marshall Space Flight Center	269,190	272,439	287,688	289,415	266,767	193,595	197,558	198.136	196,797	992 661
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	1	1	-	1	60.848	69 902	64 865	772 779	00Z) 77
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	18,957	19,000	19,000	18.988	I		1			57:5
Wallops Station	23.967	22,225	21.800	22,328	23,125	23,817	24,029	23,577	24.042	25.769
TOTAL	1,383,481	1,383,481 1,424,410 1,444,695	1,444,695	1,454,415	1,428,291	1,431,332	1.487.590	1.507.817	1 533 951	1 584 804
							26.26.6.	100000	177,000,1	1,001,001

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Table 2-14. Other Structures and Facilities Value by Installation and Fiscal Year: In-House and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

Installation	6961	0261	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8261
Ames Research Center	2,987	3.302	3.894	3.962	4.487	4,496	6,166	7,282	7,922	8,313
Flectronics Research Centera	4	1.716	1	1	1	1	İ	1		1
Flight Research Center ^h	2.135	2,222	2,260	2.629	2,571	2,833	3,037	3,286	3,562	3,765
Goddard Space Flight Center	53.565	62.798	62,027	64,147	62,329	62,067	58,670	58,906	56,169	57,840
let Propulsion I aboratory	27.966	28.401	32.189	33,343	63,232	61,955	666,99	66,846	69,238	69,309
Kennedy Space Center	423,552	415.583	420.793	350.028	317,001	310,336	310,931	334,938	310,473	314,580
Langley Research Center	134.449	143.955	145.887	149.007	150.833	153,628	155,400	155,451	165,445	189,847
Langier Research Center	60.975	61.493	62.23	63.164	70.989	73,113	74.588	74,983	76,034	76,819
Manned Spacecraft Centers	51.608	53.158	52,534	52.859	53,014	54,824	57,854	58,986	60,684	61,080
Marshall Space Flight Center	276.739	281.852	302,434	300,650	271,458	103,552	109,156	111,500	97,134	105,543
National Space Technology Laboratories	1		-		l	165,460	190,515	187,283	193,287	194,077
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	6.917			6,930	1	[1		1	ļ
Wallops Station	41,899	43,208		45,063	46,226	47,366	48,999	51,073	52,440	52,295
TOTAL	1.082.796	1,104,616	1,135,613	1,071,782	1,042,140	1,039,630	1,082,315	1,110,534	1,092,388	1,133,468

"Disestablished in 1970.

"Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

"Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

"Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

"Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

"Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Table 2-15. Capitalized Equipment Value by Installation and Fiscal Year: In-House and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

	9 18		rai yeai,	(at ciru of fiscal year, ill thousailds of dollars)	ids of dol	iars)				
Installation	6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	60,811	73,617	82,684	87.432	100,001	110.274	114.810	115.308	Z	136 331
Electronics Research Center	20,613	28,255			1			1		
Flight Research Centerb	36,744	52,914			52,882		63.823	61.437	Z	018 69
Goddard Space Flight Center	421,902	474,147			534,371		549,170	484,554	Z	521.134
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	110,806	131,587			204,856		218,625	217,765	Z	231.701
Kennedy Space Center	169,769	222,097			562,581	_	589,556	773,035	Z.	494,442
Langley Research Center	114,575	122,671			145,256		169,343	145.903	Z	163,301
Lewis Research Center	99,970	122,032			139,525		123,300	118,544	Z	120.441
Manned Spacecraft Centers	230,086	500,607			605,637	_	612,243	409,576	Z	421.746
Marshall Space Flight Center	347,703	468,775			554,524	·	476,560	427,131	Z	989.106
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	1			1		40.901	47.304	Z	30 919
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	24,133	27,217			1				1	
Wallops Station	38,860	42,516	47,759		47,842	50,275	50,045	55.915	Z	52.826
NASA Headquarters	14,878	32,077		21,406	38,186	34,656	32,155	11,592	Y V	11,764
TOTAL	1,690,850	2,298,512	2.721.830	.690.850 2,298.512 2,721.830 2,969.461 2,985.671 3,151,968 3,040,531 2,868,064	2,985,671	3,151,968	3,040,531	2.868,064	Y V	2,933,021

^aDivestablished in 1970.

^bRenamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

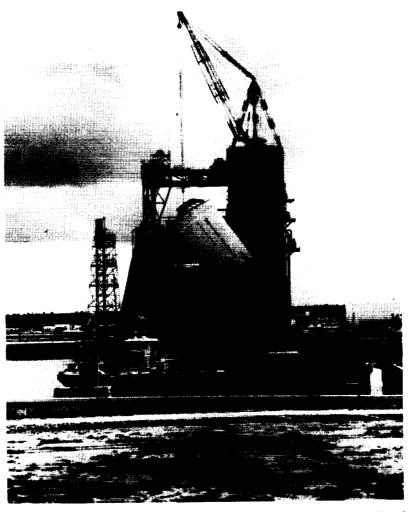
^cRenamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

^dEstablished as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

^cRenamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

^fRenamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.



A flight model of the second stage of the Saturn V is being hoisted into its test stand at the Mississippi Test Facility, a component installation of Marshall Space Flight Center.

ORIGINAL PAGE BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH

Table 2-16. Land Value as a Percentage of Total Real Property Value by Installation and Fiscal Year: In-House and Contractor-Held

		(at	end of fiscal year)	cal year)						
Installation	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5	4.1	4.1	4.1	1.3
Electronics Research Center*	7.66	7.2	1	1	ı	I	ı	I	I	I
Flight Research Center ^b	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Goddard Space Flight Center	Ξ:	=	=	1.0	=	Ξ	=	-:	<u> </u>	1.0
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	1.3	1.3	1.2	-:	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.7	0.7	8.0
Kennedy Space Center	9.1	9.3	9.5	10.2	9.01	10.7	10.5	10.1	10.5	6.6
Langley Research Center	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	*
Lewis Research Center	0.7	1.3	4.1	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	<u>-</u> 2:
Manned Spacecraft Center	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4
Marshall Space Flight Center	5.4	5.3	4.2	4.3	4.7	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.3
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	I	!	1	ł	9.7	6.7	6.7	9.9	6.5
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	!	1	1	I		I
Wallops Station	1.5	9.1	1.6	9.1	1.7	9.1	9.1	1.7	9.1	9.1

* = Less than 0.05%.

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Source: Tables 2-11 and 2-12.

Table 2-17. Buildings Value as a Percentage of Total Real Property Value by Installation and Fiscal Year: In-House and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year)

		į		,						
Installation	6961	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9/61	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	6.96	8.96	9.96	5.96	96.4	1.96	92.6	95.1	95.0	94.9
Electronics Research Center	0.0	84.9	1		1		I	1		!
Flight Research Center	78.2	7.77	78.3	76.3	77.8	76.4	76.4	76.0	77.1	76.3
Goddard Space Flight Center	6.09	57.5	58.1	58.2	58.9	59.2	4.09	9.19	63.0	67.9
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	7.49	6.49	62.7	63.5	49.5	50.0	51.3	53.9	54.9	55.0
Kennedy Space Center	36.3	37.0	37.1	40.4	45.8	43.3	43.8	42.3	44.0	46.3
Langley Research Center	47.4	45.8	46.4	45.6	45.0	45.4	1.94	1 .9	45.7	43.2
Lewis Research Center	75.1	74.7	75.0	74.8	72.8	72.5	72.5	73.0	72.9	72.8
Manned Spacecraft Center	73.0	73.5	73.8	74.2	74.3	74.1	73.9	73.8	73.6	73.5
Marshall Space Flight Center	46.7	46.6	46.7	47.0	47.3	63.5	67.9	62.5	65.3	63.9
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	١	1	I	1	ı	24.8	25.0	24.0	23.3	23.2
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	73.3	73.3	73.3	73.3	1	1	l	1		l
Wallops Station ^f	35.8	33.4	32.4	32.6	33.8	32.9	32.4	31.0	30.9	32.5
	Š									

"Disestablished in 1970.

"Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

"Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

"Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

"Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

"Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Source: Tables 2-11 and 2-13.

Table 2-18. Other Structures and Facilities Value as a Percentage of Total Real Property Value by Installation and Fiscal Year: In-House and Contractor-Held (at end of fiscal year)

				(mar f						
Installation	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	1.7	6.1	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.4	3.0	3.5	3.8	3.8
Electronics Research Center ^a	0.3	7.9	1	1	-	!	١	1		: 1
Flight Research Center ^b	21.8	22.3	21.7	23.7	22.2	23.6	23.6	24.0	22.9	23.7
Goddard Space Flight Center	37.9	41.4	40.8	40.7	40.0	39.7	38.6	37.4	36.0	36.0
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	34.0	2 .	36.1	35.4	49.6	49.2	47.9	45.4	4.4	44.3
Kennedy Space Center	54.6	53.7	53.7	49.4	46.6	46.0	45.7	47.6	45.6	43.8
Langley Research Center	52.5	54.1	53.5	54.4	55.0	54.6	53.9	53.9	54.3	56.8
Lewis Research Center	24.2	23.9	23.6	23.8	25.8	26.2	26.2	25.7	25.8	25.9
Manned Spacecraft Center ^c	22.9	17.1	22.3	22.0	22.0	22.2	22.6	22.7	23.0	23.0
Marshall Space Flight Center	48.0	48.2	49.1	48.8	48.1	34.0	34.7	35.1	32.2	33.8
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	İ	1	I	ł	67.5	68.3	69.3	70.1	70.2
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office®	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	I	İ	1	I	1	1
Wallops Station	62.7	65.0	0.99	65.8	65.5	65.5	0.99	67.3	67.4	65.9
		1								

⁴Disestablished in 1970.

⁸Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

⁹Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

⁹Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

⁹Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

⁹Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Source: Tables 2-11 and 2-14.

Table 2-19. Real Property Value of Installations Ranked as a Percentage of NASA Total Real Property Values: In-House and Contractor-Held^a

(at end of fiscal year, selected years)

Ranking	196	9	197	70	197	4	197	8
1	KSC	30.0	KSC	29.2	KSC	26.0	KSC	25.3
2	MSFC	22.3	MSFC	22.1	MSFC	11.8	LaRC	11.8
3	LaRC	9.9	LaRC	10.0	LaRC	10.9	MSFC	11.0
4	LeRC	9.7	LeRC	9.7	LeRC	10.8	LeRC	10.4
5	MSC^b	8.7	MSC	8.9	JSC	9.5	$NSTL^c$	9.7
6	ARC	6.7	ARC	6.7	NSTL	9.5	JSC	9.4
7	GSFC	5.5	GSFC	5.7	ARC	7.4	ARC	7.8
8	JPL	3.2	JPL	3.1	GSFC	6.0	GSFC	5.7
9	WS^d	2.6	WS	2.5	JPL	4.9	JPL	5.5
10	SNPO	1.0	SNPO	1.0	WFC	2.8	WFC	2.8
11	FRC	0.4	ERC^{r}	0.8	FRC	0.5	DFRC	0.6
12	ERC	*	FRC	0.4				
TOTAL		100.0		100.0		100.0		100.0

^{* =} Less than 0.05%.

Source: Table 2-11.

Table 2-20. Capitalized Equipment Value of Installations Ranked as a Percentage of NASA Total Capitalized Equipment Value^a,

(at end of fiscal year, selected years)

Ranking	196	9	197	70	197	4	197	8
1	GSFC	24.9	MSC ^b	21.8	MSC	20.3	MSFC	23.4
2	MSFC	20.6	GSFC	20.6	KSC	19.6	GSFC	17.8
3	MSC	13.6	MSFC	20.4	GSFC	17.6	KSC	16.9
4	KSC	10.0	KSC	9.7	MSFC	15.4	JSC	14.4
5	LaRC	6.8	JPL	5.7	JPL	7.0	JPL	7.9
6	JPL	6.5	LaRC	5.3	LaRC	5.3	LaRC	5.6
7	LeRC	5.9	LeRC	5.3	LeRC	4.5	ARC	4.7
8	ARC	3.6	ARC	3.2	ARC	3.5	LeRC	4.1
9	WS^c	2.3	FRC^d	2.3	$NSTL^{e}$	2.2	DFRC	2.1
10	FRC	2.2	WS	1.9	FRC	1.9	WFC	1.8
11	SNPOf	1.4	HQ	1.4	WFC	1.6	NSTL	1.1
12	ERC^g	1.2	SNPO	1.2	HQ	1.1	HQ	0.4
13	HQ	0.9	ERC	1.2				
TOTAL		100.0		100.0		100.0		100.0

^{*}Because of rounding, columns may not add up to 100.0%.

Source: Table 2-15.

^aBecause of rounding, columns may not add up to 100.0%.

^hRenamed Johnson Space Center (JSC) in 1973.

Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

^dRenamed Wallops Flight Center (WFC) in 1974.

^eRenamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

¹Disestablished in 1970.

^bRenamed Johnson Space Center (JSC) in 1973.

Renamed Wallops Flight Center (WFC) in 1974.

^dRenamed Dryden Flight Research Center (DRFC) in 1976.

^cEstablished as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

^gDisestablished in 1970.

Table 2-21. Contractor-Held Real Property Value by Installation and Fiscal Year (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

Installation	6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	47	Ϋ́Z	158	125	125					
Flight Research Center	0	Z	C	2	×					-
Goddard Space Flight Center	133	Y Z	133	133	133	. .2	46 0	94	o 4	ָרָי קי
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	82,205	83,332	89.077	94.297	127.432	125 988	139.820	147 283	155 902	067 731
Langley Research Center	15.248	Z	15,500	15 435	15 435	15 435	15.425	207.741	15.497	070,051
Lewis Research Center	8.346	Z	7 914	677.9	0	0000	004.01	004.01	13,480	14,482
Manned Spacecraft Center ^b	33.127	Z	33 319	33 633	33 606	33 677	22 572	0 24 601	0 7	0.5
Marshall Space Flight Center	170.371	Z	662 291	451 640	397 171	770,00	676,66 070 041	140.451	54,78	34,728
National Space Technology Laboratories					1,11,17	110,761	2/2'0+1 0	140,451	t00,771	125,284
Wallops Stationd	2,814	Ϋ́	0	0) ©	0	•		-	9 0
TOTAL	312,291	Y V	313,909	602,146	573,910	557,124	329.846	337.827	328.777	331.168

"Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

"Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available. Source: Facilities Engineering Division, Office of Facilities.

Table 2-22. Contractor-Held Real Property Value as a Percentage of Total NASA Real Property Value by Installation and Fiscal Year

		(at	end of fiscal	scal year)	_					
Installation	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8261
Ames Research Center	*	Y Z	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Flight Research Centera	0.0	Y Z	0.0	6.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Goddard Space Flight Center	0.1	Y Z	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	*
let Propulsion Laboratory	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001
John December Center	0.9	Z	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.1	4.3
Langicy Mescalen Center		Z	3.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manned Spacecraft Center	14.7	Z	14.2	14.0	13.9	13.6	13.1	13.3	13.2	13.1
Marshall Space Elight Center	29.5	Y Z	27.2	73.3	70.4	45.0	44.9	44.3	40.7	40.2
		١	١	1	١	0.001	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wallops Station ^d	4.2	Y V	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

* = Less than 0.05%.
*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.
*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.
*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.
*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available. Source: Tables 1 and 2-21.

Table 2-23. Contractor-Held Land Value by Installation and Fiscal Year (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

	(at chu	or fiscal	year, iii t	(at cild of fiscal year, in thousands of dollars)	oi dollar	8)				
Installation	6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	7.761	1978
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	1.067	1,067	1,067	1.067	1.067	1,067	1.067	1.067	1.067	1.188
Langley Research Center	9	NA	9	9	9	9	9	9	,	9
Lewis Research Center	8	ΥZ	86	62	0	0	0	· c	· c	•
Manned Spacecraft Center	3.570	Υ	3,570	3.570	3.570	3.570	3.570	3.570	3 570	3 570
Marshall Space Flight Center	11,058	NA	7.567	26,271	26.271	7,568	7.568	7.587	7.587	7137
National Space Technology Laboratories ^h		I	1	I	1	18,703	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	15.800	X	12,309	30,993	30,914	30,914	12,211	12,230	12,230	11.901

'Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973. Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Table 2-24. Contractor-Held Land Value as a Percentage of Total NASA Land Value by Installation and Fiscal Year (at end of fiscal year)

		(סור בי	(at the of fiscal year	al year)						
Installation	6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	5261	9261	1977	8/61
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	0.001	100.0	0.001	100.0	0.001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Langley Research Center	5.2	Ϋ́	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	3.7	3.7	3.7
Lewis Research Center	5.8	Ν	2.6	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manned Spacecraft Center ^a	39.5	Y V	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.2	39.2
Marshall Space Flight Center	35.8	Y V	28.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0	100.0	0.001
National Space Technology Laboratories ^b	1	1	1	1	I	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

^aRenamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

^bEstablished as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 2-12 and 2-23.

Table 2-25. Contractor-Held Buildings Value by Installation and Fiscal Year (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

Installation	1969	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	47	YZ	158	125	125	0		<		
Flight Research Centera	0	Ϋ́	0	· •	· ×	· c	0 0	> <	> <	J 5
Goddard Space Flight Center	88	Y V	8	· &	× ×		>	> -		-
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	53.172	53,864	55,821	59.887	63.133	996 69	71 754	075 07	85 409	06 121
Langley Research Center	15.217	Ϋ́Z	15.478	15.404	15 404	15 404	15.404	15.404	15 404	14 400
Lewis Research Center	4,240	Ϋ́Z	4.	3.051		0		t (†	14,40
Manned Spacecraft Center ^b	24,415	Z Z	24.770	25.022	25.016	25 (163	24 978	75 081	0, 17,	ט אנ
Marshall Space Flight Center	94.712	Y Y	94.827	176.577	151.849	78 515	78.789	78 004	74 967	20,02
National Space Technology Laboratories		1	1	1		60 848	6	100.07	(A.)	() t
Wallops Station ^d	2,544	Z V	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	194,435	NA V	195,306	280,154	255,623	242,797	190.926	198,760	202.042	202.089

"Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Table 2-26. Contractor-Held Buildings Value as a Percentage of Total NASA Buildings Value by Installation and Fiscal Year (at end of fiscal year)

		(31 6	(at enu oi iiscai year)	al year)						
Installation	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	*	NA	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0	0	0	0
Goddard Space Flight Center	0.1	Y Z	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	*
let Propulsion Laboratory	100.0	0.001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
I angley Research Center	12.5	Z	12.5	12.3	12.5	12.0	9.11	9.11	==	12.6
Lauric Recearch Center	2.2	Z	2.1	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manned Spacecraft Centera	8.4	Z	14.3	14.1	14.0	13.7	13.2	13.6	13.5	13.4
Marchall Space Flight Center	35.2	Z	33.0	0.19	56.9	40.6	39.9	39.4	38.1	37.9
National Space Technology I aboratories ^b	!		1	1	I	0.001	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wallops Station ⁶	9.01	Y Z	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

*= Less than 0.05%.
*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 2-13 and 2-25.

Table 2-27. Contractor-Held Other Structures and Facilities Value by Installation and Fiscal Year (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

	(at 5110	TO HEACH	(at the of netal year, in mousaines of dollars)	HINDSAIL	o or coma	(6)				
Installation	6961	0/61	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9/61	1977	1978
Flight Research Center"	0	ΥN	0	101	0	0	0	c		0
Goddard Space Flight Center	45	Υ	45	45	45	45	45	24.	45	45
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	27.966	28.401	32,189	33,343	63,232	61.955	666,999	66.846	69.238	60: 69
Langley Research Center	25	ΥN	25	25	25	25	25	76	9/2	76
Lewis Research Center	4.007	NA	3.651	3,649	0	0	C	C	· ·	
Manned Spacecraft Center ^b	5.142	N	4.979	5.041	5.020	4,994	5.025	\$ 030	\$ 036	5.076
Marshall Space Flight Center	64,601	Y V	65,405	248,792	219,051	50.934	54.615	\$4.840	40 110	42 672
National Space Technology Laboratories	1			1	1	165.460	C	0	0	1 (2)
Wallops Station ^d	270	ΥN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	102,056	NA	106,294	290,999	287,373	283.413	126,709	126.837	114,505	117.178

Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA - Not available.

Table 2-28. Contractor-Held Other Structures and Facilities Value as a Percentage of Total NASA Other Structures and Facilities Value by Installation and Fiscal Year (at end of fiscal year)

Installation	1969	0/61	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Flioht Research Center	0.0	YZ.	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Goddard Snace Flight Center	0.1	Y Z	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
let Promision Laboratory	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0	0.001	100.0	0.001	100.0
I analey Research Center	*	Y Z	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
I ewis Research Center	9.9	Ϋ́	5.9	5.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manned Spacecraft Center ^b	10.0	Y Z	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.1	8.7	8.5	8.3	8.3
Marshall Snace Flight Center	23.3	Ž	21.6	87.8	80.7	49.2	50.0	49.2	41.3	40.4
National Space Technology I aboratories			1	١	1	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wallops Station ^d	9.0	Z A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

* = Less than 0.05%.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available

Source: Tables 2-14 and 2-27.

Table 2-29. NASA Leased Facilities^a

(at end of fiscal year)

Fiscal Year	Rental Cost	Acres of Land	Building Space (in square feet)
1969	NA	NA	NA
1970	NA	NA	NA
1971	321,414	2,873.5	114,250
1972	377,839	2,873.5	114,611
1973	2,191,686	1,344.6	510,832
1974	1,130,507	1,106.5	486,379
1975	2,002,763	600.6	631,386
1976	2,376,371	360.9	638,454
1977	2,214,015	367.6	500,039
1978	2,176,644	357.5	444,497

[&]quot;Excludes NASA Headquarters leased land and/or workspace.

NA = Not available.

Source: Facilities Engineering Division, Office of Facilities.

Table 2-30. NASA Tracking and Data Acquisition Stations^a (at end of fiscal year)

Fiscal Year	Buildings	Acres of Land	Value of Facilities
1969	NA	NA	NA
1970	NA	NA	NA
1971	324	8,659.5	103,653,000
1972	351	8,659.5	105,850,000
1973	348	8,659.5	133,675,000
1974	323	8,659.5	130,473,000
1975	331	8,659.5	130,234,000
1976	302	8,659.5	129,619,000
1977	297	8,659.5	128,204,000
1978	293	8,659.5	130,056,000

^aIncludes the acquisition and improvement costs of other structures and facilities such as power distribution systems, utility systems, communication systems, roads, etc.

NA = Not available.

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CHAPTER THREE

NASA PERSONNEL

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CHAPTER THREE

NASA PERSONNEL

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3-38	Females as a Percentage of Permanent Employees by NASA Installation, 1972–1978
3-39	Age Profile of Permanent Employees: Number on Board and Percentage of NASA Total

CHAPTER THREE NASA PERSONNEL

When NASA was created on October 1, 1958, its work force consisted of 8,000 in-house employees. In the ensuing years, NASA experienced a period of rapid growth in its in-house employees, reaching a peak of over 36,000 persons in 1967. The trend was reversed during the second decade of NASA's existence, when the number of NASA in-house employees steadily declined from 33,929 in 1969 to 23,779 in 1978, a decrease of almost 30 percent. At the same time, there was a significant change in the composition of NASA employees. In 1969 scientists and engineers made up slightly less than 42 percent of NASA's in-house work force, but by 1978 they constituted almost 50 percent of NASA's in-house employees. During the same period, there was also a slow but steady increase in the percentage of professional administrative employees at NASA. The percentage of NASA employees engaged in trades and labor, however, declined from 13 percent in 1969 to just over 6 percent in 1978, and there was a slight decline in the percentage of clerical and technical support employees. The changing character of NASA's work force during the second decade of its existence can be further demonstrated by the fact that an increasingly large share of its employees possessed professional degrees. Whereas only slightly less than half of NASA's permanent employees had professional degrees in 1969, almost 59 percent of NASA's permanent employees possessed them in 1978.

Because of an improved reporting system in the 1970s (particularly since 1972), this volume takes a closer look than the previous volume at the position of minorities and women within NASA's in-house work force. Between 1972 and 1978, the total number of minority employees increased from 1,290 (4.7 percent of NASA's total permanent in-house work force) to 2,061 (8.9 percent of the total). This growth in minority employment at NASA was spread uniformly over every minority category—Black, Hispanic, Asian, and American Indian. The most significant growth occurred among employees in the professional administrative branch of NASA, where the minority share rose from 3.0 percent in 1972 to 9.8 percent in 1978. Also, the percentage of minorities among technical support personnel and clerical personnel doubled, and it increased from 3.4 percent to 5.7 percent among scientists and engineers. In each of these categories, there

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was also a marked numerical increase in minority employees, although the overall permanent NASA work force shrank considerably between 1972 and 1978. Between 1972 and 1978, however, there was a slight decline in the average GS grade level of minority employees in each of the employment categories.

During the same period, the number of women in NASA's permanent in-house work force remained nearly constant, declining slightly from 4,449 in 1972 to 4,400 in 1978. Overall, women made up 16.2 percent of NASA's total permanent work force in 1972 and 19.0 percent in 1978. Only in the professional administrative positions did women make significant progress; the number of women in these positions rose from 535 (14.1 percent of the NASA total) in 1972 to 809 (23.3 percent of the NASA total) in 1978. The overwhelming majority of women, however, were employed as clerical personnel, constituting 88.3 percent of all NASA clerical employees in 1972 and 92.1 percent in 1978.

A more detailed analysis of NASA's work force can be made from the tables that follow. Tables 3-1 through 3-5, as well as Figure 3-1, give an overall view of the agency's in-house personnel. Tables 3-6 through 3-27 present an analysis of personnel data by installation. Tables 3-28 through 3-33 deal with minority employees, and Tables 3-34 through 3-38 provide a similar analysis of the agency's female employees. The last table, Table 3-39, gives the age profile of NASA's permanent in-house employees. (Jet Propulsion Laboratory employees are not listed because they are employed by the California Institute of Technology, under contract to NASA.)

Definition of Terms

Many of the terms used in the tables of this chapter are defined in NASA Management Instruction 3291, Subject: Personnel Definitions and Reporting Requirements. All of the quotations that follow are from this NASA Management Instruction.

Excepted Employees. Civil servants who fill high-level permanent positions created under the provisions of Section 203(b) of the Space Act of 1958. (P.L. 313 and Executive Pay Act employees are included under this heading for the purposes of this chapter.)

Grade. A civil service categorization scheme to differentiate levels of pay, duties, responsibilities, and so forth. Excepted positions are paid in the range from GS-16 to GS-18 and above. Wage System pay is locally rather than nationally set.

Military Detailees. Military personnel detailed to NASA. See Paid Employees.

Occupational Code Groups. The definitions that follow are taken from NASA Management Instruction 3291.

100—Trades and Labor Positions: "Includes trade, craft and general laboring positions (non-supervisory, leader and supervisory), compensated on the basis of prevailing locality wage rates."

200—Support Engineering and Related Positions: "Includes professional physical science, engineering, and mathematician positions in work situations not identified with aerospace technology."

300—Technical Support Positions: "Includes scientific and engineering aid, technician, drafting, photography, illustrating, salaried shop superintendents, quality assurance specialists, production planning and inspecting positions."

500—Clerical and Non-Professional Administrative Positions: "Includes secretarial, specialized and general clerical, and administrative specialist positions, the qualification requirements for which are clerical training and experience or specialized non-professional experience in supply, fiscal, procurement and similar or related activities."

600—Professional Administrative Positions: "Includes professional management positions in research and development administration in such activities as financial management, contracting, personnel, security, administration, law, public affairs and the like for which a college degree or the equivalent, and specialized training and experience are required."

700—Scientific and Engineering Positions: "Includes professional scientific and engineering positions requiring Aero-Space Technology (AST) qualifications. Includes professional positions engaged in aerospace research, development, operations, and related work including the development and operation of specialized facilities and supporting equipment."

900—Life Science Positions: "Includes life science professional positions not requiring AST qualifications. Includes medical officers and other positions performing professional work in psychology, the biological sciences and professions which support the science of medicine such as nursing and medical technology."

Paid Employees. Permanent employees and temporary employees combined. Specifically excluded from this category are military personnel detailed to NASA regardless of any reimbursement.

Permanent Employees. Defined as "all employees whose appointments are not time limited or . . . are for a period of more than one year."

Temporary Employees. These are called "Other Than Permanent" in the currently used Personnel Management Information System (PMIS) and include "employees whose appointments are specifically limited to definite periods of one year or less" and others who are included in this category by definition (such as CO-OP [cooperative; alternating work and study] students and intermittent employees).

Table 3-1. Civilian and Military In-house Personnel (at end of fiscal year)

				(f)	,					
Personnel	1969	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Paid employees	31,733	31,223	29,478	27,428	25,955	24,854	24,333	24,039	23,569	23,169
Permanent employees										,
Temporary employees	2,196	1,325	1,028	954	822	1,153	1,305	1,387	619	019
Total paid employees	33,929	32.548	30,506	28,382	26,777	26,007	25,638	25,426	24,188	23,779
Military detailees	268	231	172	119	78	19	45	99	53	71
TOTAL	34,197	32.779	30,678	28,501	26,855	26,068	25,683	25,482	24,241	23,850
Net change, permanent only	-726	-522	- 1,745	-2,050	- 1,473	-1,101	- 521	-294	-470	-332
Percentage change,	-2.2%	26.1 – 1.6%	- 5.6%	-7.0%	-5.4%	- 4.2%	- 2.1%	-1.2%	- 2.0%	- 1.4%
permanent only										

Source: NASA Historical Pocket Statistics.

Table 3-2. Accessions and Separations of Permanent Employees

			,			•				
Activity and Category of Employee	1969	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Accessions	1,278	1,070	290	264	1,051	1,246	1,087	1,038	936	1.098
Separations	2,015	1,672	2,655	2,344	2,513	2,358	409,1	1,318	1,358	1.508
Net accessions	-737	- 602	- 2,065	-2,080	-1,462	-1,112	-517	- 280	-422	-410
Percentage change ^a	-2.3%	-1.9%	-6.6 %	-7.1%	-5.3%	-4.3%	-2.1%	-1.2%	-1.8%	-1.7%

"Percentage change calculated by dividing the net accessions or separations by the number of permanent employees at the beginning of the fiscal year.

Table 3-3. Paid Employees by NASA Occupational Code Group: Number on Board and Percentage of NASA Total (at end of fiscal year)

		•		•						
Occupational Code Group	1969	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974ª	1975	9/61	1977 ^b	1978 ^b
200 (Supporting professional engineers)	326	308	266	232	184	184	180	177 0.7%	Y Z Z Z	X X A X
700 and 900 (R&D engineers and scientists)	13,828	13,701	13,069	12,454 43.9%	11,953	11,679 45.9%	11,485	11,435	Z Z	Y Z Z Z
200, 700, and 900	14,154	14,009	13,335	12,686 44.7%	12,137	11,863 46.6%	11,665	11,612 48.3%	11,544 49.0%	11,465
300 (Technical support)	5,641	6,139 18.9%	5,899 19.3%	5,573 19.6%	5,122 19.1%	4,611 18.1%	4,154 17.1%	3,904 16.2%	3,689 15.7%	3,482
600 (Professional administrative)	4,469	4,491	4,190	3,861	3,689	3,592 14.1%	3,504	3,497 14.5%	3,499 14.8%	3,473 15.0%
500 (Clerical)	5,243	4,965	4,678	4,285	4,123	3,702 14.6%	3,487 14.3%	3,488 14.5%	3,354 14.2%	3,297 14.2%
100 (Trades and labor)	4,422	2,944	2,404	1.977 7.0%	1,706	1,662 6.5%	1,523	1,538 6.4%	1,483	1,452
TOTAL	33,929	32,548	30,506	28,382	26,777	25,430	24,333	24,039	23,569	23,169

⁴As of May 31, 1974. ^hFigures for 1977 and 1978 are for permanent NASA employees.

NA = Not available.

Source: NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 3-4. Permanent Employees by NASA Occupational Code Group: Number on Board and Percentage of NASA Total

		at e	(at end of fiscal	cal year)						
Occupational Code Group	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8261
200, 700, and 900 (Scientists and engineers)	VA	13,837	13,227	12.616	12.085	11,770	11,665	11.612	11.544	11,465
300 (Technical support)	Y Z	5,709 18.3%	5,518 18.7%	5,130 18.7%	4.703 18.1%	4,403	4,154	3.904 16.2%	3,689	3,482
600 (Professional administrative)	NA	4.407 14.1%	4,115 14.0%	3.801	3,640	3,485	3.504	3,497	3,499	3.473
500 (Clerical)	NA	4,362 14.0%	4,226 14.3%	3.920	3,829	3,642 14.6%	3,487	3,488	3.354	3.297
100 (Trades and labor)	Y Z	2,908	2,392	1.961	1,698	1,554	1,523	1,538	1,483	1,452
TOTAL	31,733	31,223	29,478	27,428	25.955	24,854	24,333	24.039	23,569	23.169

NA = Not available.

Table 3-5. Average Salaries of Permanent Employees by Pay Plan (with percentage increase from previous year at end of fiscal year)

\$15,930 \$17,080 \$18,346 \$ 18.3% 7.2% 7.4% \$32,420 \$34,072 18.3% 5.0% 2.7% \$15,550 \$16,770 \$18.088 18.6% 7.8% 7.9% \$16,160 \$17,310 \$18,592 18.2% 7.8% 7.4% \$9,570 \$10,630 \$11,544			- Garage		•					
\$13,470 \$15,930 \$17,080 \$18,346 \$ 9,1% \$18,3% \$7.2% \$7.4% \$7.4% \$7.4% \$1.4% \$10,5% \$18,3% \$5.0% \$2.7% \$1.5,50 \$16,70 \$18.088 \$13,670 \$16,160 \$17,310 \$18,592 \$1.9% \$1.4% \$1.4% \$1.5% \$1.6% \$1.5%	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	5/61	9261	1977	1978
\$27,410 \$32,420 \$34,050 \$34,972 \$10.5% 18.3% 5.0% 2.7% 2.7% \$13,110 \$15,550 \$16,770 \$18.088 \$9.8% 18.6% 7.8% 7.9% 7.9% collar \$8,800 \$9,570 \$10,630 \$11,544	\$13,470	\$15,930	\$17,080	\$18,346	\$19,403	\$20,470 5.5%	\$21,661	\$22.884 5.6%	\$24,629 7.6%	\$26,536 7.7%
\$13,110 \$15,550 \$16,770 \$18,088 9.8% 18.6% 7.8% 7.9% e collar \$13,670 \$16,160 \$17,310 \$18,592 9.1% 18.2% 7.8% 7.4% collar \$8,800 \$9,570 \$10,630 \$11,544	\$27,410	\$32,420 18.3%	\$34,050	\$34.972 2.7%	\$35,540 1.6%	\$35,714 0.5%	\$35,878 0.5%	\$37,630 4.9%	\$45,498 20.9%	\$46,710 2.7%
\$13,670 \$16,160 \$17,310 \$18,592 9.1% 18.2% 7.8% 7.4% \$8,800 \$9,570 \$10,630 \$11,544	\$13,110	\$15,550	\$16,770 7.8%	\$18.088 7.9%	\$19,174 6.0%	\$20,232 5.5%	\$21,472 6.1%	\$22.707 5.8%	\$24,598 8.3%	\$26,491 7.7%
\$8,800 \$9,570 \$10,630 \$11,544	\$	\$16,160 18.2%	\$17,310	\$18,592 7.4%	\$19.644 5.7%	\$20,691 5.3%	\$21,899 5.8%	\$23,142 5.7%	\$25,002 8.0%	\$26,902 7.6%
8.8% 11.1% 8.6%	€		\$10,630 11.1%	\$11,544 8.6%	\$12,459 7.9%	\$13,354 7.2%	\$15,080 12.9%	\$16,349 8.4%	\$18,574 13.6%	\$20,342 9.5%

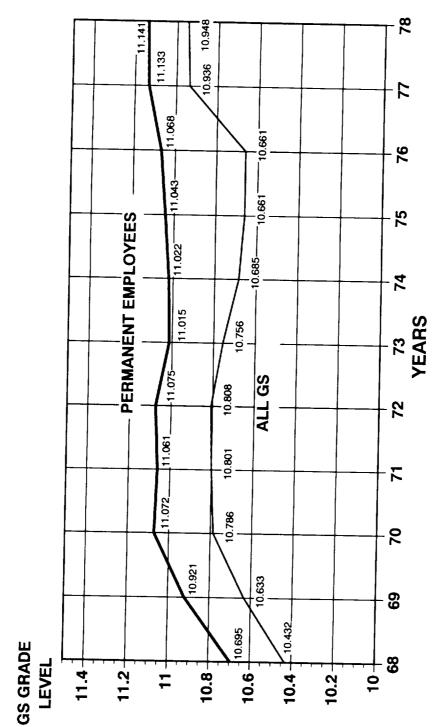


Figure 3-1. Average GS Grade Level of NASA permanent Employees (at end of fiscal year)

Table 3-6. Permanent Employees with Earned Professional Degrees by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

		į	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, m						
Installation	6961	1970	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Ames Research Center	AZ AZ	676	896	944	947	936	937	938	941	284
Flatter Department Content	Z	191	1		1	}		I		
Electronics Research Center	Z	213	213	200	203	204	203	214	222	214
Fight Research Center	; z	7000	2.263	2.169	2.115	2,096	2,105	2,075	2,056	2,134
Goddard Space Filgni Center	ZZ	1 577	1 526	1.488	1.476	1,435	1,429	1,443	1,455	1,436
Kennedy Space Center	(1,570	1 656	995	1.521	1.547	1,528	1,524	1,510	1,477
Langley Kesearch Center	(<	1,070	1 849	1 747	1.589	1.486	1,470	1,467	1,465	1.42
Lewis Research Center	(~ Z	7.767	2,672	985 6	2 515	504	2.537	2,510	2,489	2,505
Manned Spacecraft Center	(·	7 005	2,0,7	277.0	2 721	2 540	2 433	2.438	2,405	2,329
Marshall Space Flight Center	K Z	7,860	1.00.7	611.7	17/7	2	000	7.5	22	4
National Space Technology Laboratories	1	1	l	1	1	l	3/	,	+	5
Canal Muslace Decembers Office	Z	89	3	34	1		1	١	١	1
space Inferent Fropulsion Office	Z	107	112	Ξ	106	105	<u>9</u>	107	118	123
wallops station	7 7	96	1 007	94	1101	917	878	880	921	894
NASA Headquarters TOTAI	15.863	15,870	15,177	14,514	14,204	13,770	13,663	13,633	13,636	13,605

⁴Disestablished in 1970.

⁸Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

⁸Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

⁹Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

⁹Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

⁸Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Table 3-7. Permanent Employees with Earned Professional Degrees by NASA Installation: Percentage (at end of fiscal year)

		į	(mag magn to man and	That I had						
Installation	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	Y Z	20.1	513	53.4	65.4	7 33	0 33			
Electronics Research Centera	Z	7 7 7 7	1	•	4.00	0.00	22.8	57.0	58.7	59.4
Elicht Bassant Care b	<u> </u>	0.00			1	1	1		1	1
riigni Kesearch Center"	Y Z	40.0	40.0	40.6	43.2	42.1	42.0	43.5	73.5	,
Goddard Space Flight Center	Y Z	50.5	51.4	53.4	988	55.0	25.27	7.77	.	5.C+
Kennedy Space Center	Z	0 95	20.7			0.00	70.1	50.4	0./c	29.8
Langley Research Center	1 × 1	70.7	70.7	4.0	4.10	62.1	63.3	<u>\$</u>	65.7	65.8
Louis December Collect	K :	45.5	4 5	45.3	46.0	1 9	46.1	47.1	48 4	7 87
Lewis Research Center	Y Z	45.1	45.8	46.0	47.5	48 1	48.3	2 07	100	1 5
Manned Spacecraft Center ^c	Z	2	44	44	1 13		0.00	. o.	40.7	7.64
Marshall Space Flight Center	2	. 04	4.64	r 6		09.1	69.3	69.5	70.2	71.1
National Chace Technology I alegans	5	1.0+	67.7	2.16	53.2	57.7	59.3	1.09	61.3	6.19
rational space recliniology Laboratories-		1	1	l	1	1	23.6	23.6	0 07	5
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	₹ Z	67.2	67.4	75.5			2.	0.00	0.00	7.70
Wallons Station					İ	!	1	1	!	1
Margha Station	ď.	71.1	23.3	24.7	25.2	24.8	25.5	3.6.5	1 00	30.4
NASA Headquarters	Y Z	53.1	56.0	56 6	8	26.3	. 3		1.6.5	50.4 1.0.5
ALL NASA	9 07	0 05	9 1 9		3	50.5	7.00	0.00	49.7	59.1
	47.0	20.0	C.1C	6.76	24.7	55.4	56.2	56.7	57.9	28.7

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Sources: Tables 3-6 and 3-11.

Table 3-8. Paid Employees by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

		•	The city of the city is	year Jear)						
Installation	6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Amec Becourch Center	2,117	2,033	1,968	1,844	1,740	1,776	1,754	1,724	1,645	1,691
Allica Incacatori Comer	951	265	İ	1	1	١	1	1		l
Electronics Research Center	109	583	679	539	509	531	24 44	266	546	514
Flight Research Center	1 295	4 487	4 459	4.178	3.852	3,936	3,871	3,808	3,666	3,641
Goddard Space Flight Center	2,059	7 805	707.	2,568	2.516	2.408	2,377	2,404	2,270	2,234
Kennedy Space Center	3,026	2,070	3.830	3 592	3.389	3.504	3.472	3,407	3,207	3,167
Langley Research Center	4,06/	0/2/0	4.083	3.866	3.368	3.172	3,181	3,168	3,061	2,84
Lewis Research Center	4,379	047,4	200,4	3 935	386	3.886	3.877	3,796	3,640	3,617
Manned Spacecraft Center	4,731	755.	977.4	255.5	5 287	4 574	4 337	4 336	4.014	3.808
Marshall Space Flight Center	6,639	6,323	0,000	0,00	107,5	10.1	1664	52.5	6	108
National Space Technology Laboratories	l	Ì	l			İ	9/	7/	ţ	3
Matter Description Office	1	103	68	45	١	١	1	1	1	
ropuision	554	522	497	465	434	447	4	437	426	429
Wallops Station	2773	2 259	1.939	1.795	1,786	1,773	1,708	1,708	1,619	1,606
NASA Headquarters TOTAL PAID EMPLOYEES	33,929	32,548	30,506	28,382	26,777	26,007	25,638	25,426	24.188	23,779

*Disestablished June 30, 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Source: NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 3-9. Paid Employees by NASA Installation: Percentage of NASA Total (at end of fiscal year)

				mac macu						
Installation	6961	0261	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1677	8261
Ames Research Center	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.5	6.5	8.9	× 4	8 4	0.7	
Electronics Research Center	2.8	<u>~</u>	:		; 1	}	0.0	0.0	0.0	- · /
Flight Research Center ^b	8.1	8.1	6.1	1.9	1.9	2.0	, -	, ,	۱ ,	۱ (
Goddard Space Flight Center	12.7	13.8	14.6	14.7	4.4	15.1	<u> </u>	15.0	5.2 C \$1	7.7
Kennedy Space Center	9.0	8.9	8.9	9.1	9.6	9.3	6	2.6	7.61 7.6	0.5
Langley Research Center	12.1	12.2	12.6	12.7	12.7	13.5	3.5	ر بر 4 در	<u>+ 'C</u>	7.4
Lewis Research Center	13.0	13.0	13.4	13.6	12.6	12.2	. C	12.5	15.5	5.CI
Manned Spacecraft Center	14.0	14.0	14.1	13.9	14.6	14.9	151	14.9	<u>.</u>	()
Marshall Space Flight Center	9.61	19.4	6.61	9.61	19.7	17.6	1.51	7.7	17.7	7.61
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	J	-		1	: 1	0.3	- ~	0.0	0.01
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office®	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	,	1	}	9	†	
Wallops Station	9.1	1.6	1.6	9:1	9.1	1.7	1.7	1 7	<u>~</u>	l <u>~</u>
NASA Headquarters	7.0	6.9	6.4	6.3	6.7	8.9	6.7	6.7	5.7	o ox
TOTAL*	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Disestablished in 1970.

Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

'Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Frigures may not add to total because of rounding.

Source: Table 3-8.

Table 3-10. Paid Employees by NASA Installation: Changes in Number on Board'

Installation	6961	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	5261	9261	1977	8/61
Ames Research Center	08-	-84	-65	- 124	104	36	- 22	- 30	62 -	46
Electronics Decomate Contour	-	- 359	- 592	l	1		I		1	
Elicht Decentch Center	-21	\ <u>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</u>	4-	- 40	-30	22	13	22	- 20	-32
Chadard Space Flight Center	<u>ς</u> ς	192	- 28	- 281	-326	84	- 65	- 63	- 142	-25
Voranda Space Light Collect	4	- 163	161 -	- 136	- 52	- 108	-31	27	- 134	- 36
Lendon December	- 13	- 117	- 140	- 238	- 203	115	-32	-65	- 200	- 40
Laugicy Nescalul Cultur	- 184	- 159	127	-217	- 498	- 196	6	- 13	- 107	- 97
Monad Change Conter	- 205	-212	- 241	-363	-39	- 10	6-	-81	- 156	- 23
Marchall Space Elight Center	- 26. - 26.	-314	-265	- 505	- 268	-713	-237	-	-322	- 206
National Space Tight Control National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	}	. 1	1	1	1	I	76	4	22	14
`⊂	4-	-	- 14	- 44	- 45		ļ		I	
_	=	-32	-25	-32	-31	13	9-	4 -	- 1	3
MACA Handanarters	- 16	- 114	-321	- 143	6-	- 13	- 65	0	68-	- 13
TOTAL	-712	-1,381	-2,043	-2,123	- 1,605	- 770	- 369	-212	-1,238	- 409

Figures shown are the net increase or decrease in the number of paid employees for the year before the date.

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Source: Table 3-8.

Table 3-11. Permanent Employees by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

The state of the s				·						
Installation	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	7261	1978
Ames Research Center	1,992	1.953	1.890	1 766	1 708	1 683	9731	1 646	505	
Electronics Research Center	802	665		3	200	500:1	0/0/1	0±0:-	1,003	790,
Flight Research Center ^b	539	534	533	101	1 5	1 5	3	9	1 ;	I
Goddard Space Flight Conter	001		707		0/4	484	483	492	510	489
Vacanta Space Light Center	4,129	4,	4.404	4.06	3,802	3,808	3,750	3.676	3,607	3.570
Actiliedy Space Center	2,877	2,762	2.600	2,463	2,403	2.309	2.259	2.250	215	7 197
Langley Research Center	3,912	3,853	3.740	3.455	3 305	3 355	3 3 1 5	2 2 2 2	0110	201.7
Lewis Research Center	4 268	4 200	4.036	307.6	2000	000 0	0,00	5,255	5,118	3,065
Manned Consequely Contact	0021	0000	oco.	2,770	5,545	3,088	5,042	3.025	2.994	2,899
Manney Spacecraft Center	4.384	4,270	4.147	3,817	3,717	3.676	3.660	3.613	3 548	3 573
Marshall Space Flight Center	6,149	5.994	5,760	5.414	5.115	4 400	4 100	4.050	2 003	075.0
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1		-			2011	3	600,4	776.6	3,700
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	104	Į.	03	31			60	60	₹	701
	101	5	60	ŕ	1	-		I	1	ŀ
Wallops Station'	484 484	489	480	449	420	423	415	404	404	405
NASA Headquarters	2.093	2,064	1.800	1.669	1.672	1.628	1.562	1 572	1 556	1 513
TOTAL	31,733	31.223	29,478	37 428	25 955	74 854	24 223	00000	0000	21.7.1
					77,77	1,0,1	24,333	74,039	75,369	73,169

"Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Table 3-12. Temporary Employees by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

		10	at cilu di listal ytal	call year)						
Installation	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Ames Research Center	125	98	78	78	32	93	9/	78	42	29
Flectronics Research Centera	149	0	1	ļ	I	1	I	1	Ì	1
Clickt Decearch Center	Ç.	4	47	4	39	47	61	74	36	25
Coddard Space Flight Center	991	92	55	117	20	128	121	132	26	71
5	<u>~</u>	133	3	105	113	8	118	154	55	22
Tonalay Deserte Collici	175	117	8	137	\$	149	157	174	68	105
Langley Nescalcii Centei	131	. 9	47	2	25	8	139	143	<i>L</i> 9	9
Manad Canadant Cantar	161	692	151	118	62.1	210	217	183	35	4
Marchall Space Flight Center	490	331	300	4	172	174	237	277	35	48
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	2	1	1	l	I	I	7	3	4	9
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	0	7	0	0	1	1		1	I	
Wallone Station	70	33	17	16	14	24	5 6	33	70	74
MACA Usedanosters	280	195	139	126	114	145	146	136	63	4
TOTAL	2,196	1,325	1,028	954	822	1,153	1,305	1,387	619	019

^aDisestablished in 1970.

Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

^aEstablished as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

^aRenamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

^aRenamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Source: Table 3-8 and Table 3-11.

Table 3-13. NASA Excepted, P.L. 313, and Supergrade Employees by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

		al	at citu of fiscal year	cal year)						
Installation	1969	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	47	46	45	37	33	30	25	7.4	23	3,5
Electronics Research Center	91	91	1	. 1	: 1	3	}	;	67	ો
Flight Research Center ^b	12	13	12	13	12	12	9	2	=	ļ °
Goddard Space Flight Center	29	<i>L</i> 9	<i>L</i> 9	\$	55	; S	45	. 4	44	5 5
Kennedy Space Center	39	38	38	38	38	£	30.	2 2	*	1 5
Langley Research Center	63	3	62	54	52	4	32	î 2	3 2	, E
Lewis Research Center	51	51	51	48	36	32	28	28	× 6	, c
Manned Spacecraft Center ^c	æ	58	57	51	51	84	4	43	47	3 5
Marshall Space Flight Center	94	93	93	68	- - - - - - - - - - -	51	: ; =		ò	è
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1		l	1		:	, (-	, () (
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	6	œ	6	ç	١	ļ	¹	-	1	1
Wallops Station	т	m	· m	· ~	"	~	۳ ا	۳ ا	۳ ا	"
NASA Headquarters	255	258	240	232	218	. 56	. 481	. <u>8</u>	. O81	. 271
TOTAL	720	715	<i>677</i>	637	582	497	462	457	453	445

"Disestablished in 1970.

**Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

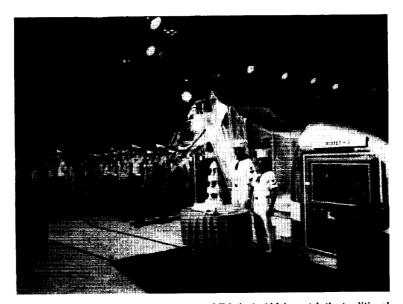
**Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

**Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

**Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

**Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

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Apollo 11 Astronauts Neil A. Armstrong and Edwin A. Aldrin watch the traditional post-flight cake-cutting ceremony from their Mobile Quarantine Facility aboard the USS Hornet. Not shown is Astronaut Michael Collins. The Apollo 11 spacecraft is in the background.



The crew of Concept Verification Testing at their stations in the General Purpose Laboratory at the Marshall Space Flight Center.

Table 3-14. NASA Excepted, P.L. 313, and Supergrade Employees by NASA Installation: Percentage of NASA Total (at end of fiscal vear)

		18	at end of fiscal year)	scal year)						
Installation	6961	0261	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	6.5	6.4	9.9	8 5	×	0.4	75			
Electronics Research Center	cc	ιι	}	?	9.	0.0	0.7	6.6	7.7	5.6
Flight Research Center	i -	i -] =	;	; ا	1 ;	١,	1	1	1
Codding Canad Eller	1.7	0.1	Ø	7.0	-:	۲. 4	2:5	5.6	ci Ci	<u>8</u> .
Coddaid Space Flight Center	9.3	9.4	0.01	10.4	9.5	10.1	9.7	10.1	6.7	76
Kennedy Space Center	5.4	5.3	5.6	6.0	6.5	8.9	6.5	63	, ,	4
Langley Research Center	∞ ∞.	9.0	9.2	× ×	o ×	×	. 0	0.5	7.0	- r
Lewis Research Center	7.1	7.1	7.5	7.5	6.7) V		n -	÷ 6	0.7
Manned Spacecraft Centers	э ×	 	. 0	. 0) o	† t	1.0	- -	6.7	6.3
Morehall Canas Diale Co.	· · ·	0.1	c t	9.0 9.0	8.8	9.7	0.01	4.6	4.01	9.01
Maisuali Space Filght Center	13.1	13.0	13.7	14.0	13.9	10.3	12.1	13.3	13.0	13.3
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	1		1	ļ	ļ	0.4	,	7.0	
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	1.3	_	1 3	60	i		;	!	†. 0	4.0
Wallone Station	•				1			1	ļ	1
MACA 11-11-11	4.0	4.0	4.0	6.5	0.5	9.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
NASA Headquarters	35.4	36.1	35.5	36.4	37.4	39.2	39.8	39.6	19.7	1 68
IOIAL	100.0	0.001	0.001	100.0	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	100.0	100.0

"Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

*Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth of one percent and thus may not add to totals.

Source: Table 3-13,

Table 3-15. Military Detailees by NASA Installation: Number on Duty

	1974
	1973
al year)	1972
(at end of fiscal year)	1761
Detaille (at	1970
Milliary	6961
. y-15.	

Ames Research Center Electronics Research Center									
earch (13	9	2	4	4	9	5	4	33
earcn	o	•	-	١	1		I	1	1
	0 1	> <	•	r	٢	o	,	C	•
Flight Research Center ^b	7	٧.	6	_	,	,	n	1	,
Coddord Cnoce Disht Center	ð	œ	6	_	0	0	0	0	0
ıığıı.	. •	, (-	c	0	_	_	S	9
Kennedy Space Center) =	1 (·		· c	C	_		_
Langley Research Center	4	4	-	> '	> 0	•		<	<
I ewis Research Center	61	2	S	0	0	-	0	>	>
Marie 1 Comes Comes	170	158	120	0 8	4	38	78	36	33
Manned Spaceciall Cellici	2 !		•	: :	Ξ	_	-	~	7
Marshall Space Flight Center	1	4	2	C	=	-		۰ د	
National Space Technology Laboratories	1	l	1	1	1	l	9	>	-
	_	C	0	0		1	I	١	
Space Indefeat Fropulsion Office	· -	· -	-	_	_	c	C	0	0
Wallops Station	-	-	-	- :	,	, ,		u	7
NACA Headonarters	20	21	15	13	17	0	c	r	C
TOTAL	268	231	172	119	78	19	45	2 6	23

⁴Disestablished in 1970.

⁸Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

⁹Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

⁹Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

⁹Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

⁹Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Table 3-16. Scientific and Technological Paid Employees (Occupational Code Groups 200, 700, and 900) by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

				•						
Installation	6961	0/61	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	882	905	888	854	833	817	018	804	Ž	7
Electronics Research Center	470	338	1		}	<u> </u>	1	500	2	2
Flight Research Center ^b	197	661	<u>8</u>	182	179	98	S 2	ا <u>5</u>	5	*
Goddard Space Flight Center	1,916	1,962	1,979	1,905	1.785	1.770	1.765	1 738	(C
Kennedy Space Center	1,365	1,352	1,312	1,281	1,262	1.235	1.239	1 237	(2 2
Langley Research Center	1,596	1,616	1,611	1,522	1.460	1.478	4	1 426	1 Z	2 2
Lewis Research Center	1,786	1,780	1,736	1,635	1460	409	1343	1,120	ξ 2	C <
Manned Spacecraft Center	2,533	2,502	2,427	2,275	2.229	2.193	2,233	01.5.5	(v	C <
Marshall Space Flight Center	2,652	2,596	2,539	2,442	2.351	2.260	2,133	2,210	C	(
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	1	. 1	1	1	1	74	; ; ;	ZZ	ζ γ
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	58	57	52	30	1		i	i		<u> </u>
Wallops Station	16	101	<u>8</u>	103	8	4	76	75	Z	V
NASA Headquarters	809	§	489	457	482	424	403	8	:	ZZ
TOTAL	14,154	14,009	13,335	12,686	12,137	11,863	11,665	11,612	11.54	11.465

As of 31 May 1974.

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Source: NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 3-17. Scientific and Technological Paid Employees (Occupational Code Groups 200, 700, and 900) by NASA Installation: Percentage of NASA Total (at end of fiscal year)

		•	(at the of motion year)	í ma í ma						
Installation	6961	0261	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Ames Research Center	6.2	6.4	6.7	6.7	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	Y Z	Y Z
Flectronics Research Center	3.3	2.4	I	1	I		l	1	ł	
Electiones research center	4.	4.1	1.5	4.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	9.1	Y Z	Y Z
Fight Nescalen Center Coddord Space Flight Center	13.5	14.0	14.8	15.0	14.7	14.9	15.1	15.0	Y Z	Y Z
Codudate Space Light Comes	96	6.7	8.6	10.1	10.4	10.4	9.01	10.7	Y Z	ΥZ
Tender December	11.3	= 2	12.1	12.0	12.0	12.5	12.4	12.3	Y Z	Y Z
Langiey Research Center	9 61	15.7	13.0	12.9	12.0	6.11	11.5	9.11	N V	Y Y
Manage Canadant Contact	0.21	17.9	18.2	17.9	18.4	18.5	16.1	19.0	۲ Z	Ϋ́Z
Mailled Spacedail Center	18.7	× ×	16.0	19.2	19.4	19.0	18.3	18.4	Y V	Y Z
Mai shail Space Tilgin Collici National Space Technology Laboratories	<u> </u>	1	: 1	1	1	I	0.2	0.2	N N	Y Z
	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	1	١	1		1	1
•	9.0	0.7	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	Y Z	ΥZ
MACA Hoodmoners	4	4.3	3.7	3.6	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.4	۲ Z	Y Z
TOTAL*	100.0	0.001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	0.001

As of 31 May 1974.

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

*Figures may not add to total because of rounding.

NA = Not available.

Source: Table 3-16.

Table 3-18. Technical Support Paid Employees (Occupational Code Group 300) by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

				1						
Installation	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	8201
Ames Research Center	οιι	1,5							117	12/0
	007	343	519	35	24 <u>8</u>	739	717	180	* 14	1
Electronics Research Center	911	89	•					100	Y.	۲ Z
Flight Research Contant		8 8	' !	l		1	ı	ļ	1	ļ
A THE INSTAIL COINCE	103	3	107	<u> </u>	240	215	313	300	¥ [4	;
Goddard Space Flight Center	925	1.026	071	043		711	O I	ÇOÇ	Z	K Z
Kennedy Space Center	1 6	020,1	-	240	/3	669	657	634	₹ Z	Z
iscurred apare cellici	5	479	426	406	386	310	266	346	2	
Langley Research Center	1466	1.450	1 530	1.460	1361		001	740	KZ.	K Z
Lewis Research Contar	201:	000	0001	1.400	1,354	1.294	1.288	1.219	Z	Y Z
M 10 Collection	340	357	351	352	285	292	171	346	4	
Manned Spacecraft Center	569	919	536	9440	407	9		7	2	ď.
Marshall Snace Flight Center		010	066	Ç	46.5	403	389	362	₹Z	∢ Z
N C 18 COUNTY	701.1	.488	36.	1.318	1.218	1.002	683	6.47	Z	
National Space Technology Laboratories	1	١				1	Ç Y	Ì		Z.
Snace Nuclear Propulsion Office	•	٠ :	ļ	ļ		1	0	0	Z	Z
Space Marical Frobatsion Office	0	0	0	0	1	ı				•
Wallops Station	215	202	501	-	į.		ł	ļ	J	l
NACA Headomater	. :	507	761	781	1/2	177	167	158	₹ Z	Z
and incaptualities	=	0	7	v	c		,	•		477
IOIAL	24 14	0119	2 800	6 573	1 (` ;	ć :	1	V Z	₹ Z
	1100	671.0	2,077	5,5,5	27175	4,611	4,154	3,90 4	3,689	3.482

As of 31 May 1974.

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Source: NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 3-19. Technical Support Paid Employees (Occupational Code Group 300) by NASA Installation: Percentage of NASA Total (at end of fiscal year)

Installation	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Histaliation	4.2	3.6	5.4	5.4	4.8	5.2	5.2	4.6	NA	٧X
Ames Research Center	1 -	: -	;		1	-	1	-		1
Electronics Research Center	7.7	1.1	<u>~</u>	4.9	4.7	4.7	5.1	5.3	Y Y	Ϋ́
Flight Research Center	0.1	1.0	0.1	151	14.3	15.1	15.8	16.2	Y Z	Y Z
Goddard Space Flight Center	10.0	7.0	7.7	7.3	7.6	6.7	6.4	6.3	ΥZ	Y Z
Kennedy Space Center	7.0	9. / 7. 6	25.0	26.2	26.4	28.1	31.0	31.2	ΥZ	Y Z
Langley Research Center	70.07	0.67	6.6	. 63	2.6	80	6.5	6.3	Y Z	Y Z
Lewis Research Center	1.0	0.0	0.0	. o	9.4	6.8	9.4	9.3	ΥZ	Y Y
Manned Spacecraft Center	10.1	2.5	75.2	33.6	23.8	21.7	16.4	9.91	∀ Z	Ϋ́
Marshall Space Flight Center	0.02	7.47	6.67	8:54	}		0	0	NA A	Y Z
> '	۱۹	۱۹	٩	•	i	١	١.	1	1	1
Space Nuclear Propulsion Othee) (, ,	11	3	3.4	3.8	4.0	4.0	Y Z	Y N
Wallops Station	0.0	 	0.1	 	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	N A	Y Z
NASA Headquarters TOTAL®	7.0 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0	0.001	100.0

As of 31 May 1974.

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

*Figures may not add to total because of rounding.

NA = Not available.

Source: Table 3-18.

Table 3-20. Trades and Labor Paid Employees (Occupational Code Group 100) by NASA Installation: Number on board

(at end of fiscal year)

		3	(at the of fister year	rai yeai)						
Installation	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	603	382	345	279	269	261	261	360	Z	Z
Electronics Research Center	58	=	1	I	ſ	1		J	. 1	. 1
Flight Research Center ^b	204	177	174	3	33	ĸ	2	7	Z	Z
Goddard Space Flight Center	239	181	177	167	156	159	154	159	Z	Z
Kennedy Space Center	65	ĸ	3	4	4	4	S	4	Z	Z
Langley Research Center	390	569	92	3	35	\$	42	4	Z Z	Z
Lewis Research Center	1.639	1,513	1,424	1,310	1,105	1,059	947	955	Z	Z
Manned Spacecraft Center ^c	222	48	4	*	27	22	26	56	Z	Z
Marshall Space Flight Center	824	248	53	4	42	9	53	32	Z Z	Z
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	I	1	I	1	1	0	0	X	Z
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	0	0	0	0	1	I		ı	1	. 1
Wallops Station	90	35	79	63	53	84	49	47	X	Z
NASA Headquarters	78	70	16	13	12	6	∞	7	Z	Z
TOTAL	4,422	2,944	2,404	1,977	1,706	1,662	1,523	1,538	1,483	1,452

As of 31 May 1974.

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Source: NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 3-21. Trades and Labor Paid Employees (Occupational Code Group 100) by NASA Installation: Percentage of NASA Total (at end of fiscal year)

				,						
Installation	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	5261	9261	1977	8/61
Amer Deceased Center	13.6	13.0	14.4	14.1	15.8	15.7	17.1	16.9	Y Y	Ϋ́Z
Clasteria December Contact	- 3	4.0	1		1	1	١	!	₹ Z	Y Z
Electronics Research Center	C:1	9	7.7	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	NA	Y X
Filgnt Research Center	, A	9.9	7.4	oc 1 4	1.6	9.6	10.1	10.3	ΥZ	Υ
5		- 0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	ΥZ	Y Z
London December Conter) oc	1.6	90	3.0	2.1	3.2	2.8	3.0	Y Z	Y Z
Langley research Center	37.1	51.4	59.2	66.3	8.5	63.7	62.2	62.1	Y Z	Y Z
Manad Cassesset Center	5.0	19	1.7	1.7	9.1	1.5	1.7	1.7	Ϋ́Z	Y Z
Marchall Space Elight Center	18.6	× ×	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.4	1.9	2.1	Y Z	NA
National Space Light Center National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	2		1	١		I	0	0	Y V	Y Z
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	l	1	1
Wallons Station	2.4	3.1	3.3	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.2	3.1	Y Y	Y Z
MACA Hondonorters	×	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	Y Z	Y Z
TOTAL*	0.001	100.0	0.001	0.001	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0	0.001	0.001

As of 31 May 1974.

*Disestablished in 1970.
*PRenamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.
*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

*Figures may not add to total because of rounding.

NA = Not available.

Source: Table 3-20.

Table 3-22. Clerical and Professional Administrative Paid Employees (Occupational Code Groups 600 and 500) by NASA Installation: Number on Board

	•	(at	(at end of fiscal year)	cal year)						
Installation	1969	0261	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	8261
Ames Research Center	394	6 06	416	412	390	377	95	402	AZ	Z
Electronics Research Center	307	175	1		1	: 1	ξ	!	G.	2
Flight Research Center	76	801	102	93	87	87	×	1 5	4 Z	4
Goddard Space Flight Center	1,215	1,318	1.364	1,264	1,180	1,210	1.174	1.145	Z Z	ZZ
Kennedy Space Center	1.1	1.061	983	877	861	754	749	763	Z	: ×
Langley Research Center	635	635	265	550	540	538	4	542	;	ZZ
Lewis Research Center	628	260	270	995	518	489	*************************************	476	;	ZZ
Manned Spacecraft Center	1,427	1.373	1,294	1,178	1,157	1,060	1.012	1.015	Z	Z
Marshall Space Flight Center	2,001	1,993	1,978	1,751	1,676	1,488	1,255	1.238	Z	Z
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d		1			1	1	45	4	Z	Z
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	4	4	37	15		I	: 1	?	: 1	17.1
Wallops Station ^f	142	126	120	117	113	ই	105	105	Z	Z
NASA Headquarters	1,676	1,625	1,427	1,320	1,290	1.187	1.148	1.162	Z	Z
TOTAL	9,712	9,456	8,868	8,146	7,812	7,294	166,9	6,985	6.853	6.770

'As of 31 May 1974.

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Source: NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 3-23. Clerical and Professional Administrative Paid Employees (Occupational Code Groups 600 and 500) by NASA Installation: Percentage of NASA Total (at end of fiscal year)

		,								
Installation	6961	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Ames Research Center	4.1	4.3	4.7	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.6	5.8	Y N	Y Z
Flectronics Research Center	3.2	1.9	1	1	ļ	1	Ì	1		l
Elicht Research Center ^b	0.1	-	1.2	1.1	-:	1.2	1.3	1.3	Y Y	Ϋ́Z
Goddard Space Flight Center	12.5	13.9	15.4	15.5	15.1	9.91	16.8	16.4	Y Z	Y Z
Vennedy Chare Center	8	11.2	9.01	8.01	11.0	10.3	10.7	10.9	Y Z	ΥZ
Former Deserted Center	6.5	6.7	6.7	8.9	6.9	7.4	7.8	7.8	Ϋ́Z	Z
Langey Nescalen Center	6.5	6.2	6.4	7.0	9.9	6.7	6.9	8.9	Ϋ́	Υ
Monad Canagarit Center	14.7	14.5	14.6	14.5	14.8	14.5	14.5	14.5	Y Z	Y Z
Marchall Space Elight Center	20.6	21.1	22.3	21.5	21.5	20.4	18.0	17.7	ΥN	NA
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	1	1	ţ	1	i	9.0	0.7	Υ	Y Z
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	0.5	0.5	9.4	0.2	I	1		١	I	!
•	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	NA	Y Z
NASA Headquarters	17.3	17.2	16.1	16.2	16.5	16.3	16.4	9.91	Y V	Ϋ́Z
TOTAL*	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0

As of 31 May 1974.

Disseablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

*Figures may not add to total because of rounding.

NA = Not available.

Source: Table 3-22.

Table 3-24. Scientific and Technological Permanent Employees (Occupational Code Groups 200, 700, and 900) by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

		,								
Installation	1969	1970	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	161	1978
Ames Research Center	NA	882	872	841	824	817	810	\$	108	832
Electronics Research Center	Ν	338	1	1	and the same of th	I	1		1	
Flight Research Centerb	Ν	<u>8</u>	195	182	171	181	180	161	161	185
Goddard Space Flight Center	Y Z	1,956	1.975	1,891	1,784	1.766	1,765	1,738	1,718	1,757
Kennedy Space Center	Ν	1,338	1,308	1,278	1,259	1,241	1,239	1,237	1,232	1,216
Langley Research Center	Υ	1,610	1,606	1,515	1,459	1,468	1.4	1,426	1,400	1,360
Lewis Research Center	Ν	1,778	1,736	1,628	1,458	1,363	1,343	1,348	1,339	1,314
Manned Spacecraft Center ^c	Y V	2,462	2,389	2,259	2,215	2,198	2,233	2,210	2,188	2,187
Marshall Space Flight Center	Υ	2,561	2,511	2,442	2,350	2,215	2,133	2,142	2,114	2.046
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	I	1	1	1		1	24	23	43	48
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	Υ	27	25	39	ļ	I	1	1	1	1
Wallops Station	Υ	101	90	103	8	95	\$	8	102	107
NASA Headquarters	Υ	558	477	447	463	426	403	399	416	413
TOTAL	ΥN	13,837	13,227	12,616	12,085	11,770	11,665	11,612	11,544	11,465

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Table 3-25. Technical Support Permanent Employees (Occupational Code Group 300) by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

Installation	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	8/61
Ames Research Center	AN	323	297	268	245	231	217	180	174	153
Electronics Research Center	Y Z	89	1	1	1	1	1		ı	
Flight Research Center ^b	Ϋ́Z	71	72	224	214	214	213	208	214	201
Goddard Space Flight Center	Y Z	86	912	786	707	694	657	634	584	513
Kennedy Space Center	Y Z	426	381	354	334	308	566	246	232	506
Langley Research Center	Z	1.401	1.480	1,352	1,287	1,306	1,288	1.219	1,139	1,114
I ewis Research Center	Z	345	338	324	273	272	1/2	246	2 4 4	236
Manned Spacecraft Center	Z	570	496	427	398	406	389	362	343	327
Marshall Space Flight Center	Y V	1,323	1,358	1.208	1,080	793	683	647	-	270
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d		١	١	I	1	ı	0	0	0	0
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	Y Z	0	0	0	ł	I	1	1	1	
Wallops Station	Z	981	182	177	991	176	167	158	154	154
NASA Headquarters	₹ Z	9	2	0	2	3	3	4	4	S
TOTAL	Y Z	5,709	5,518	5,130	4,703	4,403	4,154	3,904	3,689	3,482

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

**Fenamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Table 3-26. Trades and Labor Permanent Employees (Occupational Code Group 100) by NASA Installation: Number on Board

(at end of fiscal year)

		ļ		, mar , car						
Installation	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	AN	375	345	279	265	256	140	070	346	;
Electronics Research Center	Z	Ξ		;	3	0	107	707	047	//7
Flight Research Center ^b	Z	173	171	: 17	, "	، ا	۱ ۹	۱ ،	'	i '
Goddard Space Flight Center	Z	181		C 21	C 23.	· .	7 :	7	7	2
Vennedy Canan Contain		101	//1) ·	130	134	154	159	156	146
ixcillical space Cellies	Z Z	٠,	•	3	4	4	S	4		٠,
Langley Research Center	۲ Z	264	92	3	35	51	42	. 44	, =	, 4
Lewis Research Center	Y Z	1.504	1.420	1.299	1 103	974	270	330	1 500	£ 10
Manned Spacecraft Center ^c	Z	48	04	13	77	, ,	÷ 7	666	576	4/0
Marshall Space Flight Center	\ Z	346	2 7	3 \$	<u>`</u> ;	3 ;	07	97	97	23
Motional Court Bull at 1	2	047	31	4.5	4	31	53	32	4	4
ivational space lechnology Laboratories	1	1		İ	١	1	_	0	•	•
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	ΥZ	0	0	0	İ	ļ	,	>	>	
Wallops Station ^f	Z	3	77	Ç	53	97	\$	1 5	1 :	;
NASA Headonarters	7	5	: :	3 5		Ç.	44	4	43	3 9
TOTA!	₹ ;	<u>.</u>	<u>9</u>	17	=	6	œ	7	9	œ
IOIAL	K Z	2,908	2,392	<u>8</u> .	1,698	1,554	1,523	1,538	1,483	1,452

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available. Source: The Civil Service Work Force, NASA Personnel Analysis and Planning Office.

NASA HISTORICAL DATA BOOK



Richard B. Hoover, left, of Marshall Space Flight Center, and Dr. Ian Tuohy of the Mullard Space Science Laboratory in the United Kingdom check out an X-ray telescope to be used in a joint rocket mission by the United States and Great Britain.



Overall view of the Mission Control Center, Manned Spacecraft Center, showing the flight controllers celebrating the successful conclusion of the Apollo 11 lunar landing mission.

Table 3-27. Clerical and Professional Administrative Permanent Employees (Occupational Code Groups 600 and 500) by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

				•						
Installation	6961	1970	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	AZ	2,373	2.376	2.378	2.374	2.380	390	ν 402	3 386	7 400
Electronics Research Center	Z V	175			:		?	-01-	000	1400 1400
Flight Research Center ^b	V V	25	2	\$	76	8	%	5	1 2	1 3
Goddard Space Flight Center	N A	1.284	1.340	1.207	1.158	194	174	1 145	071 -	101
Kennedy Space Center	Ν	995	806	828	9	756	749	763	247	757
Langley Research Center	A V	878	362	528	524	530	£ ₹	C07 C43	67.5	† 0 V
Lewis Research Center	Y Z	573	\$42	545	505	479	481	117	486	0±0
Manned Spacecraft Center	Y Z	<u>8</u>	1.222	860	1 077	1 047	191	1 015	000	C/4
Marshall Space Flight Center	×Z	1864	1.840	1.72.1	1 644	1361	10.1	1,017	166	00%
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d					-	100.1	45	067.1	001.1	<u>.</u> 3 2
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	A.N	4	17	15			ř	9	Ì	5
Wallops Station	NA.	: 8	115	107	105	2	1 2	1 2	5	3
NASA Headquarters	₹ Z	1.481	305	1 210	3	5	87	591	/01 -	90 è
TOTAL	Z	8 769	8 341	127.7	7.460	7.1.7	1.146	201.1	0.1.1	90.1
	1717	70/10	0.541	17/1	/.409	/71./	0.39	6,985	6.853	6.770

^aDisestablished in 1970.

^bRenamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

^cRenamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

^dEstablished as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

^cRenamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

^fRenamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Table 3-28. Minority Permanent Employees: Number on Board and Percentage of NASA Total (at end of fiscal year)

1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
NA	1,018	985	894	912	1,016	1,116	1,222	1,288	1,333
	3.1%	3.2%	3.3%	3.5%	4.1%	4.6%	5.1%	5.5%	5.8%
NA	239	218	199	236	270	304	330	370	396
	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.9%	1.1%	1.2%	1.4%	1.6%	1.7%
NA	211	198	176	177	182	203	229	252	278
	0.7%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%	0.8%	1.0%	1.1%	1.2%
NA	26	25	21	21	27	37	39	48	54
	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
NA	1,494 4.6%	1,426 4.6%	1,290 4.7%	1,346 5.2%			1,820 7.6%	1,958 8.3%	2,061 8.9%
	NA NA NA	NA 1,018 3.1% NA 239 0.7% NA 211 0.7% NA 26 0.1% NA 1,494	NA 1,018 985 3.1% 3.2% NA 239 218 0.7% 0.7% NA 211 198 0.7% 0.6% NA 26 25 0.1% 0.1% NA 1,494 1,426	NA 1,018 985 894 3.1% 3.2% 3.3% NA 239 218 199 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% NA 211 198 176 0.7% 0.6% 0.6% NA 26 25 21 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% NA 1,494 1,426 1,290	NA 1,018 985 894 912 3.1% 3.2% 3.3% 3.5% NA 239 218 199 236 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.9% NA 211 198 176 177 0.7% 0.6% 0.6% 0.7% NA 26 25 21 21 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% NA 1,494 1,426 1,290 1,346	NA 1,018 985 894 912 1,016 3.1% 3.2% 3.3% 3.5% 4.1% NA 239 218 199 236 270 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.9% 1.1% NA 211 198 176 177 182 0.7% 0.6% 0.6% 0.7% 0.7% NA 26 25 21 21 27 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% NA 1,494 1,426 1,290 1,346 1,495	NA 1,018 985 894 912 1,016 1,116 3.1% 3.2% 3.3% 3.5% 4.1% 4.6% NA 239 218 199 236 270 304 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.9% 1.1% 1.2% NA 211 198 176 177 182 203 0.7% 0.6% 0.6% 0.7% 0.7% 0.8% NA 26 25 21 21 27 37 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.2% NA 1,494 1,426 1,290 1,346 1,495 1,660	NA 1,018 985 894 912 1,016 1,116 1,222 3.1% 3.2% 3.3% 3.5% 4.1% 4.6% 5.1% NA 239 218 199 236 270 304 330 0.7% 0.7% 0.9% 1.1% 1.2% 1.4% NA 211 198 176 177 182 203 229 0.7% 0.6% 0.6% 0.7% 0.7% 0.8% 1.0% NA 26 25 21 21 27 37 39 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.2% 0.2% NA 1,494 1,426 1,290 1,346 1,495 1,660 1,820	NA 1,018 985 894 912 1,016 1,116 1,222 1,288 3.1% 3.2% 3.3% 3.5% 4.1% 4.6% 5.1% 5.5% NA 239 218 199 236 270 304 330 370 0.7% 0.7% 0.9% 1.1% 1.2% 1.4% 1.6% NA 211 198 176 177 182 203 229 252 0.7% 0.6% 0.6% 0.7% 0.7% 0.8% 1.0% 1.1% NA 26 25 21 21 27 37 39 48 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2% NA 1,494 1,426 1,290 1,346 1,495 1,660 1,820 1,958

^{*}Figures for 1970 and 1971 are for full-time minority employees; other figures include full-time and part-time minority employees.

NA = Not available.

Table 3-29. Minority Permanent Employees, by NASA Occupational Code Group: Number on Board and Percentage of NASA Total

Ocupational Code Group	1969	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
500 (Clerical)	NA	433	431	379	432	470	505	003		
		9.6%	10.2%	9.7%	11.3%	13.2%	255 SI	288 16 90%	679	659
100 (Trades and labor)	Y Z	329	270	207	180	173	071	77.01	20.01	70.0%
		11.3%	11.3%	10.6%	10.6%	11.1%	103	091 12 12	107 13 2 61	5 50
600 Professional administrative	Υ	<u>8</u>	114	114	134	188	72.6	71:-1	2.0.61	14.0%
		2.3%	2.8%	3.0%	3.7%	5 4%	220	//7	311	342
200, 700, and 900 (Scientists and engineers	Z	463	734	777			0.1.2	1.3%	0.4% 0.4%	9.8%
b	•	201.5	10t c	454	451	463	512	258	621	5 49
200 (Table 1) 1		2.3	5.3%	5.4%	5.6%	3.9%	4.4%	4.8%	5.4%	5.70%
ow (recnnical support)	Y Z	691	177	156	691	192	208	1110	רטנ	100
		3.0%	3.2%	3.0%	3.6%	4.4%	%0.5 ₹ 0.5	\$ 40%	707	/07
TOTAL	Y Y	1,494	1,426	1.290	1,346	1 495	1,000	0.00	2.5%	5.5%
		4.7%	4.8%	4.7%	5.2%	%1.9 %0.9	200'- 208'-9	1,620	8C6.1	2,061
NIA NI							0.0%	0.0.7	8.3%	8.4% 8.4%

NA = Not available.

Sources: Source: The Civil Service Work Force, NASA Personnel Analysis and Planning Office and Table 3-7.

Table 3-30. Minority Permanent Employees by Grade Range: Number on Board and Percentage of NASA Total (at end of fiscal year)

			3		Scall year)					
TVDE OF EMPLOYEE	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
TILE OF EMILED FEE				950	707	403	\$58	105	616	099
7135	Z	×	¥Z	338	074	77	000		200	25
0-1 co	:			اں ع <i>ر</i>	12.1%	14.5%	17.1%	18.7%	20.3%	71.5%
		,	;	2/2:01	124	431	613	683	763	803
(1 13)	Z	Z	< Z	964	40	100	710			200
71-/ 60		:		4 30%	4.7%	5.7%	6.9%	7.8%	9.0%	9.8%
		;	* 1.4	200	07.0	793	313	339	366	382
CC 12 15	×	₹ Z	₹ Z	167	2/7	2/1			,	, 00%
C1-C1 CD				7 4%	2.6%	2.6%	3.1%	3.4%	3.6%	3.0%
		;	5	i i	,	v	œ	Ξ	12	12
CC 16 Evented	∢ Z	Ž	K Z	7	ח	•	> ;	: }	,	701.0
OS 10-EACCPICA	:			%t 0	0.5%	0%0	1.7%	2.4%	%9.7	02.1.7
			;	2/5:0	001	17.	160	186	201	507
Week Cyctem	Z	Ž	₹ Z	/07	<u>8</u>	6/1	2	2 :		414
wage System	•			7	Z	Z	ΥZ	ΥZ Z	۷ Z	8
							0771	1 600	1 058	2 061
1	V 14	1 404	1 426	. 290	346	1,495	<u>,</u>	070,1	000	
TOTAL	4	7,1	700 7	70L V	\$ 20%	%0.9	98.9	7.6%	8.3%	8.6%
		4.1%	4.070	7.7.2	2.4.0					

NA = Not available.

Table 3-31. Average GS Grade Level of Minority and Non-Minority Permanent Employees by NASA Occupational Code Group, 1972-1978

(at end of fiscal year)

Non-Occupational Code Group Minority Minority		17/3	6	1974	1975	75	61	9261	1977	17	.61	8261
Minority		Non-		Non-		Non-		Non-		Non-		Non-
	ity Minority N	Minority	Minority	Minority Minority	_	Ainority Minority	Minority	Minority	Minority	Minority	Minority	Minority
Scientists and engineers 12.2 13.1	.1 12.3	13.1	12.1	13.1	11.8	13.1	11.7	13.1	11.7	13.2	11.8	13.2
listrative 1	3.01 0.3	9.11.9	10.6	11.9	10.3	11.8	10.4	11.8	10.4		10.3	11.8
_		6.6	7.6	10.0	7.5	10.0	7.6	10.1		10.1	7.7	10.1
Clerical 5.0 5.3	.3 4.7	5.2	4.6	5.2	4.6	5.3		5.3	4.5	5.4	4.6	5.4
_		_		11.2		11.2						11.4

Table 3-32. Minority Permanent Employees by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

		,		•						
Installation	6961	*0261	*1161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	A'N	148	183	991	172	175	201	207	215	243
Electronics Research Center ^a	Y Z	20	I	I	1	١	١	1	-	I
Flight Research Center	ΥN	34	39	32	30	33	39	45	55	26
Goddard Space Flight Center	NA V	290	253	247	234	569	282	300	352	382
Kennedy Space Center	ΥN	55	53	48	59	72	93	120	135	140
Langley Research Center	Y V	179	157	148	99	161	213	229	231	248
Lewis Research Center	NA V	202	<u>7</u>	<u>4</u>	129	126	127	143	157	159
Manned Spacecraft Center	ΥN	179	220	881	216	252	280	5 86	337	352
Marshall Space Flight Center	Ν	112	103	68	95	64	108	139	137	130
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	Y X	1	1	1	ł	ı	S	2	m	7
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	ΥZ	-	-	2	I	I	ì	1		I
Wallops Station ^f	ΥZ	12	12	13	13	15	22	25	32	35
NASA Headquarters	Ν	259	241	213	238	265	280	311	304	306
TOTAL	Y N	1,494	1,426	1,290	1,346	1,495	1,660	1,820	1,958	2.061

Figures for 1970 and 1971 are for full-time minority employees; other figures include full-time and part-time minority employees.

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Pleamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Table 3-33. Minorities as a Percentage of Permanent Employees by NASA Installation, 1972-1978

		(at end of nscal year)	al year)				
Installation	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	7261	1978
Ames Research Center	9.4	10.1	10.4	12.0	13.6	1	
Flight Research Center	8.8	7 7		0.51	12.0	13.4	14.6
		† .0	0.0	<u>~</u>	9.1	8.01	12.1
Coducial Space Flight Center	- 9.	6.2	7.1	7.5	8.2	86	10.7
Nennedy Space Center	2.0	2.5	3.1	4	5.3	. 4	
Langley Research Center	4.3	4 8	6.7		. r		4.0
Lewis Research Center	0 6	9. 6	1.5	4.0	1.7	7.4	<u>~</u> .
	9.0	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.7	5.2	8 8
Manned Spacecraft Center"	4.9	5.8	6.9	7.9	6 %		
Marshall Space Flight Center	9	1.0	,	: ·	7:0	۲.,	10.0
National Space Technology, I observed	?:	·-	7:7	9.7	5.4	3.5	3.5
ransman space recumology Laboratories	1	1	1	7.2	7.2	13	0 9
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	4.4	1	١				2.0
Wallons Stations	c			1	1	ı	1
NACA II 1	6.7	5.1	3.5	5.3	6.2	7.9	98
MASA Headquarters	12.7	14.2	16.3	17.9	8 61	10.5	
ALL NASA	4.7	6.5	0 7				7.07
	:	7.7	0.0	o.8	9./	œ.3	8.9

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center January 8, 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Sources: Tables 3-11 and 3-28.

Table 3-34. Female Permanent Employees, by NASA Occupational Code Group: Number on Board and Percentage of Total Occupational Code Group
(at end of fiscal vear)

			(at end	of fiscal	year)					
CATEGORY OF EMPLOYEE	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
	03/2 4	3 877	Z	3.463	3,393	3,288	3,165	3,187	3,083	3,036
Ciencal	S Z	88.9%	Y Z	88.3%	88.6%	90.3%	%8.0 6	91.4%	91.9%	92.1%
-		45	Z	23	15	17	15	61	22	77
Irades and labor	Z	1.5%	Y Z	1.2%	0.6%	1.1%	1.0%	1.2%	1.5%	1.7%
	113	877	Z	535	519	545	2	969	750	608
Professional administrative	Z	14.7%	X Y	14.1%	14.3%	15.6%	18.4%	19.7%	21.4%	23.3%
•		386	7	314	793	310	338	364	403	439
Scientists and engineers	: 4 7	2.8%	X X	2.5%	2.4%	2.6%	2.9%	3.1%	3.5%	3.8%
•	900	8	. 2	114	56	8	8	8	87	92
Technical support	9 Z	3.3%	Y Z	2.2%	2.0%	2.2%	2.3%	2.5%	2.4%	2.6%
	175 5	\$ 418	4 901	4 449	4.315	4,259	4,258	4,356	4,345	4,400
TOTAL	17.5%	16.5%	16.6%	16.2%	16.6%	17.1%	17.5%	18.1%	18.4%	19.0%

Figure as published.

NA = Not available.

Source: The Civil Service Work Force, NASA Personnel Analysis and Planning Office and Table 3-7.

Table 3-35. Female Permanent Employees by Grade Range: Number on Board and Percentage of NASA Total (at end of fiscal year)

TYPE OF EMPLOYEE 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 GS 1-6 3.853 3.407 3.233 2.987 2.950 2.858 GS 7-12 1.520 1.566 1.508 1.322 1.237 1.247 I 2.7% 12.8% 13.2% 12.3% 12.5% 13.5% GS 13-15** 117 130 123 114 110 133 GS 16-Excepted** NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA		*									
3.853 3.407 3.233 2.987 2.950 90.4% 88.4% 85.8% 85.6% 83.7% 1.520 1.566 1.508 1.322 1.237 12.7% 12.8% 13.2% 12.3% 12.5% 117 130 12.3 114 110 1.0% 1.1% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.1% NA NA NA NA NA 0.5% 51 315 37 23 15 NA NA NA NA NA NA 5.541 5.541 5.418 4.901 4.449 4.315 17.5% 16.5% 16.6% 16.2% 16.6% 16.6%	TYPE OF EMPLOYEE	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9761	1977	1978
90.4% 88.4% 85.8% 85.6% 83.7% 1.520 1.566 1.508 1.322 1.237 12.7% 12.8% 13.2% 12.3% 12.5% 12.5% 11.7% 13.0 12.3 11.4 11.0 11.0% 1.1% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0	3S 1-6	3,853	3,407	3,233	2,987	2.950	2.858	2 774	717	317 (107.6
1,520 1,566 1,508 1,322 1,237 12.7% 12.8% 13.2% 12.3% 12.5% 12.5% 11.2% 12.5% 12.5% 11.2% 12.5% 11.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.		90.4%	88.4%	85.8%	85.6%	83.7%	84.3%	83.5%	2,1,2, 84 90%	2,013	2,001
12.7% 12.8% 13.2% 12.3% 12.5% 12.5% 11.7% 13.0 12.3 114 110 11.0% 1.0% 1.1% 1.0% 1.0% 1.1% NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	iS 7-12	1,520	1,566	1.508	1.322	1.237	1 747	892 1	1 443	3/5.00	00.476
117 130 123 114 110 1.0% 1.1% 1.0% 1.0% 1.1% NA NA NA 3 3 NA NA NA NA 0.5% 51 315 37 23 15 NA NA NA NA NA NA 5.541 5.418 4.901 4.449 4.315 17.5% 16.5% 16.6% 16.5% 16.6%		12.7%	12.8%	13.2%	12.3%	12.5%	13.5%	15.3%	. .	1.52.1	1,380
1.0% 1.1% 1.0% 1.0% 1.1% NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 0.5% NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	S 13-15 ^a	117	130	123	114	110	133	146	2/2/21	3/0:01	27.4.76
NA NA NA 3 3 NA NA NA 0.5% 51 315 37 23 15 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 17.5% 16.5% 16.5% 16.5% 16.5% 16.5% 16.5% 16.6% 16		1.0%	1.1%	1.0%	1.0%	%I:1	1.3%	1.4%	701 1 6%	181 180	88 1 20 1
System 51 315 37 23 15 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	S 16-Excepted ^a	ΥZ	K Z	ΥZ	m	"	4	•	v	3/5:-	2.7.
System 51 315 37 23 15 NA NA NA NA NA NA 5,541 5,418 4,901 4,449 4,315 17.5% 16.5% 16.6% 16.2% 16.6% 1		Y Y	N V	NA	NA	0.5%	0.8%	1.1%	· %I	0 30%	1 60%
NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA S.541 5.418 4.901 4.449 4.315 17.5% 16.5% 16.5% 16.5% 16.6% 16.6% 1	'age System	51	315	37	23	5	17	15	9	 	
5,541 5,418 4,901 4,449 4,315 17.5% 16.5% 16.6% 16.2% 16.6% 1		Ν	NA	NA	Z V	Y Y	X V	Z	N Y	7 Z V	2 Z
16.5% 16.6% 16.2% 16.6%	otal	5,541	5,418	4,901	4,449	4,315	4,259	4.258	4 356	4 345	900
		17.5%	16.5%	%9.9I	16.2%	16.6%	17.1%	17.5%	18.1%	18.4%	19.0%

*For FY 1969-FY 1971, GS 16-Excepted employees are included with GS 13-15 employees.

NA = Not available.

Source: The Civil Service Work Force, NASA Personnel Analysis and Planning Office.

Table 3-36. Average GS Grade Level of Male and Female Employees by NASA Occupational Code Group, 1972-1978 (at end of fiscal year)

les Males Females Males Females Males Females Males Females Males Females Males Females Males		FY-1972	FY-	FY-1973	FY-	FY-1974	FY-	FY-1975	FY-	FY-1976	FY-	FY-1977	FY-	FY-1978
NA NA NA 13.2 11.1 13.1 10.9 13.1 10.9 13.2 11.0 13.2 12.3 9.8 12.2 9.6 12.2 9.6 12.2 9.5 12.3 9.6 12.3 9.7 12.3 10.1 7.3 10.0 7.2 9.9 6.9 9.9 7.1 10.0 6.9 10.1 7.0 10.1 5.9 5.2 5.8 5.1 5.9 5.0 6.0 5.1 6.1 5.1 6.1 5.2 6.1 NA NA NA 12.1 6.1 12.2 6.3 12.2 6.3 12.3 6.5 12.3		ales Females		Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
nistrative 12.3 9.8 12.2 9.6 12.2 9.5 12.3 9.6 12.3 9.7 12.3 nistrative 12.3 9.8 12.2 9.6 12.2 9.9 6.9 9.9 7.1 10.0 6.9 10.1 7.0 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.0 6.9 10.1 10.0 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10					13.2	=	13.1	10.9	13.1			11.0	13.2	11.1
HISTIALIVE 12.3 7.0 12.2 7.2 9.9 6.9 9.9 7.1 10.0 6.9 10.1 7.0 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1					12.2	9 6	12.2	9.5	12.3			6.7	12.3	9.7
10.1 7.3 10.3 7.2 5.8 5.1 5.9 5.0 6.0 5.1 6.1 5.1 6.1 5.2 6.1 NA NA NA 12.1 6.1 12.2 6.3 12.2 6.3 12.3 6.5 12.3	nistrative				0	6.9	66	7.1	10.0			7.0	10.1	8.9
NA NA NA 12.1 6.1 12.2 6.3 12.2 6.3 12.3 6.5 12.3					0.5	· ·	0.9	5 1	9			5.2	9.1	5.2
THE TOTAL VALUE OF THE PARTY OF					12.1	2.5	12.2	6.3	12.2			6.5	12.3	9.9
				•										

Source: The Civil Service Work Force, NASA Personnel Analysis and Planning Office.

Table 3-37. Female Permanent Employees by NASA Installation: Number on Board (at end of fiscal year)

	İ			•						
Installation	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	A'N	NA	NA NA	311	105	000	303	217	105	6
Electronics Research Center	Ž	Z				(/7	S	213	/67	370
Flight Desearch Cantarb			;	:				1	1	1
ingii testalcii Celliei	¢ Z	NA V	۲ Z	22	46	55	89	65	69	89
Goddard Space Flight Center	Y Z	ΥN	Y Z	701	654	714	706	694	720	750
Kennedy Space Center	Y X	Y Z	Ν	427	420	407	402	426	47.4	25.
Langley Research Center	Y Z	Y V	Ϋ́Z	472	463	481	490	507	7 2	C 2
Lewis Research Center	Z	Ϋ́Z	Z	302	351	344	346	636	P i	300
Manned Spacecraft Centers	7	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	¥ 14	1 (100	Ţ	2	225	3/0	3/4
Monchall Canada Dilata Ontan	V ;	C :	Z.	/79	638	979	617	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	658
Marshall Space Flight Center	Y Z	Y Y	Y Z	828	805	672	654	671	159	619
National Space lechnology Laboratories	1		1	1	1	l	16	61	22	, c
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	ΥZ	Ϋ́	Z	7		ļ	•	ì	3	707
Wallops Station	Z	Z	Z	2	33	73	:	;	:	1 :
NACA Headomora				5	<i>CC</i> ,	95	70	\$	69	73
TOTAL	V :	Y.	Y Z	578	282	593	99	919	592	577
IOIAL	5,54	5,418*	4,901	4,449	4,315	4,259*	4,258	4,356	4,345	4,400
•										

Figures are given as published.

*Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

NA = Not available.

Source: The Civil Service Work Force, NASA Personnel Analysis and Planning Office.

Table 3-38. Females as a Percentage of Permanent Employees by NASA Installation, 1972-1978 (at end of fiscal year)

		(f)	, f				
Installation	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
A B. Court Courter	17.6	17.6	17.8	18.1	19.0	18.5	19.3
Ames Research Center	5 01	86	11.4	12.2	13.2	13.5	13.9
Flight Research Center	17.3	17.2	8.8	18.8	18.9	20.0	21.0
ŭ	17.3	17.5	17.6	17.8	18.9	19.1	6.61
Kennedy Space Center	7 21	14.0	14.3	14.8	15.3	15.7	16.3
Langley Research Center	.01	10.5	=======================================	11.4	11.6	12.4	12.9
Lewis Research Center	16.4	17.2	17.0	16.9	17.7	18.0	8.81
Manned Spacecial Center	15.3	15.7	15.3	16.0	16.5	9.91	16.5
Marshall Space Filght Center	<u>:</u>		1	27.5	27.5	25.5	25.2
ζ	15.5	1	1	l	1	1	1
Space Nucleal Flopuision Office	12.0	13.1	13.2	14.9	15.8	17.0	18.0
Wallops Station	34.6	8.4%	36.4	38.4	39.2	38.0	38.2
NASA neauquarters All NASA	16.2	16.6	17.1	17.5	18.1	18.4	0.61

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

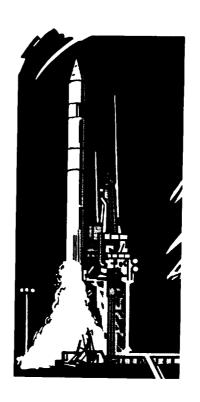
Sources: Tables 3-11 and 3-29.

Table 3-39. Age Profile of Permanent Employees: Number on Board and Percentage of NASA Total

				(at end	(at end of fiscal year)	r).)		
Age	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	9701
Under 25	1,885	1,510	1.278	833	773	050	710	. !		12/0
	5.9%	4.8%	4 30%	3 002	200	0.00	914	947	871	8 04
25-29	3 418	7 00 2	200	3.0%	3.U%	3.5%	3.8%	3.9%	3.7%	3 40%
ì	014.0	5,064	/19.7	2.161	1.750	1.544	1.480	1 443	300 1	3/1:7
	10.8%	9.6%	8.9%	7.6%	% 10%	700 9	701.7	£ .	(97,1	1,3%
30-34	4,446	4.208	3 878	3 406	2 130	0.276	0.1% 1.1%	9.0%	5.5%	6.0%
	14.0%	12 \$02	2000	001.0	0.1.6	7,853	2,553	2.305	2,119	1.873
25 20	000	27.0.0	13.0%	12.4%	17.1%	11.5%	10.5%	%9.6	2000	201.0
75-55	0.530	2,427	4.860	4.508	4.125	3 889	7 607	7 407	3,0,7	0.1%
	16.8%	16.8%	16.5%	16.4%	15 00%	10 / 21	120.0	2,40/	3.248	3,101
40-44	4.914	4 917	V 76.4	3/1.0.	77.61	0.0.61	13.2%	14.5%	13.8%	13.4%
	/25 51	706.33	t)//:	4.770	4,863	4,735	4,588	4.470	4 145	3 058
	12.276	15.7%	16.2%	17.4%	18.7%	%l 6l	200 81	10 60		0000
42-49	5,724	5.587	5.260	4 801	4 448	70.7	277.01	10.0%	17.0%	17.1%
	18 0%	221 81	730 61	1,001	0 7 7	4,124	4,146	4,207	4.490	4.546
PS 05	367.6	3,001	17.07	11.3%	17.1%	%9·9I	17.0%	17.5%	201 01	207 01
+0-00	3,436	5.834	4,099	4.290	4.377	4 304	1717	7 0 4 7	271.71	17.0%
	8%	12.3%	13.9%	15 60%	200 71	toc: -	T+1.+	4.046	3,851	3.678
55-59	1 710	088 1	750 1	3/0/71	7.00	17.3%	0%0./I	16.8%	16.3%	15.9%
	277.5	1,00,1	000,1	708,1	508.1	1.847	2.075	2.324	2,664	707 (
	5.4%	o.1%	6.8%	89.9	7.0%	7 4%	X25 X	202.0	10011	7,131
60 and over	820	937	916	853	684	5	20.0	3.176	11.5%	12.1%
	2.7%	3 0%	3112	2 100	100	30	65/	810	968 8	1,016
Average age	40.7	3/01/	3/1:0	3.176	<i>3</i> /, 0 ′.7	2.8%	3.0%	3.7%	3.8%	4 40%
יוירומה מפר	40.7	41.0	41.5	42.2	42.5	42.7	43.0	43.3	43.0	2 7
T. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.								7.7.	43.7	7:4

Figures may not add to total because of rounding.

Sources: The Civil Service Work Force, NASA Personnel Analysis and Planning Office and Table 3-11.



CHAPTER FOUR NASA FINANCES

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CHAPTER FOUR

NASA FINANCES

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CHAPTER FOUR NASA FINANCES

This chapter presents, in tabular form, a very brief overview of NASA financing from 1969 through 1978. Summary financial data for the decade—budget requests, congressional authorizations, congressional appropriations, obligations, and expenditures—are presented in Tables 4-1 through 4-7. The data are further broken down by dollar amounts allocated annually to administrative operations (renamed research and program management in 1970), research and development, and construction of facilities. The annual budget process, listing the transfer of funds among these three categories, is presented in more detail in Tables 4-8 through 4-17. Tables 4-18 through 4-20 show annual appropriations for administrative operations, research and development, and construction of facilities by installation. Tables 4-21 and 4-22 focus on the appropriation of funds for research and development for NASA's programs. Figure 4-1 shows, in graphic form, the changes in the offices and programs under which NASA's research and development was carried out between 1969 and 1978.

During the first decade of its existence, NASA's appropriations amounted to almost \$32.4 billion. They rose only slightly in the next decade, totaling \$36.4 billion for the 1969–78 period. The funds were appropriated predominantly for research and development: 81.5 percent in the first decade and 76.5 percent in the second decade. Administrative operations commanded an increasingly large slice of the appropriated funds, growing from 10.9 percent of the total in the first decade to 21.2 percent of the total in the second decade. As expected, there was a considerable difference in the allocation of funds for the construction of facilities in the two decades. During the first decade, when most of the construction took place, 7.6 percent of NASA's appropriation was allocated to this category. During the second decade, only 2.3 percent was allocated to this category.

The information presented in this chapter provides only a small portion of the financial data accumulated between 1969 and 1978. An analysis of the entire budgeting and financial management process is beyond the scope of this volume.

Stages in the NASA Financing Process

Long-Range Financial Planning. NASA's financial planning function flowed from its project planning efforts. These complex efforts are beyond the scope of this volume and are not summarized here.

Preparing NASA's Annual Budget. This step includes the preparation of spending proposals by NASA's field installations, the aggregation and winnowing of these proposals by NASA Headquarters, the receiving of Presidential guidelines from the Bureau of the Budget, and the subsequent reconciliation of differences between NASA and the Bureau. (Little data are available on what NASA stood ready to spend if resources had been made available. The general assumption is that agencies always want more and ask for more than they eventually get.)

President's Budget Submitted to Congress. The President's January budget submission to Congress publicly reveals NASA's portion of the overall national budget and constitutes the basis for subsequent congressional action. (The President's requests for NASA, hereafter referred to as NASA's budget requests, have been summarized in this chapter. The total for the agency is comparable over time, but any breakdowns of the total are subject to changing definitions, as indicated in the footnotes.)

Congressional Authorization. The President's budget is primarily a request for congressional appropriations. In addition, for certain agencies and programs, it is necessary for Congress to enact a law authorizing the appropriation. This two-step process applies to NASA.² The authorization law is largely the product of the House Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, although it may be altered on the House and Senate floors and in the House-Senate Conference Committee.

Congressional Appropriation. It is at this point that Congress makes its chief input as to the amount of national resources allocated to NASA. The President's request may be modified at five principal points—the House Committee on Appropriations subcommittee, the House floor, the Senate Committee on Appropriations subcommittee, the Senate floor, and the compromising conference committees. It is possible that the full appropriations committees of the House and Senate may become involved as well.

Bureau of the Budget Apportionment. The Bureau of the Budget establishes certain controls on the release of appropriated funds to the various agencies.

NASA Programming. Once NASA has obtained primary jurisdiction over the funds appropriated to it by Congress, a detailed pie-cutting operation takes place. Funds are earmarked for various programs, projects, and places, setting the stage for the ongoing spending.

See Rosholt, Administrative History of NASA, pp. 211-17, and Levine, Managing NASA in the Apollo Era, pp. 182-202.

²Ibid., p. 60, gives the origin of this requirement.

Committing, Obligating, Costing, and Disbursing. The flow of financial activity is complex and is beyond the scope of this volume. Only summaries can be shown in the tables. NASA carries out most of its program by contract. Whenever a contract is entered into, an appropriate amount of money is obligated to fulfill the terms of the contract. At some later point, the money actually changes hands and thus is disbursed or expended.

Auditing. The financial activities described above are eventually reviewed or audited both by NASA and by the congressional General Accounting Office to determine the legality of all actions and in some cases the quality of agency procedures and performance.

Figure 4-1. Research and Development Programs by Office

		(by fiscal year)		
6961	0261	1971	1972	1973
MANNED SPACE FLIGHT Apollo Space flight operations Advanced missions			MANNED SPACE FLIGHT Apollo Space flight operations Advanced missions Space shuttle	ons
SPACE SCIENCE AND APPLICATIONS Physics and astronomy Lunar and planetary exploration Bioscience Space applications Launch vehicle procurement	PLICATIONS ration	SPACE SCIENCE Physics and astronomy Lunar and planetary exploration Bioscience Launch vehicle procurement	SPACE SCIENCE Physics and astronomy Lunar and planetary exploration Launch vehicle procurement	ration int
UNIVERSITY AFFAIRS Sustaining university program ADVANCED RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY Basic research Space vehicle systems Electronics systems Human factor systems Space power and electric propulsion systems Nuclear rockets Chemical propulsion	ADVANCED RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY Aeronautical research and technology Space research and technology Nuclear power and propulsion	AERONAUTICS AND SPACE TECHNOLOGY Aeronautical research and technology Space research and technology Nuclear power and propulsion	E TECHNOLOGY echnology ogy ion	AERONAUTICS AND SPACE TECHNOLOGY Aeronautical research and technology Space and nuclear research and technology
Aeronautical vehicles			I Comment	
	TRA	TRACKING AND DATA ACQUISITION TECHNOLOGY 11TH 17ATION	NOIL	
		IECHNOLOGY UILLIZALIUN		

Figure 4-1. Research and Development Programs by Office (Continued)

MANNED SPACE ELIGHT Space flight operations Space flight operations Space shuttle Sp		1077	
ations as a strain of the stra		1//	8/61
SF (ary		SPACE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS Space flight operations Expendable launch vehicles Space shuttle	V SYSTEMS
APPLICATIONS Space applications			
		SPACE AND TERRESTRIAL APPLICATIONS Space application Technology utilization	
AERONAUTICS AND AERONAUTICS AND SPACE TECHNOLOGY SPACE TECHNOLOGY Aeronautical research and technology and technology Space research and technology		AERONAUTICS AND SPACE TECHNOLOGY Aeronautical research and technology Space research and technology Energy technology applications	CE TECHNOLOGY technology lions
ENERGY PROGRAMS ENERGY APP	ENERGY TECHNOLOGY APPLICATIONS		To the state of th
TRACKING AN TECHNOL	TRACKING AND DATA ACQUISITION TECHNOLOGY UTILIZATION	NOI	

Table 4-1. NASA Appropriations by Appropriation Title and Fiscal Year (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Administrative Operations*	Research and Development	Construction of Facilities	Total
1040	603 173	3.370.300	21.800	3,995,273
0261	286 689	3.006.000	53,233	3,749,216
1791	727.669	2.565.000	24,950	3.312,619
1677	734.722	2,522,700	52,700	3,310,122
2//	729.450	2,600,900	77,300	3,407,650
1974	744.600	2.194.000	101,100	3,039,700
1975	759.975	2,331.015	140,155	3,231,145
9761	792.312	2,677,380	82,130	3,551,822
10	200.795	200,600	10,750	932,145
1977	844.575	2,856,425	118,090	3.819,090
8/61	192.688	3,013,000	160,940	4.063,701
TOTAL	7,732,015	27,837,320	843,148	36,412,483

*Renamed Research and Program Management (R&PM) in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-8 through 4-17.

Table 4-2. Adjusted Appropriations as of June 30, 1978 (in thousands of dollars)

	To	Total	Admir Oper	Administrative Operations ^a	Reseal Develo	Research and Development	Cons	Construction of Facilities
Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
6961	3,994,993	100.0	648.111	16.2	2 212 042	0.50	070 66	<u>.</u>
1970	3,748,742	0.001	702 555) ×	2000 064	0.5.0	32,940	8.0
1761	3.312.473	0.00	730 398	0.00	200 333 0	8.6	55,233	4.
1972	3,307,991	0.001	732 501	0.11	62,055,72	1.7	26.150	8.0
1973	3 407 635	0.001	729 435	1.7.	2.522,700	/6.3	52,700	9.1
107.4	2 020 700	0.001	24,455	4 .17	2.393.475	76.3	78,725	2.3
100	007,750,0	100.0	/44.600	24.5	2.194.000	72.2	101.100	
5/61	3,231,093	0.001	764.875	23.7	2,323,563	71 9	142 655	. +
9261	3,551,822	0.001	792,312	22.3	2 677 380	75.4	92 130	† 6
TQ	932,145	100.0	220.795	23.7	009 002	r.e./	027.70	٠;٠
1977	3.819,090	0.001	844 575	- 66	3 656 436	10	06/.01	-
1978	1 0/6.3 70.1	000	175 000			6.4/	080.81	3.
9771	107,500,4	100.0	889, /61	21.9	3.011,600	74.1	162.340	4.0
TOTAL	36,409,385		7.800,008		27.748.564		860.813	

"Renamed Research and Program Management (R&PM) in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-8 through 4-17.

Table 4-3. Authorizations and Appropriations Compared with Budget Requests* (in millions of dollars)

			Amount	Amounts and Percentages Cut (or added) by Congress	Out (or added) b	y Congress		
	Admir	Administrative Operations ^b	Resea	Research and Development	Constructi	Construction of Facilities		Total
Action	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
FY 1969			0 700	2 3	5.4	12.0	357.3	8.2
Auth. Appr.	45.0 45.0	6.9	306.9	8.3	23.2	51.6	375.1	8.6
FY 1970	17.3	2.4	31.5	1.0	0.0	0.0	48.8	1.3
Appr.	17.3	2.4	45.4	1.5	5.0	8.5	2.79	1.8
FY 1971 Auth.	9.6	1.2	(87.0)	(3.3)	0.1	6.0	(4.77)	(2.3)
Appr.	13.6	1.8	41.1	1.6	9.6	5.8	£ .3	6.1
FY 1972 Auth.	4.0	0.5	(85.5)	(3.4)	(2.1)	(3.7)	(83.6)	(2.5)
Appr.	4.0	0.5	(5.0)	(0.2)	3.6	6.4	2.6	0.1
FY 1973 Auth	00	0.0	(36.5)	(1.4)	0.0	0.0	(36.5)	(1.1)
Appr.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0:0	0.0	0.0
FY 1974 Auth. Appr.	0.2	* *	(48.5)	(2.2)	0.0	0.0	(48.3) 14.1	(1.6)

Table 4-3. Authorizations and Appropriations Compared with Budget Requests^a (Continued) (in millions of dollars)

			Amount	Amounts and Percentages Cut (or added) by Congress	Cut (or added) b	v Congress		
	Admii Ope	Administrative Operations ^b	Resea	Research and Development	Construct	Constructionof Facilities		Total
Action	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
FY 1975			(0)()		7.0			
Appr.	0.0 9.6	0.0	(56.8) 15.0	(I.I) 0.6	11.3	4.6 7.5	(19.8) 35.9	(0.6)
FY 1976					•			:
Auth.	32.2	0.4	(8.8)	(0.3)	(14.5)	(17.1)	(20.1)	(9.0)
Appr.	3.8	0.5	1.0	*	7.3	2.9	7.3	0.2
TQ					!			
Auth.	0.0	0.0	30.0	4.1	∞. ç	25.9	33.8	3.5
Appr.	0.1	0.1	30.0	4.1	3.8	25.9	33.9	3.5
FY 1977								
Auth.	8.0	0.1	(57.5)	(3.5)	7.5	3.0	(93.0)	(2.5)
Appr.	1.3	0.1	(5.76)	(3.5)	V.0	4.8	(90.3)	(2.4)
FY 1978					1			,
Auth.	0.4	*	(15.5)	(0.5)	0.0	0.5	(14.2)	(6.3)
Appr.	3.4	0.4	13.0	0.4	6.9	0.5	17.3	0.4
TOTAL								
Auth.	6.62	1.0	(37.7)	(0.1)	4.3 E.1	0.5	46.5	*
Appr.	98.3	1.3	352.9	1.3	/0./	8.3	527.9	0.8

*Less than 0.05 percent.
*Due to rounding, figures may not add to totals.
*Renamed Research and Program Management (R&PM) in 1970.

Source: Table 4-8 through Table 4-17.

Table 4-4. Budget Requests, Authorizations, Appropriations, Obligations, and Expenditures (in millions of dollars)

			(
Fiscal Year	Budget Request	Authorization	Appropriation	Obligations ^a	Expenditures*
10/01	4 370 4	4.013.1	3,995.3	4,045.2	4,251.7
0201	3.816.9	3.768.1	3,749.2	3,858.9	3,753.1
1761	3.376.9	3,454.8	3,312.6	3,324.0	3,381.9
1077	3 310.7	3.396.3	3,310.1	3,228.6	3,422.9
7/5	3.407.7	3 444 2	3,407.6	3,154.0	3,315.2
1074	3.053.8	3.102.1	3.039.7	3,122.4	3,256.2
1974	3 267 1	3.286.9	3.231.1	3,265.9	3,266.5
6761	3 559 0	1 679 1	3,551.8	3,604.8	3,669.0
19/0 TO	0.755,5	5 666	932.2	918.8	951.4
765	2 778 8	3.871.7	3.819.1	3,858.1	3,945.3
1761	4,081.0	4,095.2	4,063.7	4,000.3	3,983.1
TOTAL	36,940.3	36,893.8	36,412.4	36,381.0	37,196.3

*Actual obligations and expenditures during the fiscal year.

Source: Table 4-8 through Table 4-17 and NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 4-5. Budget Requests, Authorizations, Appropriations, and Expenditures—Administrative Operations^a (in millions of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Budget Request	Authorization	Appropriation	Expenditures ^b
6961	648.2	603.2	603.2	656.2
1970	707.3	0.069	0.069	707.2
1971	736.2	727.2	722.7	707.8
1972	738.7	734.7	734.7	749.4
1973	729.5	729.5	729.5	729.1
1974	744.8	744.6	744.6	759.5
1975	769.6	769.6	760.0	760.8
9261	796.0	792.8	792.3	799.3
TO	220.9	220.9	220.8	194.9
2,261	845.8	845.0	844.6	859.6
1978	893.2	892.8	8.688	870.2
TOTAL	7,830.2	7,750.3	7,732.2	7,794.0

^aAdministrative Operations renamed Research and Program Management in 1970. ^bActual expenditures during the fiscal year.

Source: Table 4-8 through Table 4-17 and NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 4-6. Budget Requests, Authorizations, Appropriations, and Expenditures—Research and Development (in millions of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Budget Request	Authorization	Appropriation	Expenditures ^a
1969	3,677.2	3,370.3	3,370.3	3,530.2
1970	3,051.4	3,019.9	3,006.0	2,991.6
1671	2,606.1	2,693.1	2,565.0	2,630.4
1972	2,517.7	2,603.2	2,522.7	2,623.2
1973	2,600.9	2,637.4	2,600.9	2,541.4
1974	2,197.0	2,245.5	2,194.0	2,421.6
1975	2,346.0	2,372.8	2,331.0	2,420.4
1976	2,678.4	2,687.2	2,677.4	2,748.8
TQ	730.6	700.6	700.6	730.7
1617	2,758.9	2,856.4	2,856.4	2,980.7
8261	3,026.0	3,041.5	3,013.0	2,988.7
TOTAL	28,190.2	28,227.9	27,837.3	28,607.7

^aActual expenditures during the fiscal year.

Source: Table 4-8 through Table 4-17 and NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 4-7. Budget Requests, Authorizations, Appropriations, and Expenditures—Construction of Facilities (in millions of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Budget Request	Authorization	Appropriation	Expenditures
1969	45.0	39.6	916	
0201		0.75	8.12	65.3
0/61	28.2	58.2	53.2	£ 75
1971	34.6	34.5	0.50	
1972	56.3	7 03	0.53	43./
1073	C.O.	50.4	52.7	50.3
19/3	//.3	77.3	77.3	7.44
1974	112.0	112.0	1 101	/· # 1
1975	3 131	0.11.	101.1	75.1
	6.161	144.5	140.2	85.3
9/61	84.6	1.68	82.1	0.000
ŢQ	14.5	80	0.01	120.9
1977	0 701	0.01	10.8	25.8
000	124.0	120.3	118.1	105.0
8/61	161.8	6.091	160.9	124.2
I T HOE	1 4 4			7:47
IOIAL	8.616	915.6	843.2	794.6

*Actual expenditures during the fiscal year.

Source: Table 4-8 through Table 4-17 and NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 4-8. Funding NASA's Program for FY 1969

Action	AO*	R&D*	CoF	Total
Budget request Authorization ^b Appropriation ^c	648,200,000 603,173,000 603,173,000	3,677,200,000 3,370,300,000 3,370,300,000	45,000,000 39,600,000 21,800,000	4,370,400,000 4,013,073,000 3,995,273,000
Later transfers ^d From R&D to AO From R&D to CoF	+ 45,218,000	- 45,218,000 - 11,140,000	+ 11,140,000	WX Vot
From AO to GSA Actual appropriations	280,000 648,111,000	3,313,942,000	32,940,000	3,994,993,000

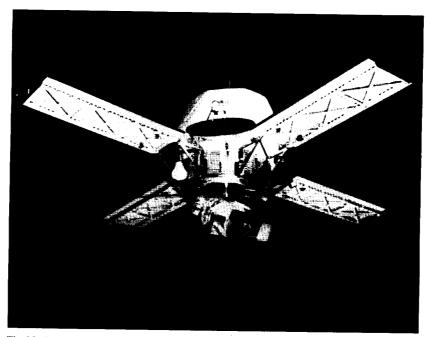
^aAO = Administrative Operations; R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities; GSA = General Services Administration.

^bP.L. 90-373, July 3, 1968.

^cP.L. 90-550, October 4, 1968.

^dBased on provision of public law. Figures as of June 30, 1969.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1971, Appendix, pp. 825-831; NASA, Office of Administration, Budget Operations Division, Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1969 Budget Submission, Oct. 4, 1968; information supplied by NASA, Budget Operations Division.



The Mariner Mars unmanned spacecraft which orbited that planet in 1971.



A view of the Earth as photographed from Apollo 17 during the final lunar landing mission in NASA's Apollo program.

Table 4-9. Funding NASA's Program for FY 1970

	Table 4-7. I allani	Table 4.7. Table 1.1.2. Table 1		
Action	R&PM⁴	R&D*	CoF*	Total
Budget request Authorization ^b Appropriation ^c	707,250,000° 689,983,000° 689,983,000°	3,051,427,000 3,019,927,000 3,006,000,000	58,200,000 58,200,000 53,233,000	3,816,877,000 3,768,110,000 3,749,216,000
Later transfers ^d From R&D to R&PM From R&PM to GSA Actual appropriations	+ 13,046,000 - 474,000 702,555,000	- 13,046,000 2,992,954,000	53,233,000	- 474,000 3,748,742,000

²R&PM = Research and Program Management (formerly called Administrative Operations (AO)); R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities;

GSA = General Services Administration.

Pp. 1. 91-119, November 18 1969.

Pp. 91-116, November 26, 1969.

Pp. 91-126, November 26, 1969.

Pp. 91-126, November 26, 1969.

Pp. 91-126, November 26, 1969.

Pp. 91-126, November 26, 1969.

Pp. 91-126, November 26, 1969.

Pp. 91-126, November 16, 1967); P. D. 91-231 (April 15, 1970).

Pp. 91-106, November 16, 1967); P. D. 91-231 (April 15, 1970).

Pp. 91-106, November 18, 1967.

Pp. 91-106, November 18, 1967.

Pp. 91-106, November 18, 1967.

Pp. 91-106, November 1969.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government. Fiscal Year 1972, Appendix, pp. 835-841; NASA. Office of Administration, Budget Operations Division. Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1970 Budget Submission. Oct. 12, 1970; information supplied by NASA, Budget Operations Division.

Table 4-10. Funding NASA's Program for FY 1971

Action	R&PM*	R&D*	CoF*	Total
Budget request Authorization ^a Appropriation ^b	736,244,000° 727,244,000° 722,669,000°	2,606,100,000 2,693,100,000 2,565,000,000	34,600,000 34,478,000 24,950,000	3,376,944,000 3,454,822,000 3,312,619,000
Later transfers ^c From R&D to R&PM From R&D to CoF	+ 7,875,000	- 7.875,000 - 1,200,000	+ 1,200,000	
From R&PM to GSA Adjusted appropriations	- 146,000 730,398,000	2,555,925,000	26,150,000	- 146,000 3,312,473,000

'R&PM = Research and Program Management: R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities; GSA = General Services Administration.

P.L. 91-303, July 2, 1970.

P.L. 91-556, December 17, 1970

Based on provision of public law. Figures as of June 30, 1971.

Includes \$43,944 supplemental request.

Includes \$43,944 supplemental authorization.

Includes \$43,944 supplemental appropriation. P.L. 92-18, May 25, 1971.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1973, Appendix, pp. 809-816; NASA, Office of Administration, Budget Operations Division, Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1971 Budget Submission, June 11, 1971; information supplied by NASA, Budget Operations Division.

Table 4-11. Funding NASA's Program for FY 1972

			į	I.A.F.
Action	R&PM*	R&D*	CoF*	Iotal
Budget request Authorization ³ Appropriation ^b	738.722.000 ^d 734.722.000 ^d 734.722.000 ^d	2,517,700,000 2,603,200,000 2,522,700,000	56,300,000 58,400,000 52,700,000	3,312,722,000 3,396,322,000 3,310,122,000
Later transfers' From R&PM to GSA' Adjusted appropriations	- 2,131,000 732,591,000	2,522,700,000	52,700,000	- 2,131,000 3,307,991,000

R&PM = Research and Program Management; R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities; GSA = General Services Administration.

⁴P.L. 92-68, August 6, 1971. ⁵P.L. 92-78, August 10, 1971. ⁶Based on provision of public law. Figures as of June 30, 1972. ⁴Includes \$12,087,000 supplemental appropriations. P.L. 92-306, May 27, 1972.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1974, Appendix, pp. 809-816; NASA, Office of Administration, Budget Operations Division, Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1972 Budget Submission, Jul. 7, 1972; information supplied by NASA. Budget Operations Division.

Table 4-12. Funding NASA's Program for FY 1973

Action	R&PM*	R&D*	CoF*	Total
Budget request Authorization ^a Appropriation ^b	729,450,000 ^d 729,450,000 ^d 729,450,000 ^d	2,600,900,000 2,637,400,000 2,600,900,000	77,300,000 77,300,000 77,300,000	3,407,650,000 3,444,150,000 3,407,650,000
Later transfers' From R&D to CoF		- 1.425.000	+ 1 475 000	
From R&PM to GSA Adjusted appropriations	- 15,000 729,435,000	2,599,475,000	78.725,000	- 15,000 3,407,635,000

R&PM = Research and Program Management; R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities; GSA = General Services Administration.

*P.L. 92-304, May 19, 1972.

*P.L. 92-383, August 14, 1972.

*Based on provision of public law. Figures as of June 30, 1973.

*Includes \$28,650,000 pay increase.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1975, Appendix, pp. 797-805; NASA, Office of Administration, Budget Operations Division, Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1973 Budget Submission, Sept. 5, 1972; information supplied by NASA, Budget Operations Division.

Table 4-13. Funding NASA's Program for FY 1974

F* Total	12,000,000 3,053,786,000 112,000,000 3,102,100,000 101,100,000 3,039,700,000
R&D* CoF*	,197,000,000 112,00 ,245,500,000 112,00 ,194,000,000 101,10
R&PM*	744,786,000° 2, 744,600,000° 2, 744,600,000° 2
Action	Budget request Authorization ^a Appropriation ^b

'R&PM = Research and Program Management; R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities. Pp.L. 93-74, July 23, 1973.

bp.L. 93-137, October 26, 1973.

'Includes \$37,600,000 supplemental pay increase to cover a pay increase.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1976, Appendix, pp. 799-806; NASA Comptroller, Office of Budget Operations, Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1974 Budget Submission, June 26, 1974; information supplied by NASA, Budget Operations Division.

Table 4-14. Funding NASA's Program for FY 1975

Action	R&PM*	R&D*	CoF*	Total
Budget request Authorization	769,599,000 ^d 769,599,000 ^d	2,346,015,000	151,490,000	3,267,104,000
Appropriation	,000°C/6'6C/	2,331,015,000	140,155,000	3,231,145,000
Later transfers ^c				
From R&D to R&PM	+ 4,952,000	- 4,952,000		
From R&D to CoF		-2,500,000	+ 2,500,000	
From R&PM to GSA	-52,000			- 52,000
Adjusted appropriations	764,875,000	2,323,563,000	142,655,000	3,231,093,000

'R&PM = Research and Program Management; R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities; GSA = General Services Administration.

^aP.L. 93-316, June 22, 1974. ^bP.L. 93-414, September 6, 1974.

^eBased on provision of public law. Figures as of June 30, 1975. ^dIncludes supplemental \$19,975,000 for pay increase. P.L. 94-32, June 12, 1975.

*Includes supplemental \$19,975,000 for pay increase and \$4,435,000 for special energy supplemental funds. P.L. 93-316.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1977, Appendix, pp. 661-667; NASA Comptroller, Office of Budget Operations, Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1975 Budget Submission, Aug. 13, 1975; information supplied by NASA, Budget Operations Division.

Table 4-15. Funding NASA's Program for FY 1976

Action	R&PM*	R&D*	CoF*	Total
Budget request	795,986,000° 792,800,000 ^d 792,312,000 ^d	2,678,380,000	84.620.000	3,558,986,000
Authorization"		2,687,180,000	99.130.000	3,579,110,000
Appropriation ^b		2,677,380,000	82.130.000	3,551,822,000

'R&PM = Research and Program Management; R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities.

⁴P.L. 94-39, June 19, 1975. ⁵P.L. 94-116, October 17, 1975. ⁶Includes \$19,986,000 supplemental funding request. ⁶Includes \$16,800,000 supplemental appropriation. P.L. 94-303, June 1, 1976.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1978, Appendix, pp. 655-661: NASA Comptroller, Office of Budget Operations, Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1975 Budget Submission, June 16, 1976: information supplied by NASA, Budget Operations Division.

Table 4-15a. Funding NASA's Program for TQ

	Total	966,017,000 932,267,000 932,145,000
	CoF*	14,500,000 10,750,000 10,750,000
0	R&D*	730,600,000 700,600,000 700,600,000
	R&PM*	220,917,000° 220,917,000° 220,795,000°
	Action	Budget request Authorization ^a Appropriation ^b

*R&PM = Research and Program Management; R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities. *P.L. 94-39, June 19, 1975.

*P.L. 94-116, October 17, 1975.

Includes \$7,117,000 supplemental funding request.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1979, Appendix, pp. 787-793; NASA Associate Administrator/Comptroller, Office of Budget Operations, Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1977 Budget Submission, Aug. 23, 1977; information supplied by NASA, Budget Operations Division.

Table 4-16. Funding NASA's Program for FY 1977

Action	R&PM*	R&D*	CoF*	Total
Budget request Authorization ^a Appropriation ^b	845,832,000°	2,758,925,000	124,020,000	3,728,777,000
	845,030,000°	2,856,425,000	120,290,000	3,821,745,000
	844,575,000°	2,856,425,000	118,090,000	3,819,090,000

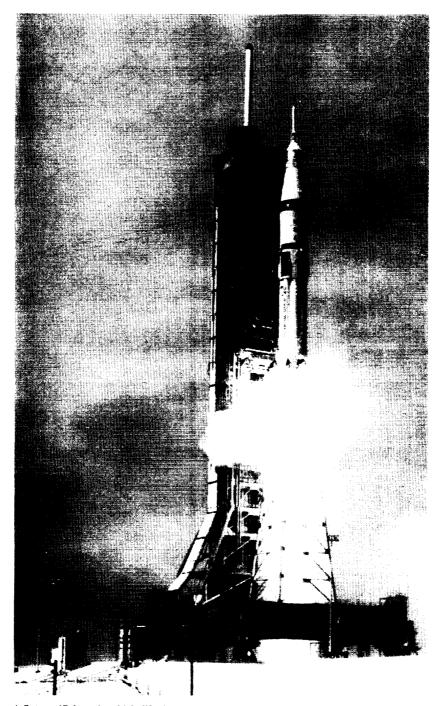
'R&PM = Research and Program Management; R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities.
^aP.L. 94-307, June 4, 1976.

^bP.L. 94-378, August 9, 1976.

^cIncludes \$31,777,000 supplemental request.

^dIncludes \$31,575,000 supplemental appropriation. P.L. 95-26, May 4, 1977.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1979, Appendix, pp. 787-793; NASA Associate Administrator/Comptroller, Office of Budget Operations, Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1977 Budget Submission, Aug. 23, 1977; information supplied by NASA, Budget Operations Division.



A Saturn 1B launch vehicle lifts into space on July 15, 1975 from Kennedy Space Center's Launch Complex with Astronauts Thomas Stafford, Vance Brand and Donald Slayton aboard the Apollo Command Module. The astronauts will dock in space with the Soyuz spacecraft, launched from the Soviet Union earlier that day.

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Table 4-17. Funding NASA's Program for FY 1978

		D		
Action	R&PM*	R&D*	CoF*	Total
Budget request Authorization ^a Appropriation ^b	893,189,000° 892,750,000 889,761,000	3,026,000,000 3,041,500,000 3,013,000,000	161,800,000 160,940,000 160,940,000	4,080,989,000 4,095,190,000 4,063,701,000
Later transfers ^c From R&D to CoF Adjusted appropriations	000,197,688	- 1,400,000 3,011,600,000	+ 1,400,000	4,063,701,000

*R&PM = Research and Program Management; R&D = Research and Development; CoF = Construction of Facilities.

*P.L. 95-76, July 30, 1977.

*P.L. 95-119, October 4, 1977.

*Based on provision of public law. Figures as of June 30, 1978.

*Includes \$46,200,000 supplemental request.

*Includes \$45,761,000 supplemental appropriation. P.L. 95-355. September 8, 1978.

Source: The Budget of the U.S. Government, Fiscal Year 1980, Appendix, pp. 819-828; NASA Associate Administrator/Comptroller, Office of Budget Operations, Chronological History, Fiscal Year 1978 Budget Submission, Oct. 19, 1978; information supplied by NASA, Budget Operations Division.

Table 4-18. Administrative Operations Appropriation by Installation (in millions of dollars; at end of fiscal year)

					, ,					
Installation	6961	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976*	1761	1978
Ames Research Center	34.0	37.6	40.6	42.2	42.4	46.4	48.6	63.9	53.1	57.7
Electronics Research Center	17.2	16.1	1	1	1	ļ	ł		1	I
Flight Research Center ^b	6.7	10.3	1.1	11.7	11.7	12.2	13.2	19.7	17.2	18.2
Goddard Space Flight Center	73.2	86.4	93.1	5.96	95.7	97.3	104.8	136.6	114.3	123.5
Kennedy Space Center	95.8	97.6	98.3	97.6	92.4	94.4	95.9	128.0	110.1	116.3
Langley Research Center	63.0	8.69	75.3	80.2	78.6	83.3	9.88	115.7	7.46	100.7
Lewis Research Center	67.9	73.9	78.0	82.5	81.2	9.6	80.3	102.4	83.3	84.7
Manned Spacecraft Center ^c	6.86	9.901	111.1	113.0	9.011	117.6	121.3	165.2	139.1	146.2
Marshall Space Flight Center	116.3	125.7	145.1	138.9	137.2	137.5	129.1	170.0	140.2	143.6
Space Nuclear Propulsion Officed	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.2	I	=	1		1	l
Wallops Station ^e	9.1	6.7	10.3	10.9	10.8	11.6	12.4	17.0	13.3	15.1
NASA Headquarters	8.09	63.2	6.49	9.19	61.2	63.0	689	93.5	78.4	83.4
Appropriations, Transfers, and Adjustments	- 44.8	- 12.2	-7.5	2.4	7.6	9.0	-3.1	Ξ	6.0	0.4
TOTAL	603.2	0.069	722.7	734.7	729.4	744.6	0.097	1,013.1	844.6	889.8

'Administrative Operations renamed Research & Program Management (R&PM) in 1970. \$1976 and TQ

*Discatablished in 1970.
*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.
*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.
*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Source: NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 4-19. Research and Development Appropriation by NASA Installation (in millions of dollars; at end of fiscal year)

Installation	1969	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	TQ	1977	8/61
Ames Research Center	66.4	70.4	91.9	75.1	73.5	83.2	112.6	138.3	33.2	113.1	115.5
Electronics Research Center	21.9	7.2					l		ļ	I	I
Flight Research Centerb	16.9	11.3	16.1	14.1	16.0	16.7	17.6	22.8	7.0	23.8	18.6
Goddard Space Flight Center	422.3	430.7	469.4	458.7	490.3	401.1	386.5	365.7	7.98	381.2	492.9
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	143.1	169.8	154.3	207.1	207.6	219.0	211.4	196.0	54.5	195.2	201.4
Kennedy Space Center	385.5	273.4	179.9	159.6	182.0	9.111	98.5	1.45	31.9	138.9	170.0
Langley Research Center	84.5	103.4	102.2	202.2	241.4	288.2	171.0	150.5	45.0	143.0	157.1
Lewis Research Center	1060	113.9	128.7	138.3	198.4	182.1	129.9	166.4	38.1	148.6	133.6
Manned Spacecraft Center ^c	1,083.6	1,013.8	601.7	442.4	485.5	8.709	785.1	7.966.7	245.2	1,085.0	7.076
Marshall Space Flight Center	693.2	732.2	633.5	9.899	472.3	295.4	289.8	422.8	122.8	509.2	630.9
National Space Technology Laboratories ^d	1	ļ	I	1	0.3	1	1.7	8.0	2.8	7.7	10.0
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	30.3	32.1	33.3	7.9	2.2	1	I	J	l		1
Wallops Station	7.9	10.2	11.3	13.3	15.5	15.1	14.6	15.4	4.4	17.6	15.9
NASA Headquarters	134.8	149.5	121.3	124.3	104.6	9.78	87.9	6:06	18.9	95.7	95.0
Undistributed	0.5	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.1	١	1	1	
Appropriations, Transfers and Adjustments	170.3	- 112.6	21.3	11.0	110.6	-113.9	24.3	-0.2	0.1	-2.6	4.
TOTAL	3,370.3	3,006.0	2,565.0	2,522.7	2,600.9	2,194.0	2,331.0	2,677.4	9.002	2,856.4	3,153.4

^aDisestablished in 1970.

^hRenamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

^eRenamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

^eEstablished as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

^eRenamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

^eRenamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

Source: Senate hearings for fiscal year 1980.

Table 4-20. Construction of Facilities Appropriation by Facilitya (in millions of dollars; at end of fiscal year)

Facility	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 ^b	1977	1978
Ames Research Center	0.4	0.3	Ξ	6.5	3.2		3.7	2.6	4.4	
Flight Research Center	I	6.0		l	l	1	}	I	8.0	0.4
Goddard Space Flight Center	I	0.7	1.4	0.7	9.0	1.3	1.9	l	ļ	4.5
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	I	I	1.9	1	0.5	1.3	9.2	I	1	3.1
Kennedy Space Center	7.4	10.5	0.3	15.6	6.7	I	l	I	5.6	1.7
Langley Research Center	I	9.6	9.0	1	4.3	4.0	3.2	1.6	6.1	1.6
Lewis Research Center	1	0.3	0.7	8.0	0.01	I	3.7	į	2.7	8.0
Manned Spacecraft Center ^d	6.0	l	1.1	1	9.0	1	0.7	l	2.2	2.0
Marshall Space Flight Center	1	1	1.3	I	İ	ļ	3.8		I	ł
Michoud Assembly Facility	0.4	I	l	1	I	1	1	1	ļ	I
Stennis Space Center	1	4.	1	1	1	I	1	ŀ	1	9.0
Wallops Station ^e	0.5	0.5	1	I	9.0	6.0	Ξ	I	1	ļ
Various Locations	8.02	26.4	22.5	0.7	1	3.7	7.7	I	1	=
Facility Planning and Design	1.0	3.5	5.4	3.4	7.9	13.5	8.01	12.5	12.6	11.7
Rehabilitation and Modifications ^f	1	ı	1	7.8	9.11	14.8	14.8	23.0	17.8	18.9
Shuttle Facilities	I	1	I	18.5	27.8	56.5	76.5	46.6	30.3	7.49
Shuttle Payload Facility	1	I	1	ı	ı	1	I	I	4.4	7.3
Large Aeronautical Facilities	I	ł	I	1	1]	l	31.0	37.0
Minor Construction	I	l		I	1.7	4.6	4.6	6.2	5.9	9.9
Appropriations, Transfers, and Adjustments	9.6	3.1	-11.3	-1.3	-1.2	0.5	- 1.5	0.4	0.3	-0.5
TOTAL	21.8	53.2	25.0	52.7	77.3	101.1	140.2	92.9	118.1	6.091

"As of September 30, 1989.

h1976 and TQ.

'Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

dRenamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974. Included in Various Locations prior to FY 1972.

Source: NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 4-21. Research and Development Appropriation by Program (in millions of dollars; at end of fiscal year)

						,	,					İ
Program	1969	1970	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	. 9261	ŢQ	<i>L</i> 161	1978	Total
Manned Space Flight	2,177.0	2,030.9	1,421.7	1,275.6	1,326.1	1,153.2	1,211.8	1,559.5	406.0	1,741.5	1,749.1	16,052.4
Space Science	356.6	396.9	398.7	553.7	481.7	504.3	415.9	434.8	116.4	363.1	407.1	4,429.2
Space Applications	7.86	128.3	166.9	186.3	189.4	159.1	176.2	178.0	47.7	210.1	232.1	1,772.8
Aeronautics and Space Technology	276.0	272.2	262.5	215.3	230.9	234.4	237.5	247.1	62.4	270.0	324.2	2,632.5
Tracking and Data Acquisition	279.7	278.0	289.9	264.0	248.3	244.0	247.0	240.8	63.4	253.3	276.3	2,684.7
Technology Utilization	3.8	5.0	4.0	5.0	4.0	4.5	5.5	7.5	2.0	8.1	9.1	58.5
Low Cost Systems/Standards and Practices	I	١	١	١		3.1	5.0	6.1	1.5	8.8	9.0	33.5
Operating Account	2.2	0.3	I	11.8	6.6	3.2	7.8	3.8	-:	4.1	4.7	48.9
University Affairs	9.9	7.0	1	1	ļ	ı	1	1	1	ļ	ł	13.0
Energy Programs	١	l	١			2.1		1	I	l		2.1
Appropriations, Transfers, and Adjustments	170.3	-112.6	21.3	11.0	110.6	-113.9	24.3	-0.2	0.1	-2.6	4.	109.7
TOTAL	3,370.3		2,565.0	3,006.0 2,565.0 2,522.7 2,600.9	2,600.9	2,194.0	2,331.0	2,677.4	700.6	2,856.4	3,013.0	2,194.0 2,331.0 2,677.4 700.6 2,856.4 3,013.0 27,837.3

Source: NASA Pocket Statistics.

Table 4-22. Research and Development Budget Plan by Program^a (in thousands of dollars; at end of fiscal year)

Budget Line Item	6961	0261	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	70	161	1978
Apollo	2,025,000	1,684,367	913,669	601,200	56,700						
Space flight operations	150,000	343,100	507,300	582,775	879,000	523,400	298,800	188,674	48,000	199.200	267.800
Space shuttle	1	1	I	100,000	198,575	475,000	797,500	1,206,000	321,000	1,413,100	1.349.200
Advanced missions	2,500	2,500	1.500	1,500	1,500	1,500	I	1	1	1	
Physics and astronomy	128,850	112,851	115,956	110,100	126,200	94,000	136,315	159,300	43,500	166.300	224.200
Lunar and planetary exploration	87,923	150,900	144,900	291,500	331,969	392,482	261,200	254,250	67,464	191,900	147,200
Bioscience	37,900	19,655	12.898	I	1	1	I	1	1		
Launch vehicle procurement ^b	006'66	107,819	124,900	151,300	221.000	178,000	139,500	165,900	37,100	151,400	134,500
Life sciences	1	l	I	ı	ı	١	19,800	20,576	5,436	22,125	33,300
Space applications	98,665	128,304	166,960	187,500	188,700	159,000	174.748	178,230	47,700	198,200	234,800
Aeronautical research and technology	1	95,685	100,132	109,340	150,640	168,000	166,400	175,350	43,800	190,100	228,000
Space research and technology ^c]	119,977	105.004	74,365	81,860	66,307	71,365	74.900	19,300	82,000	97.700
Energy programs ^d	1	1	1	1	1	4,693	4,435	5,900	1,500	9000	7,500
Nuclear power and propulsion	33.502	55,269	55,200	29,806	1	1	1	J	I	I	1
Basic research ^f	20,220	1	l	1	1	j	J	1	1	1	ļ
Space vehicle systems ^f	31,349	l	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I	1
Electronics systems ^f	34.460	I	ı	1	1	1		l	1	1	ı
Human factor systems ^f	19,402	1	1	1	1	I	1	١	۱	l	I
Space power and electric propulsion systems ^f	38,787	l	l	I	1	1	1	1	I	1	1
Chemical propulsion ^f	25.752	1	ı	I	1	1	I	1	1	1	1
Aeronautical vehicles ^f	74,748	1	1	l	1	1	1	1	ł	J	I
Tracking and data acquisition	279,672	278,000	289,943	264.000	248,331	244,000	248,000	240.800	63,400	255,000	278,300
Technology utilization	3,800	2,000	4.000	5.000	4,000	4.500	5,500	7,500	2,000	8,100	9,100
University affairs	000.6	7,000	1	I	1	1		1	1	1	-
TOTAL	3.201,430	3.110,427	2,542,362	2,508,386	2,488,475	2,310,882	2,323,563	3,201,430 3,110,427 2,542,362 2,508,386 2,488,475 2,310,882 2,323,563 2,677,380	700,600	700,600 2,883,425 3,011,600	3,011,600

*Includes funds transferred between appropriations, funds applied from and to other years, and unobligated funds available or lapsing.

*Renamed Expendable launch vehicles in 1975.

*Called Space and nuclear research and technology from 1973 to 1974.

*Renamed Energy technology in 1976.

Source: NASA Budget Estimates, 1971-1980.

^cCombined with Space research and technology in 1973.

^fAfter 1969 included in either Aeronautical research and technology or Space research and technology.

Table 4-23. Summary of Budget Plan by Program*(in thousands of dollars; at end of fiscal year)

•		1			
OFFICE	6961	0/61	1761	1972	1973
Research and Program Management	587,187	702,178	722,134	740,312	721,783
Research and Development					
Manned Space Flight	2,177,500	2,029,967	1,422,469	1,285,475	1,135,775
Space Science and Applications ^a	453,238	519,529	398,654	552,900	646,169
Applications	l	I	166,960	187,500	188,700
University Affairs	000'6	7,000	1	1	
Aeronautics and Space Technology ^b	278,220	270,931	260,336	213,511	232,500
Tracking and Data Acquisition	279,672	278,000	289,943	264,000	248,331
Technology Utilization	3,800	5,000	4.000	2,000	4,000
TOTAL	3,201,430	3,110,427	2,542,362	2,508,386	2,488,475
Construction of Facilities	31,080	50,112	28,755	54,300	78,725
TOTAL	3,819,697	3,862,717	3,293,251	3,302,998	3,288,983

Table 4-23. Summary of Budget Plan by Program* (Continued) (in thousands of dollars; at end of fiscal year)

OFFICE	1974	1975	9261	TQ	1977	8/61
Research and Program Management	743,968	764,704	792,312	220,169	844,361	889,506
Research and Development						
Manned Space Flight/Space Flight/						
Space Transportation Systems	006,666	1,235,800	1,560,574	406,500	1,763,700	1,751,500
Space Science	664.482	417,315	434,126	116,400	380,325	404,700
Space and Terrestrial Applications ^d	159,000	174.748	178,230	47.700	206,300	243,900
Aeronautics and Space Technology	234.307	237,765	250,250	63,100	278,100	333,200
•	4,693	4,435	5,900	1,500	i	1
Tracking and Data Acquisition	244,000	248,000	240,800	63,400	255,000	278,300
Technology Utilization	4.500	5,500	7,500	2,000	I	1
TOTA!	2.310,882	2,323,563	2,677,380	200,600	2,883,425	3.011.600
Construction of Facilities	101,100	142,655	82,130	10,750	118,090	162,340
TOTAL	3,155,950	3,230,922	3,551,822	931,519	3,845,876	4,063,446

*Includes funds transferred between appropriations, funds applied from and to other years, and unobligated funds available or lapsing.

*Called Space Science and Applications until 1970, after which it was divided into two programs.

*Called Advanced Research and Technology until 1970.

*Renamed Space Flight in 1975 and Space Transportation Systems in 1977.

*Called Applications until 1974.

*Called Energy Technology Applications during 1976.

Source: NASA Budget Estimates, 1971-1980.

Table 4-24. NASA Outlays and Inflation Index (in millions of current dollars and constant FY 1966 dollars)

		Constant FY	NASA Infl	NASA Inflation Index
Year	Outlays	1966 Dollars	Factor	Inflation
6961	4,252	3,561	761 1	6.3
1970	3,753	2,950	1.272	6.0
1761	3,382	2,520	1 342	C:0
1972	3,423	2,419	1415	
1973	3,315	2,219	1 494	4. Y
1974	3,256	2,035	865 1	0.5
1975	3,267	1,879	1.739) ox
9261	3,669	1,935	968	9.0
1977	3,945	1,878	2.101	0.0 8
1978	3,983	1,758	2.265	7.8

*TQ and 1977. Source: Senate hearings.



CHAPTER FIVE

NASA PROCUREMENT

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CHAPTER FIVE

NASA PROCUREMENT

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CHAPTER FIVE NASA PROCUREMENT

NASA's policy of contracting for most of its goods and services was established by the Space Act of 1958. Large-scale procurement expanded rapidly, and between 1962 and 1968 more than 90 percent of NASA's annual expenditures were for payments to outside contractors for a wide range of products and services. Total payments to outside contractors for goods and services during the decade 1969-78 amounted to \$32,133.3 million, or 86.4 percent of NASA's total expenditures in that decade. The slight overall decline in the percentage of NASA's expenditures allocated to procurement during 1969-78 may be partially explained by the fact that construction of research facilities and installations had been almost completed in the previous decade and goods and services from outside contractors for this purpose were no longer needed. The annual net value of NASA procurement during this period ranged from a low of \$2,673.4 million in 1973 to a high of \$3,659.6 million in 1978. Because the number of procurement actions declined steadily from a high of 307,700 in 1969 to a low of 153,700 in 1978, the average value of a procurement action increased considerably during this decade.

Participants in the NASA procurement program consisted of business firms, educational institutions, private research organizations, and government agencies. Between 1969 and 1978, business firms received almost 80 percent of NASA's total procurement value, with large business firms receiving 92 percent of the total amount allotted to business firms. Of the total value of NASA procurement to business contractors, 65 percent represented competitive awards and 35 percent noncompetitive awards. Government agencies and the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, operated by the California Institute of Technology, were next with about 7 percent of the total value of NASA procurement each, followed by educational institutions with 3.9 percent, and nonprofit institutions and contractors from outside the United States with 1 percent each.

The Far West region of the United States consistently led in the total value of awards granted by NASA, ranging from a low of 23 percent in 1971 to a high of 53 percent in 1976. The Southeast region followed with a 20 percent average annual share of contracts awarded, the Mideast region came next with about 17 percent, and the Southwest region had about 10

percent. During the ten-year period, every state and the District of Columbia participated at one time or another in NASA's procurement program. California ranked first as the state consistently receiving the largest share of the total value of contracts awarded, its share being almost 52 percent of the total in 1976. Of the educational institutions participating in NASA's procurement program, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology ranked first nine times out of ten in the net value of awards granted annually by NASA to educational and nonprofit institutions.

From the very inception of the procurement program, NASA's policy has been to decentralize responsibility for the administration of the program. Field installations were given the right to oversee procurement that directly affected their own research and development work and that fell within certain dollar limits. Although the Administrator, the Deputy Administrator, and the Associate Deputy Administrator had final authority over the procurement process, day-to-day oversight of the procurement process rested in the early 1970s with the Associate Administrator for Organization and Management. In 1974 the Office of Procurement was established (headed by an Assistant Administrator), and in 1978 the position of Director of Procurement was created.

Stages in the NASA Procurement Process¹

Procurement Request. Once a project has been approved and a decision made as to the degree of external participation, the responsible organizational unit prepares a procurement request (PR). The PR, after approval by the proper operating officials, becomes the basic working document for the procurement specialist. The PR includes a description of what is wanted and what additional information is needed (suggested suppliers, security classification, etc.).

Procurement Plan. On the basis of the PR and other available information, the procurement specialist draws up a procurement plan. This plan outlines in detail each subsequent step to be taken to carry out the procurement action. It includes a description of the items to be procured, a list of all known sources, a schedule for completing each major phase of the action, the recommended kind of contract to be used, and special provisions to be included in the contract. If the items to be procured can be clearly and completely defined in specifications and drawings, formal advertising for competitive bids is possible. If the items cannot be well defined (and most work in research and development cannot), the negotiation route must be taken, whereby negotiations with potential suppliers (called "sources") are conducted on the basis of competitive technical and business proposals submitted to NASA. The "formal advertising" route usually results in a fixed-price contract, whereas the "negotiation route" usually involves a cost reimbursement contract—normally the cost-plus-a-fixed-

¹Rosholt, Administrative History of NASA, pp. 63-65.

fee (CPFF) variety. In NASA, 90 percent of the procurement dollar is spent via the negotiation route.

When the procurement plan has been approved by the proper authorities, the stage is set for solicitation.

Soliciting Proposals. At this stage an attempt is made to keep things as competitive as possible. When formal advertising is used, the procurement action is publicized as widely as possible, and an "Invitation for Bid" (IFB) is sent to each interested supplier. The IFB contains all the information needed to prepare a bid. It is the crucial instrument in bringing user and supplier together.

Negotiation is more complicated. An instrument called a "Request for Proposal" (RFP) is used instead of an IFB. Because a proposal is infinitely more complicated and expensive to prepare than a bid, NASA attempts to limit the sending of RFPs to parties known to be qualified. This necessitates a screening process, which may be done informally through letters and telephone calls or formally through a "pre-proposal conference" held with interested parties. After the screening, RFPs are sent to firms considered to have the required experience, facilities, and capabilities. A firm may submit a proposal even if it does not initially receive an RFP. All larger RFPs are announced in the Department of Commerce's *Business Daily*, and thus any firm may request them.

Bid and Proposal Evaluation. When formal advertising is used, it is necessary to make sure that the low bidder is qualified and that his bid meets all requirements. When negotiation is used, a much more elaborate evaluation process is necessary because cost figures are only one factor to be considered. Proposals are usually evaluated from three angles—the quality of the proposal (design, cost, schedules, etc.), the technical competence of the proposer (personnel, facilities, experience), and the managerial competence of the proposer (reporting system, accounting system, etc.). The RFP includes the criteria on which the evaluation is made. Administrative and legal personnel, as well as technical personnel, participate in proposal evaluation.

Source Selection, Contract Negotiation, and Contract Award. In formal advertising, a standard contract is awarded to the lowest qualified bidder. When negotiation is used, a decision is made, based on the evaluation described above, on the selection of the supplier to do the work. After selection, negotiations are begun to iron out the details of the contract. Because a CPFF contract is used in most cases, thorny problems of clarifying costs and determining the fee must be solved. When both sides agree, the actual contract award is made.

Contract Administration. The award of a contract is only part of the overall procurement process. What follows afterward may be even more significant. It is true that the contractor has primary responsibility for performance and that, for routine procurements, contract administration may consist of only taking delivery of the goods or services. In contracting for research and development, however, numerous interim problems arise in which NASA has a vital interest. In such cases, reviewing and evaluating

the contractor's progress is very important and may become a specialty in itself. Elaborate reporting techniques have been developed, which sometimes reveal the need for NASA to provide technical or administrative assistance to the contractor. NASA may approve certain contractor actions that require changes in costs. In certain cases, the contract may need to be modified or terminated.

Contract administration involves NASA operating technicians, procurement specialists, and people from such activities as safety, reporting, and security.

Definition of Terms

Advertised Award. Procurement action resulting from acceptance of bids made by contractors in response to formal advertising.

Award. See Procurement Action.

Competitive Negotiation. Procurement action resulting from soliciting proposals or obtaining bids from two or more sources.

Direct Action (Direct Award). Procurement action placed directly with business firms or nonprofit institutions or organizations. The term excludes procurement actions placed with or through other Federal agencies.

Intergovernmental Award. Procurement action placed with or through other Federal agencies.

Modification. Any written alteration in the specifications, delivery point, rate of delivery, contract period, price, quantity, or other contract provision of an existing contract, whether accomplished by unilateral action in accordance with a contract provision or by mutual action of the parties to the contract. It includes (a) bilateral actions, such as supplemental agreements, and (b) unilateral actions, such as change orders, notices of termination, and notices of the exercise of an option.

Negotiated Award. Procurement action resulting from negotiation procedures authorized under Title 10 U.S.C.2304(a).

Net Value. Net amount of obligations resulting from debit and credit procurement actions.

Noncompetitive Negotiation. Procurement action resulting from the solicitation of proposals from only one source.

Procurement Action (Award). Any of the following transactions that obligate or deobligate funds:

- a. Letter contracts or other preliminary notices of negotiated awards.
- b. Definitive contracts, including purchase orders.
- c. Orders against indefinite delivery contracts.
- d. Modifications.

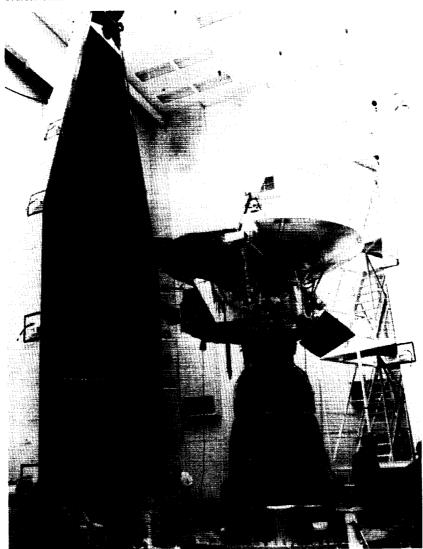
Small Business. A concern that meets the pertinent criteria established by the Small Business Administration and set forth in Paragraph 1.701 of the NASA Procurement Regulation. Generally, a small business concern

is one that is independently owned and operaced, is not dominant in its field of operations, and with its affiliates does not employ more than a specified number of persons (usually not more than 500, 750, or 1,000), depending on the product called for by the contract. For construction and some service industries, the criterion is a specified annual dollar volume of sales or receipts instead of the number of employees.

Table 5-1. Total Number of Procurement Actions by Kind of Contractor: FY 1969-FY 1978 (in thousands)

Kind of Contractor	Number	Percentage
Business firms	1,632.8	76.7
Small business firms	1,003.0	47.1
Large business firms	629.8	29.6
Nonprofit institutions	18.8	0.9
Educational institutions	37.5	1.8
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	9.6	0.4
Government agencies	426.6	20.0
Contractors outside United States	4.2	0.2
TOTAL	2,129.5	100.0

Source: Table 5-2.



A Pioneer spacecraft is checked out prior to its launching on a mission to the planet Jupiter by an Atlas-Centaur rocket on April 5, 1973.

Table 5-2. Number of Procurement Actions by Kind of Contractor and Fiscal Year (in thousands)

	FY	FY 1969	FY	FY 1970	FY	FY 1971	ΕŢ	FY 1972	FY	FY 1973
Kind of Contractor	Number	Number Percentage	Number	Number Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Number Percentage	. —	Number Percentage
Business firms	228.4	74	193.9	74	173.9	7.1	168.4	69	154	71
Nonprofit institutions	2.4		2.5	_	6.1	_	×.	_	91	-
Educational institutions	5.2	2	6.4	C1	3.2	_	3.2	-	3.5	
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	0.4	*	0.4	*	0.3	*	0.3	• *	9.0	*
Government agencies	6.07	23	0.09	23	66.2	27	70.7	56	\$. \$. \$	74
Outside United States	0.4	*	4.0	*	0.4	*	0.5	*	0.5	ì *
TOTAL	307.7	901	262.1	901	245.9	901	244.9	<u>8</u>	233.1	8

Kind of Contractor	F)	FY 1974	FY	FY 1975	FY	FY 1976	FY	FY 1977	FY	FY 1978
	Number	Number Percentage	Number	Number Percentage	Number	Number Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Business firms	143.2	62	136.5	85	146.0	82	142.4	87	135.7	8
Nonprofit institutions	9.1		<u>se</u>	-	1.7	_	1.7	_	×	-
Educational institutions	3.0	7	3.1	C1	4.4	· m	3.7	· (-)	3.6	- ~
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	1.2	_	1.3	-	1.7	_	8.1	· -	91	· -
Government agencies	31.3	17	17.6	Ξ	22.8	13	13.6	. 5	10.7	- 1
Outside United States	0.4	*	0.5	*	9.4	*	0.4	*	0.3	*
TOTAL	180.7	001	160.8	001	177.0	90	163.6	901	153.7	90

Less than 0.05 %.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1969-1978).

Table 5-3. Number of Procurement Actions Awarded to Small and Large Business Firms by Fiscal Year (in thousands)

		FY 1969	FY	FY 1970	FY	FY 1971	FY	FY 1972	FY	FY 1973
Kind of Business	Number	Percentage	Number	Number Percentage	Number	Number Percentage	Number	Number Percentage	Number	Number Percentage
Small business firms Large business firms	140.7	62	116.6	3 94	103.8	3 94	103.2	61 39	101.1	61 39
TOTAL	228.4	001	193.9	001	173.9	100	168.4	100	164.4	001
	<u> </u>	FY 1974	FY	FY 1975	FY	FY 1976	FY	FY 1977	FY	FY 1978
Kind of Business	Number	Percentage	Number	Number Percentage	Number	Number Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Number Percentage
Small business firms Large business firms	88.0 55.2	19	84.4 52.1	38	91.1 54.9	62 38	89.3 53.1	63 37	84.8 50.9	62 38
TOTAL	143.2	001	136.5	100	146.0	901	142.4	001	135.7	001

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1969-1978).

Table 5-4. Total Procurement Award Value by Kind of Contractor: FY 1969-FY 1978 (in millions of dollars)

Kind of Contractor	Amount	Percentage
Business firms	25,632.9	79.8
Small business firms	2,038.7	8.0% of all business
Large business firms	23,594.2	92.0% of all business
Nonprofit institutions	335.7	1.0
Educational institutions	1,252.6	3.9
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	2,272.3	7.1
Government agencies	2,332.7	7.2
Outside United States	307.1	1.0
TOTAL	32,133.3	100.0

Method of Procurement (Business)	Amount	Percentage
Competitive awards	16,672.4	65.0
Noncompetitive awards	8,960.5	35.0
TOTAL	25,632.9	100.0

Source: Tables 5-5 and 5-6.

Table 5-5. Value of Awards by Kind of Contractor and Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				0000	i		71.1	600
	FY	FY 1969	FY	FY 1970	<u>۲</u>	FY 19/1	F	FY 1972
Kind of Contractor	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Business firms	3,022.3	83	2,759.2	81	2,279.5	80	2,143.3	78
Nonprofit institutions	32.3	_	33.0	_	29.3	_	28.0	_
Educational institutions	131.3	4	134.3	4	133.9	S	118.8	4
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	156.3	4	179.8	S	173.3	9	210.8	∞
Government agencies	279.0	7	265.8	œ	212.5	7	207.8	∞
Outside United States	30.8	_	33.5	_	29.7		29.1	-
TOTAL	3,652.0	001	3,405.6	001	2,858.2	001	2,737.8	100

	FY	FY 1973	FY	FY 1974	FY	FY 1975	FY	FY 1976
Kind of Contractor	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amonnt	Percentage
Business firms	2,063.8	77	2.118.6	78	2,255.0	62	2,536.1	79
Nonprofit institutions	26.4	_	39.3		33.0		32.0	-
Educational institutions	111.7	4	8.76	4	111.4	4	123.0	4
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	202.3	∞	215.2	œ	234.5	œ	263.7	∞
Government agencies	235.2	6	208.6	œ	198.3	7	222.4	7
Outside United States	34.0	_	34.1	_	34.2	_	27.4	-
TOTAL	2,673.4	100	2,713.6	100	2,866.4	001	3,204.6	100

Table 5-5. Value of Awards by Kind of Contractor and Fiscal Year (Continued) (in millions of dollars)

		TQ	F	FY 1977	FY	FY 1978
Kind of Contractor	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Business firms	663.2	08	2.838.1	80	2 953 8	2
Nonprofit institutions	7.6	_	32.0	-	47 8	-
Educational institutions	27.7	к,	125.5	- 73	137.0	
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	9.69	∞	289.0	- ∝	3.787	, 0
Government agencies	63.9	∞	223.2	· •c	0.507	c v
Outside United States	3.8	*	24.5	-	0.01 <u>-</u>	r. -
TOTAL	829.8	001	3,532.3	001	3.659.6	- 9

*Less than 0.5 %.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1969–1978).

Table 5-6. Value of Awards to Small and Large Business Firms by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

	FY	FY 1969	FY	FY 1970	FY	FY 1971	F	FY 1972
Kind of Business	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Small business firms Large business firms	162.8		161.2 2,598.0	6 94	178.1	92	160.9	8 92
TOTAL	3,022.3	001	2,759.2	001	2,279.5	100	2,143.3	001
		FY 1973	F	FY 1974	FY	FY 1975	F	FY 1976
Kind of Business	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Small business firms Large business firms	155.3	8 92	181.2	6 16	2.039.0	28	2,317.8	6
TOTAL	2,063.8	001	2,118.6	100	2,255.0	001	2,536.1	100
		TO		1	FY 1977		FY 1978	978
Kind of Contractor	Amount		Percentage	Amount	Percentage		Amount	Percentage
Small business firms Large business firms TOTAL	68.4 594.8 663.2	68.4 594.8 663.2	00 001	255.0 2,583.1 2,838.1	9 16 1001		281.5 2,672.3 2,953.8	6 6 100

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1969-1978).

Table 5-7. Value of Awards to Business Firms by Kind of Procurement by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				(III IIIIII)				
	FY	FY 1969	FY	FY 1970	FY	FY 1971	F	FY 1972
Kind of Procurement	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Competitive Noncompetitive	1,632.7	54 94	1,628.7	59 41	1,331.8	58 42	1,311.8	61
TOTAL	3,022.3	100	2,759.2	001	2,279.5	100	2,143.3	001
	FY	FY 1973	FY	FY 1974	FY	FY 1975	F	FY 1976
Kind of Procurement	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Competitive	1,275.6	62	1,394.9	\$	1,554.6	69	1,879.5	74
Noncompetitive	788.2	38	723.7	34	700.4	31	9.959	26
TOTAL	2,063.8	100	2,118.6	100	2,255.0	100	2,536.1	100
		OT		Ĭ.	FY 1977		FY 1978	978
Kind of Procurement	Amount		Percentage	Amount	Percentage		Amount	Percentage
Competitive Noncompetitive	490.9	9.	73 27	2,060.4	73		2,111.5 842.3	72 28
TOTAL	663.2	.2	001	2,838.1	061		2,953.8	001

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1969-1978).

Table 5-8. Value and Percentage^a of Direct Awards to Business Firms by Contract Pricing Provision: FY 1969-FY 1978^b (in millions of dollars)

	FY	FY 1969	FY	FY 1970	FY	FY 1971	F	FY 1972
Pricing Provision	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Incentive	1,478.5	80.8	1.232.8	46.2	949.9	43.3	895.4	43.7
Fixed-price	48.7	1.7	50.5	6.1	53.6	2.4	75.3	3.7
Cost reimbursable	1,429.8	49.1	1.182.3	44.3	896.3	40.9	820.1	40.0
Other fixed-price	289.1	6.6	306.6	11.5	327.3	14.9	291.5	14.1
Firm	288.1	6.6	304.5	11.4	318.1	14.5	283.9	13.8
Redeterminable	0.7	*	9.0	*	0.1	*	0.1	*
Escalation	0.3	*	1.5	0.1	9.1	0.4	7.5	0.3
Other cost reimbursable	1,133.3	39.0	1.119.2	42.0	1.906	41.4	854.3	41.7
Cost-no-fee	4.9	0.2	5.1	0.2	3.8	0.2	22.3	-:
Cost-plus-fixed-fee	1,123.9	38.6	1,110.8	41.7	898.5	41.0	830.0	40.5
Cost sharing	4.5	0.2	3.3	0.1	3.8	0.2	2.0	0.1
Labor hour	2.1	0.1	2.4	0.1	°; ∞.	0.1	3.4	0.2
Time and materials	6.2	0.2	5.9	0.2	6.4	0.3	5.2	0.3
TOTAL	2,909.2	0.001	2,666.9	0.001	2,192.5	100.0	2,049.8	0.001

*Less than 0.05%.

^{*}Percentages may not add up to 100.0% due to rounding.
*Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10.000.

Table 5-8. Value and Percentage* of Direct Awards to Business Firms by Contract Pricing Provision: FY 1969-FY 1978^b (Continued) (in millions of dollars)

	F	FY 1973	FY	FY 1974	FY	FY 1975	F	FY 1976
Pricing Provision	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Incentive	1,143.0	57.7	1.319.0	6.4.9	1,486.4	8.89	1,721.3	70.6
Fixed-price	133.3	6.7	0.091	7.9	187.1	8.7	183.5	7.5
Cost reimbursable	1,009.7	51.0	1.159.0	57.0	1.299.3	1.09	1.537.8	63.1
Other fixed-price	228.3	11.5	305.3	15.0	327.2	[5.1	365.4	150
Firm	226.9	11.4	302.5	14.9	326.5	15.1	364.3	0.21
Redeterminable	1.0	0.1	2.7	0.1	0.1	*	0.5	<u>;</u> *
Escalation	0.4	*	0.1	*	9.0	*	0 6	*
Other cost reimbursable	601.4	30.4	399.0	19.6	336.5	15.6	343.7	141
Cost-no-fee	37.8	6.1	28.6	1.4	24.0	: -: :-	15.5	- · · · ·
Cost-plus-fixed-fee	448.3	28.2	336.5	16.6	303.6	14.0	321.2	13.5
Cost sharing	5.3	0.3	33.9	9.1	6.8	0.5	7.0	. C
Labor hour	œ.	0.1	3.1	0.2	5.1	0.2	3.7	0.0
Time and materials	5.8	0.3	5.4	0.3	6.7	0.3	5.1	0.2
TOTAL	1,981.3	100.0	2,031.8	100.0	2,161.9	0.001	2,439.2	0.001

*Less than 0.05%.
"Percentages may not add up to 100.0% due to rounding.

Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000.

Table 5-8. Value and Percentage* of Direct Awards to Business Firms by Contract Pricing Provision: FY 1969-FY 1978^b (Continued)

(in millions of dollars)

Pricing Provision		TQ	FY	FY 1977	FY	FY 1978
)	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Incentive	450.1	70.7	1,897.4	69.4	1,881.3	1.99
Fixed-price	43.0	8.9	153.9	5.6	134.5	4.7
Cost reimbursable	407.1	63.9	1,743.5	63.8	1,746.8	61.3
Other fixed-price	7.66	15.7	411.7	15.1	476.8	16.7
Eira	5.66	15.6	411.3	15.1	476.4	16.7
Redeterminable	0.2	0.1	0.3	*	0.1	*
Fecalation	;	1	0.1	*	0.3	*
Other cost reimbursable	9,48	13.3	415.7	15.2	483.3	17.0
Cost-no-fee	3.1	0.5	40.1	1.5	53.9	6.1
Cost-mins-fixed-fee	80.3	12.6	344.5	12.6	382.2	13.4
Cost sharing	1.5	0.2	31.1	1:	47.2	1.7
I abor bolir	1.2	0.2	4.4	0.2	4.6	0.5
Time and materials	0.8	0.1	2.3	0.1	2.3	0.1
TOTAL	636.7	100.0	2.731.5	0.001	2,848.3	100.0

*Less than 0.05%.

*Percentages may not add up to 100.0% due to rounding.

*Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1969-1978).

Table 5-9. Number of Procurement Actions in Direct Awards to Business Firms by Contract Pricing Provision by Fiscal Year*
(in thousands)

Pricing Provision	FY	FY 1969	FY	FY 1970	FY	FY 1971	FY	FY 1972	FY	FY 1973
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Incentive	1,259	12.6	1.092	13.2	1,072	12.8	1.047	13.0	1,969	14.4
Fixed price	122	1.2	77	6.0	75	6.0	7.1	6.0	128	6.0
Cost reimbursable	1,137	4.11	1,015	12.3	766	6.11	976	12.1	1.841	13.4
Other fixed price	4.872	48.6	3.521	42.5	3,700	4.2	3,581	4.5	6,519	47.6
Firm	4.842	48.3	3.502	42.3	3.686	0.4	3.568	4.4	6,510	47.5
Redeterminable	22	0.2	9	0.1	9	0.1	3	*	S	*
Escalation	œ	0.1	6	0.1	œ	0.1	10	0.1	4	*
Other cost reimbursable	3,538	35.3	3,377	40.7	3,346	39.9	3,215	40.0	2,412	17.6
Cost-no-fee	1	4.	73	6.0	101	1.2	86	1.2	8	0.7
Cost-plus-fixed-fee	3,386	33.8	3,292	39.7	3,223	38.5	3,093	38.5	2,284	16.7
Cost sharing	=	0.1	12	0.1	22	0.3	24	0.3	29	0.2
Labor hour	22	0.2	36	0.4	43	0.5	47	9.0	995	7.2
Time and materials	329	3.3	262	3.2	219	2.6	149	6.1	1,808	13.2
TOTAL	10,020	0.001	8,288	0.001	8.380	0.001	8.039	100.0	13,703	0.001

Less than 0.05%. "Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

Table 5-9. Number of Procurement Actions in Direct Awards to Business Firms by Contract Pricing Provision by Fiscal Year* (Continued) (in thousands)

	FY	FY 1974	FY	FY 1975	FY	FY 1976	FY	FY 1977	FY	FY 1978
Pricing Provision	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Incentive	1.927	14.0	2,099	13.4	2,271	13.4	2,513	15.4	2,276	13.5
Fixed price	138	1.0	152	1.0	233	4.1	165	0.1	122	0.7
Cost reimbursable	1.789	13.0	1.947	12.4	2,038	12.0	2.348	14.4	2,154	12.8
Other fixed price	8,231	8.65	8.520	54.6	9,316	54.8	9,494	58.1	10,110	0.09
Firm	8.202	9.69	8,467	54.2	9.225	54.3	9,483	58.0	10.088	8.65
Redeterminable	<u>«</u>	0.1	7	*	9	*	V.	*	4	*
Escalation	=	0.1	46	0.3	85	0.5	9	*	<u>&</u>	0.1
Other cost reimbursable	2,414	17.5	2,731	17.5	3.104	18.3	3,143	19.2	3,367	6.61
Cost-no-fee	201	1.5	145	1.0	143	8.0	114	0.7	161	-:
Cost-plus-fixed-fee	2,155	15.6	2,534	16.2	2.917	17.2	2,955	18.1	3.110	18.4
Cost sharing	28	0.4	52	0.3	4	0.3	74	0.4	99	0.4
Labor hour	783	5.7	855	5.5	1.00.1	5.9	941	5.7	840	5.0
Time and materials	416	3.0	1.411	0.6	1.308	7.7	263	1.6	270	1.6
TOTAL	13.771	0.001	15.616	0.001	17.000	0.001	16,354	100.0	16.863	100.0

Less than 0.05%. "Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1969-1978).

Table 5-10. Distribution of Prime Contract Awards by State: FY 1969-FY 1973* (in thousands of dollars)

State	FY	FY 1969	FY	FY 1970	FY	FY 1971	FY	FY 1972	FY	FY 1973
	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Alabama	139,223	4.5	155,005	5.5	138,195	5.9	113,261	5.2	106.042	5.0
Alaska	798	*	295	*	2,135	0.1	1.397	0.1	1.718	0.1
Arizona	4.523	0.1	6.707	0.2	8.276	0.4	6.240	0.3	6.956	0.3
Arkansas	561	*	Z	*	89	*	S	*	87	*
California	1,045,855	34.1	874,791	30.9	522.826	22.2	520.455	23.7	696.005	32.9
Colorado	099'89	2.2	119,579	4.2	118.325	5.0	214,165	8.6	194,400	9.2
Connecticut	29,593	1.0	26,213	6.0	26.435	=	18,959	6.0	21,711	0.1
Delaware	12,618	0.4	13.399	0.5	6.723	0.3	9,139	0.4	4.300	0.2
D.C.	36,561	1.2	31.061	=	24,471	1.2	21.014	1.0	11,671	9.0
Florida	403,632	13.2	295,379	10.4	246.707	10.5	212.741	7.6	215,112	10.2
Georgia	2.040	0.1	3.596	0.1	7.481	0.3	5,263	0.2	5,206	0.2
Hawaii	3,779	0.1	3.978	0.1	3,006	0.1	2,903	0.1	2,100	0.1
Idaho	1	1	150	*	=	*	1		34	*
Illinois	8.638	0.3	9.877	0.3	6.799	0.4	7.457	0.3	8,357	0.4
Indiana	3.174	0.1	4,427	0.2	4.960	0.2	4.545	0.2	5.601	0.3
Iowa	5,105	0.2	4.039	0.1	2.229	0.1	2.031	0.1	4,072	0.2
Kansas	928	*	1.100	*	1,730	0.1	2,105	0.1	009.1	0.1
Kentucky	387	*	325	*	313	*	350	*	147	*

*Less than 0.05 percent.

"Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000; also excludes awards placed through other agencies, awards outside the United States, and actions on Jet Propulsion Laboratory contracts.

() = A negative value of contracts awarded because of subcontracting to other states.

Table 5-10. Distribution of Prime Contract Awards by State: FY 1969-FY 1973* (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

State	FY	FY 1969	FY	FY 1970	FY 197	1761	FY	FY 1972	FY	FY 1973
	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Louisiana	136,611	4.5	109,092	3.9	50,803	2.2	58,590	2.7	49,812	2.4
Maine	8,680	0.3	4,490	0.2	2,485	0.1	1	l	(21)	*
Maryland	134,526	4.4	140,901	5.0	181,072	7.7	173,526	7.9	181,801	9.8
Massachusetts	74.933	2.4	82,341	2.9	74,587	3.2	62,849	2.9	47,164	2.2
Michigan	18,983	9.0	27,489	1.0	43,538	6:1	22,800	1.0	10,483	0.5
Minnesota	15,189	0.5	30,641	Ξ	7,962	0.3	12,960	9.0	10,578	0.5
Mississippi	2,745	0.1	1,969	0.1	19,008	8.0	14,112	9.0	13,230	9.0
Missouri	25.576	0.8	103,412	3.7	205.482	8.7	227,031	10.3	111,855	5.3
Montana	23	*	1	١	6)	*	95	*	<u>5</u>	*
Nebraska	1	١	Ξ	*	%	*	639	*	286	*
Nevada	214	*	863	*	328	*	242	*	578	*
New Hampshire	3.977	0.1	3,647	0.1	1,495	0.1	066	*	626	*
New Jersey	67,743	2.2	53,786	1.9	77,735	3.3	58,122	2.7	36,065	1.7
New Mexico	11,384	0.4	9,491	0.3	6,656	0.3	4,568	0.2	4,260	0.2
New York	376,397	12.3	299,878	10.6	135,656	5.8	48,544	2.2	45,193	2.1
North Carolina	2,407	0.1	2,359	0.1	2,363	0.1	2,553	0.1	1,637	0.1
North Dakota	4	*	1	1	(3)	*	∞	*	1	1
Ohio	30,327	1.0	37,950	1.3	37,588	9.1	29,313	1.3	21,278	1.0

*Less than 0.05 percent.

"Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000: also excludes awards placed through other agencies, awards outside the United States, and actions on Jet Propulsion Laboratory contracts.

() = A negative value of contracts awarded because of subcontracting to other states.

Table 5-10. Distribution of Prime Contract Awards by State: FY 1969-FY 1973* (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Amount Percentage Amount Percentage Amount Percentage Amount Percentage Amount Amount Percentage Amount	State	FY	FY 1969	FY	FY 1970	FY	FY 1971	FY	FY 1972	FY	FY 1973
573 * 1.126 * 524 * 579 * 484 * 579 * 484 * 667 * 484 * 667 * 484 * 667 * 484 * 667 * 484 * 667 * 484 * 570 * 484 * 570 * 484 * 570 * 484 * 570 * 484 * 570 * 484 * 570 * 484 * 570 * 5740 * 0.1 * 1.614 * 0.1 * 2.740 * 0.1 * 1.306 * 4.301 * 0.2 * 1.1 * 2.740 * 0.3 * 4.301 * 0.2 * 1.1 * 2.54 * 313 * 4.301 * 0.2 * 1.1 * 2.54 * 313 * 4.301 * 0.2 * 2.54 * 313 * 4.301 * 2.54 * 313 * 4.301 * 2.54 * 313 * 4.301 * 3.54 * 313 * 4.301 * 3.55 * 313 * 31		Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
66,143 2.2 44,069 1.6 88 484	Oklahoma	573	*	1,126	*	1,930	0.1	1.09.1	0.1	766	*
66,143 2.2 44,069 1.6 8 484 * 667 * 8 57 * 270 * 8 1,610 0.1 1,614 0.1 21 246,299 8.0 266,468 9.4 21 2,740 0.1 1,306 * 21 249 * 171 * 3 27,920 0.9 30,470 1.1 3 9,067 0.3 4,301 0.2 1 254 * 313 * 2 315 * 118 * 2	Oregon	524	*	829	*	597	*	998	*	1.107	0.1
484 * 667 * 8 * 270 * 8 * 270 * 8 * 270 * 8 * 270 * 8 * 270 * 8 * 270 * 8 * 270 * 8 * 270 * 8 * 270 * 8 * 2740 * 0.1 * 1.306 * 2.740 * 0.1 * 1.306 * 8 * 27.920 * 0.9 * 30.470 * 1.1 * 37.920 * 0.9 * 30.470 * 1.1 * 37.920 * 30.470 * 1.1 * 37.920 * 31.3 * 3	Pennsylvania	66,143	2.2	44,069	1.6	87,306	3.7	68,083	3.1	46.926	2.2
57 * 270 * 8 * 57 * 8 57 * * 246,299 8.0 266,468 9.4 217 2,740 0.1 1,306 * 217 * 27,920 0.9 30,470 1.1 37 9,067 0.3 4,301 0.2 1 254 * 313 * 2 315 * 118 * 2	Rhode Island	484	*	199	*	468	*	240	*	312	*
8 * \$7 * 1.610 0.1 1.614 0.1 246,299 8.0 266,468 9.4 21. 2,740 0.1 1,306 * 31. 249 * 171 * 32. 27,920 0.9 30,470 1.1 37. 9,067 0.3 4,301 0.2 1 254 * 313 * 2 315 * 118 * 2	South Carolina	57	*	270	*	127	*	128	*	316	*
1.610 0.1 1,614 0.1 246,299 8.0 266,468 9.4 21. 2,740 0.1 1,306 * 21. 249 * 171 * 21. 27,920 0.9 30,470 1.1 37. 9,067 0.3 4,301 0.2 1 254 * 313 * 22. 34,251 1.1 21,054 0.7 2 315 * 118 * 2	South Dakota	œ	*	57	*	476	*	(8)	*	335	*
246,299 8.0 266,468 9.4 21. 2,740 0.1 1,306 * 21. 249 * 171 * 22. 27,920 0.9 30,470 1.1 33. 9,067 0.3 4,301 0.2 1 254 * 313 * 1 34,251 1.1 21,054 0.7 2 315 * 118 * 2	Tennessee	1.610	0.1	1,614	0.1	1.844	0.1	1,112	0.1	1,708	0.1
2,740 0.1 1,306 * 249 * 171 * 27,920 0.9 30,470 1.1 37 9,067 0.3 4,301 0.2 1 2.54 * 313 * 313	Texas	246.299	8.0	266,468	9.4	212,333	0.6	198,095	9.0	180.376	\$ 80
249 * 171 * 27.920 0.9 30.470 1.1 3° 9.067 0.3 4.301 0.2 1 254 * 313 * 313 * 314.251 1.1 21.054 0.7 2° 315 *	Utah	2,740	0.1	1,306	*	2.146	0.1	1,680	0.1	1,259	0.1
27,920 0.9 30,470 1.1 3° 9,067 0.3 4,301 0.2 1 254 * 313 * 34,251 1.1 21,054 0.7 2° 315 * 118 *	Vermont	249	*	171	*	112	*	121	*	153	*
9,067 0.3 4,301 0.2 1 254 * 313 * 34,251 1.1 21,054 0.7 2 315 * 118 *	Virginia	27.920	6.0	30,470	Ι.	37,566	9.1	46.788	2.1	44.213	2.1
254 * 313 * 34,251 1.1 21,054 0.7 2 315 * 118 * 20,000	Washington	6.067	0.3	4.301	0.2	11,112	0.5	10,273	0.5	13,322	9.0
34,251 1.1 21,054 0.7 2	West Virginia	254	*	313	*	188	*	46	*	147	*
* 118 * 315	Wisconsin	34,251	Ξ.	21,054	0.7	21.773	6.0	6,943	0.3	3,854	0.2
000 000 to 0000 to 000 to 000 to 000 to 000 to 000 to 000 to 000 to 000 to 000	Wyoming	315	*	118	*	17	*	101	*	218	*
5,065,922 100.0 2,830,988 100.0	TOTAL	3,065,922	100.0	2,830,988	100.0	2,351,542	0.001	2.194,616	100.0	2,115,644	100.0

*Less than 0.05 percent.

"Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000; also excludes awards placed through other agencies, awards outside the United States, and actions on Jet Propulsion Laboratory contracts.

() = A negative value of contracts awarded because of subcontracting to other states.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1969-1973).

Table 5-10a. Distribution of Prime Contract Awards by State: FY 1974-FY 1978* (in thousands of dollars)

State	FY 1974	1974	FY 1975	975	FY 1976	976	ΤÇ		FY 1977	776	FY 1978	878
	Amount P	nt Percentage	Amount Percentage	ercentage	Amount P	t Percentage	Amount P	t Percentage	Amount Percentage	ercentage	Amount Percentage	ercentage
Alabama	80,399	3.7	77,018	3.3	69.185	2.7	20,100	3.0	74,231	2.6	78.716	2.6
Alaska	813	*	1,387	0.1	586	*	328	0.1	836	*	742	*
Arizona	5.881	0.3	10,315	0.4	15.396	9.0	2,076	0.3	12.475	0.4	13,437	0.4
Arkansas	171	*	681	*	180	*	36	*	242	*	911	*
California	849,319	39.2	1,081,905	47.1	1.334.663	51.6	329,784	49.2	1,417,181	49.2	1.280,268	42.4
Colorado	193,405	8.9	101.490	4.4	45.544	8:	8.947	1.3	56.173	6.1	57.038	6.1
Connecticut	35.287	9.1	31.593	1.4	15,609	9.0	2.968	0.4	34,615	1.2	67,305	2.5
Delaware	1.957	0.1	548	*	197	*	191	*	650	*	308	*
D.C.	13.873	9.0	15.135	0.7	14.069	0.5	2.720	0.4	14,388	0.5	14.109	0.5
Florida	183,191	8.5	169.782	7.4	164.929	6.4	53.136	7.9	234.317	<u>~</u>	280.949	9.3
Georgia	5.598	0.3	4.615	0.2	3,289	0.1	604	0.1	5.761	0.2	3.536	0.1
Hawaii	3,130	0.1	2,303	0.1	7.880	0.3	818 8	0.1	2.581	0.1	2,152	0.1
Idaho	15	*	l	1	7	*	l	1	1	1	<u>&</u>	*
Illinois	7.480	0.3	7,156	0.3	9.085	0.4	2.008	0.3	11.263	9.4	13,895	0.5
Indiana	5,630	0.3	4.759	0.2	7,059	0.3	2.884	9.4	11.340	0.4	16,537	9.0
Iowa	3.398	0.2	2,923	0.1	2,534	0.1	44	0.1	1.790	0.1	3,611	0.1
Kansas	1.806	0.1	2,132	0.1	1.716	0.1	183	*	2,219	0.1	3.965	0.1
Kentucky	496	*	289	*	298	*	51	*	490	*	615	*

*Less than 0.05 percent.
"Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000; also excludes awards placed through other agencies, awards outside the United States, and actions on Jet Propulsion Laboratory contracts.

() = A negative value of contracts awarded because of subcontracting to other states.

Table 5-10a. Distribution of Prime Contract Awards by State: FY 1974-FY 1978* (Continued)

(in thousands of dollars)

State	FY	Y 1974	FY 1975	5761	FY 1976	9261	T0		EV 1977	7.40		953
	Amount	Amount Percentage	Amount F	Amount Percentage	Amount I	Amount Percentage	Amount Percentage	ercentage	Amount Percentage	ercentage	Amount Percentage	y/8
Louisiana	38 478	0 -	900 23	3 6	100			5		28,,,,,	I Minomit	CICCIIIAge
Modera	071.00	0.1	070,70	£.5	84.701	5.5	27,395	4.	87,369	3.0	7,0101	3.4
Maine	3	*		*	42	*	9	*	137	. *	10:10:	.
Maryland	164.174	7.6	171.249	7.4	172 532	47	976 03	2 1	/61	. ;	666	*
Massachusetts	46.037	2.1	45.451		54 474) -	0/7.00	٠. ·	96.10	8.9	231,340	7.7
Michigan	7 085		000 2) i	1/1/10	- ; ;	12,985	6.1	45,468	9.1	46.741	9.1
Minnecoto		7.0	600.7	0.3	600%	6.5	2,022	0.3	8,90 4	0.3	16.076	0.5
Milliosota	10,121	C:0	11.929	0.5	14.048	0.5	2.491	0.4	8 780	0	14 924	
Mississippi	14,727	0.7	16,120	0.7	21.358	80	6,690		201.00) -	14,034	0.5 0.5
Missouri	31.591	٧-	3 169	-	3 408	-	195) ·	79/1/7	⊝ :-	/16.77	8.0
Montons	34	*	60:00	; ;	004.7	0.1	(16/)	0.1	4.780	0.5	6,108	0.2
Montalla	1		97	+	91	*	١	ļ	34	*	ξ.	
Nebraska	423	*	309	*	<u>8</u>	*	133	*	5 00	*	C7 .	
Nevada	734	*	547	*	777	*	400		200	F	88	*
Now Competing		,	100		ŧ	÷	765	0	1.492	0.1	-38	*
ivew manipalitie	61/	•	692	*	1,022	*	236	*	0100	-	300	-
New Jersey	32,579	1.5	37.223	9.1	44.722	1.7	965 6	+	257 17			1.1
New Mexico	6,351	0.3	8.565	0.4	8 140	, ,	07.77	† 4 - c	41,033	4.	21.268	1.7
New York	986 89	3.3	53.750		041.0	6.0	747.6	C:0	14.551	5.0	18.408	9.0
North Carolina	307 (1 -	2000	C - 6	660.76	7:7	12.133	<u>∞</u> .	49.850	1.7	54.688	<u>~</u>
Morth Calonia	5,00°±	1.0	5.072	- · · ·	3.004	0.1	402	0.1	2.042	0.1	3 095	 -
NOTTH DAKOTA	1	1	ļ	1	1	1	ļ	ĺ		•	3000	-
Ohio	35.807	1.7	40 317	×	41 022	, ,	700 01	:	ļ	l		
			10.01	0.1	41,723	0.1	967.01	<u> </u>	43,769	1.5	52.020	1.7
*1 ann than 0.06												

*Less than 0.05 percent.

*Exercises process: generally those of less than \$10,000; also excludes awards placed through other agencies, awards outside the United States, and actions on Jet Propulsion Laboratory contracts.

() = A negative value of contracts awarded because of subcontracting to other states.

Table 5-10a. Distribution of Prime Contract Awards by State: FY 1974-FY 1978* (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Stute	EV I	1974	FY 1975	17.5	FY 1976	976	TQ		FY 1977	770	FY 1978	878
State	- 1	Percentage	Amo	rcentage	Amount F	Percentage	Amount Pe	Percentage	Amount Pe	Percentage	Amount Percentage	ercentage
	- 1	,		*	503	*	19	*	731	*	446	*
Oklahoma	1.223	0.1 0.1	£ :	-	787	10	201	*	2.133	0.1	1,740	0.1
Oregon	1,129	0.1	1,483		1,404	1.0	107	- (58 644	2.0	73,211	2.4
Pennsylvania	26.514	7:7	35,485	? →	41,19/	e: *	901	; *	947	*	859	*
Rhode Island	354	*	175		255	*	24	*	200	*	171	*
South Carolina		*	442	+ →	339	*	ָל אָ	*	056	*	230	*
South Dakota		*	243	* .	97.		1 447	, 0	3 718	0	4.392	0.1
Tennessee	1.877	0.1	2,862	0.1	3,348	1.0	;	0.7 8	3.07.0		705 870	92
Texas	202.945	9.4	203,549	6.8	197,777	7.6	24,144	- ×	CCO, 162	7.0	176,012	i c
1 tob	0.258	0.4	18,513	8.0	36,098	1.4	12,287	<u>∞</u> .	52,073	<u>×:</u>	767,10	7.0
otan :	967,7	r •	<i>((</i>	*	7.	*	4	*	%	*	272	*
Vermont	6		22 90c c3	, ,	65 172	2 5	18,469	2.8	78.109	2.7	96,683	3.2
Virginia	1/6//4	7.7	22,200	(·	367.80	i -	3.540	0.5	27.504	1.0	35,184	1.2
Washington	19,096	6.0	9.440	†. •	130	*	98	*	65	*	\$	*
West Virginia	139	K	3 66	, ,	6/1	-	620	-	3,626	0	3.602	0.1
Wisconsin	3,077	0.1	2,041	0.1	5,136		100	1.,	070.0	*	528	*
Wyoming	285	*	1.105	*	1.532	0.1	87	•	706		077	
TOTAL	2,165,945	0.001	2,299,209	0.001	2,587,899	0.001	670,387	100.0	2.881.768	0.001	3,017,266	100.0

"Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000; also excludes awards placed through other agencies, awards outside the United States, and actions on Jet Propulsion Laboratory contracts.

() = A negative value of contracts awarded because of subcontracting to other states.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1974-1978).

Table 5-11. Distribution of Prime Contract Awards by Region: FY 1969-FY 1978

Region	FY 1969	FY 1970	FY 1971	FY 1972	FY 1973	Total FY 1969-1973
	Net Value	of Awards	(in Millions	of dollars)		
New England	118	118	106	83	70	495
Mideast	694	583	516	379	326	2,498
Southeast	717	600	504	455	437	2,713
Great Lakes	95	101	118	71	50	435
Plains	47	139	218	245	129	778
Southwest	263	284	229	210	193	1,179
Rocky Mountain	72	121	121	216	196	726
Far West	1,055	881	535	532	411	3,714
Alaska and Hawaii	5	4	5	4	4	22
TOTAL	3,066	2,831	2,352	2,195	2,116	12,560
		Percentag	e of Total			
New England	4	4	5	4	3	4
Mideast	23	21	22	17	16	20
Southeast	23	21	21	21	21	22
Great Lakes	3	4	5	3	2	3
Plains	2	5	9	11	6	6
Southwest	9	10	10	10	9	9
Rocky Mountain	2	4	5	10	9	6
Far West	34	31	23	24	34	30
Alaska and Hawaii	*	*	*	*	*	*
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Percentag	ge Change	over Previo	ous Year		
New England	2	0	-10	- 22	- 16	
Mideast	- 11	- 16	-11	-27	- 14	
Southeast	-12	- 16	- 16	- 10	-4	
Great Lakes	- 17	6	17	-40	- 30	
Plains	15	196	57	12	- 47	
Southwest	3	8	- 19	-8	-8	
Rocky Mountain	95	68	0	79	-9	
² ar West	-21	- 16	- 39	- 1	34	
Maska and Hawaii	67	-20	25	- 20	0	
JNITED STATES	- 12	-8	- 17	-7		

Less than 0.05 percent.

[&]quot;Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000; also excludes awards placed through other Government agencies, awards outside the United States and actions on Jet Propulsion Laboratory contracts.

Table 5-11. Distribution of Prime Contract Awards by Region: FY 1969-FY 1978 (Continued)

Region	FY 1974	FY 1975	FY 1976	FY 1977	FY 1978	Total FY 1974–1978
	Net Value	of Awards	(in Millions	of dollars)	
New England	83	78	72	83	118	434
Mideast	307	383	330	362	425	1,737
Southeast	376	384	416	514	592	2,282
Great Lakes	59	61	70	79	102	371
Plains	47	21	21	18	29	136
Southwest	216	224	222	265	311	1,238
Rocky Mountain	203	121	83	109	119	635
Far West	870	1,093	1,366	1,448	1,318	6,095
Alaska and Hawaii	4	4	8	4	3	23
TOTAL	2,165	2,299	2,588	2,882	3,017	12,951
		Percenta	ge of Total			
New England	4	3	3	3	4	3
Mideast	14	14	13	12	14	13
Southeast	18	17	16	18	20	18
Great Lakes	3	3	3	3	3	3
Plains	2	1	1	1	1	1
Southwest	10	10	8	9	10	10
Rocky Mountain	9	5	3	4	4	5
Far West	40	47	53	50	44	47
Alaska and Hawaii	*	*	*	*	*	_*
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Percent	tage Change	e over Prev	ious Year		
New England	19	-6	-8	15	42	
Mideast	-6	2	5	10	17	
Southeast	- 14	2	8	24	15	
Great Lakes	18	3	15	13	29	
Plains	-64	55	0	- 14	61	
Southwest	12	4	-1	19	17	
Rocky Mountain	4	- 40	-3	31	9	
Far West	22	26	25	6	-9	
Alaska and Hawaii	0	0	100	- 50	- 25	
UNITED STATES	2	6	13	11	5	

^{*}Less than 0.05 percent.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1969-1978).

^{*}Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000; also excludes awards placed through other Government agencies, awards outside the United States and actions on Jet Propulsion Laboratory contracts.

Table 5-12. Value of Awards by Installation (in millions of dollars)

	FY 1969	696	FY 1	970	FY 19	176	FY I	972	FY I	1973
Installation	Amount	% of Total	Amount	رثر of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
NASA Headquarters	397.7	10.9	422.2	4.5]	38.28	4.51	400 9	14.6	o C14	15.1
Ames Research Center	75.4	7.7	80.4	4.5	103.9	3.6	× × ×	, r) ×	<u> </u>
Electronics Research Center*	31.7	6.0	11.7	0.3	•	. '	: '	i (0.00	-
Flight Research Center ^h	12.3	0.3	18.1	0.5	16.7	9.0	18.7	0.7	7 7 1	
Goddard Space Flight Center	435.6	6.11	401.5	8	480.0	8.91	433.9	× ×	105.1	. <u></u>
Kennedy Space Center	456.6	12.5	327.9	9.6	237.1	8.3	215.0	7.9	217.7	: -
Langley Research Center	4.06	2.5	119.2	3.5	122.9	4.3	220.6	- - - -	. 248	6
Lewis Research Center	8.611	3.3	149.5	4.4	175.4	6.1	1.961	7.5	6 180	× ×
Manned Spacceraft Center	1,156.0	31.6	1,059.0	31.2	0.609	21.3	449.4	16.4	497.4	. ₹ 2
Marshall Space Flight Center	802.3	22.0	740.4	21.7	671.3	23.5	670.5	24.5	536.0	, c
Space Nuclear Propulsion Officed	62.2	1.7	61.3	<u>«</u> :	45.5	9.1	27.9	0	8.5	. c
Wallops Station ^e	12.0	0.3	14.4	0.4	13.6	0.5	16.3	9.0	20.2	0.8
TOTAL	3,652.0	0.001	3,405.6	100.0	2.858.2	0.001	2,737.8	0.001	2,673.4	100.0

"Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

*Data comprises awards on contracts for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory. Awards to the Jet Propulsion Laboratory for FY 1969-FY 1976 are included in the awards to NASA Headquarters.

*Extablished as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

Table 5-12. Value of Awards by Installation (Continued) (in millions of dollars)

	FY 1974	74	FY 1975	375	FY 1976	976	FY 1977	111	FY 1978	87.8
		% of		Jo %		% of		Jo %		% of
Installation	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Total
NASA Handonarters	430.2	15.9	468.7	16.3	520.1	16.2	151.2	4.3	154.0	4.2
Ames Deserret Center	104 0	30	135.1	4.7	162.7	5.1	140.3	4.0	142.5	3.9
Allies Nescalul Cultui Eliobt Decearch Center ^b	19.5	0.7	21.8	0.8	26.9	8.0	32.1	6.0	23.5	9.0
Figur Nescardi Center	363.6	13.4	393.3	13.7	394.3	12.3	520.7	14.7	594.6	16.2
Condain Space Figur Center		. ,	'	•	•	٠	289.0	8.2	283.7	7.8
Jet Flopuision Lavoratory Vannady Space Center	180 6	6.7	0.691	5.9	190.8	6.0	239.1	8.9	279.6	7.6
neillicus Space Cellei	292 3	8.01	231.0	- 2	156.6	4.9	206.9	5.8	211.3	5.8
Laligicy Nescalcii Cellici	259 1	9.5	243.4	80	237.1	7.4	242.5	6.9	237.0	6.5
Manad Successfi Conter	676.5	24.9	831.6	29.0	1.024.7	32.0	1,115.3	31.6	1,015.7	27.7
Manned Spaceran Center	1.778	13.6	352.0	12.3	445.6	13.9	541.1	15.3	658.5	18.0
Maishan Space Light Center	<u> </u>	-	0	0	22.8	0.7	28.4	8.0	35.1	1.0
Wallops Station	20.1	0.7	20.5	0.7	23.0	0.7	25.7	0.7	24.1	0.7
TOTAL	2,713.6	100.0	2,866.4	100.0	3,204.6	100.0	3,532.3	0.001	3,659.6	100.0

"Disestablished in 1970.

*Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

*Renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970. Disestablished in 1973.

*Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974.

*Data comprises awards on contracts for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory. Awards to the Jet Propulsion Laboratory for FY 1969-FY 1976 are included in the awards to NASA Headquarters.

*Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal years 1969-1978).

Table 5-13. Twenty Largest Contracts During FY 1978 (in millions of dollars)

Contractor	Contract Description	Contract Number	FY 1978 Amount	Cumulative Amount to 1978
Rockwell International Corp.	Design, development, testing, and evaluation of the Space Shuttle Orbiter Vehicle, integration of all elements of the Space Shuttle System, and operational planning.	NAS9-14000	999	3,439
Rockwell International Corp.	Design of main engine for the Space Shuttle.	NAS8-27980	881	728
Martin Marietta Corp.	Design, development, testing, and evaluation of the Space Shuttle external tank.	NAS8-30300	78	273
Bendix Corp.	Maintenance and operation of the Space Flight Tracking and Data Network.	NAS5-22880	70	151
Thiokol Corp.	Design, development, testing, and evaluation of the Space Shuttle solid rocket motors.	NAS8-30490	56	168
Lockheed Electronics Co., Inc.	Engineering, scientific, and computing center support services at the Johnson Space Center.	NAS9-15200	55	103
McDonnell Douglas Corp.	Two-year launch capability for Delta Space Vehicles.	NAS5-24317	51	(new contract)
Boeing Services International, Inc.	Ground systems operations in support of launch operations at the Kennedy Space Center.	NAS10-9200	34	44
Hughes Aircraft Co.	Design, development, and testing of a thematic mapper instrument for Landsat-D.	NAS5-24200	27	32

Table 5-13. Twenty Largest Contracts During FY 1978 (Continued) (in millions of dollars)

	The state of the s			Cumulative
		Contract	FY 1978	Amount to
Contractor	Contract Description	Number	Amount	8/61
Ford Aerospace and Communications Corp.	Ground data hardware and software	NAS9-15014	56	25
	systems, engineering, implementation, maintenance, and operations for mission			
	control center.			
Planning Research Corp.	Systems engineering design and engineering support services for Space Shuttle program.	NAS10-8525	25	82
General Dynamics Corp.	Material and components for assembly of Atlas and Centaur vehicles.	NAS3-19150	24	43
Rockwell International Corp.	Shuttle orbiter site activation and orbiter/ main engine (SSME) flight test operations at the Kennedy Space Center.	NAS10-9100	24	33
McDonnell Douglas Corp.	Procurement of Delta space vehicles and related equipment.	NAS5-24084	24	4
Int'l Business Machines Corp.	Space Shuttle Orbiter Vehicle avionics software development.	NAS9-14444	24	74
Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.	Liquid hydrogen.	NAS8-31034	23	36
Martin Marietta Corp.	Consolidated facilities contract in support of Space Shuttle external tank.	NAS8-30382	21	51
Computer Sciences Corp.	Communications and instrumentation support services at the Kennedy Space Center.	NAS10-9130	61	20
Int'l Business Machines Corp.	Software for the ground-based computing and data processing system.	NAS9-14350	61	49
RCA Corp.	Long lead items for TIROS-N/NOAA A-G follow-on spacecraft.	NASS-22330	61	62

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1977).

Table 5-14. Ranking of NASA's Top Ten Contractors

Contractor	FY 1969	FY 1970	FY 1971	FY 1972	FY 1973	FY 1974	FY 1975	FY 1976	FY 1977	FY 1978
North American Rockwell Corp. ^a	_	_	۲1	ж	_	_	_		_	_
Grumman Aerospace Corp.	7	61	9	1		1	- [- [.	.
Boeing Co.	8	4	5	S	7	7	6	œ	01	١
McDonnell Douglas Corp.	4	ĸ	-	_	7	٣	т	7	· (1	
General Electric Co.	v	9	٤,	4	4	9	9	9	9	, oc
Bendix Corp.	9	7	4	9	9	4	8	v)	4	4
Int'l. Business Machines Corp.	7	S	6	7	×	œ	7	1	oc	ي د
Aerojet—General Corp.	œ	6	-	1	I	ļ		1	. 1	,
Martin Marietta Corp.	6	∞	7	СI	£	2	C)	т	m	2
RCA Corp.	10	1	∞	6	01	1	01	01	- 1	'
TRW, Inc.	1	01	01	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1
General Dynamics Corp.	1	1]	œ	S	5	4	4	S	
Fairchild Industries, Inc.	1	I	1	01	6	1		I	. 1	1
United Aircraft Corp.		ļ	I	1	ı	6	ı	l	1	1
Philco—Ford Corp.	1		1	I	1	10	ı	ţ	I	
Lockheed Electronics Co., Inc.	1	1	I	ı	I	ŀ	œ	7	7	5
Hughes Aircraft Co.	l	1	-	ļ	1			6	1	7
Thiokol Corp.	1	J		1	1	1	1	I	6	6
Computer Sciences Corp.	I	1	1	1	1	J	1	I	1	01

"Became Rockwell International Corp. in 1973.

Source: Tables 5-22 through 5-31.

Table 5-15. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1969 (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards		Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1968		Amount Percentage		Contract Performance	FY 1968	Amount	Percentage
1. North American Rockwell Corp.		680,862	22.53	14.	14. Trans World Airlines, Inc. * Kennedy Space Center Fla	61	35,363	1.17
2. Grumman Aerospace Corp.	2	369,168	12.21	15. \$	15. Sperry Rand Corp.	17	34,057	1.13
* Bethpage, N. Y. 3. Boeing Co. * K. Control of Second Price Price	æ	228,679	7.57	16. (Thuntsville, Ala. General Dynamics Corp. * San Diens, Calif	=	34,003	1.13
* Nennedy Space Center, Fla. 4. McDonnell Douglas Corp. * Seats Monitor Celif	4	207.496	6.87	17.	Jail Diego, Calli. 17. General Motors Corp. * Milwankee Wisc	13	30,856	1.02
5. General Electric Co.	5	150,049	4.97	18.	Federal Electric Corp.	20	27,014	68.0
6. Bendix Corp.	7	127.635	4.22	19.	United Aircraft Corp. * Window Looks Conn.	22	26,214	0.87
7. Int'l. Business Machines Corp.	9	112,526	3.72	20.	20. Service Technology Corp.	l	26,180	0.87
* Huntsville, Ala. 8. Aerojet-General Corp.	œ	64,857	2.15	21. 1	Thouston, texas 21. Philco-Ford Corp. * Hander Taxes	91	22,388	0.74
9. Martin Marietta Corp.	81	56,037	1.85	22.	Catalytic-Dow (JV)	21	19,428	49.0
10. RCA Corp.	6	51,643	1.71	23.	23. LTV Aerospace Corp. * Dallas Texas	4	18,265	09:0
11. TRW, Inc.	12	49,974	1.65	24.	Brown/Northrop (JV) Houston Texas	28	12.679	0.42
12. Chrysler Corp. * New Orleans 1 a	01	42,454	1.40	25. 1	25. Northrop Corp. * Huntsville Ala	56	12,360	0.41
13. Lockheed Aircraft Corp. * Houston, Texas	15	39,763	1.32	26. 1	26. ILC Industries, Inc. Dover, Del.	36	12,187	0.40
	-		8.7	Į,				

(JV) = Joint venture. "Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over. Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

Table 5-15. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1969 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Inc.	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Valu	Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards
23 11.099 0.37	Contract Performance	FY 1968		Percentage	Contract Performance	FY 1968	Amount	Percentage
33 10,077 0.33 41. Computing and Software, Inc. 49 * Greenbelt, Md. * Greenbelt, Md. * Greenbelt, Md. * Huntsville, Ala. * Huntsville, Ala. * Huntsville, Ala. * Huntsville, Ala. * Huntsville, Ala. * Huntsville, Ala. * Huntsville, Ala. * Huntsville, Ala. * Huntsville, Ala. * Buffalo, N. Y. * Buffalo, N. Y. * Buffalo, N. Y. * Norwalk, Conn. * Norwalk, Conn. * Norwalk, Conn. * Norwalk, Conn. * Norwalk, Conn. * Ala.		23	11.099	0.37	40. Fairchild Hiller Corp. * Germantown. Md	39	198.9	0.23
c. 29 9,736 0.32 42. Scientific Data Systems * Huntsville, Ala. * 8,943 0.30	28. Bellcomm, Inc. Washington, D.C.	33	10,077	0.33		49	6.023	0.20
27 8.943 0.30 43. Bell Aerospace Corp. * Buffalo, N.Y. * Buffalo, N.Y. * Buffalo, N.Y. * Buffalo, N.Y. * Solution of the corp. * Norwalk, Conn. * Norwalk, Conn. * New Orleans, La. * Asson-Rust	29. Singer-General Precision, Inc.* Houston, Texas	59	9,736	0.32		65	4.968	91.0
32 8.881 0.29 ** Norwalk, Conn. 35 8.680 0.29 ** Norwalk, Conn. 36 8.680 0.29 45. Mason-Rust New Orleans, La. 31 8.264 0.27 47. Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. 47 ** Allentown, Pa. 24 8.073 0.27 48. American Tel. and Tel. Co. 58 ** Greenbelt, Md. 34 7.523 0.25 49. Avco Corp. ** Silver Spring, Md. 25 7.212 0.24 51. Aero Spacelines, Inc. ** Van Nuys, Calif. (S) ** Mountain View, Calif. ** Mountain View, Calif. ** Mountain View, Calif.	30. Union Carbide Corp.* Sacramento, Calif.	27	8,943	0.30		55	4.673	0.15
35 8.680 0.29 45. Mason-Rust New Orleans. La. New Orleans. La. A6. Zia Co. Las Cruces, N.M. 31 8.264 0.27 47. Air Products and Chemicals. Inc. 47 * Allentown. Pa. 34 8.073 0.27 48. American Tel. and Tel. Co. 58 * Greenbelt. Md. * Greenbelt. Md. * Lowell, Mass. 34 7.523 0.25 49. Avco Corp. * Lowell, Mass. 34 7.523 0.25 50. Computer Application, Inc. 63 * Silver Spring, Md. * Silver Spring, Md. * Silver Spring, Inc. 61 * Van Nuys, Calif. (S) * Mountain View, Calif. * Mountain View, Calif. * Mountain View, Calif.	 Garrett Corp. Los Angeles, Calif. 	32	8.881	0.29	ď	20	4,498	0.15
g., Inc. 40 8,395 0.28 46. Zia Co. Las Cruces, N.M. 131 8,264 0.27 47. Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. 47 * Allentown, Pa. * Allentown, Pa. * Allentown, Pa. * Greenbelt, Md. * Lowell, Mass. 34 7,523 0.25 50. Computer Application, Inc. 63 * Silver Spring, Md. * Silver Spring, Inc. 61 * Van Nuys, Calif. (S) * Mountain View, Calif. * Mountain View, Calif.	32. Comm. Satellite Corp. Andover, Me.	35	8.680	0.29	Mas	30	4,376	0.14
31 8,264 0.27 * Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. * 47 * Allentown, Pa. 24 8,073 0.27 * 48. American Tel. and Tel. Co. * 58 * Greenbelt, Md. * Greenbelt, Md. * Lowell, Mass. 34 7,523 0.25 50. Computer Application, Inc. 63 * Silver Spring, Md. 25 7,212 0.24 51. Aero Spacelines, Inc. 61 Van Nuys, Calif. (S) * Mountain View, Calif.	 American Science and Engrg., Inc. Cambridge, Mass. (S) 	40	8,395	0.28	Zia	4	4,327	0.14
24 8,073 0.27	34. Computer Sciences Corp.* Huntsville, Ala.	31	8,264	0.27	47. Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.* Allentown, Pa.	47	4.269	0.14
34 7,523 0.25 49. Avco Corp. * Lowell, Mass. 34 7,523 0.25 50. Computer Application, Inc. 63 * Silver Spring, Md. 25 7,212 0.24 51. Aero Spacelines, Inc. 61 Van Nuys, Calif. (S) 38 6,900 0.23 52. Electronic Associates, Inc. 69 * Mountain View, Calif.	 Honeywell, Inc. St. Petersburg, Fla. 	24	8,073	0.27	48. American Tel. and Tel. Co. * Greenbelt. Md.	28	4.176	0.14
34 7,523 0.25 50. Computer Application, Inc. 63 * Silver Spring, Md. 25 7,212 0.24 51. Aero Spacelines, Inc. 61 Van Nuys, Calif. (S) 38 6,900 0.23 52. Electronic Associates, Inc. 69 * Mountain View, Calif.	 Ball Brothers Research Corp. Boulder, Colo. 	51	7.588	0.25	49. Avco Corp. * Lowell, Mass.	45	3,895	0.13
25 7,212 0.24 51. Aero Spacelines, Inc. 61 Van Nuys, Calif. (S) 38 6,900 0.23 52. Electronic Associates, Inc. 69 **Mountain View, Calif.**	 Hughes Aircraft Co. Culver City, Calif. 	34	7.523	0.25	 Computer Application, Inc. Silver Spring, Md. 	63	3.875	0.13
38 6,900 0.23 52. Electronic Associates, Inc. 69 ** Mountain View, Calif.	38. Control Data Corp.* Minneapolis, Minn.	25	7,212	0.24	51. Aero Spacelines, Inc. Van Nuys, Calif. (S)	19	3,765	0.12
	39. Westinghouse Electric Corp.* Friendship Airport, Md.	38	906'9	0.23	 Electronic Associates, Inc. Mountain View, Calif. 	69	3,708	0.12

principal places of performance. The place shown is that which hav the largest amount "Data for individual companies include awards on research and development confidence awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

Table 5-15. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1969 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Jo scott Day of	Dank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
	Contract Performance	FY 1968		Amount Percentage	Contract Performance	FY 1968	Amount	Percentage
53	53. Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co.	1	3,500	0.12	66. Thiokol Chemical Corp.	99	2,677	0.09
	Milwaukee, Wisc.				* Elkton, Md.	į	097.6	8
54	Pittsburgh-Des Moines Steel Co.		3,323	0.11	67. 3M Co.	5	7,650	80.0
	* Cleveland, Ohio				* Hutchinson, Minn.	i	•	ć
55	55. Vitro Corp. of America	37	3,249	0.11	68. Memorex Corp.	92	2,571	60.0
	* Greenbelt, Md.				Santa Clara, Calif.			;
56	. Technical Information Services Co.	1	3.196	0.11	69. Hayes International Corp.	2 6	2,426	90.0
	College Park, Md.				* Birmingham, Ala.			,
57	57. Wolf Research and Develop. Corp.	29	3,165	0.10	70. Lawrence, J.H., Co.	71	2,266	0.0
					Greenbelt, Md. (S)			
85	58 Space Inc.	42	3.149	0.10	71. Virginia Electric Power Co.	78	2,233	0.02
;	Huntsville, Ala. (S)				Hampton, Va.			
9	So ITT World Communications Inc	88	3,148	0.10	72. Eastman Kodak Co.	İ	2.198	0.02
3	New York N V	3	:					
,	INCW TOIN, IN. I.	71	3 066	01.0	72 Clayeland Blee Uluminating Co	76	2 188	0.07
ક	Management Services, Inc.	9	7.300	0.10	73. Crevelative Erec. Infutinitating Co.	2	1,100	
	Huntsville, Ala.				Cleveland, Onio	į		5
9	61. Southern Bell Tel. Co.	65	2,942	01.0	74. Ampex Corp.	<u>8</u>	2,173	0.0
	* Kennedy Space Center, Fla.				* Redwood City, Calif.			1
62	62. Chesapeake and Potomac Tel. Co.	2	2.922	0.10	75. LTV Electro Systems	1	2,146	0.02
}	* Greenbeft. Md.				Greenville, Texas			
63	63. Dynalectron Corp.	8	2.905	0.10	76. Sanders Associates, Inc.	48	2,092	0.07
5	Houston, Texas				* Nashua, N.H.			,
æ	64. Leasco Systems and Research Corp.	41	2.804	0.10	77. Beckman Instruments, Inc.	98	2,033	0.07
	* College Park, Md.				* Fullerton, Calif.			,
39	65. Xerox Corp.	16	2,685	0.09	78. Carl N. Swenson, Co.	ı	2,008	0.07
	* Pasadena, Calif.				Mountain View, Calif.			
	different which the property of the property o	in the Company	l doidy	ave different	(IV) = Ioint venture			

Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

*Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

Table 5-15. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1969 (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Valu	Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1968		Amount Percentage	Contract Performance	FY 1968	Amount	Percentage
79. Int'l. Tel. and Tel. Corp. * Fort Wayne, Ind.	73	1.996	0.07	92. Marquardt Corp. Van Nuve Calif		1,337	0.04
80. Wackenhut Services, Inc. * Houston, Texas	57	1.923	90.0	93. Hewlett-Packard Co. * Palo Alto Calif	8	1,308	0.04
81. Radiation, Inc. * Melbourne, Fla.	43	1.910	90.0	94. GCA Corp. * Badford Misse	İ	1,275	0.04
82. Teledyne, Inc. * Northridge, Calif.	52	1.781	0.06	95. Southwestern Bell Tel. Co.	86	1,272	0.04
83. Western Union Int'l., Inc. New York, N.Y.	88	1.717	90.0	96. Maurer, J.A., Inc.	1	1,266	0.04
84. Motorola, Inc. * Scottsdale, Ariz.	94	1.668	90.0	97. Potomac Electric Power Co. * Refreville Md	(3)	1,233	0.04
85. Klate Holt Co. * Houston, Texas (S)	68	1,645	0.05	98. Collins Radio Co.	79	1.227	0.0
86. Kollsman Instrument Corp. * Kennedy Space Center Fla	1	1,587	0.05	99. Isotopes, Inc.	ı	1,201	0.04
87. Western Electric Co., Inc. * Cape Kennedy Fla	8	1,564	0.05	100. A-V Corp.	100	1.184	0.04
88. Texas Instruments, Inc. * Dallas. Texas	89	1,542	0.05	nousion, lexas (S) Other		256,768	8.50
89. Weston Instruments, Inc. * College Park, Md.	53	1.476	0.05				
90. Wyle Laboratories * Hampton, Va.	93	1,460	0.05	TOTAL AWARDS TO		3.022,333	100.00
91. Goodyear Aerospace Corp. Akron, Ohio	3	1.411	0.05				
Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.	several contrac own is that whic	ts which has the lan]	(JV) = Joint venture. "Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.	de awards on resea	irch and devel	opment con-

Principal places to performance, and place of the awards.

(\$) = Indicates small business concerns.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1969).

Table 5-16. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1970 (in thousands of dollars)

	-	Net Valu	Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Diace of	Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contractor and Place of	Kank in FY 1969	Amount	Amount Percentage	Contract Performance	FY 1969	Amount	Amount Percentage
1. North American Rockwell Corp.	-		19.26	14. General Dynamics Corp.	91	37,968	1.38
* Downey, Calif.	۲۱	284,411	10.31	* San Diego, Calit. 15. Trans World Airlines, Inc.	14	35,988	1.30
* Bethpage, N.Y. 3. McDonnell Douglas Corp.	4	236,294	8.56	* Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 16. Service Technology Corp.	20	27,485	1.00
* Santa Monica, Calif. 4. Boeing Co.	3	158,575	5.75	Houston, lexas 17. United Aircraft Corp.	61	27,113	86.0
* Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 5. Int'l. Business Machines Corp.	7	133,429	4.84	* Windsor Locks, Conn. 18. Federal Electric Corp.	18	26,295	0.95
* Huntsville, Ala. 6. General Electric Co.	5	131,679	4.77	* Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 19. Philco-Ford Corp.	21	23,988	0.87
* King of Prussia, Pa. 7. Bendix Corp.	9	109,765	3.98	* Houston, lexas 20. General Motors Corp.	1.1	20,434	0.74
* Owings Mills, Md. 8. Martin Marietta Corp.	6	108,012	3.92	* Milwaukee, Wisc. 21. LTV Aerospace Corp.	23	17,853	0.65
* Denver, Colo. 9. Aerojet-General Corp.	∞	71,598	2.60	22. Chrysler Corp.	12	16,709	0.61
* Sacramento, Calif. 10. TRW, Inc.	=	58,264	2.11	23. Brown/Northrop (JV)	24	16,635	09.0
* Houston, Texas	01	54,547	1.98	24. ILC Industries, Inc.	26	13,016	0.47
* Camden, N.J. 12. Sperry Rand Corp.	15	48,118	1.74	25. Singer-General Precision, Inc.	29	12,337	0.45
* Huntsville, Ala. 13. Lockheed Aircraft Corp. * Houston. Texas	13	41,040	1.49	26. Honeywell, Inc. * St. Petersburg, Fla.	35	11,494	0.42
				C			

(JV)=Joint venture. *Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10.000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over. *Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

Table 5-16. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1970 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	ni Ana G	Net Value	Park in Net Value of Awards		-		Mot Walnu	£ 4.3
Conductor and Have of	Nalla III			Contract	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	ivel value	iver value of Awards
Contract Pertormance	FY 1969	Amount	Amount Percentage	Contract	Contract Performance	FY 1969	Amount	Amount Percentage
27. Bellcomm, Inc.	58	10,990	0.40	40. Mason-Rust		45	5.962	0.00
Washington, D.C.				New Orleans, La.	ins, La.	!	10.77	1
28. Computer Sciences Corp.	34	10.961	0.40	41. Union Carbide Corp	Corp.	30	5,543	0.20
" Huntsville, Ala.				* Sacramento, Calif	o, Calif.			
29. Brown Engineering Co., Inc.	77	9,934	0.36	42. Comm. Satellite Corp.	le Corp.	32	4.485	91 0
* Huntsville, Ala.				Andover, Me	Ме)	
30. American Science and Engrg., Inc.	33	9.810	0.36	43. Technical Infor	43. Technical Information Services Co.	3 6	4 379	0.16
Mass.				College Park, Md	rk, Md.	:		
Northrop Corp.	25	9,426	0.34	44. Textron, Inc.		1	7 107	2.0
* Huntsville, Ala.				Buffalo, N Y	>		<u> </u>	61.0
32. Hughes Aircraft Co.	37	9,048	0.33	45. American Tel and Tel Co	and Tel Co	76	7 157	91.0
* Culver City, Calif.				* Greenhelt Md	Md tell co.	f	/CI:+	0.15
33. Ball Brothers Research Corp.	36	8.679	0.31	46 Fairchild Came	Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corn		301.1	
* Boulder, Colo.		•		Svoset N V	V	l	4,123	0.15
34. Garrett Corp.	31	7.767	0.28	47. Dynalectron Corn	orn	79	4 030	31.0
* Los Angeles, Calif.				Houston, Texas	exas	3	(CO'+	0.10
35. Computing and Software, Inc.	4	7,662	0.28	48. Computer Applications. Inc	lications. Inc	9	4 034	31.0
* Greenbelt, Md.				* Silver Spring, Md	ng. Md.	>	1	0.15
36. Itek Corp.	I	7,511	0.27	49. Xerox Data Systems	stems	I	4 021	\$1.0
* Lexington, Mass.				* El Segundo, Calif	o, Calif.			1.0
37. Westinghouse Electric Corp.	36	7,200	0.26	50. Perkin-Elmer Corp.	OTD.	44	788	71.0
* Friendship Airport, Md.				* Norwalk, Conn.	John	ļ.	00/10	<u>+</u>
38. Control Data Corp.	38	6,711	0.24	51. Ampex Corp.		74	3 758	77
* Minneapolis, Minn.				* Redwood City, Calif	Jity. Calif	•	97117	<u>+</u>
39. Catalytic-Dow (JV)	22	6.139	0.22	52. ITT World Communications, Inc.	nmunications, Inc.	65	3 718	0.13
Kennedy Space Center, Fla.				New York, N.Y	Z. X.	,	017.7	C1.0

*Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different (JV) = Joint venture.

Principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount "Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts.

tracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

Table 5-16. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1970 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Operation of Discosoft	Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1969		Amount Percentage	Contract Performance	FY 1969	Amount Percentage	ercentage
53. Santa Barbara Research Center		3,718	0.13	66. Management Services, Inc.	09	2,529	0.09
Goleta, Calif.	8	30,		Huntsville, Ala.	8	2 518	8
54. Texas Instruments, Inc.	œ æ	5,423	0.12	6). Mate field Co. * Houston Texas (S)	6	21,71	è
St Teledyne Inc.	82	3,390	0.12	68. Hayes International Corp.	69	2,500	0.09
* Northridge, Calif.				* Birmingham, Ala.			;
56. Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.	47	3,385	0.12	69. Aero Spacelines, Inc.	51	2,468	9 9 9
* Allentown, Pa.				Van Nuys, Calif. (S)		,	!
57. 3M Co.	<i>L</i> 9	3,383	0.12	70. Western Electric Co., Inc.	87	2,301	0.08
* Hutchinson, Minn.				* Cape Kennedy, Fla.		;	,
58. Chesapeake and Potomac Tel. Co.	62	3,280	0.12	71. Virginia Electric Power Co.	71	2,296	0.08
* Greenbelt, Md.				Hampton, Va.	!		0
59. Space, Inc.	28	3,248	0.12	72. Wolf Research and Develop. Corp.	27	2,235	80.0
Huntsville, Ala. (S)				* Arlington, Va.	,		ć
60. Int'l. Tel. and Tel. Corp.	62	3,124	0.11	73. Motorola, Inc.	2	2,174	0.08
* Fort Wayne, Ind.							6
61. Raytheon Co.	1	3,117	0.11	74. Wackenhut Services, Inc.	0 8	2,109	0.08
* Waltham, Mass.				* Houston, Texas		,	
62. Electronic Associates, Inc.	25	3,058	0.11	75. Wyle Laboratories	8	2,063	0.0
* Mountain View, Calif.				* Hampton, Va.	i	6	
63. Хегох Согр.	9	2,976	0.11	76. Sanders Associates, Inc.	9/	2,039	0.0
* Pasadena, Calif.				* Nashua, N.H.			1
64. Southern Bell Tel. Co.	19	2,682	0.10	77. Thiokol Chemical Corp.	\$	1,973	0.07
* Kennedy Space Center, Fla.				* Elkton, Md.			0
65. Zia Co.	\$	2,637	0.10	78. Systems Engrg. Labs., Inc.	1	1,932	0.0
Las Cruces, N.M.				* Ft. Lauderdale, Fla.			

*Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture. *Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

Table 5-16. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1970 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

FY 1969 Amount Percentage Contract Performance 40 1.894 0.07 92. Goodyear Aerospace Corp. Akron. Ohio 10 1.894 0.06 93. Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. Houston. Texas 10 1.781 0.06 94. Avco Corp. *Lowell, Mass. *Lowell, Mass. 10 1.742 0.06 95. Potomac Electric Power Co. *Beltsville, Md		Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of		Burk in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards
40 1.894 0.07 Akron. Ohio Akron. Ohio B.Co. 73 1.788 0.06 93. Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. Houston. Texas - 1.781 0.06 94. Avco Corp. * Lowell. Mass 1.752 0.06 95. Potomac Electric Power Co. * Beltsville. Md. 70 1.742 0.06 96. Pan American World Airways. Inc. Kennedy Space Center. Fla. 1.656 0.06 97. RF Communications. Inc. Rochester. N.Y. 55 1.632 0.06 98. Isotopes. Inc. * Sandusky. Ohio - 1.587 0.06 100. Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. Milwaukee. Wisc 1.443 0.05 BUSINESS FIRMS - 1.382 0.05	ļ	Contract Performance	FY 1969	Amount	Percentage	Contract Performanc			Amount	Amount Percentage
g Co. 73 1.788 0.06 93. Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. Houston, Texas 1.781 0.06 94. Aveo Corp. * Lowell, Mass. 1.752 0.06 95. Potomac Electric Power Co. * Beltsville, Md. You 1.742 0.06 96. Pan American World Airways, Inc. Kennedy Space Center. Fla. Rechester. N. Y. S5 1.632 0.06 98. Isotopes, Inc. * Sandusky, Ohio 1.591 0.06 99. Owens-Illinois, Inc. * Pittsburgh. Pa. 1.443 0.05 Milwaukee, Wisc. Other TOTAL AWARDS TO BUSINESS FIRMS	.67	. Fairchild Hiller Corp. * Germantown, Md.	9	1.894	0.07	92. Goodyear Aerospace Corp.		16	1,378	0.05
 1.781 0.06 94. Ave Corp. 1.752 0.06 95. Potomac Electric Power Co. 1.742 0.06 95. Potomac Electric Power Co. 1.656 0.06 96. Pan American World Airways, Inc. 1.656 0.06 97. RF Communications. Inc. 1.632 0.06 98. Isotopes. Inc. 1.591 0.06 99. Owens-Illinois. Inc. 1.587 0.06 100. Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. 1.443 0.05 Other 1.382 0.05 BUSINESS FIRMS 	<u>&</u>	Cleveland Elec. Illuminating Co. Cleveland, Ohio	73	1.788	90:0	93. Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. Houston Texas		9.5	1,347	0.05
- 1.752 0.06	<u>∞</u>	Ohio Title Corp. Sandusky, Ohio (S)	1	1.781	90.0	94. Avco Corp. * Lowell Mass	7	49	1,330	0.05
70 1,742 0.06 96. Pan American World Airways, Inc. Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 1,656 0.06 97. RF Communications, Inc. Rochester, N.Y. 8 Sandusky, Ohio 1,581 0.06 99. Owens-Illinois, Inc. * Pittsburgh, Pa. 1,587 0.06 100. Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. Milwaukee, Wisc. Other TOTAL AWARDS TO BUSINESS FIRMS	82.	Litton Systems * Beverly Hills, Calif.	I	1.752	90.0	95. Potomac Electric Power Co		26	1,280	0.05
 1.656 0.06 97. RF Communications. Inc. Rochester. N.Y. 85 1.632 0.06 98. Isotopes. Inc. * Sandusky. Ohio - 1.591 0.06 99. Owens-Illinois. Inc. * Pittsburgh. Pa 1.587 0.06 100. Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. Milwaukee. Wisc 1.443 0.05 1.382 0.05 TOTAL AWARDS TO BUSINESS FIRMS 	83.	Lawrence, J.H., Co. Greenbelt, Md. (S)	70	1,742	90.0	96. Pan American World Airwa Kennedy Space Center		ı	1.250	0.05
55 1,632 0.06 98. Isotopes, Inc. - 1,591 0.06 99. Owens-Illinois, Inc. - 1,587 0.06 100. Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. 100 1,548 0.06 Other - 1,443 0.05 TOTAL AWARDS TO 89 1,412 0.05 BUSINESS FIRMS - 1,382 0.05 BUSINESS FIRMS	2 .	Kentron Hawaii, Ltd. Lihue, Hawaii	l	1,656	90.0	97. RF Communications, Inc. Rochester, N.Y.		ı	1.211	0.04
— 1,591 0.06 99. Owens-Hilmois, Inc. — 1,587 0.06 100. Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. Hob 1,548 0.06 Other — 1,443 0.05 TOTAL AWARDS TO 89 1,412 0.05 BUSINESS FIRMS — 1,382 0.05	85.	Vitro Corp. of America ** Greenbelt, Md.	55	1,632	90.0	98. Isotopes, Inc. * Sandusky Objo	6	66	1.16	0.04
— 1,587 0.06 100. Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. 100 1,548 0.06 Other — 1,443 0.05 TOTAL AWARDS TO 89 1,412 0.05 BUSINESS FIRMS — 1,382 0.05	%	Hycon Manufacturing Co. Monrovia, Calif.	1	1.591	90:0	99. Owens-Illinois, Inc. * Pittshurgh Pa	ı	1	1.151	0.04
100 1,548 0.06 Other — 1,443 0.05 89 1,412 0.05 — 1,382 0.05	8 7.	Lake Erie Mechanical, Inc. Cleveland, Ohio (S)	1	1,587	0.06	100. Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. Milwaukee Wisc	ν.	53	1.125	0.04
Inc. 89 1.412 0.05 1.382 0.05	<u>&</u>	A-V Corp. Houston, Texas (S)	001	1.548	90.0	Other			233.617	8.47
Inc. 89 1.412 0.05	· 68	Fansteel, Inc. Baltimore, Md.	1	1,443	0.05					
— 1,382 0,05	S		68	1.412	0.05	TOTAL AWARDS TO BUSINESS FIRMS		L1	2.759,215	100.00
	91.	Time-Zero Corp. Torrance, Calif. (S)	1	1.382	0.05					

*Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different (JV)=Joint venture.

Principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount "Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts.

Tracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1970),

Table 5-17. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1971 (in thousands of dollars)

30 000 101	d: Jacob	Net Value of Awards	of Awards		Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contractor and Place of Contract Performance	Kank III FY 1970	FY 1970 Amount Percentage	ercentage		Contract Performance	FY 1970	Amount Percentage	Percentage
1. McDonnell Douglas Corp.	3	302,873	13.29	4.	United Aircraft Corp.	17	28.426	1.25
2. North American Rockwell Corp.	-	172,463	7.57	15.	15. Lockheed Electronics Co.	ع	26.546	1.16
* Downey, Calif. 3. General Electric Co.	9	161,352	7.08	16.	ļ	13	24,797	1.09
* King of Prussia, Pa. 4. Bendix Corp.	7	121,383	5.33	17.	효	61	23,054	1.01
* Columbia, Md. 5. Boeing Co.	4	114,407	5.02	18.	Service Technology Corp.	16	22,396	86.0
* Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 6. Grumman Aerospace Corp.	2	113.670	4.99	19.	Tran	15	22,252	0.98
* Bethpage, N.Y. 7. Martin Marietta Corp.	∞	107.602	4.72	20.	Œ	81	21.826	96.0
* Denver, Colo. 8. RCA Corp.	Ξ	93,906	4.12	21.	Nenneuy space Center, Fia. 21. Hughes Aircraft Co.	32	20,857	0.91
* Camden, N.J. 9. Int'l. Business Machines Corp.	S	72,360	3.17	22.	* El Segundo, Calif. General Motors Corp. * Millondo Wice	20	19,573	98.0
* Huntsville, Ala. 10. TRW, Inc.	10	62,329	2.73	23.	Computer Sciences Corp.	28	17,449	97.0
* Redondo Beach, Calif. 11. Aerojet-General Corp.	6	54.647	2.40	24.	Fa	362	16,392	0.72
* Sacramento, Calif. 12. General Dynamics Corp.	41	50,784	2.23	25.	* Germantown, Md. LTV Aerospace Corp. * Policy Tayon	21	15,438	99.0
* San Diego, Calif. 13. Sperry Rand Corp. * Huntsville, Ala.	12	31.727	1.39	26.	บ	22	15,304	0.67
*Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.	shown is that	acts which h which has th	ave differen ie largest		Formerly a division of Lockheed Aircraft Corperonerly Fairchild Hiller Corperonerly Computer Applications, Inc.	Согр.		
(S) = Indicates small business concerns.					Formerly a division of noneywell, line.			

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

Formerly Electro-Mechanical Division of Northrop.

Table 5-17. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1971 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Don't in	Dank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1970	Amount I	FY 1970 Amount Percentage	Contract Performance	FY 1970	Amount Percentage	Percentage
27. Singer-General Precision, Inc.	25	13,883	0.61	40. Mason-Rust	40	6.032	0.26
28. Northrop Corp. * Huntsvilla Ala	31	12,326	0.54	New Orleans, La. 41. ILC Industries, Inc.	24	5,428	0.24
29. Honeywell, Inc. * St. Petersburg, Fla	56	11,958	0.52	Dover, Del. 42. Comm. Satellite Corp. * Cont. Mail.	45	5.332	0.23
30. Radiation, Inc. * Palm Bay, Fla.		11,359	0.50	43. Pan American World Airways, Inc.	%	5,286	0.23
31. Computing and Software, Inc. * Greenbelt, Md.	35	11,306	0.49	44. Management Services, Inc.	%	5,229	0.23
32. Brown Engineering Co., Inc. * Huntsville, Ala.	59	11,291	0.49	45. Informatics Tisco, Inc. College Park Md	43	4,645	0.20
33. Bellcomm, Inc. Washington, D.C.	27	10,369	0.45	46. Itek Corp. * Levirator Macco	36	4.596	0.20
34. Brown and Root/Northrop (JV) * Houston, Texas	23	10.285	0.45	47. Textron, Inc. * Los Angeles Colif	44	4,495	0.20
35. Garrett Corp. * Torrance, Calif.	34	655'6	0.42	48. Control Data Corp. * Minneapolis Minn	38	4,395	0.19
36. American Science and Engrg., Inc. Cambridge, Mass. (S)	30	7,691	0.34	49. Thiokol Chemical Corp. * Fluor Md	77	4,248	0.19
	37	7,005	0.31	50. ITT World Communications, Inc. New York N Y	52	4,210	0.18
	33	6,956	0.31	51. Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corp. * Suggest N V	. 46	3,940	0.17
39. Teledyne Industries, Inc. * Northridge, Calif.	1	6,693	0.29	52. Raytheon Co. * Waltham, Mass.	19	3,797	0.17
'Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest	eral contraction is that w	ts which ha hich has the	ive different largest	^h Formerly a division of Lockheed Aircraft Corp. Formerly Fairchild Hiller Corp.	orp.		

amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

'Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

^dFormerly Computer Applications. Inc.
^eFormerly a division of Honeywell, Inc.
^fFormerly Electro-Mechanical Division of Northrop.

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Table 5-17. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1971 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	FY 1970 Amount Percentage 50 3,773 0.17 45 3,715 0.16 59 3,688 0.16	Contract Performance	FY 1970	FY 1970 Amount Percentage	ercentag
S0 S9 S9 S9 S9 S9 S9 S9 S9 S9 S9					
45 59		66. Radiation Systems, Inc.		2,984	0.13
S 89		McLean. Va. (S)	27	2,979	0.13
65		* Freehold, N.J.			
03		68. Electronic Associates, Inc.	62	2.887	0.13
05		* West Long Branch, N.J.	,	1	
56. Chesapeake and Potomac Iel. Co. 36 3	3,684 0.16	69. Aero Spacelines, Inc.	69	7.268	0.11
		* Los Angeles, Calif. (5)	73	7 534	-
57. Programming Methods, Inc. 48° 3	3,680 0.16	/0. Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.	90	455.7	-
* New York, N.Y.		* Allentown, Pa.	,		
i. Inc. 49	3,385 0.15	71. Xerox Corp.	63	2,535	E :
* Rockville, Md.		* Pasadena, Calif.			:
. Co.	3,338 0.15	72. RF Communications, Inc.	76	2,503	= - -
Stamford, Conn. (S)		Rochester, N.Y.			
25	3,334 0.15	73. Systems Engrg. Labs., Inc.	28/	2.458	0.11
* Huntsville, Ala.			ç		
47	3,292 0.14	74. Hayes International Corp.	89	2.422	0.11
* Houston, Texas		* Birmingham, Ala.	;	•	9
;	3,230 0.14	75. Ampex Corp.	2	7.528	0.10
* Woodside, N.Y. (S)		* Redwood City, Calif.		1	1
29	3,187 0.14	76. Virginia Electric Power Co.	71	2.305	0.10
* Hampton, Va. (S)		* Hampton, Va.			•
1	3,100 0.14	77. Int'l. Tel. and Tel. Corp.	99	2.2/4	0.10
* Ft. Washington, Pa.		* Fort wayne, Ind.	i		3
ch Center 53	3,053 0.13	78. Wackenhut Services. Inc.	74	2.254	0.10
Goleta, Calif.		* Houston, Texas			

amount of the awards. (S) = Indicates small business concerns. (JV) = Joint venture. (JV) = Joint venture. "Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over

"Formerly Computer Applications, Inc.
'Formerly a division of Honeywell, Inc.
'Formerly Electro-Mechanical Division of Northrop.

Table 5-17. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1971 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1970	FY 1970 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Contract Performance	FY 1970	Amount	FY 1970 Amount Percentage
79. Cleveland Elec. Illuminating Co. Cleveland, Ohio	9	2,080	60.0	92. Technicolor, Inc. Houston Taxas		1,562	0.07
80. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc. * Kennedy Space Center Fla	»	2,049	60.0	93. Balboa Structural Industries, Inc.	1	1,553	0.07
81. Stone Construction Co. Houston Taxos (S)	1	2.037	60.0	94. Western Electric Co., Inc.	70	1.542	0.07
82. Weston Instruments, Inc. * College Park Md	8	1.885	90.0	* Cape Kennedy, Fla. 95. Northrop Services, Inc. * Managin view Calif	-	1.533	0.07
83. Union Carbide Corp. * Sacramento. Calif	4	1,854	80.0	96. PRC Data Services, Inc. Westington D.C.	I	1.532	0.07
84. Whirlpool Corp. St. Joseph, Mich.	I	1,839	80.0	97. Potomac Electric Power Co. Greenhelt Md	56	1.513	0.07
85. Avco Corp. * Lowell, Mass.	45	1.808	80.0	98. Cutler-Hammer, Inc. * Melville N Y	1	1.498	0.07
86. Motorola, Inc. * Scottsdale, Ariz.	73	1.748	80.0	99. Owens-Illinois, Inc.	66	1,482	0.07
87. Technology, Inc. * Houston, Texas	1	1,632	0.07	100. Zia Co. Las Crices N M	\$9	1.460	90.0
88. Time-Zero Corp. Torrance Calif (S)	16	1,624	0.07	Other		238.858	10.48
89. Wyle Laboratories * Hampton: Va	7.5	1,620	0.07				
90. Wolf Research and Develop. Corp. * Riverdale, Md.	72	1.590	0.07	TOTAL AWARDS TO		2.279,487 100.00	100.00
91. Graham Magnetics, Inc. Graham, Texas (S)		1,571	0.07				

principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

'Formerly Fairchild Hiller Corp.

^dFormerly Computer Applications, Inc.
^eFormerly a division of Honeywell, Inc.
^fFormerly Electro-Mechanical Division of Northrop.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1971).

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Table 5-18. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1972 (in thousands of dollars)

J	Don't	Net Value	Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contractor and Place of	FY 1971	FY 1971 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Contract Performance	FY 1971	FY 1971 Amount Percentage	Percentage
I. McDonnell Douglas Corp.	_	343,131	10.91	14. Grumman Aerospace Corp. * Kennedy Space Center. Fla.	9	28,478	1.33
2. Martin Marietta Corp.	7	208,361	9.72	15. Aerojet-General Corp. * Somemont Calif	Ξ	25,718	1.20
* Denver, Colo. 3. North American Rockwell Corp.	7	175,146	8.17	16. Lockheed Electronics Co.	15	24,375	1.14
* Downey, Calit. 4. General Electric Co.	ю	114,944	5.36	17. Chrysler Corp.	56	24,301	1.13
* King of Prussia, Pa. 5. Boeing Co.	ν,	94.186	4.40	18. Federal Electric Corp.	20	23,465	1.10
* Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 5. Bendix Corp.	4	87.956	4.10	*Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 19. Computer Sciences Corp. * Silver Series Md	23	23.298	1.09
* Columbia, Md. 7. Int'l. Business Machines Corp.	6	72,019	3.36	20. Hughes Aircraft Co. * FI Secundo Calif	21	22,029	1.03
8. General Dynamics Corp.	12	66,627	3.11	21. LTV Aerospace Corp.	25	21,925	1.02
* San Diego, Calif. 9. RCA Corp., Inc.	œ	47,210	2.67	22. Lockheed Missiles and Space Co., Inc.	ء	16,399	0.77
* Camden, N.J. 10. Fairchild Industries, Inc.	24	42,025	8 .	23. Brown and Root/Northrop (JV) * Houston Tayon	35	16,295	0.76
* Germantown, Md. 11. Philco-Ford Corp.	17	36,219	69:1	24. United Aircraft Corp.	4	15,869	0.74
* Houston, Texas 12. Sperry Rand Corp. * United also	13	33,535	1.57	* Windsor Locks, Conn. 25. Service Technology Corp. * Houston, Texas	81	15,473	0.72
13. TRW, Inc. * Redondo Beach, Calif.	01	33,299	1.55	26. Brown Engineering Co., Inc. * Huntsville, Ala.	32	11,808	0.55

amount of the awards. (S) = Indicates small business concerns. (JV) = Joint venture. dIV = Joint venture. "Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over

subsidiary of Xerox Corp..

^dFormerly Monitor Systems, Inc.

Table 5-18. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1972 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Disca of		Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1971	Amount F	FY 1971 Amount Percentage		Kank In FY 1971	FY 1971 Amount Percentage	Percentage
27. Honeywell, Inc.	53	11,110	0.52	40. Mason-Rust	40	6,295	0.29
 51. Petersburg, Fla. 28. Computing and Software, Inc. * Greenhelt Md 	31	10.488	0.49	New Orleans, La. 41. Teledyne Industries, Inc.	39	6,041	0.28
29. Singer Co. * Houston. Texas	27	10,200	0.48	* Northridge, Calit. 42. Litton Systems, Inc. * 1 or Applied Calif	1	6,031	0.28
30. ILC Industries, Inc. Dover. Del.	4	866'8	0.42	43. Lockheed Aircraft Corp.	16	5,826	0.27
31. Control Data Corp. * Minneapolis, Minn.	48	8.756	0.41	44. Hayes International Corp.	74	5,679	0.26
 Global Associates Bay St. Louis, Miss. 	1	7.800	0.36	45. Textron, Inc. * Buffelo N V	47	5,409	0.25
33. Westinghouse Electric Corp. * Friendship Airport, Md.	37	7,791	0.36	46. Northrop Services, Inc.	56	4,871	0.23
34. Xerox Corp. * Greenbelt, Md.	314	998.9	0.32	47. Santa Barbara Research Center Goleta, Calif	65	4,485	0.21
 American Science and Engrg., Inc. Cambridge, Mass. (8) 	36	6.841	0.32	48. Informatics Tisco, Inc. College Park Md	45	4,184	0.20
36. Garrett Corp. * Torrance, Calif.	35	6.750	0.31	49. Itek Corp. * Lexination Mass	46	4.029	0.19
 37. Dynalectron Corp. * Houston, Texas 	19	6.735	0.31	50. Carney Gen. Contractors, Inc./Met.	1	3,968	0.19
38. Radiation, Inc. * Palm Bay, Fla.	30	6.708	0.31	Hampton, Va.	90	ć	9
39. General Motors Corp. * Milwaukee, Wisc.	22	6.701	0.31	S2. Chesapeake and Potomac Tel. Co. * Greenbelt, Md.	36 56	3.600	0.18
*Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards. (S) = Indicates small business concerns	eral contract	s which havich has the	e different largest	*Formerly a division of Lockheed Aircraft Corp. *Combined awards to Xerox Corp. and Xerox Data Systems. Inc., formerly a subsidiary of Xerox Corp.	огр. эх Data Syster	ns. Inc., forr	nerly a
(IV) = Light venture				Formerly Monitor Systems, Inc.			

nce. The place shown is that which has the largest principal places of performance. The place amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over

Table 5-18. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1972 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

J	Don't in	Net Value	Bunk in Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards
Contractor and Place of Contract Performance	FY 1971	FY 1971 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Contract Performance	FY 1971	Amount	FY 1971 Amount Percentage
53. Bellcomm. Inc.	33	3,380	0.16	66. Technicolor, Inc.	92	2,430	0.11
Washington, D.C.				Houston, Texas	ć	6,76	
54. Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.	70	3,312	0.15	67. Owens-Illinois, Inc.	3 ?	7,362	- - -
* Long Beach, Calif.					í		:
55. ITT World Communications, Inc.	20	3,226	0.15	68. Virginia Electric Power Co.	9/	2,333	0.11
New York, N.Y.				* Hampton, Va.	ţ	0	
56. American Tel. and Tel. Co.	54	3.124	0.15	69. 3M Co.	/9	7,525	
* Greenbelt, Md.				* Freehold, N.J.	ţ	6	;
 Thiokol Chemical Corp. 	49	3.011	0.14	70. Electronic Associates, Inc.	8 9	7.78/	0.11
* Huntsville, Ala.				* West Long Branch, N.J.	í	6	:
58. Wyle Laboratories	68	2.934	0.14	71. Cleveland Elec. Illuminating Co.	6/	7.77	0.11
* Hampton, Va.				Cleveland, Ohio	;		•
59. Klate Holt Co.	63	2,883	0.13	72. Int'l. Tel. and Tel. Corp.	11.	7,219	0.10
* Hampton, Va. (S)							9
60. Southern Bell Tel. Co.	99	2.832	0.13	73. Digital Equipment Corp.	I	2,193	0.10
* Kennedy Space Center, Fla.				* Maynard, Mass.			•
61. Management Services, Inc.	4	2.815	0.13	74. McGregor and Werner, Inc.		2,131	0.10
Huntsville, Ala.				Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S)	;		•
62. Wackenhut Services, Inc.	78	2.679	0.12	75. Programming Methods, Inc.	27	2,069	0.10
* Houston, Texas				* Silver Spring, Md.		•	•
63. Cutler-Hammer, Inc.	86	2,594	0.12	76. Holmes and Narver, Inc.		2,041	0.10
* Melville, N.Y.				Los Angeles, Calif.	Š		9
64. Weston Instruments, Inc.	82	2.563	0.12	77. Barnes Engineering Co.	65	45. 45.	6.0
* Sarasota, Fla.				Stamford, Conn. (S)	,		0
65. Perkin-Elmer Corp.	53	2,497	0.12	78. Northrop Corp.	28	1,83/	0.03
* Norwalk, Conn.				* Rolling Hills Estates, Calif.			

*Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest

amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

^hFormerly a division of Lockheed Aircraft Corp.

'Combined awards to Xerox Corp. and Xerox Data Systems, Inc., formerly a subsidiary of Xerox Corp.

^dFormerly Monitor Systems, Inc.

Table 5-18. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1972 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

-					(claims of dollars)			
	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards			Mos Well	1 9
ı	Contract Performance	FY 1971	Amount 1	FY 1971 Amount Percentage	Contractor and Place of Contract Performance	Rank in FV 1971	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
75	79. Pan American World Airways, Inc. Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	43	1,785	0.08	92. Serv-Air, Inc.		1.332	- 1,332 0.06
80	80. Raytheon Co. * Waltham Mass	52	1,724	0.08	Edwards, Calif. 93. RF Communications, Inc.	72	1.321	9
∞	81. Planning Research Corp. * Huntsville: Ala.	I	1,693	80.0	Rochester, N.Y. 94. Teledyne Isotopes	ļ	1.313	8 6
82	82. Lawrence, J.H., Co. Greenbelt Md (S)	ı	1,691	0.08	* Sandusky, Ohio 95. Teledyne, Inc.	1	1.307	8
83	83. Wolf Research and Development Corp. * Riverdale, Md.	8	1,680	80.0	* El Segundo, Calif. 96. Western Electric Co., Inc.	94	1.297	0.06
8	84. ARO, Inc. Mountain View, Calif.	ļ	1.623	80.0	97. Aydin Corp.	54 ⁰	1.286	90.0
88	85. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc. * Kennedy Space Center. Fla.	80	1,578	0.07	* Fort Washington, Pa. 98. KMS Industries, Inc.	1	1,255	90.0
86.	86. Avco Corp. * Lowell Mass	82	1,551	0.07	Greenbelt, Md. 99. Informatics, Inc.	ļ	1 202	90 0
87.	87. Potomac Electric Power Co. Greenhelt Md	76	1.545	0.07	* Palo Alto, Calif. 100. Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.	I	1 200	9000
8 8	88. Rosendin Electric, Inc. Mountain View, Calif.	ľ	1.474	0.07	Houston, Texas Other		240,933	1.24
86	89. Ampex Corp. * Redwood City Calif	75	1,467	0.07				
8	90. Riggins Co., Inc. Hampton, Va. (S)	i	1,363	90.0	TOTAL AWARDS TO	C1	2,143,315	100 00
9.	91. Eastman Kodak Co. * Rochester, N.Y.	1	1.342	90:0	BUSINESS FIRMS		<u> </u>	
*	* Autords during							

*Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different brincipal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest camount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

Promerly a division of Lockheed Aircraft Corp.
'Combined awards to Xerox Corp. and Xerox Data Systems, Inc., formerly a subsidiary of Xerox Corp.

"Formerly Monitor Systems, Inc.
Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1972).

Table 5-19. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1973 (in thousands of dollars)

		Mot Volue	of Awarde	Je soold berein	Donk in	Pank in Net Value of Awards	f Awards
Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Amount D	Rank in the value of themes	Contractor and Frace of	FY 1972	FY 1972 Amount P	Percentage
Contract Performance	7/61 14	THOOILY	CICCINGE				
1. Rockwell International Corp.	3	317,756	15.40	14. Chrysler Corp.	11	27,693	1.34
* Downey, Calif.		•		* New Orleans, La.	7	36.558	1.29
2. McDonnell Douglas Corp.	_	272.364	13.20	 Sperry Kand Corp. # Huntsyille, Ala. 	1		į
* St. Louis, Mo.	C	191,987	9.30	16. Computer Sciences Corp.	61	25,103	1.22
3. Martin Marietta Corp.	1			* Silver Spring, Md.			
* Denver, Colo.	7	958 98	1 2 1	17 United Aircraft Corp.	24	24.986	1.21
4. General Electric Co.	ŧ	00,00	i :	* Fast Hartford, Conn.			
* King of Prussia, Fa.	œ	80.422	3	18 Federal Electric Corp.	<u>8</u> 1	24,833	1.20
5. General Dynamics Corp.	0	1	2				
* San Diego, Calif.	4	70 054	3.83	19 Hughes Aircraft Co.	20	20.941	1.01
6. Bendix Corp.	0	1,50,77	2				
* Columbia, Md.	4	363 36	3 66	20 I TV Aprospace Corp	21	828.61	96.0
7. Boeing Co.	0	ccc'c/	3.00				
 Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 	•		ţ,	21 Manthan Comices Inc	46	16.522	0.80
Int'l. Business Machines Corp.	/	61.307	76.7	* 11 NOTHING SCINICS, INC.			
* Huntsville, Ala.					,,	14 717	0.71
9. Fairchild Industries, Inc.	9	43,724	2.12	22. Lockheed Missiles and Space Co., Ille.			
* Germantown, Md.			!	* Sunnyvale, Calif.		12 956	0.63
10. RCA Corp.	6	38,227	1.85	23. Kentron Hawaii, Lld.		0.771	3
* Princeton, N.J.				* Houston, lexas	7.	12 410	9
11. PhilcoFord Corp.	=	37.521	1.82	24. Honeywell, Inc.	/1	714:71	3
* Houston, Texas			!	* St. Petersburg, Fla.	7	11 998	0.58
12. Lockheed Electronics Co.	91	29,339	1.42	25. Grumman Aerospace Corp.	<u>t</u>	2//11	
* Houston, Texas				Bethpage, N.Y.	ç	11 235	0.54
13 TRW. Inc.	13	28,223	1.37	26. Litton Systems, Inc.	†	007:11	
* Redondo Beach, Calif.				* Los Angeles, Calif.			
* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the	on several con	tracts which	n have ch has the	"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.	ards on resear er contracts of	ch and develo \$25,000 and	pment over.
largest amount of the awards.				"Formerly a division of Raytheon Co.			

* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over." Formerly a division of Raytheon Co.

Table 5-19. Top One Hundred Contractors: 8 FY 1973 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in Net Value of Awards	t Value o	f Awards	Contractor and Place of	1100	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1972 Amount Percentage	ount Pe	rcentage		Kank in FY 1972	Amount Percentage	Dercentor
27. Computing and Software, Inc. * Greenbelt, Md.	78	9.815	0.48	40. Dynalectron Corp.	37	5.418	0.26
28. Teledyne Industries, Inc. * Northridge, Calif.	4	652.6	0.47	41. MasonRust New, Orleans 1.9	9	5.301	0.26
 29. American Science and Engrg Inc. Cambridge, Mass. (S) 	35 8	8.877	0.43	42. MorrisonKnudsen Co. Kennedy Space Contar Elic	1	4,780	0.23
30. Brown Engineering Co., Inc. * Huntsville, Ala.	36 8	8.617	0.42	43. Pan American World Airways, Inc. * Kennedy Space Center File.	62	4.628	0.22
31. General Motors Corp. * Goleta, Calif.	36	8.124	0.39	44. Control Data Corp. * Minneanolis Minn	31	4,594	0.22
 Hayes International Corp. Huntsville, Ala. 	4	7.848	0.38	45. Chesapeake and Potomac Tel. Co.	52	4,442	0.22
 Westinghouse Electric Corp. * Friendship Airport, Md. 	33 7	7,450	0.36	46. Thiokol Chemical Corp. * Huntanillo Ale	57	4,187	0.20
34. Singer Co. * Houston, Texas	29 7	7.277	0.35	47. Management Services, Inc.	19	4,160	0.20
 Garrett Corp. * Torrance, Calif. 	36 6	0.900	0.33	48. American Tel. and Tel. Co. * Greenbalt Md	95	4.067	0.20
 Lockheed Aircraft Corp. * Marietta, Ga. 	43 6	6.752	0.33	49. AerojetGeneral Corp. * F1 Monte Colif	15	3.910	0.19
 Global Associates Bay St. Louis, Miss. 	32 6	6,472	0.31	50. ILC Industries, Inc. Dover Del	30	3,902	0.19
38. Raytheon Service Co. * Halethorpe, Md.	ج مر	5.896	0.29	51. Informatics Tisco, Inc.	\$	3.844	0.19
 39. Xerox Corp. * El Segundo, Calif. 	34 5	5.655	0.27	52. ITT World Communications, Inc. * New York N V	55	3.743	0.18

* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(5) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

Table 5-19. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1973 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

		Net Value of Awards	of Awards		Courtestor and Disco of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	f Awards
Contractor and Place of	Kank in FY 1972	Kank in Francisco FY 1972 Amount Percentage	ercentage		Contract Performance	FY 1972	FY 1972 Amount Percentage	ercentage
sa Alaba Building Corn		3.623	0.18	66. Co	Collins Radio Co.		2,244	0.11
Houston, Texas (S) F4. Santa Barbara Research Center	47	3,308	0.16	* 67. Tec	* Addison, Texas Technicolor Graphic Service, Inc.	99	2,156	0.10
Goleta, Calif.	45	3,185	0.15	68. Wc	Houston, Texas Woerfel Corp. and Towne Realty Co. (JV)	I	2,124	0.10
* Fort Worth, Texas	72	3,017	0.15	69. MG	Cape Kennedy, Fla. McGregor and Werner, Inc.	74	2.086	0.10
* Fort Wayne, Ind.	68	2,988	0.15	70. Ba	Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (3) Ball Brothers Research Corp.	51	2.063	0.10
* Redwood City, Calif. 58. Aydin Corp.	76	2,898	0.14	71. La	Boulder, Colo. Lathrop F.P. Construction Co.	i	2.030	0.10
* Fort Washington, Pa. 59. Southern Bell Tel. Co.	09	2.825	0.14	72. Pla	Mountain View, Calil. Planning Research Corp.	8	2,027	0.10
* Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 60. ServAir. Inc.	92	2,489	0.12	73. Ez	Eastman Kodak Co.	16	1,995	0.10
* Edwards, Calif. 61. Virginia Electric Power Co.	89	2,456	0.12	74. W	* Rochester, N.Y. Wackenhut Services, Inc.	62	1,917	0.09
* Hampton, Va. 62, Cleveland Elec. Illuminating Co.	7.1	2,451	0.12	75. U	* Houston, Texas United Air Lines, Inc.	1	1,913	60.0
* Cleveland, Ohio 63. Wyle Laboratories	88	2,385	0.12	76. A	76. Aero Spacelines, Inc.	I	1,891	0.09
Hampton, Virginia 64. Klate Holt Co.	65	2,373	0.11	77. W	* Lost Angeles, Call. (3) Wolf Research and Develop. Corp. * Pincadels, Md	83	1,865	0.09
* Hampton, Va. (S) 65. Computer Sciences Corp./ Technicolor Graphics DP	1	2,347	0.11	78. A	Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. * Long Beach, Calif.	54	1,850	0.09
Assoc. (JV) Greenbelt, Md.								
* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have	on several con	tracts which	have th has the	-D.	 Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over. 	ds on resear contracts of	ch and develo \$25,000 and	pment over.

contracts of \$10,000 and over any on an becomenly a division of Raytheon Co. different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

Table 5-19. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1973 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards	Contractor and Disca of	Dong		Net Value of Awards
	FY 1972	Amount	FY 1972 Amount Percentage		FY 1972		Amount Dercentoge
			١		-//1 11		reiceillag
79. Lawrence, J.H., Co. Greenbelt, Md. (S)	£	1.831	0.09	92. Pacific Gas and Electric Co. * Mountain View, Calif		1.348	0.07
80. S & Q Construction Co. * Mountain View, Calif. (S)	I	1,819	60.0	93. Hewlett—Packard Co. * Palo Alto Calif		1,340	90.0
81. Texas Instruments, Inc. * Dallas, Texas	1	1,785	60.0	94. Weston Instruments, Inc. * College Park Md	Ī	1.292	90.0
82. Mechanical Projects, Inc. Hampton, Va. (S)	1	1.782	60.0	95. Western Union International, Inc. New York N Y	1	1.288	90.0
83. Programming Methods, Inc. * Mountain View, Calif.	75	1,756	60.0	96. Systems Engineering Labs. Inc.		1,265	90.0
84. Electronic Associates, Inc. * Hampton, Va.	70	1.744	0.08	97. Southwestern Bell Telephone Co. Houston, Texas	901	1,257	90.0
85. PerkinElmer Corp. * Norwalk, Conn.	59	1.717	0.08	98. Raytheon Co.	08	1,234	0.06
86. Taft Broadcasting Co. Houston, Texas (S)	***	1.712	0.08	99. Peoples Construction Co. Mountain View Calif (S)	1	1,167	90.0
 Systems Technology Associates, Inc. Falls Church, Va. (S) 	!	1.628	0.08	100. OwensIllinois, Inc.	29	1,160	90.0
88. Potomac Electric Power Co. Greenbelt, Md.	87	1,574	80.0	Other		219,819	10.65
89. R&W Machine Co. Hampton, Va. (S)	1	1,465	0.02				
90. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc. * Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	88	1.381	0.02	TOTAL AWARDS TO		2,063,797	100.00
91. Jacob Transfer, Inc. Greenbelt, Md.	1	1.355	0.07				
* - Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.	everal cont ace shown	racts which is that which	have 1 has the	"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over Permerly a division of Raytheon Co.	rds on research	and develo	pment
(3) = Indicates small business concerns.				Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1973)	(Eigen room 10	333	

Table 5-20. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1974 (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1971	FY 1971 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Contract Performance	FY 1971	FY 1971 Amount Percentage	ercentage
Rockwell International Corp. * Downey Calif	ا	486.478	22.96	14. Sperry Rand Corp. * Huntsville. Ala.	15	21,667	1.02
2. Martin Marietta Corp.	3	201.800	9.53	15. Federal Electric Corp. * Kennedy Space Center Fla	81	20,932	66.0
3. McDonnell Douglas Corp.	61	155,955	7.36	16. TRW, Inc.	13	20,750	86.0
* Huntington Beach, Calif. 4. Bendix Corp.	9	19,801	3.77	* Redondo Beach, Calif. 17. Hughes Aircraft Co. * Fl Schoolst	61	17,996	0.85
* Columbia, Md. 5. General Dynamics Corp.	8	79,539	3.75	18. LTV Aerospace Corp.	20	17,229	0.81
* San Diego, Calit. 6. General Electric Co.	4	64,996	3.07	19. Thiokol Corp.	46	17,012	08.0
King of Prussia, Fa. 7. Boeing Co.	7	60,047	2.83	20. American Airlines, Inc.	1	16,850	08.0
* Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 8. Int'l. Business Machines Corp.	œ	47,491	2.24	21. Northrop Services, Inc.	21	16,271	0.77
Houston, texas 9. United Aircraft Corp.	17	39,671	1.87	22. Chrysler Corp.	4	16,053	0.76
Lest Hartford, Conn. 10. Philco-Ford Corp.	Ξ	36,010	1.70	23. Morrison-Knudsen Co., Inc.	42	15,551	0.73
11. Lockheed Electronics Co., Inc.	12	35,377	1.67	24. Fairchild Industries, Inc. * Germantown Md	6	12,976	0.61
12. RCA Corp.	01	34.736	3.	25. Honeywell, Inc. * St. Petershire Fla	24	12.644	0.60
13. Computer Sciences Corp. * Silver Spring, Md.	91	27,395	1.29	26. Teledyne Industries, Inc. * Los Angeles, Calif.	28	12,341	0.58
* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the	on several cont	racts which is that which	have th has the	**Includes awards to Collins Radio Co now a division of Rockwell International Corp.	ow a division of	Rockwell Int	ernational

largest amount of the awards. (S) = Indicates small business concerns. (JV) = Joint venture. $^{\circ}$ Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

Formerly Computing and Software. Inc. dFormerly Serv-Air, Inc. Formerly Informatics Tisco. Inc.

Table 5-20. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1974 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Don't i	Deal. : Net Value of Awards	of Award
Contract Performance	FY 1973	Amount	FY 1973 Amount Dercentage		Kank III	ייכו ימותר	ח שאים וה
		Illinoille	ciccillage	Contract Performance	FY 1973	FY 1973 Amount Percentage	Percentag
Litton Systems, Inc.* Los Angeles, Calif.	36	11,253	0.53	40. Lockheed Aircraft Corp.	36	7,701	0.36
28. Grumman Aerospace Corp. * Bethpage, N.Y.	25	11,133	0.53	41. Hayes International Corp. * Huntsville, Ala.	32	7.352	0.35
29. Harris Corp.* Rochester, N.Y.	1	10,581	0.50	42. Xerox Corp. * El Segundo Calif	39	7.088	0.33
30. Textron, Inc. * Fort Worth, Texas	25	10,104	0.48	43. American Science and Engrg., Inc. Cambridge, Mass. (S)	59	968.9	0.33
* Fan American World Airways, Inc. * Houston, Texas	43	9,835	0.46	44. Cordura Corp. * Slidell 1 a	27°	6.033	0.28
32. Computer Sciences Corp./Technicolor Graphics DP Assoc. (JV) * Greenhalt MA	65	9,158	0.43		23	5,832	0.28
33. Westinghouse Electric Corp. * Friendship Airnort Md	33	8,849	0.42	46. Mason-Rust (JV) * New Orleans, La.	1 4	5,800	0.27
34. General Motors Corp.	31	8,341	0.39	 Management Services, Inc. Huntsville, Ala. (S) 	47	5,077	0.24
35. Raytheon Service Co. * Halethorne: Md	38	8.294	0.39		_p 09	4.971	0.23
36. Lockheed Missiles and Space Co., Inc.	33	8,120	0.38		45	4.766	0.22
37. Brown Engineering Co., Inc. Huntsville, Ala.	30	8,090	0.38	50. Aerojet-General Corp. * Sacramento, Calif.	49	4,466	0.21
38. Global Associates Bay St. Louis Miss	37	8,064	0.38	* Houston, Texas	34	4,447	0.21
39. Control Data Corp. * Minneapolis, Minn.	4	7,900	0.37	32. Avco Corp.* Huntsville, Ala.	ĺ	4.214	0.20

different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

Formerly Computing and Software, Inc.

^dFormerly Serv-Air, Inc.

^eFormerly Informatics Tisco, Inc.

Table 5-20. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1974 (in thousands of dollars)

							Nat Value of Awards	of Awards
30 000 IO F	Dank in	Net Value	Dank in Net Value of Awards		Contractor and Place of	Rank in -	iver value	CI Vacancia
Contractor and Flace of	FY 1973	Amount P	FY 1973 Amount Percentage		Contract Performance	FY 1973	FY 1973 Amount Percentage	Percentag
53. Informatics Information Systems Co.	516	4.186	0.20	\$	66. Santa Barbara Research Center	54	2,544	0.12
College Park, Md.	9	0.00	91	17	Goleta, Calit.	69	2.508	0.12
54. Dynalectron Corp.	9	5,810	6.18	0	* Kennedy Snace Center, Fla. (S)	}		
* Las Cruces, N.M. 55. ITT World Communications, Inc.	55	3,515	0.17	. 89	=	29	2.427	0.11
New York, N.Y.	f	, 503	210	69	Houston, Texas Hewlett-Packard Co.	93	2,312	0.11
56. Planning Research Corp.	7/	5,505	`. `	} _				
* Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	98	3.052	0.14	70.	щ	73	2,304	0.11
* Fort Wayne, Ind.	,	7 945	71 0	71	* Rochester, N.Y. Ball Brothers Research Corp.	70	2,152	0.10
58. United Airlines, Inc. Son Francisco, Calif	C)	Ç.		:		Ş		5
59. Wyle Laboratories	63	2,904	0.14	72.	Potc	œ œ	7:07	0.10
* Hampton, Va.	!		5		Greenbelt, Md. Darkin Elmar Corn	8	2,034	0.10
Cleveland Elec. Illuminating Co.	79	7.814	0.13					
Cleveland, Obio 61 Alpha Building Corp.	83	2.729	0.13	74.	Ę	81	2,019	0.10
Houston, Texas (S)	Q	087 (0 13	75	* Dallas, Texas R & W Machine Co.	6 %	1.946	0.09
62. American Tel, and Tel. Co. * Greenhelt Md	¢	790.7	G1.N			:		8
63. Expedient Services, Inc.	;	2.666	0.13	76.	×	\$	1.944 444	80.0
Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S)	Ş	717 (61.0	7	* Hampton, Va. (S)	28	1.848	0.0
64. ILC Industries, Inc.	2	70.7	71.0		* Fort Washington, Pa.			
* Dover, Del. 65. Amex Corp.	23	2.607	0.12	<u>×</u>	3	74	1.822	0.0
* Redwood City, Calit.				_		9	Dockmall L	notionation
*= Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have	everal cont	racts which	have		*Includes awards to Collins Radio Co., now a division of Kockwell intermational	va division of	ROCKWEIL	IICIIIIaiioiii
different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the	alace shown	ıs that wn	cn nas inc	,	COLD. *Exemptly Committing and Software, Inc.			
largest amount of the awards.					discovering Companies and Service of the			
(S) = Indicates small business concerns.					Chambelly Self-ran, inc.			

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.
(JV) = Joint venture.
"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

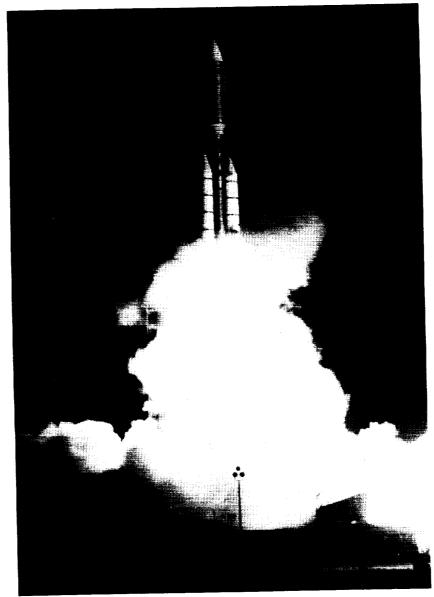
'Formerly Informatics Tisco, Inc.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1974),

"Data for individual companies include awards on research and development contracts of \$10,000 and over and on all other contracts of \$25,000 and over.

Table 5-20. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1974 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

ට	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards	J. Table Pan actionated		Mot Webs	4 3
0		FY 1973	Amount I	FY 1973 Amount Percentage	Contractor and Place of Contract Performance	Rank in	Net value	Rank in Net Value of Awards
79. Garrett Corp.	Corp.	35	1.822	0.00	92 Southern Rell Telenhous C.		HIDORIIL	TO AMOUNT Percentage
Pho	* Phoenix, Ariz.				* Kennedy Space Center Fla	66	1,376	90.0
ou. Air Pro * Lon	ov. Alr Products and Chemicals, Inc. * Long Beach, Calif.	82	1.814	0.09	93. Electronic Associates, Inc.	84	1,365	90.0
81. PRC Da * Was	81. PRC Data Services, Inc. * Washington, D.C.	ł	1,747	80.0	Hampton, Va. 94. Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.	76	1,311	90.0
82. Western	82. Western Union International, Inc.	95	1.739	0.08	Houston, Texas 95. Aro, Inc.	ı	1.300	90
83. Peoples Mou	83. Peoples Construction Co. Mountain View, Calif. (S)	8	1.677	80.0	Mountain View, Calif. 96. Bell and Howell Co.	ļ	1,295	0.06
84. Honeyw * Atla	84. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc. * Atlanta, Ga.	8	1.628	80.0	97. Weston Instruments, Inc.	94	1,273	90.0
85. Reynold * Jack	85. Reynolds Smith and Hills, Inc. * Jacksonville, Fla.	1	1.621	80.0	Sarasota, Fla. 98. B.D. Ashe	ļ	1,241	90:0
86. Wolf Res	86. Wolf Research and Develop. Corp. * Riverdale. Md.	11	1,559	0.07	Hampton, Va. (S) 99. Seelye Stevenson Value Knecht, Inc.	ı	1,228	90:0
87. Evans an * Salt	87. Evans and Sutherland Computer Corp. * Salt Lake City, Utah (S)	1	1,471	0.07	New York, N.Y. 100. Johnson Service Co.	ı	1,215	90.0
88. J.H. Lawrence Co. Greenbelt, Md.	Lawrence Co. Greenbelt, Md. (S)	62	1,463	0.07	* Kennedy Space Center, Fla. Other		256,390	12.10
89. Greiner	89. Greiner Engineering Sciences, Inc. Tampa Pla	l	1.431	0.07				
90. Kelsey-S	90. Kelsey-Seybold Clinic * Houston Texas	I	1.394	0.07	TOTAL AWARDS TO	C 1	2,118.627	0
91. Jacob Transfer, Inc. Greenbelt, Md.	b Transfer, Inc. Greenbelt, Md.	16	1,386	0.07	BUSINESS FIRMS			
*= Awards d different princi	* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the	veral contractice shown is	ts which h that which	ave has the	^h Includes awards to Collins Radio Co., now a division of Rockwell International Corp.	division of Re	ockwell Inte	rnational
(S) = Indicates sma (JV) = Joint venture.	Essa amount of the awards. (S) = Indicates small business concerns. (IJV) = Joint venture.				'Formerly Computing and Software, Inc. dFormerly Serv-Air, Inc. 'Formerly Informatics Tisco, Inc			
Data 101 IIIO	Data for Individual companies include awards on research and development	on research a	and develo	pment				



Voyager I spacecraft lifts off atop a Titan-Centaur rocket on September 5, 1977 to join its sister spacecraft Voyager II on a mission to the outer planets.

ORIGINAL PAGE BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH

Table 5-21. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1975 (in thousands of dollars)

				(cipilon to company)			
Contractor and Place of	Rank in		Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Done	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1974	Amount	FY 1974 Amount Percentage	Contract Performance	FY 1974	FY 1974 Amount	Percentage
l. Rockwell International Corp.	_	681,619	30.23	14. Thiokol Corp.	19		286
2. Martin Marietta Corp.	r.	130 255	\$ 78	* Brigham City, Utah	:		<u>.</u>
* Denver, Colo.	1	77-100	9/:/	* Silver Spring Md	<u>~</u>	27,142	1.20
3. McDonnell Douglas Corp. * Huntington Reach, Calif	S.	125,450	5.56	16. Hughes Aircraft Co.	17	26,263	1.16
4. General Dynamics Corp.	5	85,281	3.78	* El Segundo, Calif. 17. Sperry Rand Corp.	7	222 66	90
* San Diego, Calif.					<u>t</u>	56.33	0.33
λ. Bendix Corp. * Columbia Md	4	75,702	3.36	18. LTV Aerospace Corp.	81	18,451	0.82
6. General Electric Co.	¢	822 09	3 00	* Dallas, Texas	į		
* King of Prussia, Pa.		07,70	7.03	* Houston Tayas	71	16,961	0.75
7. Int'l Business Machines Corp.	∞	54,246	2.41	20. Textron. Inc.	30	15 221	070
* Houston, Texas				* Fort Worth Taxas	Or.	157.61	0.08
8. Lockheed Electronics Co., Inc. * Houston Taxon	=	46,219	2.05	21. Grumman Aerospace Corp.	78	14,136	0.63
9. Boeing Co	7	73 686	6				
* Kennedy Space Center Fla	-	000,04	<u></u>	* Kanning Kesearch Corp.	95	13.792	19:0
10. RCA Corn.	5	10,683	77				
* Princeton, N.J.	1	52,005	9/:1	 control Data Corp. Minneapolis Minn 	36	12,525	95.0
11. United Technologies Corp.	φ	36.230	1.61	24. Teledyne Industries. Inc.	λ,	11.864	0.53
* Stratford, Conn.				* Los Angeles, Calif.	ì	100,11	£C.0
12. TKW, Inc. * Dodowdo Donal Catte	16	34.425	1.53	25. Chrysler Corp.	22	11,393	0.51
Nedondo Beach, Calif.			-	* New Orleans, La.			
15. Aeronutronics Ford Corp.	<u>.</u>	28,965	1.28	26. American Sciences and Engrg., Inc.	43	10,929	0.48
Houston, lexas				Cambridge, Mass. (S)		ì	<u>:</u>
* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the	n several contra	acts which s that which	have h has the	Formerly Philco-Ford Corp.			
largest amount of the awards.				Support. Inc.	vision or integ	grated Syster	SE SE
(S) = Indicates small business concerns.(IV) = Ioint sentines				Formerly a division of E-Systems, Inc.			
Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000.	those of less th	an \$10,000		'Includes awards to Wolf Research and Development Corp., now a division of EG&G, Inc.	opment Corp.	. now a divi	sion of
Promerly United Aircraft Corp.							

Table 5-21. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1975 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Pack of Rank in Net Value of Pack of			Mot Volue	of Awards	John College C	Donk in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Technicolor FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage Contract Performance FY 1974 Amount Percentage FY 1974 Amount Percentage FY 1974 Perce	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net value	N Awalus	Contractor and Place of	Kalik III		
Technicolor 32 10,410 0.46 40. Center, Fla. 51 9,124 0.40 43. Inc. 6 15 10,185 0.45 42. Center, Fla. 51 9,124 0.40 43. Miss. Center, Fla. 38 8,638 0.38 45. A Airways, Inc. 31 8,144 0.36 45. Corp. 25 8,116 0.36 47. Corp. 40 7,030 0.31 49. Tic Corp. 36 6,971 0.31 50. Inc. Corp. 33 6,845 0.30 51. Sort, Md. 23 6,809 0.30 52. Co., Inc. 35 6,780 0.30 52. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 52. Leperformance. The place shown is that which has the stress. Burements, generally those of less than \$10,000.	Contract Performance	FY 1974	Amount P	ercentage	Contract Performance	FY 1974		Percentage
The corper, Fla. 15 10,185 0.45 42. Center, Fla. 51 9,124 0.40 43. Inc. — 8,733 0.39 44. Miss. 44. Miss. 25 8,144 0.36 46. Fla. 25 8,146 0.36 47. Corp. 37 7,381 0.33 48. Corp. 40 7,030 0.31 49. The Space Co., Inc. 36 6,971 0.31 50. The Space Co., Inc. 36 6,845 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 35 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 24 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 25 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 26 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 26 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 27 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 28 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 29 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 29 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 29 6,809 0.30 51.	1 1	32	10,410	0.46	40. Santa Barbara Research Center	95	6,249	0.28
ienter, Fla. 15 10,185 0.45 42. 16. 31 9,124 0.40 43. 17. enter, Fla. 18. 38 8,638 0.38 44. 18. 44. 18. 44. 18. 44. 18. 44. 19. 144 0.36 46. 19. 10.3 1 8,144 0.36 46. 19. 10.3 1 8,144 0.36 46. 19. 10.3 1 8,144 0.36 47. 19. 10.3 1 8,144 0.36 46. 19. 10.3 1 8,144 0.36 47. 19. 10.3 1 8,144 0.36 47. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10.	Assocs. (JV)				Goleta, Calitornia 41. Integrated Systems Support, Inc.	Ð	980'9	0.27
S. Lenter, Fla. 51 9,124 0.40 43. S. Linc. — 8,733 0.39 44. Miss. Miss. 144 0.36 46. Add Airways, Inc. 31 8,144 0.36 46. S. 25 8,116 0.36 47. Gov. Inc. 37 7,381 0.31 48. And Space Co., Inc. 36 6,971 0.31 50. Inf. Corp. 33 6,845 0.30 51. Foot, Md. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 35 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 35 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 24 6,809 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 25 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 25 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 26 Center, Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 51. Co., Inc. 26 Center, Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 52. Co., Inc. 26 Center, Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 52. Co., Inc. 26 Center, Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 52. Co., Inc. 26 Center, Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 52. Co., Inc. 26 Center, Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 52. Co., Inc. 27 6,809 0.30 52. Co., Inc. 28 6,809 0.30 52. Co., Inc. 29 6,809 0.30 52. Co., Inc. 20 6,809 0.30	28. Federal Electric Corp.	15	10,185	0.45	* Slidell, La. 42 Ball Brothers Research Corp.	71	176,5	0.26
s. Inc. — 8,733 0.39 44. e Center. Fla. 38 8,638 0.38 45. Miss. 45. Id Airways, Inc. 31 8,144 0.36 46. s 25 8,116 0.36 47. g Co., Inc. 37 7,381 0.33 48. and Space Co., Inc. 36 6,971 0.31 50. liff. 33 6,845 0.30 51. c Center. Fla. 23 6,809 0.30 51. c Co. Inc. 35 6,780 0.30 51. c Co. Inc. 35 6,780 0.30 51. liff. 35 6,780 0.30 52. co. Inc. 35 6,780 0.30 52. co. Inc. 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	* Kennedy Space Center, F1a. 29. Singer Co.	51	9,124	0.40		ç	\$ 963	0.76
Miss. Miss. Miss. History Miss. History Miss. History Miss. 144. 157. History Miss. 158. History Miss. 168. 169. History Miss. 1738 169. History Miss. 1738 169. History Miss. 1738 1749 1750 1	on, Texas	١	8.733	0.39	×	7		
Miss. 45. Miss. 46. 47. 48. 47. 48. 47. 48. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49					Hayes International	14	5,7,5	0.26
liss. Airways, Inc. 31 8,144 0.36 46. Airways, Inc. 25 8,116 0.36 47. la. 10. 1nc. 37 7,381 0.33 48. calif. 40 7,030 0.31 49. calif. 1Space Co., Inc. 36 6,971 0.31 50. c Corp. 33 6,845 0.30 51. c Corp. 33 6,845 0.30 51. c Corp. 33 6,849 0.30 51. c. Corp. 35 6,780 0.30 51. c. Corp. 35 6,780 0.30 51. c. Corp. 50. 1nc. 50. 10c. c. Corp. 50. 1nc. 50. 10c. c. Corp. 50. 1nc. 50. 10c. c. Corp. 50. 1nc. 50. 10c. c. Corp. 50. 1nc. 50. 10c. c. Corp. 50. 1nc. 50. 1nc. c. Corp. 50. 1nc. c. Corp. 50		38	8,638	0.38	Ú	v	5.509	0.24
la. 10., Inc. 10., I	Bay St. Louis, Miss. 32 Pan American World Airways, Inc.	31	8,144	0.36		?	1 581	0.00
Inc. 37 7,381 0.33 48. Inc. 37 7,381 0.33 48. f. 40 7,030 0.31 49. ace Co., Inc. 36 6,971 0.31 50. orp. 33 6,845 0.30 51. Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. ter, Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 52. sent awards on several contracts which have ormance. The place shown is that which has the stements.	* Houston, Texas	į)	76 0		5	i oc't	27.0
Inc. 37 7,381 0.33 48. 40 7,030 0.31 49. ace Co., Inc. 36 6,971 0.31 50. orp. 33 6,845 0.30 51. Inc. 23 6,809 0.30 51. ter, Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 52. st awards on several contracts which have ormance. The place shown is that which has the st concerns.	33. Honeywell, Inc.	3	8,110	0.30	Ή	29	4,347	0.19
f. ace Co., Inc. 36 6.971 0.31 49. orp. 33 6.845 0.30 51. Md. 23 6.809 0.30 51. ter, Fla. 35 6.780 0.30 52. ent awards on several contracts which have ormance. The place shown is that which has the st. seoncerns.		37	7,381	0.33			4 305	0.19
f. ace Co., Inc. 36 6.971 0.31 50. orp. 33 6.845 0.30 51. Md. 23 6.809 0.30 51. Inc. 23 6.809 0.30 52. ter, Fla. 35 6.780 0.30 52. standards on several contracts which have ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger stronger ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger ormance. The place shown is that which has the stronger or a strong	Huntsville, Ala.	Ş	1	0.21	⊐		60.	
36 6,971 0.31 50. 33 6,845 0.30 51. 23 6,809 0.30 52. 35 6,780 0.30 52. several contracts which have place shown is that which has the St.	35. Lockheed Aircraft Corp.	₽	060.7	16.0	Ŏ		4.275	0.19
33 6,845 0.30 51. 23 6,809 0.30 52. 35 6,780 0.30 52. several contracts which have place shown is that which has the St.	36. Lockheed Missiles and Space Co., Inc.		6.971	0.31		7.0	4 208	0.19
Fla. 23 6,809 0.30 52. Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 52. wards on several contracts which have unce. The place shown is that which has the steerns. Energy those of less than \$10,000.	* Sunnyvale, Calif.		3707	02.0	3	ì		
Fla. 35 6,809 0.30 52. Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 52. wards on several contracts which have ince. The place shown is that which has the Streems. Energy those of less than \$10,000.	37. Westinghouse Electric Corp. * Briendship Airport Md.	cc	0,040	00	×	45	4,168	0.18
Fla. 35 6,780 0.30 St. wards on several contracts which have nince. The place shown is that which has the steerns.	38. Morrison-Knudsen Co., Inc.	23	6.809	0.30			4 043	0 18
esent awards on several contracts which have erformance. The place shown is that which has the Suess concerns.	Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	35	6,780	0.30		l	7.0.°	
_ ∞ <u>m</u>	* Halethorpe, Md.							
ly those of less than \$10,000.	* = Awards during year represent awards on different principal places of performance. The largest amount of the awards.	several con	tracts which	have ch has the	Formerly Philco-Ford Corp. *Includes awards to Cordura Corp., now Support, Inc. *Expressive a division of E-Systems Inc.	a division of In	tegrated Syst	ешѕ
	(S) = Indicates small business concerns. (JV) = Joint venture.	sod jo esode	than \$10.00	_	fincludes awards to Wolf Research and DEG&G, Inc.	evelopment Co	rp., now a di	vision of
	"Excludes smaller productions, generally become become and the Aircraft Corp.	2001						

Table 5-21. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1975 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Rank in Net Value of Awards	et Value	of Awards					
				Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards
FY 1974 Amount Percentage	mount P	ercentage		Contract Performance	FY 1974	Amount	FY 1974 Amount Percentage
49	3,900	0.17	99.	Hewlett-Packard Co. * Mountain View Calif	69	2,925	0.13
99	3,840	0.17	67. A	Amplex Corp. * Berbesda, Md	99	2,706	0.12
l	3.568	0.16	68. B	Seckman Instruments, Inc. * Anaheim. Calif.	1	2,615	0.12
47	3,509	0.16	69. T	Fechnology Development Corp. * Mountain View Calif (S)	1	2,604	0.12
53	3,452	0.15	70. P	Ootomac Electric Power Co. Greenhelt, Md	72	2,519	0.11
74	3,367	0.15	71. II	TT World Communications, Inc.	55	2.514	0.11
8 8	3,321	0.15	72. B	Soeing Services International, Inc. New Orleans 1 a	ļ	2,483	0.11
08	3.264	0.14	73. M	Modular Computer Systems, Inc. Et 1 anderdale Ela (S)	ı	2,453	0.11
46	3,232	0.14	74. K	Klate Holt Co. * Houston Texas (S)	76	2,429	0.11
89	3,213	0.14	75. R	Reinhold Construction, Inc. Kennedy Space Center, Els. (S)	I	2.376	0.11
25	3,112	0.14	76. Ir.	nschos Mechanical Contractors, Inc. Huntsville Ala (S)	1	2,292	0.10
1	2,965	0.13	77. Te	echnicolor Graphic Services, Inc. Houston, Texas	89	2,267	0.10
79	2,952	0.13	78. A	American Tel. and Tel. Co. * Greenbelt, Md.	62	2,248	0.10
ral contract s shown is t	s which h hat which	ave has the	F. Th Supp	ormerly Philco-Ford Corp. reludes awards to Cordura Corp., now a div yort. Inc.	vision of Integ	grated Syste	SE SE
1 4 5	60 60 74 74 74 88 88 80 80 79 79	49 3.900 60 3.840 - 3.568 47 3.509 53 3.452 74 3.367 88 3.321 80 3.264 46 3.232 59 3.213 54 3.112 - 2.965 79 2.952 al contracts which has shown is that which has shown in the shown is that which has shown in the shown is that which has shown in the shown in the shown in the shown is that which has shown in the shown in the shown in the shown in the shown in the shown in the shown is that which has shown in the s	3.900 3.840 3.568 3.509 3.452 3.367 3.264 3.224 3.232 3.213 3.112 2.965 2.965	68 69 75 75 75 78 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	68 69 7. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	66. Hewlett-Packard Co. * Mountain View, Calif. 67. Amplex Corp. * Bethesda, Md. 68. Beckman Instruments, Inc. * Anaheim, Calif. 69. Technology Development Corp. * Mountain View, Calif. (S) 70. Potomac Electric Power Co. Greenbelt. Md. 71. ITT World Communications, Inc. New York, N.Y. 72. Boeing Services International, Inc. New York, N.Y. 73. Modular Computer Systems. Inc. Ft. Lauderdale, Fla. (S) 74. Klate Holt Co. * Houston, Texas (S) 75. Reinhold Construction, Inc. Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S) 76. Inschos Mechanical Contractors, Inc. Houston, Texas 78. American Tel. and Tel. Co. * Greenbelt, Md. * Greenbelt, Md. * Formerly Philco-Ford Corp. * Greenbelt, Md. * Formerly Philco-Ford Corp. * Formerly Philco-Ford Corp. * Formerly a division of F-Systems Inc.	66. Hewlett-Packard Co. * Mountain View, Calif. 67. Amplex Corp. * Beckman Instruments, Inc. * Anaheim, Calif. 69. Technology Development Corp. * Mountain View, Calif. (S) 70. Potomac Electric Power Co. Greenbelt. Md. 71. ITT World Communications, Inc. New York, N.Y. 72. Boeing Services International, Inc. New Orleans, La. 73. Modular Computer Systems. Inc. Ft. Lauderdale, Fla. (S) 74. Klate Holt Co. * Houston, Texas (S) 75. Reinhold Construction, Inc. Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S) 76. Inschos Mechanical Contractors, Inc. Huntsville, Ala. (S) 77. Technicolor Graphic Services, Inc. Houston, Texas 78. American Tel. and Tel. Co. * Greenbelt, Md. * Formerly Philco-Ford Corp. * Greenbelt, Md. * Formerly a division of F-Systems Inc.

(JV) = Joint venture.
"Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000.
"Formerly United Aircraft Corp.

Formerly a division of E-Systems, Inc.
Includes awards to Wolf Research and Development Corp., now a division of EG&G, Inc.

Table 5-21. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1975 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	O and Dive of	Pank in	Net Value	Bank in Net Value of Awards		Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards
	Contractor and Frace of Contract Performance	FY 1974	Amount F	FY 1974 Amount Percentage		Contract Performance	FY 1974	Amount	Amount Percentage
97	79 Varian Associates		2,162	0.10	25	Wackenhut Services, Inc.	78	1,549	0.07
	* Palo Alto, Calif.					Houston, Texas		,	ţ
80.	80. Perkin-Elmer Corp.	73	2,055	60.0	93.	Ъ	l	1,544	0.0
	* Norwalk, Conn.			6	3			1 570	20 0
<u>∞</u>	81. EG and G, Inc.	-	1,954	0.0 60.0	2 ,	Σ	ļ	476,1	70.0
	* Riverdale, Md.						ò		0.0
82.	82. Digital Equipment Corp.		1.938	6). ().	95.	ă	\$	1,518	0.0
	* Maynard, Mass.					* Pasadena, Calit.			t
83.	83. Avco Corp.	52	1,858	80.0	ģ	Ope	I	1,512	0.0
	* Huntsville, Ala.					Silver Spring, Md.			t
8	84. R & W Machine Co.	75	1,835	80.0	97.	97. Micro Craft, Inc.		1,509	0.0/
	Hampton, Va. (S)					Tullahoma, Tenn. (S)			
8	85 Int'l Tel and Tel Corn	57	1.795	0.08	<u>%</u>	Ralph M. Parsons Co.		1,490	0.07
	* Fort Wayne, Ind.					* Pasadena, Calif.			
8	X6 B D Ashe	86	1.782	0.08	8;	Econ, Inc.		1,446	90.0
	Hampton, Va. (S)					* Princeton, N.J. (S)			
22	87 PRC Data Services, Inc.	81	1,766	80.0	<u>.</u>	Metro Contract Services	1	1,442	0.06
	McLean Va					* Houston, Texas (S)			
∞ ∞	Alpha Building Corp.	19	1,730	0.08		Other		289,426	12.83
	Houston, Texas (S)								
86	89. Electronic Associates, Inc.	93	1,653	0.02					
	* Hampton, Va.			!				2 254 003	
8	90. Aro, Inc.	95	1,619	0.07		TOTAL AWARDS TO		2,234,993	30.00
	Mountain View, Calif.					BUSINESS FIRMS			
9	91. Jacob Transfer, Inc.	91	- 99,1	0.02					
	Greenbelt, Md.								
* =	* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the	on several contribe place shown	racts which is that whi	have ch has the		Formerly Philco-Ford Corp. ⁴ Includes awards to Cordura Corp., now a division of Integrated Systems	division of In	tegrated Sys	tems
<u>la</u>	largest amount of the awards.				Š	Support, Inc.			
s	(S) = Indicates small business concerns. (JV) = Joint venture.	those of less	than \$10.00	á	щ	Formerly a division of E-systems, inc. Includes awards to Wolf Research and Development Corp., now a division of EG&G, Inc.	velopment Co	гр., пом а d	ivision of
-	Excludes smaller procurements, generally Permerly United Aircraft Corp.	coa acoun (;		Source: NASA Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1975).	(Fiscal vear	1975).	
					3	OUICE, INDUS, minima a recommendation			

Table 5-22. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1976 (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1975	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Contract Performance	FY 1975	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	ercentage
Rockwell International Corp. * Downey, Calif.		906,270	35.73	14. Sperry Rand Corp. * Huntsville, Ala.	17	31.482	1.24
 McDonnell Douglas Corp. * Huntington Beach, Calif. 	3	124,766	4.92	 Computer Sciences Corp. Silver Spring, Md. 	15	29,081	1.15
3. Martin Marietta Corp. * New Orleans, La.	2	919,601	4.32	16. Planning Research Corp. * Kennedy Space Center Fla	22	22.267	0.88
4. General Dynamics Corp. * San Diego, Calif.	4	76.268	3.01	17. Aeronutronics Ford Corp. * Houston. Texas	13	20,415	0.81
5. Bendix Corp. * Columbia, Md.	ĸ	75.125	5.96	18. Blount Brothers Corp. * Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	I	19,674	0.78
 General Electric Co. * Cincinnati, Ohio 	ç	925.09	2.39	 United Technologies Corp. West Palm Beach, Fla. 	Ξ	17,488	69.0
 Lockheed Electronics Co., Inc. * Houston, Texas 	∞	169'55	2.20	20. Northrop Services, Inc. * Houston, Texas	61	16,492	0.65
8. Boeing Co. * Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	6	55,104	2.17	21. Vought Corp. * Dallas, Texas	₩	15,638	0.62
9. Hughes Aircraft Co. * El Segundo, Calif.	91	47.461	1.87	22. American Sciences and Engrg., Inc. Cambridge, Mass. (S)	26	15.079	0.60
10. RCA Corp. * Princeton, N.J.	10	46,984	1.85	23. Singer Co. * Binghamton, N.Y.	29	14,663	0.58
 Thiokol Corp. Brigham City. Utah 	4	46,974	1.85	24. Federal Electric Corp. Kennedy Space Center. Fla.	28	14.051	0.55
12. TRW, Inc. * Redondo Beach, Calif.	21	45,201	1.78	25. Grumman Aerospace Corp. * Bethpage, N.Y.	21	13,370	0.53
13. Int'l Business Machines Corp.* Houston, Texas	7	42,532	89.1	26. Global Associates Bay St. Louis, Miss.	31	11,995	0.47
* - Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest the place of performance of the place shown is that which has the largest the place of the	n several contr e place shown	racts which is that whic	have th has the	*Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000 Promerly LTA Aerospace Corp.	hose of less th	ıan \$10,000.	

largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

Formerly Integrated Systems Support, Inc. ^dFormerly a nonprofit organization.

Table 5-22. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1976 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards		Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1975	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	ercentage		Contract Performance	FY 1975	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	Percentage
27. Lockheed Aircraft Corp. * Burbank, Calif.	35	11,007	0.43	9.	40. SDC Integrated Services, Inc. * Slidell, La.	41°	6,505	0.26
28. Raytheon Service Co.	39	10.973	0.43	1	41. Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.	9	6,101	0.24
* Halethorpe, Md. 29. Computer Sciences - Technicolor Assocs (IV)	27	10,812	0.43	42.	* Allentown, Fenn. Virginia Electric and Power Co. Hampton, Va.	1	5.692	0.22
Greenbelt, Md.				43.	Ŭ	23	5,681	0.22
 30. Teledyne Industries, Inc. * Los Angeles, Calif. 	24	10,492	0.41	4.	* Minneapolis, Minn. 44. Mayfair Construction Co.	1	5,288	0.21
31. Honeywell Information Systems	I	10,429	0.41	!	Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	,		;
* McLean, Va. 32. Ball Brothers Research Corp.	42	10.303	0.41	45	Metro Contract Services * Hampton, Va. (S)	<u>8</u>	5,194	0.20
* Boulder, Colo.				46.	Boe	72	5,183	0.20
33. Honeywell, Inc.	33	9.601	0.38	ţ	New Orleans, La.	ţ	030	01.0
34 Lockheed Missiles and Space Co. Inc.	35	8.693	0.34	,	+/. Actox Corp. * El Segundo. Calif.	.	4.000	61.19
		-		48	Š	45	4.613	0.18
35. Textron, Inc.	70	7,723	0.30		* Houston, Texas			
* Fort Worth, Texas				49.	49. Texas Instruments, Inc.	28	4.587	0.18
36. Brown Engineering Co., Inc.	34	7.571	0.30		* Dallas, Texas	ì	,	9
Huntsville, Ala. 7 Pan American World Airways Inc.	33	7,123	0.28	<u> </u>	30. Int I lel. and lel. Corp. * Fort Wavne. Ind	£	4.442	8 .0
* Houston, Texas	!			5	51. Westinghouse Electric Corp.	37	4,350	0.17
38. Santa Barbara Research Center	40	6.579	0.26		* Friendship Airport, Md.			
Goleta, Calif.				52.	Frar	30	4.218	0.17
39. Cutler Hammer, Inc.	25	6.578	0.26		Kennedy Space Center, Fla.			
* Deer Park, N.Y.								

 $^{^*}$ = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards. (S) = Indicates small business concerns. (JV) = Joint venture.

[&]quot;Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000. *Formerty LTV Aerospace Corp. *Formerty Integrated Systems Support. Inc. *Formerty a nonprofit organization.

Table 5-22. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1976 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Bank in Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Disca of	Dank	Deal. in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
	Contract Performance	FY 1975	Amount	FY 1975 Amount Percentage		FY 1975	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	Percentag
55	53. Informatics Information Systems Co. * Friendship Airport, Md.	5.7	4.117	0.16	66. Union Carbide Corp. * Fontana, Calif		3.074	0.12
. j	 Beckman Instruments, Inc. * Anaheim, Calif. 	89	4,002	0.16	67. Digital Equipment Corp.	82	2,995	0.12
v.	 Management Services, Inc. * Huntsville, Ala. (8) 	95	3.655	0.14	68. Garrett Corp. * Phoenix. Ariz.	6.5	2,924	0.12
Ġ.	56. Kentron Hawaii, Ltd. * Houston, Texas	15	3.651	0.14	69. Ralph M. Parsons Co.	%	2,903	0.11
۲.	 Wyle Laboratories * Hampton, Va. 	62	3,580	0.14	70. Potomac Electric Power Co. Greenbelt. Md.	70	2,801	0.11
œ	 Fairchild Industries, Inc. * Germantown, Md. 	46	3,536	0.14	71. Klate Holt Co. * Houston, Texas (S)	74	2.758	0.11
6	 Aydin Corp. Fort Washington, Pa. 	1	3,453	0.14	72. Motorola, Inc. * Scottsdale Ariz	46	2.648	0.10
œ.	60. Hewlett-Packard Co. * Santa Clara, Calif.	99	3.411	0.13	73. Chrysler Corp. * New Orleans. La.	25	2.505	0.10
	 fechnology Development Corp. * Mountain View, Calif. (S) 	69	3.374	0.13	74. Science Applications, Inc. * Huntsville, Ala		2,454	0.10
ci	 Cleveland Elec. Illuminating Co. Cleveland. Ohio 	54	3.329	0.13	75. Technicolor Graphic Services, Inc. Houston, Texas	77	2,399	0.09
rri.	 PMI Facilities Management Corp. * New York, N.Y. 	63	3.293	0.13	76. Avco Corp. * Huntsville. Ala	83	2,360	60.0
4.	64. Hayes International Corp. * Huntsville, Ala.	44	3,204	0.13	77. Battelle Memorial Institute * Columbus. Ohio	P	2,354	0.09
v.	 Modular Computer Systems, Inc. * Ft. Lauderdale, Fla. (S) 	73	3,181	0.13	78. Beech Aircraft Corp. * Boulder, Colo.	l	2,310	0.09

^{* =} Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000.

*Formerly LTV Aerospace Corp.

*Formerly Integrated Systems Support, Inc.

*Formerly a nonprofit organization.

Table 5-22. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1976 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	1. 4- a	Net Value	Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contractor and Place of Contract Performance	FY 1975	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Contract Performance	FY 1975	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	Percentage
79. Ampex Corp.	19	2,215	60.0	92. Wackenhut Services, Inc.	92	1.688	0.07
* Bethesda, Md.	1	2.075	0.08	Houston, Texas 93. Tektronix, Inc.	ţ	1.677	0.07
Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	8	100	80 0	Beaverton, Ore.	65	1.651	0.07
81. Afo, Inc. Mountain View, Calif.	₹	10.1	90.0	Greenbelt, Md. (S)			
82. Western Union Telegraph Co.	I	1,982	80.0	95. Houston Lighting and Power Co.	ı	1.573	90:0
* Upper Saddle River, N.J.			6	Houston, Texas		023 1	90
83. Sundstrand Corp.	l	1.950	80.0	96. Informatics, Inc.	1	0/01	90.0
Rockford, III.	١	808	80	97 Northron Corn		1,542	90.0
64. Entex Corp.	l	000.1	00	* Edwards. Calif.			
85. Harris Com.	47	1.908	80.0	98. Pacific Gas and Electric Co.	I	1,518	90.0
* Rochester, N.Y.				* Mountain View, Calif.	-		
86. Expedient Services, Inc.	ļ	1.875	0.07	99. Operations Research, Inc. of Md.	8	1.511	90.0
Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S)	_			Silver Spring, Md.	Ş		Š
87. Acts Computing Corp.	1	1,837	0.0	100. Alpha Building Corp.	×	1.482	90.0
Southfield, Mich. (S)			1	Houston, Texas (S)		C30 70C	32 11
88. McGregor and Werner, Inc.	1	1,817	0.07	Other		766.167	<i>CI</i> .II
Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S)	_		:				
89. Perkin-Elmer Corp.	0 8	1.777	0.07				
* Pomona, Calif.			1	OF 30d AWA TATOT		7 536 101	0.001
90. Amdahl Corp.	-	1.731	0.0	IOIAL AWARDS 10			0.001
New York, N.Y. (S)				BUSINESS FIRMS			
91. Southern Bell Telephone Co.	1	1,721	0.02				
* Kennedy Space Center, Fla.							
* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have	n several cont	racts which	have	"Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000. Formely ITV Aerosmoe Com	those of less t	han \$10,000.	
diletent principal places of performance. The place around a man man man man largest amount of the awards.	c place anomi			Formerly Integrated Systems Support, Inc.	.:		
(S) = Indicates small business concerns.				^d Formerly a nonprofit organization.			

different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV) = Joint venture.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1976).

Table 5-23. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1977 (in thousands of dollars)

		,					
Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1976	FY 1976 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Contract Performance	FY 1976	Amount Percentage	ercentage
1. Rockwell International Corp.	-	1.011,448	35.64	14. United Technologies Corp.	61	33,866	1.19
2. McDonnell Douglas Corp.	C 1	138,480	4.88	East Hartford, Conn. 15. TRW, Inc.	12	28.891	1 03
* Huntington Beach, Calif.			•	* Redondo Beach, Calif.	!		
3. Martin Marietta Corp.	ĸ	119,437	4.21	Ford Aerospace and	174	27,694	96.0
* New Orleans, La.				Communications Corp.			
Bendix Corp.	v	90.642	3.19	* Houston, Tex.			
* Columbia, Md.				17. Planning Research Corp.	91	26.120	0.97
General Dynamics Corp.	4	78.708	2.77	* Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	:		
* San Diego, Calif.				18. Vought Corp.	12	22 005	0.78
General Electric Co.	9	68,613	2.42		i	20011	
* King of Prussia, Pa.				19. Singer Co.	23	655 06	0.77
7. Lockheed Electronics Co., Inc.	7	67.986	2.40	* Binghamton, NY.	ì	1	1
* Houston, Tex.			_	20. Sperry Rand Corp.	14	19 491	0.69
8. Int'l Business Machines Corp.	13	911.99	2.33		•		6.0
* Houston, Tex.				21. Global Associates	26	690 61	0.67
Thiokol Corp.	=	62,440	2.20	Bay St. Louis, Miss.	i		():
* Brigham City, Utah				22. Northrop Services, Inc.	20	18.749	99.0
10. Boeing Co.	∞	53,020	1.87	* Houston, Tex.)
* Seattle, Wash.				23. Lockheed Aircraft Corp.	27	18.474	0.65
11. RCA Corp.	9	42,383	1.49	* Burbank, Calif.		•	
* Princeton, NJ				24. Boeing Services International, Inc.	46	16.053	0.57
Computer Sciences Corp.	15	40.494	1.43	* Kennedy Space Center, Fla.			
* Greenbelt, Md.				25. Teledyne Industries, Inc.	30	14.449	0.51
Hughes Aircraft Co.	6	38.658	1.36	* Los Angles, Calif.		•	
* El Segundo, Calif.				26. Federal Electric Corp.	24	13,978	0.49
				Kennedy Space Center, Fla.			

* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

(JV)= Joint venture. ⁴ = Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000. ⁵Formerly Aeronutronics Ford Corp.

Table 5-23. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1977 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

FY 1976 Amount Percentage	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards
13.108 0.46 4 13.000 0.46 4 18 11.829 0.42 4 18 11.787 0.42 4 29 11.047 0.39 4 34 9.736 0.34 4 45 9.654 0.34 4 45 9.267 0.33 4 41 7.179 0.25 4 40 6.981 0.25 6 see shown is that which have ace shown is that which has the	Contract Performance	FY 1976	Amount	Percentage	Contract Performance	FY 1976	Amount	Percentag
Fla. — 13,000 0.46 4 s. Inc. 37 11,829 0.42 4 Fla. 18 11,787 0.42 4 Fla. 29 11,047 0.39 4 e. Co., Inc. 34 9,736 0.34 6 c. (S) 45 9,267 0.33 6 g., Inc. 22 7,487 0.26 6 c. 40 6,981 0.25 6 wards on several contracts which have nee. The place shown is that which has the	27. Algernon Blair, Inc.		13.108	0.46	40. Westinghouse Electric Corp.	15	6.755	0.24
s. Inc. 37 11,829 0.42 4 11,814 0.42 4 11,787 0.42 4 11,787 0.42 4 11,787 0.42 4 11,014 0.39 4 11,014 0.35 4 11,014 0.35 4 11,014 0.34 11,014 0.34 11,014 0.34 11,014 0.34 11,014 0.25 11,016 0.34 11,016 0.34 11,016 0.25 11,016 0.34 11,016 0.25 11,016 0.25 11,016 0.35 11,016 0.25 11,	Kennedy Space Center, Fla.				* Friendship Airport, Md.		1	
37 11,829 0.42 4 18 11,787 0.42 4 29 11,047 0.39 4 33 10,047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 28 9,654 0.34 4 45 9,267 0.33 4 45 9,267 0.33 4 46 9,267 0.29 6 27,487 0.26 6 41 7,179 0.25 6 40 6,981 0.25 6 a several contracts which have ne place shown is that which has the	28. Chicago Bridge and Iron Co.	I	13,000	0.46	41. Virginia Electric and Power Co.	45	6.562	0.23
37 11,829 0.42 4 18 11,787 0.42 4 29 11,047 0.39 4 Inc. 34 9,736 0.34 4 45 9,267 0.33 4 45 9,267 0.33 4 47 7,179 0.25 6 40 6,981 0.25 6 n several contracts which have re place shown is that which has the	Hampton, Va.			,		;		6
x. Corp. Corp. Corp. ace Center. Fla. 29 11,047 0.39 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.048 0.34 4 10.05 10.05 4 10.05	29. Pan American World Airways. Inc.	37	11,829	0.42	ŏ	43	6,393	0.23
Corp. Corp. ace Center. Fla. ace Center. Fla. 29 11,047 0.39 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.047 0.35 4 10.049 0.34 4 10.059 4 10.059 1 10.	* Houston, Tex.				* Minneapolis, Minn.			
ace Center. Fla. 29	Blount Brothers Corp.	<u>8</u>	11,787	0.42	\Box	73	6.340	0.22
ces - Technicolor 29 11,047 0.39 10,043 11,043 11,044 11,045 11,0	Kennedy Space Center, Fla.				* New Orleans, La.			
Id. 13. 10,047 0.35 rg, Fla. es and Space Co., Inc. 34 9,736 0.34 calif. e Co. Md. Services, Inc. (S) 45 9,267 0.33 la. la. la. Services, Inc. 22 7,487 0.26 Mass. (S) I Chemicals, Inc. 22 7,487 0.25 Penn. 40 6,981 0.25 sar represent awards on several contracts which have essor of performance. The place shown is that which has the		56	11,047	0.39	44. Garrett Corp.	89	6.175	0.22
Id. rg. Fla. es and Space Co Inc. 34 9.736 0.34 e Co. Md. Services, Inc. (S) 45 9.267 0.33 lo. es and Engra Inc. 22 7.487 0.26 Mass. (S) I Chemicals, Inc. 22 7.487 0.25 Penn. 40 6.981 0.25 ar represent awards on several contracts which have esson performance. The place shown is that which has the					* Phoenix, Ariz.			
rg. Fla. es and Space Co Inc. 34 9,736 0.34 Calif. e Co. Md. Services, Inc. (S) 45 9,267 0.33 Ad. search Corp. 32 8,183 0.29 lo. cs and Engra Inc. 22 7,487 0.26 Mass. (S) I Chemicals, Inc. 41 7,179 0.25 Penn. Agrices, Inc. 40 6,981 0.25 Services, Inc. 40 between a services shown is that which have	Greenbelt, Md.				45. Mayfair Construction Co.	44	5.749	0.20
rg, Fla. es and Space Co Inc. 34 9,736 0.34 e Col. Md. Services. Inc. (S) 45 9,267 0.33 dala. search Corp. 32 8,183 0.29 lo. cs and Engra Inc. 22 7,487 0.26 Mass. (S) I Chemicals. Inc. 41 7,179 0.25 Penn. 40 6,981 0.25 ar represent awards on several contracts which have so of performance. The place shown is that which has the	32. Honeywell, Inc.	33	10.047	0.35	Kennedy Space Center, Fla.			
34 9,736 0.34 28 9,654 0.34 45 9,267 0.33 32 8,183 0.29 22 7,487 0.26 41 7,179 0.25 40 6,981 0.25 eeral contracts which have ace shown is that which has the	* St. Petersburg, Fla.				46. Int'l Tel. and Tel. Corp.	20	5,588	0.20
28 9,654 0.34 45 9,267 0.33 32 8,183 0.29 22 7,487 0.26 41 7,179 0.25 40 6,981 0.25 eral contracts which have ace shown is that which has the	33. Lockheed Missiles and Space Co., Inc.	35	9.736	0.34	* Fort Wayne, Ind.			
28 9,654 0.34 45 9,267 0.33 32 8,183 0.29 22 7,487 0.26 41 7,179 0.25 40 6,981 0.25 a several contracts which have e place shown is that which has the	* Sunnyvale, Calif.				47. Fairchild Industries, Inc.	28	5,372	0.19
45 9,267 0.33 32 8,183 0.29 22 7,487 0.26 41 7,179 0.25 40 6,981 0.25 a several contracts which have e place shown is that which has the	 Raytheon Service Co. 	28	9,654	0.34	* Germantown, Md.			
45 9,267 0.33 32 8,183 0.29 22 7,487 0.26 41 7,179 0.25 40 6,981 0.25 a several contracts which have e place shown is that which has the	* Halethorpe, Md.				48. Informatics Information Systems Co.	53	5,133	0.18
32 8,183 0.29 22 7,487 0.26 41 7,179 0.25 40 6,981 0.25 a several contracts which have e place shown is that which has the	Metro Contract Services, Inc. (S)	45	9,267	0.33	* Friendship Airport, Md.			
32 8,183 0.29 22 7,487 0.26 41 7,179 0.25 40 6,981 0.25 aseveral contracts which have e place shown is that which has the	*Huntsville, Ala.				Bec	1	5,027	0.18
22 7,487 0.26 41 7,179 0.25 40 6,981 0.25 aseveral contracts which have e place shown is that which has the	Ball Brothers Research Corp.	32	8,183	0.29	Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S)			
22 7,487 0.26 41 7,179 0.25 40 6,981 0.25 a several contracts which have e place shown is that which has the	* Boulder, Colo.				50. Santa Barbara Research Center	38	4.967	0.18
41 7.179 0.25 40 6.981 0.25 a several contracts which have e place shown is that which has the	37. American Sciences and Engrg., Inc.	22	7.487	0.26	Goleta, Calif.			
40 6.981 0.25 40 several contracts which have The place shown is that which has the	Cambridge, Mass. (S)				51. Serv-Air, Inc.	8 4	4,938	0.17
40 6.981 0.25 on several contracts which have The place shown is that which has the	38. Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.	4	7.179	0.25	* Houston, Texas			
40 6.981 0.25 ards on several contracts which have ce. The place shown is that which has the	* Allentown, Penn.				St. Grumman Aerospace Corp.	25	4.798	0.17
	39. SDC Integrated Services, Inc.	9	6.981	0.25	* Bethpage. NY			
	* Slidell, La.							
	* = Awards during year represent awards on seving	eral contrac	ts which ha	ive has the	(JV) = Joint venture. *= Evolutes smaller procurements open-cally	v those of les	s than \$10.0	8
Promote annual of the annuals	INICION principal places of periormance. The principal control principal states are principal control control principal states are principal control control principal states are principal states and perior principal states are principal sta	er Hwalle 33	Illat willer	lido cinc	* Excluses animal processions generally bearing between	in to acom f	,	

largest amount of the awards.
(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

Table 5-23. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1977 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Net Value	of Awards		Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1976	Amount F	FY 1976 Amount Percentage		Contract Performance	FY 1976	Amount	FY 1976 Amount Percentage
53. Contraves Goerz Corp. Pittsburgh, Pa.		4.655	0.16	.99	66. Ralph M. Parsons Co. * Pasadena Calif	69	3,181	0.11
54. Modular Computer Systems, Inc. * Ft. 1 auderdale Fla. (S)	65	4.540	91.0	. 67.	67. Texas Instruments, Inc.	49	3,175	0.11
55. Sundstrand Corp. Rockford, III.	83	4.516	0.16	.89	Dallas, Texas 68. Avco Corp. * Huntsville Ala	9/	3.14	0.11
56. Union Carbide Corp. * Fontana, Calif.	99	4,395	0.15	.69	69. Aerojet General Corp. * Sacramento, Calif	1	3.113	0.11
 United Space Boosters, Inc. Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 	I	4,389	0.15	70.	ā	29	3,104	0.11
58. Wyle Laboratories * Hampton, Va.	23	4.373	0.15	71.	×	71	3,094	0.11
59. Kentron Hawaii, Ltd. * Houston, Texas	98	3,684	0.13	72.	72. Informatics, Inc. * Palo Alto. Calif	96	3,055	0.11
 Cleveland Elec. Illuminating Co. Cleveland. Ohio 	62	3.672	0.13	73.	73. Xerox Corp. * El Segundo, Calif.	47	2.966	0.10
 Cutler Hammer, Inc. * Deer Park. NY 	39	3.572	0.13	74.	*	I	2.965	0.10
 PMI Facilities Management Corp. New York, NY 	63	3.407	0.12	75.	75. Science Applications, Inc. * Huntsville, Ala	74	2.852	0.10
63. General Motors Corp. Indianapolis, Ind.	I	3,337	0.12	76.	Ï	\$	2.822	0.10
 Potomac Electric Power Co. Greenbelt, Md. 	70	3,201	0.11	77.	77. Hewlett-Packard Co. * Santa Clara Calif	09	2,809	0.10
65. Battelle Memorial Institute * Columbus. Ohio	77	3.186	0.11	78.	78. OAO Corp. * Beltsville, Md. (S)	1	2.704	0.10

(JV) = Joint venture. ^a = Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000. ^bFormerly Aeronutronics Ford Corp. * = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

Table 5-23. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1977 (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards		Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Contract Performance	FY 1976	Amount	FY 1976 Amount Percentage		Contract Performance	FY 1976	FY 1976 Amount Percentage	Percentage
79. Beckman Instruments, Inc.	54	2.639	0.09	92.	92. Technicolor Graphic Services, Inc.	75	2,068	0.07
Prancim, Calli.	35	2.560	0.09	93.	93. Aydin Corp.	89	2,029	0.07
* Fort Worth, Texas					* Fort Washington, Pa.			
81. Northrop Corp.	76	2,498	0.09	45	94. Holloway Corp.	1	1,920	0.02
* Edwards, Calif.					Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S)			
82. Bell and Howell Co.	1	2,474	60.0	95.	95. Tektronix, Inc.	93	1,913	0.02
* Pasadena, Calif.					Beaverton, Oreg.			
83. Expedient Services, Inc.	98	2,458	60.0	ģ	Odetics, Inc.	1	1,876	0.02
Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S)					Anaheim, Calif. (S)			
	19	2.406	80.0	97.	97. Management and Technical	I	1,863	0.0
* Mountain View, Calif. (S)					Services Co.			
85. Sangamo Weston, Inc.	1	2,371	80.0		* Greenbeit, Md.			
* Sarasota, Fla.				<u>8</u>	98. Alpha Building Corp.	901	1,838	90.0
86. Operations Research, Inc. of Md.	8	2,321	80.0		Houston, Texas (S)			
Silver Spring, Md.				8.	Spaw Glass, Inc.		1,838	90.0
87. Aro, Inc.	91	2,300	80.0		Houston, Tex.			
Mountain View, Calif.				<u>.</u>	100. Reynolds Smith and Hills, Inc.	1	1.828	90.0
88. Ampex Corp.	79	2,294	80.0		Jacksonville, Fla.			
* Bethesda, Md.					Other	339,318	1.96	
89. M & S Computing, Inc.	I	2,218	80.0					
* Huntsville, Ala. (S)								
 Systems and Applied Sciences Corp. 	1	2,163	80.0					
* Riverdale, Md. (S)					TOTAL AWARDS TO		2,838,117	100.00
91. Management Services, Inc.	55	2,088	0.02		BUSINESS FIRMS			
* Huntsville, Ala. (S)								
			ŀ					
* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the	veral contractace shown is	ets which he that which	ave has the	}	(1V) = Joint venture. *= Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10.000.	those of les	s than \$10.0	O
largest amount of the awards.				2	Formerly Aeronutronics Ford Corp.			

*= Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1977).

(S) = Indicates small business concerns.
(JV) = Joint venture.

"Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000.

Table 5-24. Top One Hundred Contractors:* FY 1978 (in thousands of dollars)

Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards		Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
	FY 1977	Amount 1	FY 1977 Amount Percentage		Contract Performance	FY 1977	Amount	Percentage
Rockwell International Corp. * Downey, Calif	_	890.257	30.14	4.	14. Boeing Services International, Inc.* Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	24	42,990	1.45
2. Martin Marietta Corp. * New Orleans 1 a	3	144,651	4.90	15.	ĕ	10	42.728	1.45
3. McDonnell Douglas Corp. * Huntington Beach Calif	C 1	139,682	4.73	16.	>	8	32,883	1.11
4. Bendix Corp. * Columbia, Md.	4	94,950	3.21	17.	17. Ford Aerospace and Communications Corp.	91	29,632	1.00
 Lockheed Electronics Co., Inc. * Houston, Tex. 	7	75,095	2.54	<u>∞</u>	* Houston, Tex. Planning Research Corp.	17	28,550	0.97
 Int'l Business Machines Corp. * Houston. Tex. 	∞	73,000	2.47	19.	* Kennedy Space Center, Fla. Sperry Rand Corp.	70	26,197	0.89
7. Hughes Aircraft Co. * El Segundo. Calif.	13	72,956	2.47	20.	* Houston, Tex. Frank Briscoe Co., Inc.	1	23,757	08.0
	ę	68,473	2.32	21.	Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 21. Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.	38	22,871	0.77
9. Thiokol Corp. * Brigham City. Utah	6	67,757	2.29	22.	* Allentown, Pa. Lockheed Missiles and	33	21,001	0.71
10. Computer Sciences Corp.	12	66,326	2.24					
11. General Dynamics Corp. * San Diego. Calif.	S	64,380	2.18	23.	S	61	20,436	69.0
12. RCA Corp. * Princeton, NI	=	52.500	1.78	24.	F	51	20,021	0.68
13. United Technologies Corp. * East Hartford, Conn.	14	50,813	1.72	25.		57	17,703	0.60
				26.	26. Ball Corp. * Boulder, Colo.	36	17.611	0.60
* = Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards. (S) = Indicates small business concerns.	several contracts	which have	different argest	9 3 4 4 4	Promerly Ball Brothers Research Corp. Fromerly Lockheed Aircraft Corp. Promerly a division of Northrop Corp. Fromerly Operations Research, Inc. of Md.			

Table 5-24. Top One Hundred Contractors: FY 1978 (Continued)

(in thousands of dollars)

•	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
	Contract Performance	FY 1977	Amount	FY 1977 Amount Percentage	Contract Performance	FY 1977	Amount Percentage	Percentage
27. Perkin * Da	27. Perkin-Elmer Corp. * Danbury, Conn.	1	16.523	0.56	40. Honeywell, Inc.	32	7,713	0.26
28. North * Hc	28. Northrop Services, Inc. * Houston, Tex.	7	15.621	0.53	41. Int'l Tel. & Tel. Corp. * Fort Wayne Ind	46	7.662	0.26
29. Chicag * Gr	29. Chicago Bridge and Iron Co. * Greenville, Pa.	58	14,432	0.49	42. SDC Integrated Services, Inc. * Slidell 1.a	39	7,361	0.25
30. Compi	30. Computer Sciences—Technicolor Assocs. (JV)	31	14.266	0.48	43. Control Data Corp. * Minneapolis. Minn.	42	7,351	0.25
Gree 31. Global	Greenbelt, Md. 31. Global Associates	21	14,143	0.48	44. Virginia Electric and Power Co. Hampton, Va.	4	7,023	0.24
Bz 32. Westin	Bay St. Louis, Miss. 32. Westinghouse Electric Corp.	40	12,328	0.42	45. Metro Contract Services, Inc. * Huntsville, Ala. (S)	35	6.726	0.23
* Fr 33. Pan A	* Friendship Airport, Md. 33. Pan American World Airways, Inc.	29	12,054	0.41	46. Holloway Corp. Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S)	94	6,316	0.21
* Ho 34. Fairch	* Houston, Tex. 34. Fairchild Industries. Inc.	47	11.775	0.40	47. General Motors Corp. * Indianapolis. Ind	63	981'9	0.21
* Ge	* Germantown, Md. 35. Raytheon Service Co.	\$	10.193	0.35	48. Informatics Information Systems Co. * Friendship Airport Md	48	5.824	0.20
* H; 36. J.M. k H3	* Halethorpe, Md. 36. J.M. Kenith Co., Inc. Hammion Va. (S)	I	9.924	0.34	49. Northrop Worldwide Aircraft Services, Inc.	٦	5.550	0.19
77. Lockh * Bu	37. Lockheed Corp. * Burbank, Calif.	23°	9.852	0.33	nousion, tex. 50. Textron, Inc. * Fort Worth Tex	0 8	5.196	0.18
8. Teledy * Lo	 Teledyne Industries, Inc. Los Angeles, Calif. 	22	8.856	0.30	51. Garrett Corp. * Phoenix Ariz	4	5.177	0.18
9. Honey * Mc	 Honeywell Information Systems, Inc. * McLean, Va. 	1	8.555	0.29	52. Grumman Aerospace Corp. * Bethpage, NY	52	5,087	0.17

^{* =} Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards.

⁽S) = Indicates small business concerns.

⁽JV) = Joint venture. "Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000.

^bFormerly Ball Brothers Research Corp.
^cFormerly Lockheed Aircraft Corp.
^dFormerly a division of Northrop Corp.
^cFormerly Operations Research, Inc. of Md.
^fFormerly Kentron Hawaii, Ltd.

Table 5-24. Top One Hundred Contractors: * FY 1978 (Continued)

(in thousands of dollars)

66. Metropolitan Contract Performance FY 1977 67. Cutler Hampton, Va. (S) 67. Cutler Hammer, Inc. 68. Potomac Electric Power Co. 69. Xerox Corp. 70. Technology Development Corp 71. Ford Motor Co. Dearborn, Mich. 72. American Sciences and Engrg., Inc. 73. McGregor and Werner, Inc. 74. Modular Computer Systems, Inc. 75. Hayes International Corp. 76. Serv-Air, Inc. 84. Fort Lauderdale, Fla. 76. Serv-Air, Inc. 77. FMC Corp. Santa Clara, Calif. 78. Allied Engineering and Production Corp. Alameda, Calif. (S) 78. Allied Engineering and Production Corp. Alameda, Calif. (S) Alameda, Calif. (S)	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Dog!	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
10c. 4.934 0.17 66. Metropolitan Contract Services, Inc. Hampton, Va. (S)	Contract Performance	FY 1977	Amount	Percentage	Contract Performance	Kank in FY 1977	Amount	ercentag
Inc. — 4.908 0.17 67. Cult Hampton, Va. (S) 68. Cult Hammer, Inc. 61 3.385	53. Wyle Laboratories	28	4.934	0.17	66. Metropolitan Contract Services, Inc.		3,521	0.12
Tr. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	54. Mechanical Technology, Inc.		4 908	0.17	-	;		
S5	(S)				* Melville: NY	Į q	3,385	0.11
rrp. — 4.128 0.14 69. Xerox Corp. * Pasadena, Calif. * Pasadena, Calif. * Pasadena, Calif. * Pasadena, Calif. * Mountain View, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. (S) * Mountain Niew, Calif. * Fort Lauderdale, Fla. * Hustsville, Ala. * Hustsville, Ala. * Hustsville, Ala. * Hustsville, Ala. * S9' * 3.577 * Allied Engineering and Production Corp. * Alameda, Calif. (S) * Alameda, Calif. (S) * Alameda, Calif. (S) * Alameda, Calif. (S) * Alameda, Calif. (S) * Alameda, Calif. (S) * Promerly Ball Brothers Research Corp.	55. Sunstrand Corp. Rockford, III.	55	4,161	0.14		\$	3,367	0.11
tter. Fla. — 4,039 0.14 70. Technology Development Corp 84 3.301 * Mountain View, Calif. (S)	56. Sigma Data Services Corp. * New York, NY (S)	1	4,128	0.14	×	73	3,328	0.11
Till	57. Wackenhut Services, Inc. Kennedy Space Center, Ela	1	4,039	0.14		84	3,301	0.11
inating Co. 60 3,970 0.13 72. American Sciences and Engrg Inc. 37 3,232 Cambridge. Mass. (S) Cambridge. Mass. (S) Cambridge. Mass. (S) Cambridge. Mass. (S) Cambridge. Mass. (S) Remedy Space Center, Fla. (S) Remedy Space Center, Fla. (S) * Fort Lauderdale, Fla. * Fort Lauderdale, Fla. * Huntsville, Ala. * Huntsvi	58. W & J Construction Corp.	74	4,008	0.14	ĭΞ	l	3.271	0.11
88 3.889 0.13	Nennedy Space Center, Fla. 59. Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co. Cleveland, Ohio	99	3,970	0.13	Dearborn, Mich. 72. American Sciences and Engrg., In Cambridge Mace (S)		3,232	0.11
S 3.878 0.13 74. Modular Computer Systems, Inc. 54 3,131	60. Ampex Corp. * Bethesda. Md	88	3.889	0.13	73. McGregor and Werner, Inc.	1	3,204	0.11
S 86 3.862 0.13 75. Hayes International Corp. 76 3,117	61. OAO Corp. * Beltsville, Md. (S)	78	3.878	0.13	Wod *	54	3,131	0.11
ff. 72 3.847 0.13 76. Serv-Air, Inc. Edwards, Calif. 70 3.633 0.12 77. FMC Corp. Santa Clara, Calif. 2.965 Santa Clara, Calif. 78. Allied Engineering and Production Corp. Alameda, Calif. (S) Almed edifferent Prometry Ball Brothers Research Corp.	62. ORI, Inc. Silver Spring, Md. (S)	.98	3.862	0.13	Ξ	92	3,117	0.11
12 77. FMC Corp. Santa Clara, Calif. 12 78. Allied Engineering and Production Corp. Alameda, Calif. (S) rent Prormerly Ball Brothers Research Corp.	63. Informatics, Inc. * Mountain View, Calif.	7.2	3.847	0.13	Š	51	3,019	0.10
78. Allied Engineering and Production Corp. Alameda, Calif. (S) rent Permerly Ball Brothers Research Corp.	64. Digital Equipment Corp. * Maynard, Mass.	70	3,633	0.12	77. FMC Corp. Santa Clara Colif	1	2,965	0.10
rent	65. Kentron International, Inc. * Houston, Tex.	59 ^f	3,577	0.12	78. Allied Engineering and Production Corp. Alameda, Calif. (S)		2,932	0.10
	* = Awards during year represent awards on se principal places of performance. The place sho	veral contracts	which have	different	^h Formerly Ball Brothers Research Corp.			1

amount of the awards. (S) = Indicates small business concerns. (JV) = Joint venture. "Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000.

^dFormerly a division of Northrop Corp. Formerly Operations Research, Inc. of Md. Formerly Kentron Hawaii. Ltd.

Table 5-24. Top One Hundred Contractors: a FY 1978 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Je se il H	Don't	Net Value	Net Value of Awards	Contractor and Place of	Rank in	Net Value of Awards	f Awards
Contractor and Place of Contract Performance	FY 1977	Amount	FY 1977 Amount Percentage	Contract Performance	FY 1977	Amount Percentage	ercentage
79. Expedient Services, Inc.	83	2.714	0.09	92. Acts Computing Corp.		2,177	0.07
Kennedy Space Center, Fla. (S) 80. Hewlett-Packard Co.	77	2,675	60:0	93. W.L. Tanksley and Associates Rrook Park Ohio (S)		2.143	0.07
* Palo Alto, Calit. 81. Gallo Mechanical Contractors, Inc.	1	2,658	60.0	94. Technicolor Graphic Services, Inc. Houston. Tex.	92	2,122	0.07
82. Aerojet-General Corp.	69	2,640	0.09	95. Entex Corp. Houston, Tex.	1	2,045	0.07
83. Kelsey Seybold Clinic	1	2,588	0.09	96. Permali, Inc. Gloucester England	l	2,024	0.07
* Houston, 1ex. 84. Algernon Blair, Inc.	27	2,536	60.0	97. Aro, Inc.	87	2,023	0.07
Kennedy Space Center, Fla. 85. Management Services, Inc.	16	2,505	80.0	Mountain View, Calif. 98. Systems and Applied Sciences Corp.	8	1.973	0.02
* Kennedy Space Center. Fla. (S) 86. Klate Holt Co.	71	2,493	80.0	* Riverdale, Md. (S) 99. Tektronix, Inc.	95	1,947	0.07
Hampton, Va. (S) 87. Bionetics Corp.	I	2,474	0.08	* Beaverton, Oreg.	75	1,938	0.07
* Hampton. Va. 88. Management and Technical Services Co.	. 97	2,474	0.08	Thuntsville, Ala. Other		358,954	12.15
* Greenbelt, Md. 89. Gates Learjet Corp. Wichita Kan	l	2,463	0.08				;
90. Blount Brothers Corp. Kennedy Space Center, Fla.	30	2.438	0.08	TOTAL AWARDS TO BUSINESS FIRMS		2,953,846	00.00
91. Houston Lighting and Power Co. Houston, Tex.		2,321	0.08				
* - Awards during year represent awards on several contracts which have different principal places of performance. The place shown is that which has the largest amount of the awards. (S) = Indicates small business concerns.	veral contract wn is that wh	s which hav	e different argest	^b Formerly Ball Brothers Research Corp. ^c Formerly Lockheed Aircraft Corp. ^d Formerly a division of Northrop Corp. ^e Formerly Operations Research, Inc. of Md. ^f Formerly Kentron Hawaii, Ltd.			
*Excludes smaller procurements, generally those of less than \$10,000	ose of less th	an \$10,000.		Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1978).	Fiscal year	1978).	

Table 5-25. Seventeen Largest Awards to Educational and Nonprofit Institutions During FY 1978* (in millions of dollars)

Institution	Award Description	Award	FY 1978	Cumulative
	Hondings a many	Pampel	Award	Awards
University of Chile—Santiago, Chile	Maintenance and operation of minitrack facilities in Chile.	NAS5-1925	æ.	31.0
Charles Stark Draper Laboratory, Inc.	Technical support of orbiter avionics and software development.	NAS9-13809	4.6	16.7
National Academy of Sciences	Administration of NASA's resident research associateship program	NASW-2567	3.9	20.5
Smithsonian Institution	Conducting of an optical satellite tracking program.	NGR9-15002	2.5	64.4
Smithsonian Institution	Design, development, and operations of the High Energy Astronomy Observatory Mission B X-ray telescope.	NAS8-30751	- :	4 2.
University of California—San Diego	Space telescope scientific investigation using a faint object spectrograph.	NAS5-24463	6.1	(new award)
American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics	Abstracting and indexing publications and dissemination of scientific and technical information.	NASW- <u>2532</u>	1.7	7.8
University of New Hampshire	Hardware phase of the solar gamma ray experiment for the Solar Maximum Mission.	NAS5-23761	1.5	%; %;
Universities Space Research Association	Operation of the Lunar Science Institute.	NSR9-51001	4.1	∞ ∞
University of Michigan—Ann Arbor	An imaging spectrometric observatory for Spacelab Mission 1 experiment.	NAS8-32569	<u>E.3</u>	1.6

*Awards of one million dollars or more. Excludes Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-25. Seventeen Largest Awards to Educational and Nonprofit Institutions During FY 1978* (Continued) (in millions of dollars)

Institution	Award Description	Award Number	FY 1978 Award	Cumulative Awards
European Space Agency	Spacelab high rate demultiplexer and unit tester/simulator.	NAS8-32955	1.3	(new award)
Harvard University	Spectroheliometer experiment for Solar Maximum Mission.	NAS5-23494	1.3	4.3
New Mexico State University—Las Cruces	Engineering telemetry design and control of sounding rockets.	NAS5-24241	7:	1.4
Purdue University	Research in remote sensing of agriculture, earth resources, and man's environment.	NAS9-15466	7.1	(new award)
California State University—Chico	Provide personnel materials and services for NASA Space Science Education Project.	NASW-2835	T:	€. ∞
Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Experiment to perform X-ray astronomy on the SAS-C spacecraft.	NAS5-11450	0.1	11.3
Charles Stark Draper Laboratory, Inc.	Development and evaluation of a fault-tolerant multiprocessor computer.	NAS1-15336	1.0	(new award)

*Awards of one million dollars or more. Excludes Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1978).

Table 5-26. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:^a FY 1969 (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Net Valu	Rank in Net Value of Awards		Pont in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1968	Amount	FY 1968 Amount Percentage	Institution and Address		Amount Percentage	ercentage
 Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge, Mass. 	_	27.462	16.79	14. University of Minnesota Minnesota	=	2,352	4.
2. Harvard University Cambridge, Mass.	٠٠,	10,356	6.33	15. University of Maryland College Bude Ma	<u>×</u>	2.321	1.42
3. University of California—Berkeley Berkeley, Calif.	*	9.427	5.76	Conege rath, Mu. 16. University of Chicago Chicago III	2	2,276	1.39
4. Smithsonian Institution Washington, D.C. (N)	4	7,098	4.34	17. IIT Research Institute Chicago III (N)	<u>e</u>	2,253	1.38
5. Stanford University Stanford, Calif.	ç	4.910	3.00	18. University of California—	*	1.989	1.22
 National Academy of Sciences Washington, D.C. (N) 	V.	3.823	2.34	Los Angeles, Calif.	** **	i	•
sity	10	3.503	2.14		÷ ÷	96/`T	9
Princeton, N.J. 8. University Corporation for	6	3.161	1.93	20. University of Iowa Iowa City, Iowa	91	1.625	0.99
Atmospheric Research Boulder, Colo. (N)				21. New Mexico State University University Park, N.M.	15	1.598	86.0
University of Michigan Ann Arbor, Mich.	∞	3.150	1.93	22. Rice University Houston, Texas	7	1,537	0.94
 University of California—San Diego San Diego, Calif. 	* *	3.050	98.1	23. American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics	24	1.532	0.94
 California Institute of Technology Pasadena, Calif. 	61	2.461	1.50	New York, N.Y. (N)	ş	, ()	6
12. Battelle Memorial Institute	7	2,460	1.50		?	405.	0.92
	30	2,375	1.45	25. University of New Hampshire Durham, N.H.	30	1,402	98.0
Menio Park, Calif. (N)				26. University of Texas—Austin Austin, Texas	*	1,394	0.85

** Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory. **In this year's report, the individual campuses of university systems are listed for the first time as separate entities. Consequently, a comparative ranking for the previous year is not available.

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-26. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1969 (Continued)

(in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards			Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1968	Amount F	FY 1968 Amount Percentage	Insti	Institution and Address	FY 1968	Amount	Amount Percentage
27. University of Arizona	27	1.377	0.84	40. Universit	40. University of New Mexico	38	757	0.46
28. SW Center for Advanced Studies	17	1.370	0.84	41. University of Denver Denver	y of Denver	45	741	0.45
29. College of William and Mary	33	1,364	0.83	42. Universit	University of Miami Coral Gables, Fla.	42	736	0.45
30. University of Southern California	22	1,205	0.74	43. Case Wes	Case Western Reserve University Cleveland, Ohio	51	728	0.45
31. University of Pittsburgh	26	1,117	89.0	44. Universit	University of Houston Houston, Texas	32	728	0.45
32. Pennsylvania State University	39	666	0.61	45. North Carolina Raleigh, N.C.	North Carolina State University Raleigh, N.C.	62	701	0.43
33. University of Hawaii	28	666	19.0	46. Georgia Institu	Georgia Institute of Technology	84	682	0.42
34. Columbia University Now York N V	23	156	0.59	47. Universit	University of Alaska College, Alaska	86	929	0.41
35. Cornell University	43	874	0.53	48. Colorado	Colorado State University Ft. Collins. Colo.	79	652	0.40
36. Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Trov N Y	46	828	0.51	49. Universit	University of Washington Seattle, Wash.	46	624	0.38
37. George Washington University Washington D.C.	37	812	0.50	50. Purdue L Lafave	Purdue University Lafavette, Ind.	53	622	0.38
38. University of Illinois—Urbana Urbana III.	*	802	0.49	51. Research Durhar	 Research Triangle Institute Durham, N.C. (N) 	73	620	0.38
39. Cornell Aeronautical Laboratory Buffalo, N.Y. (N)	25	793	0.48	52. Lowell T Rese Lowell	Lowell Technological Institute Research Foundation Lowell, Mass. (N)	1	603	0.37

* = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory. **In this year's report, the individual campuses of university systems are listed for the first time as separate entities. Consequently, a comparative ranking for the previous year is not available.

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-26. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1969 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Vet Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards				Net Value of Aurords	of Award
Institution and Address	FY 1968 Amount Percentage	Amount 1	ercentage		Institution and Address	FY 1968	Amount Percentage	Dercentue
53. Southwest Research Institute	89	576	0.35	\$	66. University of Rochester	27.	430	Ciccinage 0.33
San Antonio, Jexas (N)	:				Rochester, N.Y.	0/	454	0.27
A. Chivelshy of Tennessee Knoxville, Tenn.	63	574	0.35	67.	67. Johns Hopkins University Religious Md	3	428	0.26
55. New York University New York, N.Y.	40	295	0.34	.89	\supset	31	411	0.25
56. Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio	44	537	0.33	.69	Ō	72	394	0.24
	83	528	0.32	70.	Northwestern University Evanston III	55	390	0.24
Washington, D.C. (N) 58. Southern Methodist University Dallae Tayne	I	528	0.32	71.		16	390	0.24
59. University of North Carolina—	*	523	0.32	72.	Franklin Institute Philadelphia, Pa. (N)	84	381	0.23
Chapel Hill, N.C.				73.	₽.	36	354	0.22
60. Syracuse University Syracuse, N.Y.	14	520	0.32	74.	Ō	8	354	0.22
 University of California—Davis Davis, Calif. 	*	507	0.31	75.	University of Alabama—Huntsville	*	352	0.22
 University of Kansas Lawrence, Kansas 	70	206	0.31	76.	Ĕ	1	351	0.21
63. Texas A&M University College Station, Texas	58	200	0.31	77.	Lou	*	351	0.21
64. Drexel Institute of Technology Philadelphia, Pa.	74	468	0.29	9	Baton Rouge, La.			
65. Lowell Observatory Elagstaff Ariz (N)	57	465	0.28		MISSISSIPPI State University State College, Miss.	1	349	0.21

**In this year's report, the individual campuses of university systems are listed for the first time as separate entities. Consequently, a comparative ranking for the previous year is not available.

| Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous year is not available. | Previous

*=Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-26. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1969 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

			A. A. Sanda			Donk in	Deat in Net Value of Awards	f Awards
	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards			Kank in	'	
Institution and Address	FY 1968	Amount I	FY 1968 Amount Percentage		Institution and Address	FY 1968	Amount Percentage	ercentage
The state of the s		9,6	16.0	2	03 Calamda School of Mines		260	0.16
79. University of Connecticut	I	347	0.21	7,	Cololado Scilico de mines			
Storrs, Conn.	i	316	05.0	0	Ξ	ļ	259	0.16
80. University of Alabama—Tuscaloosa	(535	07.0	.5.	Torrance Calif (N)			
Tuscaloosa, Ala.	i c	,,,	000	č	3	98	255	9.16
	8	555	0.20	į	Woods Hole Oceanographic			
Kansas City, Mo. (N)								
82 Auburn University	47	321	0.20				157	0.15
Auburn Ala				95.	≥	l	401	3
On Manufacture Hairpareity	1	318	0.19		Morgantown, W. Va.			
63. INDITIESSICIII CIIIVCI SILY				8	Carnegie-Mellon University		167	0.15
Boston, Mass.	ō	310	01.0					
84. University of Utah	ž	010	0.17	ţ	I maguign, i.e.	68	233	0.14
Salt Lake City, Utah					9/. Emory University	70	ì	
of Hamenity of Wyoming		315	0.19		Atlanta, Ga.	;	Ċ	
65. Ulliversity of wyoning				8	Illinois Institute of Technology	<u>@</u>	777	O.14
Laramie, Wyo.	ì	110	01.0					
86. Yale University	20	311	0.19	5	=	*	225	0.14
New Haven, Conn.			į	<u>.</u>	University of Camponia — 5. Deremin			
87 University of Florida	52	293	0.18			*	326	V 14
Gainesville Fla				<u>8</u>	\Box		1	
88 Dartmouth College	69	288	0.18		Santa Cruz, Calif.		7007	80 01
Hanover, N.H.					Other		10.420	30.01
89 System Development Corp.	76	278	0.17	_				
Santa Monica, Calif. (N)								
90. University of Massachusetts	87	275	0.17	-	IA MOLTA OLIVIE OT OCCUR.		163 590 100 00	100 00
Amherst, Mass.				<u>-</u>	TOTAL AWARDS TO EDUCATIONAL			
91. Yeshiva University	ļ	568	91.10		AND NONFROFIL INSTITUTIONS			
New York, N.Y.								

**In this year's report, the individual campuses of university systems are listed for the first time as separate entities. Consequently, a comparative ranking for the previous year is not available.

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1969).

*=Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-27. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: FY 1970 (in thousands of dollars)

		Not Volus	4.				
	Kank in	ואכו אישותב	Kank in 1901 value of Awards		Dank in	Pank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1969	Amount 1	FY 1969 Amount Percentage	Institution and Address	FY 1969	Amount	Amount Percentage
 Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge, Mass. 	_	26,806	16.03	14. IIT Research Institute	17	2,746	2 43.
University of California—Berkeley Berkeley, Calif.	m	6.694	4.00	Cnicago, III. (N) 15. University of California—	18	2,429	1.45
3. Harvard University Cambridge Mass	C1	6.183	3.70	Los Angeles Los Angeles, Calif.			
4. Smithsonian Institution	4	5.941	3.55	 Stanford Research Institute Menlo Park, Calif. (N) 	13	2.248	1.34
washington, D.C. (N) 5. University of Michigan Ann Arbor Mich	5	5.592	3.34		21	2.192	1.31
6. National Academy of Sciences Washington D.C. (N)	9	5,450	3.26	18. University Corporation for Atmospheric Research	∞	2.173	1.30
7. Stanford University Stanford, Calif.	٧,	4.506	2.70	Boulder, Colo. (N) 19. Battelle Memorial Institute	12	2.134	1.28
8. Princeton University Princeton, N.J.	7	3,979	2.38	20. Rice University	51	1.946	1.16
University of California—San Diego San Diego, Calif.	01	3,484	2.08	21. Columbia University	34	1,914	1.15
 University of Maryland College Park, Md. 	₹.	3,313	86:1	22. University of Iowa	20	1.880	1.12
 California Institute of Technology Pasadena, Calif. 	Ξ	3,239	<u>8</u> .	23. American Institute of Aeronautics	23	1.635	0.98
12. University of Texas—Dallas Dallas Texas	ļ	2,887	1.73				
13. University of Chicago	91	2,807	89.1	 University of Wisconsin—Madison Madison, Wisc. 	61	1.591	0.95
C nicago, III.				25. George Washington University Washington, D.C.	37	1.579	0.94
				26. University of Southern California Los Angeles, Calif.	30	1.575	0.94
de Inchidence contract							

"= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-27. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:4 FY 1970 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

			HIDENOUL	(III tilousalius of uomars)				
		Net Value of Awards	of Awards			Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards
Institution and Address	Rank In FY 1969	FY 1969 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Institution a	Institution and Address	FY 1969	Amount	FY 1969 Amount Percentage
	24	1.503	0.90	40. Universities Space Research	ce Research		766	0.60
Boulder, Colo.	; ;	ç	90	Association	2			
28. University of Arizona	77	1,4/8	0.88	Washington, D.C. (14) 41 Ohio State University	ersity	99	930	0.56
Tueson, Ariz. 29. University of Minnesota	14	1.434	98.0	Columbus, Ohio	iio	4	8	0.54
Minneapolis, Minn.	٤	1.421	0.85	42. Georgia Institute of Technology Atlanta, Ga.	s of reconology	ĵ	ξ.	
30. Pennsylvania State University Haivareity Park Pa	40			43. Research Triangle Institute	le Institute	15	898	0.52
	39	1,412	0.84	Durham, N.C. (N)	. (N) Sobolo Institute	35	819	0.49
Buffalo, N.Y. (N)	35	1,361	0.81	44. Kensselaer Folytecillile institute Troy, N.Y.	ופכוווור ווואונמנכ) }		
Ithaca, N.Y.				45. University of Illinois-Urbana	inois—Urbana	33	\$02	0.48
33. University of New Hampshire	25	1,360	0.81	Urbana, III.	Urbana, III.	43	804	0.48
Durham, N.H.	٦,	1 319	0 79	46. Case western ness Cleveland, Ohio	ieserve Omversity nio	?		
34. University of Texas—Austin Austin Texas	9) (C.)	`	47. North Carolina State University	State University	45	765	0.46
35. University of Houston	4	1.318	0.79	Raleigh, N.C.	·	88	734	0.44
Houston, Texas	13	1.172	0.70	As. New York, N.Y.	.Y.	.		
56. University of nawaii Hopolulu, Hawaii	ì			49. Purdue University	ity	<u></u>	731	4.0
37. Northwestern University	70	1.037	0.62	Lafayette, Ind.	d. Hniversity	1	729	0.44
Evanston, III. 38 College of William and Mary	29	1,025	0.61	Stillwater, Okla	da.	ę	707	ç
Williamsburg, Va.				51. Old Dominion College	College	£	CO/	
39. University of Virginia	Ì	100,	0.00	Noriolk, va. 52. Yale University		98	694	0.42
Charlottesvine, va.				New Haven, Conn.	Conn.			

*= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-27. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1970 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Net Valu	Rank in Net Value of Awards			Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1969	Amount	FY 1969 Amount Percentage		Institution and Address	FY 1969		Amount Percentage
53. Washington University St. Louis, Mo.		889	0.41	66. Virg	Virginia Commonwealth University Richmond: Va.		521	0.31
54. Dudley Observatory Albany, N.Y. (N.)	l	829	0.41	67. Uni	University of Kansas	62	515	0.31
55. Texas A&M University College Station, Texas	63	652	0.39	68. Lov	Lowell Observatory Flagstaff, Ariz (N)	99	201	0.30
56. System Development Corporation Santa Monica, Calif. (N)	ttion 89	₹ 4	0.39	69. Cole F	Colorado State University Ft. Collins. Colo	84	498	0.30
 University of Denver Denver, Colo. 	41	636	0.38	70. John B	Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, Md	67	498	0.30
58. Louisiana State University— Baton Rouge	77	609	0.36	71. Indi B	Indiana University Bloomington, Ind.	9/	488	0.29
Baton Rouge, La. 59. Midwest Research Institute	≅	582	0.35	72. Uni K	University of Tennessee Knoxville Tenn	54	488	0.29
Kansas City, Mo. (N) 60. University of California—Davis	is 61	579	0.35	73. Uni H	University of Alabama—Huntsville Huntsville, Ala.	7.5	482	0.29
Davis, Calif. 61. University of Pittsburgh	31	570	0.34	74. Aub A	Auburn University Auburn, Ala.	82	476	0.28
Pittsburgh, Pa. 62. University of Florida	87	195	0.34	75. Bro	Brown University Providence, R.I.	1	457	0.27
Gainesville, Fla. 63. University of New Mexico	40	548	0.33	76. Ran Sa	Rand Corporation Santa Monica, Calif. (N)	1	431	0.26
Albuquerque, N.M. 64. University of Washington	49	536	0.32	77. Syra	Syracuse University Syracuse, N.Y.	99	417	0.25
Seattle, Wash. 65. Southwest Research Institute San Antonio, Texas (N)	53	531	0.32	78. Univ	University of Massachusetts Amherst, Mass.	3 6	407	0.24

¹ Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-27. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1970 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards			Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Award
Institution and Address	FY 1969	Amount	FY 1969 Amount Percentage		Institution and Address	FY 1969	Amount Percentage	ercenta
79. University of Connecticut	62	393	0.24	92.	Virginia Polytechnic Institute	1	273	0.16
Storrs, Conn. 80. Mississippi State University	78	390	0.23	93.	93. Lehigh University	l	262	91.0
State College, Miss. 81. University of Miami	42	375	0.22	4 .	Bethlehem, Pa. 94. American Institute of Biological Sciences	1	259	0.15
Coral Gables, Fla. 82. University City Science Center Philadelnhia Pa (N)	l	356	0.21	95.	⊃ E, €	7.1	259	0.15
	l	350	0.21	%	Pl Stat		254	0.15
84. Carnegie-Mellon University Pittsburgh, Pa.	%	346	0.21		at Albany Albany, N.Y.			
85. Emory University Atlanta Ga.	6	341	0.20	97.	97. Albany Medical College Albany, N.Y.		236	0.14
86. Franklin Institute Dhiladelphia Da (N)	7.5	298	0.18	86	₹	1	229	0.14
87. West Virginia University Management W. Vo.	95	298	0.18	8;	Σ	١	228	0.14
Morganitown, w. va. 88. University of Alabama—Tuscaloosa Tuscaloosa, Ala.	80	295	0.18	99.	Ō	%	227	0.14
89. University of Kentucky Lexington. Ky.	ļ	280	0.17		Other		12,460	7.45
90. University of Oregon Eugene. Ore	1	277	0.17					
91. State University of New York— Stony Brook Stony Brook, N.Y.	ı	273	0.16	<u> </u>	TOTAL AWARDS TO EDUCATIONAL AND NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS		167,202	00.001

^a = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Sropulsion Laboratory.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1970).

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-28. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1971 (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards		Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1970	FY 1970 Amount Percentage	Percentage	Institution and Address	FY 1970	Amount Percentage	ercentage
1. Massachusetts Institute of Technology	_	28,381	17.40	14. Purdue University	49	2.681	49.1
2. University of California—Berkeley Rerkeley Calif	C 1	7.288	4.47	15. University of California— Los Angeles	15	2.578	1.58
3. Harvard University Cambridge Mass	3	5,008	3.07	Los Angeles, Calif.	-	0	
4. Stanford University	7	4.64	2.85	ro. Battelle Mellollal Institute Columbus, Ohio (N)	6	710.7	45.1
Stanford, Calif. 5. National Academy of Sciences	9	4	286	17. University of Texas—Dallas	13	2,363	1.45
	>		i	18. Columbia University	7	7 334	1 43
6. University of Michigan	S	4,473	2.74				ì
Ann Arbor, Mich. 7 Smithsonian Institution	-	4 350	2.57	19. Aerospace Corporation	I	2.215	1.36
Washington, D.C. (N)	t	0.5.4	70.7	20 Tobbs Honking University	6	, יוי	76 1
8. California Institute of Technology	Ξ	4,140	2.54	Baltimore, Md.	2	717.7	05.1
Pasadena, Calif.				21. University of Maryland	9	2.208	1.35
9. University of California—San Diego	6	3.948	2.42				
San Diego, Calif.				22. University Corporation for	<u>∞</u>	2.193	1.34
10. University of Chicago	13	3,478	2.13	Atmospheric Research			1
Cincago, III. 11 Princeton University	9	26.4	٠٠ ر		;		
Princeton, N.J.	5	1	70.7	23. University of towa lowa City, lowa	1	6/6:1	1.2.1
University of Minnesota—	56	2,851	1.75	24. IIT Research Institute	4	1.883	1.15
Minneapolis-St. Paul				Chicago, III. (N)			:
Minneapolis, Minn.				25. Cornell Aeronautical Laboratory, Inc.	31	1.851	1.13
 University of Wisconsin—Madison Madison, Wisc. 	24	2.749	89.1				
				26. University of Colorado Boulder, Colo.	27	1.842	1.13
AN ALL CALL				The state of the s			

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

" = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-28. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1971 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

ress ute ronautics rrsity—	FY 1970 Amount Percentage 16 1.668 1.02 23 1.596 0.98 17 1.593 0.98	nt Percentage	Institution and Address	FY 1970 Amount Percentage	Amount	n
7. Stanford Research Institute Menlo Park, Calif. (N) 8. American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics New York, N.Y. (N) 9. New Mexico State University— Las Cruces						Percentage
Menlo Park, Calif. (N) 8. American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics New York, N.Y. (N) 9. New Mexico State University— Las Cruces			40. Oklahoma State University	80	883	0.54
and Astronautics New York. N.Y. (N) 9. New Mexico State University— Las Cruces		86.0 965.1	Stillwater, Okta. 41. University of Southern California	26	880	0.54
9. New Mexico State University— Las Cruces			Los Angeles, Calif. 42. Washington University	53	876	0.54
Las Clucs		1,593 0.98	St. Louis, Mo. 43. Research Triangle Institute	43	828	0.51
University Park, N.M.	38	26.0 6.87		32	816	0.50
Williams of America				12	786	0.48
31. University of Attional Tucson, Ariz.			Norfolk, Va. 46 Universities Space Research	. 04	773	0.47
Evanston, III.			47. New York University	84	733	0.45
34. Rice University Houston, Texas	20 1.3	1.309 0.80	New York, N.Y. 48. University of New Mexico	63	732	0.45
35. University of Houston Houston, Texas	35 1.1	1,124 0.69	Albuquerque, N.M. 49. University of Illinois—Urbana	45	723	0.44
36. University of New Hampshire Durham, N.H.	33 1,0	1,032 0.63	Urbana, III. 50. University of Alabama—Huntsville	73	719	0.44
37. University of Hawaii Honolulu, Hawaii	36 1,0	1,022 0.62	Huntsville, Ala. 51. Texas A&M University	55	710	44.0
38. George Washington University Washington, D.C.	25 9	964 0.59	College Station, Texas 52. University of Pittsburgh	19	189	0.42
39. Dudley Observatory	54 ^h 9	932 0.57				

(N) = Nonprofit institution.
" = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

^hDudley Observatory reclassified in FY 1971 from nonprofit to educational.

Table 5-28. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1971 (Continued)

dollars)	
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thousands	
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	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Net Value	of Awards		Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1970 Amount Percentage	Amount F	ercentage	Institution and Address	FY 1970		Amount Percentage
53. University of Kansas Lawrence, Kansas	67	655	0.40	66. Colorado State University Et. Collins Colo	69	456	0.28
 Pennsylvania State University University Park, Pa. 	30	631	0.39	67. Lowell Observatory Flagstaff Ariz (N)	89	450	0.28
 University of Virginia Charlottesville, Va. 	39	819	0.38	68. South Dakota State University Brookings, S.D.	1	450	0.28
 University of Washington Seattle, Wash. 	\$	614	0.38	69. University of Miami Coral Gables Fia		433	0.27
57. University of Alaska College, Alaska	1	582	0.36	70. Midwest Research Institute Kansas City Mo. (N)	89	425	0.26
58. Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio	4	577	0.35	71. North Carolina State University Raleigh N C	47	400	0.25
 Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Troy, N.Y. 	4	995	0.35	72. University of Pennsylvania Philadelphia Pa	95	392	0.24
60. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla.	62	530	0.32	73. Virginia Polytechnic Institute Rlackshure Va	92	385	0.24
61. Case Western Reserve University Cleveland, Ohio	46	527	0.32	74. Auburn University Auburn Ala	74	378	0.23
62. Yale University New Haven, Conn.	52	525	0.32	75. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Cambridge Mass (N)	1	352	0.22
63. Southwest Research Institute San Antonio, Texas (N)	9	207	0.31	76. Gulf Universities Research Corp. San Antonio Texas (N)	1	350	0.21
64. State University of New York— Stony Brook	16	497	0.30	77. University of Utah Salt Lake City, Utah	I	334	0.20
Stony Brook, N.Y. 65. Georgia Institute of Technology Atlanta, Ga.	42	471	0.29	78. Dallas County Hospital District Dallas, Texas (N)	1	330	0.20

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

"= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-28. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: FY 1971 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Dan in Net Value of Awards	let Value	of Awards		Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1970 Amount Percentage	mount P	ercentage	Institution and Address	FY 1970	Amount	Amount Percentage
79. University of Oregon	8	325	0.20	92. University of Alabama—Tuscaloosa	88	209	0.13
Eugene, Ore. 80. Franklin Institute	98	296	0.18	Tuscaloosa, Ala. 93. University of Georgia	I	203	0.12
Philadelphia, Pa. (N) 81. Baylor University Medical College	83	286	0.18	Athens, Ga. 94. University of Massachusetts	78	661	0.12
Houston, Tex. 82. Lehigh University	93	286	0.18	Amherst, Mass. 95. State University of New York—	ł	861	0.12
Bethlehem, Pa. 83. University of California—Davis	09	284	0.17	Buffalo, N.Y. 8uffalo, N.Y. 96 University of Rochester	901	192	0.12
84. University of Connecticut	62	278	0.17		ļ	<u>8</u>	0.12
Storrs, Conn. 85. Louisiana State University— Baton Roupe	28	368	91.0		99	190	0.12
Baton Rouge, La. 86. College of the Virgin Islands	1	253	0.16	Richmond, Va. 99. Brown University	75	182	0.11
St. Thomas, Virgin Islands 87. Indiana University—Bloomington	17	251	0.15	Providence, R.I. 100. Oregon State University	I	181	0.11
Bloomington, Ind. 88. American Institute of Biological	94	248	0.15	Corvallis, Ore. Other		9,892	90.9
Sciences Washington, D.C. (N) 89. University of Kentucky	68	247	0.15				
Lexington, Ky. 90. University of Denver	57	243	0.15	TOTAL AWARDS TO EDUCATIONAL		163.131	163.131 100.00
Denver. Colo. 91. University of Tennessee—Knoxville Knoxville. Tenn.	7.2	237	0.15	AND NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS	,		
(N) - Nonprofit institution.				*Dudley Observatory reclassified in FY 1971 from nonprofit to educational	'I from nonpr	ofit to educa	tional.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1971).

(N) – Nonprofit institution.

" = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-29. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:^a FY 1972 (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards		Bank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1971	FY 1971 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Institution and Address		Amount Percentage	ercentage
 Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge, Mass. 	_	20,305	13.84	14. Battelle Memorial Institute Columbus Obio (N)	9	2,752	1.88
University of Michigan Ann Arbor, Mich.	9	5.380	3.67	15. University of Colorado - Boulder Boulder Colo	26	2.681	1.83
 National Academy of Sciences Washington, D.C. (N) 	v	5.025	3.43	16. Columbia University New York N Y	×	2,667	1.82
 University of California—San Diego San Diego, Calif. 	6	4.623	3.15	17. University of Minnesota— Minnesonalis St. Dout	2	2,568	1.75
5. Harvard University Cambridge, Mass.	٣	4.481	3.06	Minneapons—5t. Faul Minneapolis, Minn. 18 University of Wissonsip Medica	2	oo e	
6. University of California—Berkeley	۲ı	4.012	2.74		<u>-</u>	085.7	1.63
Berkeley, Calif. 7. Smithsonian Institution	7	25.2	3 63	19. University of Maryland—	21	2.276	1.55
Washington, D.C. (N)		5.5.	i	College Fark College Park, Md.			
8. Stanford University Stanford, Calif.	4	3.597	2.45	20. University of Hawaii	37	2,198	1.50
 California Institute of Technology Pasadena, Calif 	œ	3.407	2.32	21. University of Texas—Dallas	17	2.100	1.43
10. Aerospace Corporation El Segundo, Calif. (N.)	61	3.290	2.24	22. University Corporation for	53	1,829	1.25
Sity	=	2.975	2.03				
12. Johns Hopkins University	20	2.803	16:1	23. University of Arizona Tucson, Ariz.	31	1,771	1.21
Baltimore, Md.	5	6		24. University of Iowa	23	1.748	1.19
13. University of Chicago Chicago, III.	9	1,800 1,800 1,800	<u></u>	Iowa City, Iowa 25. University of California—	51	1.562	1 07
				Los Angeles Los Angeles, Calif	;	! :	
				26. New Mexico State University—	56	1.538	1.05
				Las Cruces University Park, N.M.			

"-Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

(N) - Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-29. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: FY 1972 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

		3	(III HINGSWINS OF COMETS)		COMMETS)			
	Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards			Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1971	FY 1971 Amount Percentage	ercentage		Institution and Address	FY 1971	Amount	Amount Percentage
	24	1.521	40.1	40.	40. George Washington University Washington D.C.	38	946	9.0
Chicago, III. (N) 28. American Institute of Aeronautics	28	1,518	1.04	4.	\supset	20	826	95.0
and Astronautics New York N.Y. (N.)			-	42.	Figure, Ala. Old Dominion College	45	801	0.55
: >	4	1.419	0.97	43	Norfolk, Va. Washington University	42	799	0.55
30. Stanford Research Institute	27	1.367	0.93			S	102	25 0
Menlo Park, Calif. (N)	32	1.215	0.83	4 .	University of Kansas Lawrence, Kansas	ર	16/	†
Austin. Texas	!			45.	ð	9	777	0.53
32. University of Houston	35	1,131	0.77	,		Ŧ	775	0.53
Houston, Texas	46	1,078	0.74	ç		Ŧ		
				47	E.	51	763	0.52
Washington, D.C. (N) 34. University of Illinois—Urbana	49	1,038	0.71	8.	P	22	743	0.51
Urbana, III. 35. University of Utah	77	1,032	0.70	49.	University Park, Pa. University of Alaska—College	57	199	0.46
Salt Lake City, Utah	2	992	99.0	50.	College, Alaska Colorado State University	99	653	0.45
Houston, Texas	99	974	99.0	51.	Ft. Collins, Colo. 51. College of William and Mary	30	638	0.43
Seattle, Wash.	39	973	99.0	52.	Williamsburg, Va. Case Western Reserve University	19	989	0.43
Albany, N.Y. (N)					Cleveland, Ohio			
39. Cornell University	4	972	99.0					
Ithaca, N.Y.								

*= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-29. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: FY 1972 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

lnstitution and Address 66. Indiana University—Bloomington Bloomington, Ind. 67. University of Virginia Charlottesville, Va. 68. Cornell Aeronautical Laboratory. Inc. Buffalo, N.Y. (N) 69. Lowell Observatory Flagstaff, Ariz. (N) 70. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. 71. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. 72. Baylor University Medical College Houston, Texa 73. Louisiana State University— Baton Rouge Baton Rouge Baton Rouge, La. 74. Clear Lake City Water Authorities Houston, Texas (N) 75. Michigan State University East Lamsing, Mich. 76. National Academy of Public Administration Washington, D.C. (N) 77. Newport News, City of Newport News, City of Newport News, Va. (N) 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Cambridge, Mass. (N)		Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards			No. 14.1	
Fr 1971 Amount Percentage Institution and Address	Institution and Adda	Nailly III				Rank in	Net value	Net Value of Awards
echnology 65 623 0.42 66. Indiana University—Bloomington titute 47 618 0.42 67. University of Virginia titute 43 612 0.42 68. Correll Acronautical Laboratory. Inc. Bloomington. Ind. 68. Correll Acronautical Laboratory. Inc. Buffalo. N.Y. (N) (N) Flagstaff Ariz. (N) Flagstaff Ariz. (N) (N) 70. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. gh 52 568 0.39 71. University of Florida Auburn 74 559 0.38 72. Baylor University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. Houston, Texas Flass—School of Public Health Houston, Texas Amoston, Texas Auburn 74 559 0.38 72. Baylor University of Provida Baton Rouge La. Baton Rouge La. Sys 547 0.37 Baton Rouge La. Sys 548 0.36 Administration Administration Sys 549 0.37 Restricted Administration	institution and Address	FY 19/1	Amount	ercentage	Institution and Address	FY 1971		Amount Percentage
titute 47 618 0.42 67. University of Virginia Charlottesville, Va. 68. Cornell Aeronautical Laboratory. Inc. Buffalo, N.Y. (N) 69. 0.41 69. Lowell Observatory Flagstaff, Ariz. (N) Flagstaff, Ariz. (Georgia Institute of Technology Atlanta, Ga. 	9	623	0.42	66. Indiana University—Bloomington	87	488	0.33
ititute 43 612 0.42 68. Cornell Aeronautical Laboratory. Inc. Buffalo, N.Y. (N) 69. Lowell Observatory Flagstaff, Ariz. (N) ew York— 64 578 0.39 70. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. 71. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. 72. S68 0.39 71. University of Texas—School of Public Health Houston, Texas 40. 557 0.38 72. Baylor University Medical College Houston, Texas 73. Louisiana State University Baton Rouge Baton Rouge Baton Rouge Houston, Texas 74. Clear Lake City Water Authorities 75. Michigan State University Fast Lansing, Mich. 76. National Academy of Public Administration Washington D.C. (N) 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp.	54. New York University New York, N.Y.	47	819	0.42		55	466	0.32
nstitute 63 608 0.41 69. Lowell Observatory ew York— 64 578 0.39 70. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. 71. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. 71. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. 71. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. 71. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. 71. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla. 72. Baylor University Medical College Houston, Texas Baton Rouge Baton Rouge Baton Rouge Baton Rouge Baton Rouge Baton Rouge Houston, Texas (N) 73. Clear Lake City Water Authorities Houston, Texas (N) 74. Clear Lake City Water Authorities Houston, Texas (N) 75. Michigan State University Fast Lansing, Mich. 76. National Academy of Public Newport News, City of Newport News, City of Newport News, City of Newport News, City of Newport News, Va. (N) 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Cambridge, Mass. (N)	55. Research Triangle Institute Durham, N.C. (N)	43	612	0.42	68. Cornell Aeronautical Laboratory, Inc. Buffalo, N.Y. (N.)	2.5	430	0.29
ew York— 64 578 0.39 70. University of Floridal Gainesville, Fla. Gainesville, Fla. 71. University of Texas—School of Public Health Houston, Texas Auburn 74 559 0.38 72. Baylor University of Texas—School of Public Health Houston, Texas 90 557 0.38 72. Baylor University Medical College Houston, Texas mpshire 36 547 0.38 73. Louisiana State University—Baton Rouge xico 48 533 0.36 Houston, Texas Anniversity—Houston, Texas xico 48 533 0.36 Houston, Texas Anniversity—Houston, Texas xico 48 533 0.36 Houston, Texas N) 75. Midigan State University 75. Midigan State University Administration xico 48 534 0.36 Administration xico Applicational Academy of Public Administration xico Applicational Academy of Public xico Applicational Academy of Public xico Xico Xico xico Xico Xico	 Southwest Research Institute San Antonio, Texas (N) 	63	809	0.41	ĭ	29	430	0.29
gh 52 568 0.39 71. University of Texas—School of Public Health Houston, Texas Auburn 74 559 0.38 72. Baylor University Medical College Houston, Texas 90 557 0.38 73. Louisiana State University—Baton Rouge 73. Louisiana State University—Baton Rouge xxico 48 533 0.36 Houston, Texas xxico 48 533 0.36 Houston, Texas nstitute 73 531 0.36 Houston, Texas 75. Michigan State University—Baton Rouge 75. Michigan State University 76. National Academy of Public Administration 76. National Academy of Public Administration 78. Agaington D.C. (N) 77. Newport News, City of Newport News, City of Newport News, Va. (N) 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Cambridge, Mass. (N)	 State University of New York— Stony Brook 	\$	878	0.39	5	99	411	0.28
Auburn 74 559 0.38 72. Baylor University Medical College Houston, Tex. 90 557 0.38 73. Louisiana State University—Baton Rouge mpshire 36 547 0.37 Baton Rouge exico 48 533 0.36 Houston, Tex. nstitute 73 531 0.36 Houston, Tex. nstitute 73 531 0.36 Houston, Tex. nstitute 73 531 0.36 Administration nstitute 59 514 0.35 Administration Newport News, City of Newport News, City of Newport News, City of Newport News, Va. (N) 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp.	Stony Brook, N.Y. 58. University of Pittsburgh Pittsburgh, Pa.	\$2	268	0.39	71. University of Texas—School of Public Health	ļ	389	0.27
13	59. Auburn University—Auburn Auburn, Ala.	74	655	0.38		8	369	0.25
mpshire 36 547 0.37 Baton Rouge, La. 74. Clear Lake City Water Authorities Houston, Texas (N) 75. Michigan State University East Lansing. Mich. 76. National Academy of Public Administration Washington, D.C. (N) 58 498 0.34 77. Newport News, City of Newport News, Va. (N) 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Cambridge, Mass. (N)	60. University of Denver Denver, Colo.	8	257	0.38	73. Louisiana State University— Raton Rouga	88	355	0.24
xico 48 533 0.36 Houston Taxas Cuty Water Authorities 73 531 0.36 Houston Taxas (N) 75 Michigan State University 76 National Academy of Public Administration Washington, D.C. (N) 58 498 0.34 77. Newport News, City of Newport News, Va. (N) 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Cambridge, Mass. (N)	61. University of New Hampshire Durham, N.H.	36	547	0.37				
reflection of the state of the	62. University of New Mexico Albuquerque, N.M.	48	533	0.36		İ	340	0.23
c Institute 59 514 0.35 Administration Washington, D.C. (N) 58 498 0.34 77. Newport News, City of Newport News, Va. (N) 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Cambridge, Mass. (N)	63. Virginia Polytechnic Institute Blacksburg, Va	73	531	98.0		t	3.8	0.22
58 498 0.34 77. Newport News, City of Newport News, Va. (N) 78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Cambridge, Mass. (N)	64. Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Troy, N.Y.	65	514	0.35		1	310	0.21
Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Cambridge, Mass. (N)	65. Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio	85	498	0.34	Z	ļ	300	0.20
					78. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Cambridge, Mass. (N)	75	300	0.20

" - Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-29. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1972 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Net Value of Awards	Velue	of Awards		Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	or Awards
Address	FY 1971 Amount Percentage	mount P	ercentage	Institution and Address	FY 1971	Amount Percentage	ercentage
		281	0.19	92. University of Oregon - Eugene	62	224	0.15
Santa Clara, Calif. 80. University of Massachusetts—	94	275	0.19	Eugene, Ore. 93. Northwestern University	33	213	0.15
Amherst				Evanston, III. 94. Yale University	62	211	0.14
81. Oregon State University	001	271	0.18	New Haven, Conn.		205	0.14
	1	270	0.18	Albuquerque, N.M. (N)	1	197	0.13
Gloucester Point, va. (N) 83. North Carolina State University	71	369	0.18			961	0.13
Raleigh, N.C. 84. University of Kentucky	68	267	0.18		I	192	0.13
Lexington, Ky. 85. Washington Suburban Sanitary	i	366	0.18		l	161	0.13
Commission Hyattsville, Md. (N) 86. Methodist Hospital	ŀ	264	0.18		l	<u>8</u>	0.13
Houston, Texas (N) University of Tennessee—Knoxville	16	247	0.17	Galveston, Texas Other		9.586	6.54
Knoxville, Tenn. 88. University of Miami	69	242	91.0				
Coral Gables, Fla. 89. Lehigh University	82	239	0.16				
Bethlehem, Pa. 90. University of Connecticut	æ	238	0.16	TOTAL AWARDS TO EDUCATIONAL	.	146.703	146,703 100.00
Storrs, Conn. 91. American Institute of Biological	%	236	0.16	AIND MOINTMOIL INSTITUTIONS			
Sciences Washington, D.C. (N)							

"- Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1972).

Table 5-30. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:4 FY 1973 (in thousands of dollars)

			in tinoman		(in thousands of dollars)			
	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards			Dund.	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Institution and Address		Amount	FY 1972 Amount Percentage		Institution and Address		Amount	Amount Percentage
 Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge, Mass. 	_	14.163	10.26	4.	1 12	29	2,688	1.95
Harvard University Cambridge, Mass.	v ₁	4,801	3.48	15.	Environmental Research Institute of Mich	£	2,403	1.74
3. Smithsonian Institution Washington D.C. (N)	7	4,550	3.29	:				
4. Stanford University Stanford Calif	œ	4.176	3.02	<u>9</u>	5	17	2.384	1.73
 University of California—Berkeley Berkeley, Calif. 	9	4.062	2.94	17.	Minneapolis, Minn. Princeton University Princeton N 1	=	2.342	1.70
 University of Illinois—Urbana Urbana, Ill. 	34	3.806	2.76	<u>∞</u>	ŭ	16	2,264	49.1
7. National Academy of Sciences Washington, D.C. (N)	ĸ	3.399	2.46	19.	5	13	2,237	1.62
8. University of Iowa Iowa City, Iowa	24	3,381	2.45	20.	ā	61	2,157	1.56
9. California Institute of Technology Pasadena, Calif	6	3,308	2.40	,	College Park, Md.			
10. University of California—San Diego	4	2,821	2.04	71.	University of Texas—Dallas Dallas, Texas	21	2,090	1.51
San Diego, Calif. 11. Aerospace Corporation El Segundo, Calif. (N)	10	2.814	2.04	22.		4	2.076	1.50
COUS	<u>&</u>	2.752	86.1	23.	University of Michigan—Ann Arbor Ann Arbor, Mich.	C1	1,933	1.40
Madison, Wise. 13. University of Colorado—Boulder	15	2,691	1.95	숙.	University of Arizona Tucson, Ariz.	8	1,680	1.22
Boulder, Colo.			•	25.	New Mexico State University— Las Cruces	56	1,680	1.22
				ì	University Park, N.M.			
				70.	University Corporation for Atmospheric Research Boulder, Colo. (N)	22	1.659	1.20

^hFormerly a part of University of Michigan.

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

"—Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-30. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: FY 1973 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

		ļ						
	-	Net Value of Awards	of Awards			Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	cf Awards
Institution and Address	Kank III FY 1972	FY 1972 Amount Percentage	ercentage		Institution and Address	FY 1972	Amount Percentage	ercentage
27. Cornell University	39	1,537	1.1	€.	S	30	928	0.63
Ithaca, N.Y.	20	1.504	1.09	4	Menio Park, Calif. (N) 41. Oklahoma State University	45	859	0.62
Honolulu, Hawaii	l '			9	Stillwater, Okla.	7.0	y S	85 0
29. Johns Hopkins University	12	1,484	<u>8</u>	42.	III Research Institute	17	906	000
Baltimore. Md. 30. University of California—	25	1,453	1.05	43.	Ъ	84	775	0.56
Los Ángeles				;		77	727	0.53
Los Angeles, Calif.	ά	1 348	86 0	<u>4</u>	Iexas A&M University College Station, Texas	,	161	9
31. American Institute of Actonautics	2	<u>.</u>		45.	\supset	28	714	0.52
New York, N.Y. (N)					Pittsburgh, Pa.	į	Ċ	
32. George Washington University	40	1,256	0.91	46.	ž	%	£9.	0.51
Washington, D.C.						35	7007	0.51
33. Dudley Observatory	38	1,251	16:0	47	\supset	Ç	3	
Albany, N.Y. (N)	•		8	9		7	<i>C13</i>	0 49
34. University of Alaska—College	64	1.239	3		Troy N V	5	•	<u>:</u>
College, Alaska	;	,	00 0	Q	=	37	2	0.46
35. University of Kansas	4	1.210	0.00	,				
Lawrence, Kansas	31	1.178	0.85	50.	>	63	298	0.43
Austin Texas	1				Blacksburg, Va.			
37. Old Dominion University	42	1,048	9.76	51.	5	82	292	0.43
Norfolk, Va.						;	607	0.43
38. University of Houston	32	1,004	0.73	52.	₹	4.5	700	÷.
Houston, Texas			:		St. Louis, Mo.			
39. Rice University	36	116	99.0					
Houston, Texas								
(N) = Nonprofit institution.					^h Formerly a part of University of Michigan.			

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

* = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

PFormerly a part of University of Michigan.

Table 5-30. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1973 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

<u>7</u> 55. 9 57.

Amount Percentage Net Value of Awards 0.30 0.30 0.29 0.29 0.26 0.280.27 0.27 0.27 0.23 0.220.21 0.24 415 397 5 388 375 373 357 335 322 307 295 Rank in FY 1972 8 65 1 33 27 70 52 4 75 3 67. University of Alabama—Tuscaloosa 72. Case Western Reserve University 73. University of Southern California State University of New York-University of Texas—Galveston 78. Dallas County Hospital District South Dakota State University 77. Fairleigh-Dickinson University Universities Space Research Institution and Address St. Croix, Virgin Islands 74. Michigan State University Washington, D.C. (N) East Lansing, Mich. 66. Ohio State University Stony Brook, N.Y. University of Florida Los Angeles, Calif. 76. University of Denver Galveston, Texas Cleveland, Ohio Dallas, Texas (N) Tuscaloosa, Ala. Gainesville, Fla. Columbus, Ohio Brookings, S.D. Stony Brook Denver, Colo. Association 71. 75. 89 70. 3 Net Value of Awards FY 1972 Amount Percentage 0.42 0.42 0.38 0.38 0.37 0.36 0.35 0.33 0.32 0.31 0.31 0.31 0.31 276 576 528 524 515 495 476 455 445 433 424 430 428 Rank in 9 \bar{z} 55 99 20 62 4 29 72 9 9 53 5 University of Alabama—Huntsville Baylor University Medical College 63. Indiana University—Bloomington 64. Georgia Institute of Technology 53. University of New Hampshire Southwest Research Institute Institution and Address College of William and Mary Research Triangle Institute University of New Mexico San Antonio. Texas (N) Colorado State University Oregon State University University of Virginia Albuquerque, N.M. Charlottesville, Va. Flagstaff, Ariz. (N) Durham, N.C. (N) Ft. Collins, Colo. Williamsburg, Va. Lowell Observatory Bloomington, Ind Huntsville, Ala. Corvallis, Ore. Houston, Tex. Durham, N.H. Atlanta, Ga. . 28

6. 62.

59 8 (N) = Nonprofit institution.

65.

excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet ^a = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-30. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1973 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

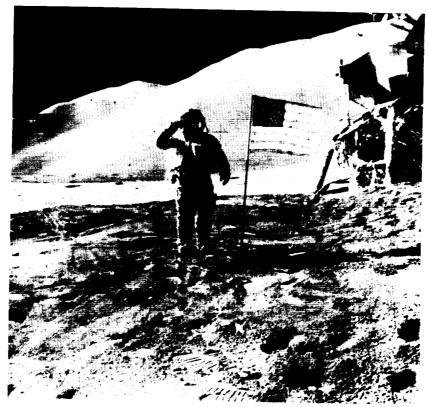
	Net Value of Awards	et Value	of Awards		Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Incitivation and Address	FY 1972 Amount Percentage	mount P	ercentage	Institution and Address	FY 1972	Amount Percentage	ercentage
10 I shich Haivereity	68	290	0.21	92. State of Ohio		136	0.14
Bethlehem, Pa.		ļ		Columbus, Ohio (N)		194	0 14
80. University of Santa Clara	62	284	0.21	93. State University of fivew fork— Buffalo	l	<u> </u>	
Salita Ciala; Cali: 81. Colorado School of Mines	1	255	0.18		8	601	0.14
Golden, Colo.		į		94. University of Connecticut	3	761	<u>t</u>
82. University of California—Davis	I	241	<u>(1.0</u>	Storrs, Conf. 95. North Carolina State University	83	187	0.14
Davis, Canil. 83 Mitre Corporation	I	230	0.17	Raleigh, N.C.	í	301	-
Bedford, Mass. (N)				96. Louisiana State University—	73	(8)	0.13
84. Brown University	1	225	91.0	Baton Rouge			
Providence, R.I.					10	501	0 13
85. University of Miami	88	224	9.16	97. University of Nebraska—Lincoln	<i>(</i>	61	CI.0
Coral Gables, Fla.					70	181	0.13
86. University of Wyoming	1	218	0.16	98. Howard University	R	5	
Laramie, Wyo.						174	0.13
87. Catholic University of America	l	213	0.15	99. California State University—Sali 3036			
Washington, D.C.		ě	41.0		١	170	0.12
88. Yale University	46	C07	CI.D	100. University of Delaware			
New Haven, Conn.	į	6	91.0	Newalk, Del.		12 389	8.97
89. Auburn University—Auburn	99	707	0.15	Oluer			
Auburn, Ala.		200	0.14				
90. University of Georgia		3					
91. University of Massachusetts—	80	961	0.14	TOTAL AWARDS TO EDUCATIONAL		138,109	8.8
Amherst				AND NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS			
Amherst, Mass.							
				he was a Haivereity of Michigan			
(N) = Nonprofit institution.		•		'Formerly a part of University of Michigan.			

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1973).

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

* = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over:

excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet
Propulsion Laboratory.



Astronaut David R. Scott saluting the U.S. flag planted on the moon surface in August 1971. Part of the lunar module is shown on the right.

ORIGINAL PAGE
BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH

Table 5-31. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1974 (in thousands of dollars)

		Net Value of Awards	of Awards		Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards
	Rank in	Anna Lana		Institution and Address	FY 1973		Amount Percentage
Institution and Address	FY 1973	FY 1973 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Institution and Address	1	- 1	60 -
1 Charles Stark Draner Lab., Inc.	٤	7.174	5.23	14. University of California—San Diego	0 10	2,489	79.1
Cambridge, Mass. (N)				San Diego, Calif.	œ	2 413	1.76
2. Smithsonian Institution	8	7,116	5.19	15. University of Iowa	0	1	
Washington D.C. (N)				IOWA CITY, IOWA	Ξ	2.081	1.52
3 Massachusetts Institute of Technology	-	9/9'9	4.87	16. Aerospace Corporation	=	100,1	1
Cambridge, Mass.				El Segundo, Caill. (N)	"	106	1.39
4. National Academy of Sciences	7	6,385	4.66	17. University of Michigan—Allin Alvoid			
Washington, D.C. (N)				Ann Arbor, Mich.	7	1 874	1 37
S Harvard University	7	5.096	3.72	18. Purdue University	<u>t</u>	1,0,1	
Cambridge, Mass.					ζ	1 868	1.36
6 University of California—Berkeley	S	4,742	3.46	19. Battelle Memorial Institute	1		
Berkeley Calif				Columbus, Onio (N)	1.1	1 866	1 36
2 Comford Haiversity	4	3,790	2.76	20. Princeton University	_	000,1	
Conford Colle				Princeton, N.J.	ć	1 0 42	
Stanton, Calit.	6	3.107	2.27	21. University of Maryland—	70	1.840	1.33
8. California Institute of Jecuinology				College Park			
Pasadella, Calif.	28	2,739	2.00	College Park, Md.	ţ	```	
9. Utilveisity of frawaii Honolulu, Hawaii	i			22. Columbia University	81	1,810	6.1.
10 Hainsmith of Colorado Boulder	13	2.717	1.98	New York, N.Y.	•		
10. Ulliversity of Colorado—Bourge	1			23. University Corporation for	50	1.//0	67.1
Bounder, Colo.	61	2.597	1.89	Atmospheric Research			
II. University of Cificago	:			Boulder, Colo. (N)	;	•	
Chicago, III.	12	2.557	1.87	24. University of Arizona	24	 44.	07.1
12. University of Wisconstitutional	!			Tucson, Ariz.	;	•	
Madison, Wise.	2	2,491	1.82	25. University of Texas—Dallas	21	1,636	61.19
13. Environmental Research Institute	2	•			,	•	
Of MICH.				26. Old Dominion University	37	0.55	01.10
Ann Arbol, Micil. (19)				Norfolk, Va.			

^hFormerly a division of Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

a= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over;
excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet
Propulsion Laboratory.

Promerly a division of Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Table 5-31. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: FY 1974 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

		-		2	(circulated of world)			
	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards			-	Net Value	Of Assessed
Institution and Address	FY 1973	Amount F	FY 1973 Amount Percentage		Institution and Address	Kank in FV 1973	Amount	Kank in the value of Awards FY 1973 Amount Description
27. New Mexico State Haiversity	35	1					Illinoini,	mount release
Las Cruces	q	4/C.1	51.1	6	40. Texas A&M University College Station Texas	44	926	99.0
University Park, N.M.				41	George Wookington II.	;		
28. University of Texas—Austin	36	1.555	1.13	.	Washington D C	32	- 8	99.0
Austin, Texas			;	42		:		
29. University of California—	30	1.549		;	5	4	846	0.62
Los Angeles) •	:	-	7	Sumwater, Okla.	!		
Los Angeles, Calif.				î	Distriction of Pittsburgh	45	825	09.0
30. University of Kansas	35	1 443	30.1	7	Fillsourgn, Fa.			
Lawrence, Kansas	,			<u>‡</u>	Virginia Polytechnic Institute	20	808	0.59
31. American Institute of Aeronautics	1.5	177	2	¥	Diacksourg, va.			
	,	010.	3	÷	Cillyersity of washington	46	784	0.57
New York, N.Y. (N.)				`	Seattle, Wash.			
32. Universities Space Research	07	1 360	000	6	University of Virginia	9	773	0.56
Association	00	066.1			Charlottesville, Va.			:
Washington D.C. (N)				47.	Ohio State University	\$	760	0.55
22 Halling Control (IN)					Columbus, Ohio			0
23. University of Minnesota—	91	1.332	0.97	8	University of Utah	7.7	151	000
Minneapolis-St. Paul					Salt Lake City IIIah	Ì	10/	66.U
Minneapolis, Minn.				46	New York University	ì		
34. Rice University	39	1.230	8.0		New York N Y	40	/43	0.54
Houston, Texas			2	ç	Colorado Costo III.			
35. Cornell University	27	401.	18 0		Colorado state University	8	733	0.54
Ithaca, N.Y.				ÿ	Personal Triangle Institute	;		
36. University of Illinois—Urbana	ç	1.074	0.78	-	Durbam N C (N)	52	722	0.53
Urbana, III.				S	Coording Institute of Teachers	į		
37. Stanford Research Institute	40	1.049	0.77		Occigia institute of rechnology Atlanta Ga	\$	718	0.52
Menlo Park, Calif. (N)								
38. University of Houston	38	1,003	0.73					
Houston, Texas								
39. IIT Research Institute	42	937	0.68					
Chicago, III. (N)								
			-					

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

" = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-31. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: FY 1974 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

		Mes Volu	of Awarde		Donk in	Park in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
	Rank in	ואכו אשוח	Rank in Incl value of Awards	Complete Annual Address	FY 1973	Amount Percentage	ercentage
Institution and Address	FY 1973	Amount	FY 1973 Amount Percentage	Institution and Address		·	
53. Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute	48	\$69	0.51	66. Dudley Observatory	33	451	0.33
Troy, N.Y.	43	089	0.50	Albany, N. I. (N) 67. Baylor University Medical College	19	44 4	0.32
54. Pennsylvania state University University Park, Pa.	÷	3) !	Houston, Tex.	67	718	0 31
55. Johns Hopkins University	62	₹	0.47	68. Indiana University—Bioomington	3	2	
Baltimore, Md.	ζŞ	2	0.47	Bioomington, ind. 69. Auburn University—Auburn	68	404	0.29
56. washington Oniversity St. Louis, Mo.	! ;				9	402	96.0
57. University of Southern California	73	819	0.45	70. State University of New York—	60	7	7.0
Los Angeles, Calif.				Stony Brook			
58. University of Tennessee—Knoxville	51	298	0. 4		7.1	402	0.29
Knoxville, Tenn.		:		/I. University of Fiorida	-		ì
59. Case Western Reserve University	72	595	0.43	Gamesville, Fla.		401	60.0
Cleveland, Ohio				72. San Francisco State University	•	2	1
60. College of William and Mary	9	545	0.40	San Francisco, Calit.	ક	357	0.26
Williamsburg, Va.				/3. Louisiana State University—	?	1	i :
61. University of Texas—Galveston	70	521	0.38	Baton Kouge			
Galveston, Texas					××	350	0.26
62. Southwest Research Institute	99	512	0.37	/4. University of Miamil	ò))
San Antonio, Texas (N)	!	i			95	327	0.24
63. University of New Mexico	27	9	0.5/	13. NOTH CALOHINA State Chieversity		1	
Albuquerque, N.M.	;	3		Raicign, IN.C.	4,	323	0.24
64. University of New Hampshire	53	44	45.0	/o. Ulliversity of Alaska—Concer			
Durham, N.H.	;	•		College, Alaska	l	318	0.23
65. University of Alabama—Huntsville	×	454	0.33	77. Mississippi state Ciliversity			
Huntsville, Ala.				Ĺ	Ì	308	0.22
				/o. Flammii ilisuude Dhiladalahia Pa (N)			
				r Illiadolpina, 1 a. (17)			

^hFormerly a division of Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

(N) = Nonprofit institution.

^a = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-31. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:4 FY 1974 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	vet value	Rank in Set Value of Awards		Don't in	Net Value of Awards	of Award
Institution and Address	FY 1973 Amount Percentage	\mount	Percentage	Institution and Address		Amount Percentage	Percentag
79. University of Wyoming Laramie, Wyo.	98	285	0.21	92. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp.		300	0.15
80. Am. Inst. of Biological Sciences Washington, D.C. (N)		281	0.20	93. University of Connecticut Storre Com	94	197	0.14
81. University of Denver Denver, Colo.	76	268	0.20	94. North Carolina Science and	1	196	0.14
 82. University of California—Davis Davis, Calif. 	8	368	0.20	Durham, N.C. (N)			
83. University of Cincinnati Cincinnati, Obio	I	263	0.19	Hampton, Va.	1	161	0.14
84. State University of New York—	1	253	0.18	zo. Oregon state University Corvallis, Ore.	홌	981	0.14
Albany, N.Y.				97. University of Santa Clara	08	<u>\$</u>	0.13
85. University of Nebraska—Lincoln Lincoln, Neb,	76	226	0.16	98. Lovelace Foundation Albuquerous N.M. (N.)	I	<u>18</u> 2	0.13
86. Howard University Washington, D.C.	% 6	218	0.16	99. Emory University	1	<u>@</u>	0.13
87. City College of New York New York, N.Y.		212	0.15	100. University of Massachusetts— Amberg	16	175	0.13
88. Lehigh University Bethlehem, Pa.	62	211	0.15	Amberst, Mass.		:	
89. Dartmouth College Hanover, N.H.	1	211	0.15			= .064 	8.07
90. Brown University Providence, R.I.	84	203	0.15				
91. State University of New York at Stony Brook Stony Brook, N.Y.	*	201	0.15	TOTAL AWARDS TO EDUCATIONAL AND NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS		137,086 100.00	100.001

(N) – Nonprohi institution.

— Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1974).

^bFormerly a division of Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Table 5-32. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1975 (in thousands of dollars)

	11 11 12	Net Value	Net Value of Awards			Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1974 Amount Percentage	Amount P	ercentage		Institution and Address	FY 1974	FY 1974 Amount Percentage	ercentage
1. Massachusetts Institute of Technology	3	7,516	5.20	14. Univ	14. University of Maryland—	21	2,259	1.57
Cambridge, Mass. 2. Smithsonian Institution	C 1	6,331	4.38	Co 15 Univ	College Park, Md.	2	2,183	1.51
Washington, D.C. (N) 3. University of California—Berkeley	ç	5,166	3.58	Bc Bc	Boulder, Colo. Aerospace Corporation	91	2,149	1.49
Berkeley, Calif. 4. Stanford University	7	4.567	3.16	=	El Segundo, Calif. (N)	6	2,125	1.47
Stanford, Calif. 5. National Academy of Sciences	4	4.352	3.01		Honolulu, Hawaii University of Texas—Dallas	25	2.115	1.46
Washington, D.C. (IN) 6. University of California—San Diego	4	3.923	2.72	Dz 19. Univ	Dallas, Texas University of Arizona	24	2,106	1.46
San Diego, Calif. 7. Charles Stark Draper Lab., Inc.	_	3.712	2.57	Tu 20. Univ	Tucson, Ariz. University of California—	53	1,963	1.36
Cambridge, Mass. (IN) 8. Harvard University	v.	3,353	2.32	_	Los Angeles			
Cambridge, Mass. 9. California Institute of Technology	∞	3,327	2.30	21. Uni	University of Michigan—Ann Arbor	17	1,951	1.35
Pasadena, Calif. 10. University of Chicago	=	3,004	2.08	22. Pure	Ann Arbor, Mich. Purdue University Wart I chyatta Ind	<u>&</u>	1,824	1.26
Chicago, III. 11. University of Chile	l	2,686	1.86	23. Uni	West Latayette, ma. University of Minnesota— Minnearolis, St. Paul	33	1,792	1.24
Santiago, Chile 12. Princeton University	20	2,643	1.83	M 24. Old	Minneapolis, Minn. Old Dominion University	26	1.791	1.24
Frinceton, N.J. 13. Battelle Memorial Institute	61	2,492	1.73		Norfolk, Va. University of Iowa	15	1.734	1.20
Columbus, Onto (13)					Iowa City. Iowa University of Wisconsin—Madison Madison, Wisc.	12	1.691	1.17

"-Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-32. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1975 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

		Kank in	ivel vaille	Rank in Incl. value of Awards	_		Don't in	Park in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Institution and Address	dress	FY 1974	Amount F	FY 1974 Amount Percentage		Institution and Address	FY 1974	Amount	Percentage
27. Environmental Research Institute of Mich.	1 Institute	13	699'1	1.16	6 60.	≥	56	1.095	0.76
Ann Arbor, Mich. (N)					7	St. Louis, Mo.			
		22	1,659	1.15	j	Colorado State University Ft. Collins, Colo.	20	1,089	0.75
New York, N.Y.	,				45	\mathbf{z}	7.5	1 075	71.0
29. New Mexico State Univ	niversity—	27	1,591	1.10			Š	5/0.1	4′.0
University Park N M					43.	$\overline{\circ}$	42	1.061	0.73
			963	2	:				
Rome, Italy		l	07.01	<u>8</u>	4.	>	4	1.005	0.70
tute of	Aeronautics	3	1513	1 05	45	Diacksoulg, vA.	į		
and Astronautics					3		36	975	89.0
New York, N.Y. (N)					46	Č	(i	
32. Texas A&M University		40	1.510	1.05	į	Atlanta Ga	22	916	0.63
College Station, Texas					47	Ž	Ş		
33. Cornell University		35	1,510	1.05			6	œ S	0.63
Ithaca, N.Y.					84	University of Southern California		0	
34. George Washington Univ	Iniversity	41	1,295	0.90			/c	ç0x	0.36
	•	į			49	Rice University	34	793	98 ()
Secondary of Texas—Au Austin Taxes	Austin	×,	1.270	0.88					77.0
36. Universities Space Research	rch	ς,	176.1		50.	<u> </u>	9	784	0.54
Association		1	107.1	\ \ \ \ \ \	ū				
Washington, D.C. (N)					.	5	45	192	0.53
37. University of Kansas		30	1 229	78.0	Ç	Seattle, Wash.			
Lawrence, Kansas		2	007.1	0.00	25	<u> </u>	1	745	0.52
38. University of Houston		38	154	80		riagstatt, Ariz. (IN)			
Houston, Texas									
39. University of Wyoming		62	1.105	0.77					
laramia Wes									

"= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-32. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: FY 1975 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in Net value of Awards	בו אשומני			200.20		Dank in 14ct talled of the Co
- I	FY 1974 Amount Percentage	mount P	rcentage	Institution and Address	FY 1974	FY 1974 Amount Percentage	ercentage
	\$4	741	0.51	66. University Corporation for	23	527	0.36
University Park, Pa. 54. College of William and Mary	09	733	15.0	Atmospheric Research Boulder, Colo. (N) 67 Baylor University Medical College	19	521	0.36
Williamsburg, Va. 55. University of New Mexico	63	733	15.0	68. University of Denver	8	518	0.36
Albuquerque, IN.IM. 56. Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute	53	704	0.49		**	512	0.35
Troy, N.Y. 57. Research Triangle Institute	13	\$69	0.48		76	493	0.34
Durham, N.C. (N) 58. University of Pittsburgh	43	179	0.46	Santa Clara, Calif. 71. University of Florida	7.1	484	0.34
Fittsburgn, ra. 59. State University of New York—	%	999	0.46	Gainesville, Fla. 72. Dudley Observatory	99	473	0.33
Albany, N.Y.	49	099	0.46	Ξ	39	467	0.32
oor, Charlottesville, Va. Charlottesville, Va. 61. Johns Hopkins University	55	637	0.44	Chicago, Ill. (N) 74. Southwest Research Institute	79	455	0.32
Baltimore, Md.	İ	899	0.39	San Antonio, Texas (N) 75. San Jose State University	l	443	0.31
Houston, Texas (N) 63. Case Western Reserve University	89	562	0.39	San Jose, Calit. 76. State University of New York— Stony, Brook	70	419	0.29
	I	540	0.37	Stony Brook, N.Y. 77 University of Miami	74	411	0.28
Los Altos Hills, Calif. 65. University of Tennessee—Knoxville Knoxville, Tenn.	%	535	0.37	Coral Gables, Fla. 78. Auburn University—Auburn	69	382	0.26

*-Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-32. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1975 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Lallk III					Net Value of Amount	· ·
Institution and Address	FY 1974 /	Amount	FY 1974 Amount Percentage	Institution and Address	Kank in FY 1974	Amount Decompose	Dergo
79. University of Alaska—College College, Alaska	92	365	0.25	92. Oregon State University	8		0.18
80. University of New Hampshire Durham, N.H.	\$	362	0.25	93. Mississippi State University	77	249	0.17
81. Brown University Providence, R.I.	06	354	0.25	94. University of Pennsylvania Philadalakia pa	1	241	0.17
	47	343	0.24	95. Polytechnic Institute of New York Brooklyn N V	1	239	0.17
 North Carolina State University Raleigh, N.C. 	7.5	316	0.22	96. South Dakota State University	1	225	0.16
 84. University of Alaska—Fairbanks Fairbanks, Alaska 	ļ	308	0.21	97. Iowa State University	ĺ	121	0.15
85. University of California— Santa Barbara	1	303	0.21	98. Kansas State University Manhattan, Kansas	1	220	0.15
Santa Barbara, Calit. 86. University of San Francisco Sun Errandia C. 15	-	302	0.21	99. Ohio State Columbus, Ohio (N)	ĺ	220	0.15
SAU Francisco, Calif. 87. City College of New York New York N Y	87	301	0.21	100. University of Alabama—Tuscaloosa Tuscaloosa, Ala.	ļ	812	0.15
88. University of Nebraska—Lincoln Lincoln, Neb.	85	271	61.0	Other		14.683	10.17
89. University of Connecticut Storrs, Conn.	66	366	0.18				
90. Methodist Hospital Houston, Texas (N)	l	597	0.18	TOTAL AWARDS TO EDUCATIONAL		144.426 100.00	100.00
91. Indiana University—Bloomington Bloomington, Ind.	89	265	0.18	AND NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS			

Table 5-33. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1976 (in thousands of dollars)

				`			
		Mar Value	A Amonde		Pank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	f Awards
	Rank in	Rank in Net value of Awards	N AWAIUS	100 mm	FV 1975	EV 1975 Amount Percentage	rcentage
Institution and Address	FY 1975	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	ercentage	Institution and Address	6121 13	VIIIOUIL	
	-	776 6	10.5	14 Aerospace Corporation	91	2,898	1.87
 Massachusetts Institute of Technology 	-	00/'/	10.0	FI Segundo Calif. (N)			
Cambridge, Mass.	ļ	ì	90	Ξ	21	2.788	1.80
2. University of Hawaii	17	/./16	6.70	15. Ulliversity of interligent interests			
Honolulu, Hawaii				Ann Albol, Mich.	71	2.741	1.77
3 Smithsonian Institution	2	6,835	4.41	16. Princeton University	!	:	
J. Simulating married (N)				Princeton, N.J.	:	0.3.0	141
Washington, D.C. (IN)	۲	5.547	3.58	17. University of Texas—Dallas	<u>×</u>	660.7	<u> </u>
4. University of California—Derivers	ì			Dallas. Texas			;
Berkeley, Calif.	•	639.3	, 63	19 University of Wisconsin—Madison	3 6	2,372	1.53
National Academy of Sciences	S	2,452	3.32				
Washington, D.C. (N)				Intaulison, wisc.	35	2,344	1.51
6 Charles Stark Draner Lab., Inc.	7	4.777	3.08	19. University of Texas—Austin	3		
Combridge Mass (N)				Austin, lexas	01	201	1 48
Callibrage, Mass. (14)	4	4.538	2.93	20. University of Arizona	<u>6</u>	106,2	<u>}</u>
7. Stantord University	٠		1	Tucson, Ariz.		,	,
Stanford, Calif.	ć	4.453	7 87	21 University of California—	20	2.252	1.45
California Institute of Technology	6	664,4	79.7	I os Anoeles			
Pasadena, Calif.		1	ţ	Los Amberco			
9 University of California—San Diego	9	3.826	2.47		3,5	200	1.42
Sap Diego Calif				22. University of Iowa	3		!
odil Diego, cum:	=	3,469	2.24	Iowa City, Iowa	ć	001 0	1 43
10. University of Chine				23. Columbia University	\$ 7	7.130	4
Santiago, Chile	9	3 443	2.22	New York, N.Y.		1	
11. University of Chicago	21	,		24. University of Maryland - College Park	х <u>4</u>	2.095	55.1
Chicago, III.	0	1 277	41 6				
 Harvard University 	•	140.0		25 Haiversities Space Research	36	1.920	1.24
Cambridge, Mass.		4					
13. University of Colorado - Boulder	15	2.969	1.9.1	ASSOCIATION (N)			
Boulder Colo					ز	1 017	1 23
				26. Purdue University	77	71.	1
				West Lafayette, Ind.			

"= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-33. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:4 FY 1976 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards		Do-1	Net Value	Net Value of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1975	Amount 1	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	Institution and Address	Kank In FY 1975	•	Amount Percentage
27. Old Dominion University Norfolk, Va.	24	1.886	1.22	40. California State University - Chico			0.65
28. University of Minnesota— Minneapolis-St. Paul	23	1,749	1.13	41. Virginia Polytechnic Institute	4	1.006	0.65
Minneapolis, Minn. 29. Environmental Research Institute	27	1.663	1.07	Diacksourg, va. 42. University of Illinois—Urbana Urbana, III.	45	978	0.63
On Mich. Ann Arbor, Mich. (N)				43. Washington University—St. Louis St. Louis. Mo	40	952	0.61
 University of Wyoming Laramie, Wyo. 	36	1.517	6.9	44. University of Southern California	48	922	0.59
e Un	23	1,424	0.92	45. University of Houston Houston, Texas	38	906	0.58
University Park, N.M. 32. American Institute of Aeronautics	31	1,265	0.82	46. Case Western Reserve University Cleveland, Ohio	63	870	95.0
and Astronautics New York, N.Y. (N)				47. Johns Hopkins University Ratimore Md	19	840	0.54
33. Cornell University Ithaca, N.Y.	33	1,264	0.82	48. University of Alabama—Huntsville	50	785	0.51
34. George Washington University Washington, D.C.	34	1,165	0.75	49. Research Triangle Institute	27	747	0.48
35. University of Washington Seattle, Wash.	51	1.156	0.75	S0. University of Florida Gainesville Florida	7.1	746	0.48
 Colorado State University Ft. Collins, Colo. 	4	1,153	0.74	51. IIT Research Institute Chicago III And	7.3	736	0.47
 Stanford Research Institute Menlo Park, Calif. (N) 	42	1,139	0.73	52. University of Denver	89	722	0.47
38. Texas A&M University College Station, Texas	32	1.086	0.70	Deliver, Colo.			
39. University of Kansas Lawrence, Kansas	37	1,074	69.0				

"-Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-33. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: FY 1976 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

Awards	rcentage	100	0.32	0.32	0.31	0.31	0.30	0.29	0.28	0.27	0.25	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.22
Pank in Net Value of Awards	Amount Percentage		906	490	486	474	458	448	433	417	392	367	361	350	346
Donk in	FY 1975		53	1	70	68	Ī	9/	08	I	93	87	81	1	74
	Institution and Address		66. University of New Mexico Albuquerane, N.M.	67. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp.	Cambridge, Mass. (IN) 68. University of Santa Clara	Santa Clara, Calif. 69. University of Connecticut	70. Foothill College	71. State University of New York—	Stony Brook, N.Y. Stony Brook, N.Y. 72. University of New Hampshire	Durham. N.H. 73. University of Oregon—Eugene	Σ	State College, Miss. 75. City College of New York	New York, N.Y. 76. Brown University	Providence, R.I. 77. Dartmouth College	Hanover, N.H. 78. Southwest Research Institute San Antonio, Texas (N)
f Armande	rcentage	. Icemings	0.46	0.46	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.42	0.41	0.40	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.33	0.33
Test Walnes	Rank in Net value of Awards	NI MINORIA	712	706	289	289	179	646	642	919	672	577	571	519	507
	Rank in 1	L 1 13/5 7	47	09	88	<u>5</u> 9	46	49	<u>%</u>	89	75	95	\$5	53	77
		Institution and Address	53. New York University	New York, N.Y. 54. University of Virginia	Charlottesville, Va.	Pittsburgh, Pa. 56. University of Tennessee—Knoxville	Knoxville, Tenn. 57. Georgia Institute of Technology	Atlanta, Ga. 58. Rice University	Houston, Texas 59. Ohio State University	60. State University of New York—	Albany Albany, N.Y. 61 San Jose State University	San Jose, Calif. 62. Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute	Troy. N.Y.	Williamsburg, Va. Williamsburg, State University	University Park, Pa. 65. University of Miami Coral Gables, Fla.

*= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-33. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1976 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in Net Value of Awards	Vet Value	of Awards		Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	Amount P	ercentage	Institution and Address	FY 1975	Amount	Amount Percentage
79. Florida Technological University Orlando, Fla.	1	335	0.22	92. North Carolina Science and Technology Research Center		215	0.14
80. University of San Francisco	98	317	0.20	Durham, N.C. (N)			
San Francisco, Calif.				93. Kansas State University	86	204	0.13
81. Howard University	1	315	0.20	Manhattan, Kansas			
Washington, D.C.				94. Hampton Institute	I	203	0.13
82. Lehigh University		312	0.20	Hampton, Va.)
Bethleham, Pa.				95. Oregon State University	92	200	0 13
83. Lowell Observatory	52	310	0.20	Corvallis, Ore.		!	
Flagstaff, Ariz. (N)				96. University of Pennsylvania	6	200	0 13
84. Baylor University Medical College	29	305	0.20	Philadelphia, Pa.	•		
Houston. Tex.				97. University of Utah	69	8	0.10
85. University of California—	82	305	0.20	Salt Lake City, Utah	3	-	
Santa Barbara				98. Arizona State University	!	186	ς1 0
Santa Barbara, Calif.				Tempe, Ariz.)	1
86. Utah State University	1	293	61.0	99. University of Georgia	-	170	11 0
Logan, Utah				Athens, Ga.		-	
87. Indiana University—Bloomington	16	290	0.19	100. University of Missouri—Columbia	1	191	0.10
Bloomington, Ind.	ć	Č		Columbia, Mo.			
oo. North Carolina State University Raleigh, N.C.	ž	786	<u>8</u> .0	Other		12,478	8.05
89. Rand Corporation	ļ	239	0.15				
Santa Monica, Calif. (N)							
90. University of California—Davis	I	229	0.15				
Davis, Calif.				TOTAL AWARDS TO EDUCATIONAL		155,052	00 001
91. Polytechnic Institute of New York Brooklen N V	95	220	0.14	AND NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS			
Divoniyii, iv. I.							

" = Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1976).

Table 5-34. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1977 (in thousands of dollars)

Massachusetts Institute of Technology 8.183 5.19 14. Universities Space Research 25 2.853 1.81		Don't in	Net Value	of Awards		Rank in	Net Value of Awards	of Awards
a—Berkeley 1 8.183 5.19 I. Universities Space Research 25 (15 University of Arizona 20 (17 Chnology 1 8.183 5.19 I. University of Arizona 20 (18 Chnology 2 3.49 3.49 I. University of Hawaii 2 (17 Chnology 8 3.707 2.35 (19 Chuniversity of Wisconsin—Madison Wisc. 2 (19 University of Wisconsin—Madison Wisc. 2 (19 University of Texas—Austin 19 (19 3.693 2.34 3.49 (19 University of Minnesotia—Branchology 8 3.707 2.35 (19 University of Texas—Austin 19 (19 3.693 2.34 2.3 Purdue University of Texas—Dallas 17 (19 3.006 1.91 2.3 New Mexico State University of Texas—Dallas 17 (19 3.006 1.91 2.3 New Mexico State University of California—Las Chair 20 (19 3.006 1.91 2.3 New Mexico State University of California—Las Angeles Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Los Angeles California—Cal	I was in the contract of the c	Kank III EV 1976	Amount D	ercentage	Institution and Address	FY 1976		ercentage
1. Colored Science 2.833 1. Colored Space Research 2.5 2.833 1. Colored Science 2.5 2.833 1. Colored Science 2.6 2.795 1. Colored Science 2.6 2.795 1. Colored Science 2.6 2.795 1. Colored Science 2.795 1. Colored Scien	Institution and Address	F1 12/0	Alliouin I	ciccinage				,
10 3 6.858 4.35 Washington, D.C. (N) 20 2.795 15. University of Anzona 20 2.795 15. University of Anzona 20 2.795 15. University of Anzona 20 2.795 15. University of Hawaii 2 2.432 17. Princeton University of Hawaii 16 2.432 17. Princeton University of Wisconsin—Madison 18 2.396 18. University of Wisconsin—Madison 18 2.396 19. University of Wisconsin—Madison 18 2.396 19. University of Wisconsin—Madison 18 2.182 19. University of Minnesota— 28 1.945 19. University of Minnesota— 28 1.945 19. University of Minnesota— 29 1.945 19. University of Minnesota— 29 1.945 19. University of Minnesota— 29 2.44 2.3040 2.35 2.34 2.3. Columbia University of Texas—Dallas 2.3. University of Texas—Dallas 2.3. Columbia University of Texas—Dallas 2.3. Columbia University of Texas—Dallas 2.3. Columbia University of California— 24 3.040 1.93 2.3. Columbia University of California— 25 25. New Mexico State University of California— 26 1.795 26. University of California— 27 26. University of California— 28 26. University of California— 29 20. University of California— 29 20. University of California— 20. U	1. Massachusetts Institute of Technology	1	8,183	5.19	14. Universities Space Research	25	2,853	1.81
15	Cambridge, Mass.				Association			
15. University of Arizona 15. University of Faxona 20	2. Smithsonian Institution	m	6.858	4.35		ć	200.0	
10 12 5,496 3.49 Tucson, Ariz 16 University of Hawaii 17 Princeton University of Hawaii 18 2,432 17 Princeton University of Wisconsin—Madison 18 2,396 18 University of Wisconsin—Madison 18 2,396 19 University of Wisconsin—Madison 18 2,396 19 University of Colorado—Boulder 13 2,386 19 University of Texas—Austin 19 2,182 19 University of Texas—Austin 19 2,182 19 University of Texas—Austin 19 2,182 19 19 19 2,182 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	Washington, D.C. (N)					20	2./95	//-
16. University of Hawaii	3. National Academy of Sciences	S	5.496	3.49	Tucson, Ariz.		,	;
12 5.402 3.43	Washington, D.C. (N)					C 1	2,513	9.
17. Princeton University 16 2.432 17. Princeton University 16 2.432 18. Princeton, N.J. 18. University of Colorado—Boulder 13 2.386 19. University of Colorado—Boulder 13 2.386 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2.182 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2.182 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2.182 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2.182 19. University of Minneapolis. Minn. 19 2.182 19. University of Minneapolis. Minn. 19 2.182 19. University of University of Texas—Dallas 19. University of Texas—Dallas 19. University of California— 19. University of Cali	4. Harvard University	15	5,402	3.43	Honolulu, Hawaii			
a—Berkeley 4 4.624 2.94 Madison, W.S. a—Berkeley 4 4.624 2.94 Madison, Wisc. ab. Inc. 6 3.916 2.49 Boulder, Colo. bounder, Colo. a.—Ann Arbor 15 3.799 2.41 Austin, Texas Inchnology 8 3.707 2.35 Minneapolis.—St. Paul All 3.040 1.93 2.34 Dallas, Texas In 3.066 1.91 Bas Croces Los Angeles, California— 10 5.334 2.39 Princeton, N.J. 11 3.006 1.91 Dallas, Texas Los Angeles, California— 21 University of Wisconsin—Madison 12 University of Wisconsin—Madison 13 2.36 1.945 Austin, Texas Austin, Texas Austin, Texas Austin, Texas Austin, Texas Austin, Texas Austin, Texas Minneapolis, Minn. Minneapolis, Minn. Austin, Texas Minneapolis, Minn. Austin, Texas Minneapolis, Minn. Austin, Texas	Cambridge, Mass.				17. Princeton University	91	2,432	1.54
a—Berkeley 4 4.624 2.94 Madison Wisc. ab., Inc. 6 3.916 2.49 Madison, Wisc. I. University of Colorado—Boulder I3 2.386 Boulder, Colo. A line apolis. Min	5. Stanford University	7	5.334	3.39	Princeton, N.J.		,	;
a—Berkeley 4 4.624 2.94 Madison, Wisc. a—Berkeley 4 4.624 2.94 Madison, Wisc. ab. Inc. 6 3.916 2.49 Boulder, Colo. boulder, Colo. 20. University of Texas—Austin 19 2.182 11 3.006 1.91 Wex York, N.Y. Los Angeles, Califf. a—Berkeley 4 4.624 2.94 Madison, Wisc. 19. University of Texas—Boulder 13 2.386 20. University of Minnesotla— 21. University of Minnesotla— 22. Durdue University of Minnesotla— 23. 1.861 24. University of Texas—Dallas 25. New Mexico State University— 26. University of California— 27. 1.95 28. 1.945 1.877 29. 1.877 20. University of Texas—Dallas 21. 1.795 22. University of California— 23. 1.818 24. University of Texas—Dallas 25. University of Texas—Dallas 26. University of Texas—Dallas 27. University of Texas—Dallas 28. 1.945 1.877 29. 1.877 20. University Park, N.Y. 21. 1.795	Stanford, Calif.					<u>&</u>	2,396	1.52
19. University of Colorado—Boulder 13 2,386 19. University of Colorado—Boulder 13 2,386 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2,182 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2,182 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2,182 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2,182 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2,182 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2,182 19. University of Texas—Austin 19 2,182 19. University of Texas—Dallas 1,845 19. University of Texas—Dallas 1,838 19. University of Texas—Dallas 1,838 19. University of Texas—Dallas 1,838 19. Sobo 1,91 1,958 19. University of California— 21 1,795 19. Los Angeles, Calif. 1,795 19. University of California— 21 1,795 19. University of California— 21 1,795 19. Columbia University of California— 21 1,795 19. University of California— 21 1,795 19. University of California— 21 1,795 19. Columbia	6. University of California—Berkeley	4	4.624	2.94	Madison, Wisc.			;
Solution	Berkeley, Calif.					13	2.386	1.51
20. University of Texas—Austin 19 2.182 21. University of Minnesota— 28 1.945 22. University of Minneapolis.—St. Paul Minneapolis. Minn. 26 1.877 23. Minneapolis. Minn. 26 1.877 24. 3.040 1.93 23. Columbia University 23 1.861 25. University of Texas—Dallas 17 1.858 26. University of California— 21 1.795 27. University of California— 23 1.861 28. University of California— 21 1.795 29. University of California— 21 1.795 20. University of California— 21	7. Charles Stark Draper Lab., Inc.	9	3,916	2.49	Boulder, Colo.	!		,
Technology 3,799 2.41 Austin, Texas 1.945	Cambridge, Mass. (N)				20. University of Texas—Austin	61	2.182	1.39
Technology 8 3,707 2.35 Minneapolis.—St. Paul Minneapolis.—St. Paul Minneapolis.—St. Paul Minneapolis. Minn. Minneapolis. Minn. 26 1.877 22. Purdue University 23. Purdue University 24 3,040 1.93 23. Columbia University 23 1.861 24. University of Texas—Dallas 17 1.858 1.861 24. University of Texas 25. New Mexico State University 25. New Mexico State University 26. University Park, N.M. 26. University of California— 21 1.795 26. University of Califor	8. University of Michigan—Ann Arbor	15	3,799	2.4	Austin, Texas	;		
Dallas, Technology 8 3,707 2.35 Minneapolis.—St. Paul Minneapolis, Minn. 26 1,877 West Lafayette. Ind. 24 3,040 1.93 23. Columbia University 23. Columbia University 24. University of Texas—Dallas 17 1,858 1.861 24. University of Texas—Dallas 17 1,838 18 25. New Mexico State University 25. New Mexico State University 26. University of California— 21 1,795 26. University of	Ann Arbor, Mich.				Uni	58	1.945	1.23
Minneapolis, Minn. 10 3,693 2.34 22. Purdue University 24 3,040 1.93 23. Columbia University 24 3,040 1.93 24. University of Texas—Dallas 17 1,858		∞	3,707	2.35	Minneapolis—St. Paul			
10 3,693 2.34 22. Purdue University 26 1,877 4 3,040 1.93 23. Columbia University 23 1,861 New York, N.Y. 24. University of Texas—Dallas 17 1,858 1 3,006 1.91 Las Cruces 1,306 1.91 Los Angeles, Calif. 26. University of California 21 1,795 Los Angeles, Calif. 26. University 10 3,693 2.34 22. Purdue University 26. University of California 21 1,795 10 3,693 2.34 West Lafayette, Ind. 23 1,861 10 3,040 1.91 Las Cruces 31 1,838 10 3,006 1.91 Los Angeles, Calif. 21 1,795 11 3,006 1.91 Los Angeles, Calif. 24 1,875 12 3,007 1.95 Los Angeles, Calif. 25 1,877 13 4	Pasadena, Calif.				Minneapolis, Minn.		i	
West Lafayette, Ind. West Lafayette, Ind. 23 1,861 a—San Diego 9 3,027 1.92 Dallas, Texas 17 1,858 11 3,006 1.91 Las Cruces 31 1,838 11 3,006 1.91 Los Angeles 21 1,795 Los Angeles, Calif. Los Angeles, Calif. 23 1,795	10. University of Chile	10	3,693	2.34	2	56	1.877	1.19
d— 24 3.040 1.93 23. Columbia University 23 1,861 New York, N.Y. N.Y. 1.858 ia—San Diego 9 3,027 1.92 Dallas, Texas 17 1,858 25. New Mexico State University— 25. New Mexico State University— 31 1,838 University Park, N.M. 26. University of California— 21 1,795 Los Angeles, Calif. Los Angeles, Calif.	Santiago, Chile					;		•
New York, N.Y. 24. University of Texas—Dallas 17 1,858 1.92	11. University of Maryland—	24	3,040	1.93		23	198.1	1.18
24. University of Texas—Dallas 17 1,838 1.92	College Park					ţ	010	•
ia—San Diego 9 3,027 1.92 Dallas, Texas 11 3,006 1.91 Las Cruces University Park, N.M. Los Angeles, Calif.	College Park, Md.					<u>'</u>	808,1	<u>8</u>
11 3,006 1.91 Las Cruces University Park, N.M. 26. University of California— Los Angeles, Calif.	12. University of California—San Diego	6	3,027	1.92		į		
11 3,006 1.91 Las Cruces University Park, N.M. 26. University of California— 21 1,795 Los Angeles, Calif.	San Diego, Calif.					31	1,838	1.1
University Park, N.M. 26. University of California— Los Angeles, Calif. Los Angeles, Calif.	13. University of Chicago	=	3,006	1.91	Las Cruces			
University of California— 21 1.725 Los Angeles, Calif.	Chicago, III.					7	1 705	17
Los Angeles, Los Angeles, Calif.						.	CZ 1.1	-
LOS Allectos, Calin.					Los Angeles			
					LOS Aligeles, Calin.			

^a=Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

^bFormerly Stanford Research Institute. (N) = Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-34. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1977 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards		Rank in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1976	Amount	FY 1976 Amount Percentage	Institution and Address	FY 1976	,	Amount Percentage
27. Old Dominion University Norfolk, Va.	27	1,629	1.03	40. University of Illinois—Urbana Urbana	42	1,088	69.0
28. George Washington University Washington, D.C.	34	1,603	1.02	41. University of Kansas	39	1,070	0.68
29. American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics	32	1,601	1.02	42. Washington University—St. Louis St. Louis Mo	43	1,069	89.0
New York, N.Y. (N) 30. University of New Hampshire	72	1.591	1.01	43. Georgia Institute of Technology Atlanta, Ga.	57	1,044	99.0
Durham, N.H. 31. Virginia Polytechnic Institute	4-	1,536	86.0	44. Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Troy, N.Y.	62	1,001	0.64
Blacksburg, Va. 32. Aerospace Corporation	41	1.448	0.92		36	986	0.63
El Segundo, Calif. (N) 33. Texas A&M University	38	1,316	0.84	46. University of Wyoming Laramie, Wyo.	30	982	0.62
College Station, Texas 34. California State University—Chico	40	1.264	08.0	 University of Southern California Los Angeles, Calif. 	4	911	0.58
Chico, Calif. 35. Cornell University	33	1.260	08.0	<u> </u>	47	894	0.57
Maca, N.Y. 36. University of Washington Secure Mock	35	1.249	0.79	49. University of Denver Denver, Colo.	22	988	0.56
37. University of Pittsburgh	55	1,182	0.75		15	846	0.54
rittsburgn, ra. 38. Environmental Research Institute	29	1,146	0.73	 University of Alabama—Huntsville Huntsville, Ala. 	48	845	0.54
of Mich. Ann Arbor, Mich. (N) 39. University of Iowa	22	660	0.70	 Pennsylvania State University University Park, Pa. 	2	835	0.53
Iowa City, Iowa							

"= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Promerly Stanford Research Institute. (N) = Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-34. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1977 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in Net Value of Awards	t Value	of Awards			Rank in	Net Value of Awards	f Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1975 Amount Percentage	nount P	ercentage		Institution and Address	FY 1975	Amount Percentage	ercentage
53. University of Virginia Charlottesville Va	54	\$	0.49	66. St	66. State University of New York—Stony Brook	7.1	870	0.36
54. University of Houston	45	755	0.48	67. U	Stony Brook, N.Y. University of New Mexico	99	265	0.36
55. Case Western Reserve University Cleveland. Ohio	46	748	0.47	68. R	Albuquerque, N.M. Research Triangle Institute	49	535	0.34
56. State University of New York—Albany	96	730	0.46	§ .69	Durham, N.C. (N) Southwest Research Institute	28	486	0.31
Albany, N.Y. 57. San Jose State University	19	725	0.46	70. N	San Antonio, Iexas (N) Northeast Radio Observatory Corp. Combridge Mass (N)	19	469	0.30
San Jose, Calif. S8. College of William and Mary	63	724	0.46	71. U	Utah State University	98	469	0.30
Williamsburg, Va. 59. New York University	53	708	0.45	72. U	Logan, Otan University of San Francisco Son Francisco, Calif	80	462	0.29
New York, N.Y. 60. Ohio State University	65	289	0.4	73. B	Brown University	76	460	0.29
Columbus. Ohio 61. University of Florida	90	9/9	0.43	74. C	Providence, K.i. Oregon State University Corvellie Ore	95	451	0.29
Gainesville, Fla. 62. Howard University	8	699	0.42	75. F	Foothill College Los Afros Hills Calif	70	403	0.26
Washington, D.C. 63. University of Tennessee—Knoxville	98	999	0.42	76. 1	University of Santa Clara Santa Clara Calif	%	379	0.24
Knoxville, Ienn. 64. Rice University	28	654	0.42	77. P	Public Service Satellite Consortium San Diego Calif (N)	ļ	376	0.24
Houston, Texas 65. SRI International Corp. Menlo Park, Calif. (N)	37 ^b	119	0.39	78. (University of Miami Coral Gables, Fla.	59	375	0.24

"= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

^bFormerly Stanford Research Institute. (N) = Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-34. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions: * FY 1977 (Continued) in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards		Don't	Dank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1976	Amount 1	FY 1976 Amount Percentage	Institution and Address	FY 1976	FY 1976 Amount Percentage	Percentage
79. University of Connecticut Storrs, Conn.	69	357	0.23	92. Lehigh University	82	287	0.18
80. Arizona State University Tempe Ariz	86	355	0.23	93. North Carolina Agriculture and	-	287	0.18
81. North Carolina State University Raleigh N C	<u>*</u>	34	0.22	Greensboron, N.C.			
82. University of Oregon—Eugene	73	338	0.21	94. Indianapolis Center for Advanced Research, Inc.		281	0.18
Eugene, Ore. 83. University of California— Santa Barbara	85	332	0.21	Indianapolis, Ind. (N) 95. Polytechnic Institute of New York	16	258	0.16
Santa Barbara, Calif. 84. Mississimi Stota University	i	Ş		Brooklyn, N.Y. 96. North Carolina Science and	92	256	0.16
of mississippi state University State College, Miss.	4/	326	0.21	Technology Research Center Durham, N.C. (N.)			
 University of Alaska—Fairbanks Fairbanks, Alaska 	ı	322	0.20	97. University of California—Davis Davis Calif	8	255	0.16
86. City College of New York New York, N.Y.	7.5	320	0.20	98. Baylor University Medical College Honeton Tax	*	250	0.16
 87. Humboldt State University Arcata, Calif. 	ı	320	0.20	99. South Dakota State University Reporting: 8 P.	1	250	0.16
88. Lowell Observatory Flagstaff, Ariz. (N)	83	317	0.20	100. Public Technology, Inc. Washington, D.C. Alv	ł	235	0.15
89. University of Kentucky Lexington, Kv.	1	314	0.20	Other		16,604	10.54
90. Drexel University Philadelphia. Pa.	1	304	0.19				
91. Dartmouth College Hanover, N.H.	77	290	0.18	TOTAL AWARDS TO EDUCATIONAL AND NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS		157,510 100.00	100.00

"-Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Source: NASA, Annual Procurement Report (Fiscal year 1977).

Formerly Stanford Research Institute. (N)= Nonprofit institution.

Table 5-35. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1978 (in thousands of dollars)

		2		 				
	Don't in	Net Value	Net Value of Awards			Rank in	Net Value of Awards	f Awards
Institution and Address		Amount	FY 1977 Amount Percentage		Institution and Address	FY 1977	FY 1977 Amount Percentage	rcentage
1. Massachusetts Institute of Technology	-	9,166	5.09	4	14. University of Texas-Austin	20	3,060	1.70
Cambridge, Mass.		t	ç	9	Austin, lexas		3.052	1.70
2. Smithsonian Institution	7	<u>}</u>	4.39		Columbus Objo (N)		1	
Washington, D.C. (N)	œ	6.514	3.62	16.	\mathbf{c}	61	2.732	1.52
3. Ulliversity of micingali—rain most	:						ļ	
A Charles Stark Draner Lab., Inc.	7	6.179	3.43	17.	17. Columbia University	23	2,571	1.43
Cambridge Mass (N)					New York, N.Y.	!		·
5 Stanford University	S	5,948	3.30	<u>∞</u>	University of Wisconsin—Madison	<u>×</u>	2.525	04.1
Stanford Calif.					Madison, Wisc.	;	,	
6 National Academy of Sciences	3	5.569	3.09	6	Universities Space Research	4	2,463	1.3/
Washington D (N)					Association			
Washington: E.C. (17) 7 University of California—San Diego	12	4.843	2.69		Washington, D.C. (N)			
San Diego Calif	!			20.	University of Maryland—	=	2,438	1.35
8 University of Chicago	13	4,807	2.67		College Park			
Chicago III					College Park, Md.		•	÷
9 University of Chile	10	4,792	2.66	21.	University of Texas—Dallas	24	2,315	67:1
Santiago, Chile					Dallas, Texas	;		
10. University of California—Berkeley	9	4,339	2.41	22.	S	9	7.201	77.1
Berkeley, Calif.					Menlo Park, Calif. (N)	,		
11. Harvard University	4	4.246	2.36	23.	University of Arizona	2	7.701	77.1
Cambridge, Mass.						ç	301.0	ί,
12. California Institute of Technology	6	3.786	2.10	24.	₹	77	2,195	77.1
						ì		9
13. University of Iowa	39	3,273	1.82	25.	\supset	<u>9</u>	7.130	<u>0</u>
Iowa City, Iowa					Honolulu, Hawaii	,	000	71.1
				93	University of California—	97	7.080	1.10
					Los Angeles			
					Los Angeles, Calif.			

"= Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-35. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1978 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

	Rank in	Rank in Net Value of Awards	of Awards		Don't	Part in Net Value of Awards	of Award
Institution and Address	FY 1977	Amount 1	FY 1977 Amount Percentage	Institution and Address	FY 1977	FY 1977 Amount Percentage	Percentage
27. Old Dominion University Norfolk, Va.	27	1.913	1.06	40. Cornell University	35	1,225	89.0
28. University of New Hampshire Durham, N.H.	30	1.883	1.05	41. Washington University—St. Louis	42	1,209	0.67
 American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics 	29	1.701	0.94	42. Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Troy, N.Y.	4	1,193	99.0
New York, N.Y. (N) 30. New Mexico State University— Las Cruces	25	1.650	0.92	43. Aerospace Corporation El Segundo, Calif. (N)	32	1.177	9.0
University Park, N.M. 31. Virginia Polytechnic Institute	31	1.548	98.0	44. California State University—Chico Chico, Calif.	2 5	1.134	0.63
Blacksburg, Va. 32. University of Minnesota—	21	1,546	98.0	45. Utah State University Logan, Utah	71	1.049	0.58
Minneapolis—St. Paul Minneapolis, Minn.				46. University of Illinois—Urbana	40	985	0.55
33. George Washington University Washington, D.C.	28	1.531	0.85	47. Environmental Research Institute of Mich	38	974	0.54
34. Princeton University Princeton, N.J.	17	1.526	0.85	Ann Arbor, Mich. (N) 48. San Jose State University	5	770	Š
35. Public Service Satellite Consortium San Diego, Calif. (N)	77	1.402	0.78		F. 3	9	95.0
36. European Space Agency Paris France (N)	I	1,312	0.73		ર્ <u>વ</u>	766	0.33
37. Johns Hopkins University Bultimans Md	84	1,308	0.73		43	938	0.52
38. Texas A&M University	33	1.283	0.71	 University of Pittsburgh Pittsburgh, Pa. 	37	927	0.51
39. University of Washington	36	1,250	69:0	52. University of Florida Gainesville, Fla.	- 9	840	0.47

* Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over; excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-35. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:* FY 1978 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

		Net Value	Denote in Net Value of Awards			Rank in	Net Value	Rank in Net Value of Awards
Institution and Address	FY 1977	Amount	FY 1977 Amount Percentage	1	Institution and Address	FY 1977	Amount	FY 1977 Amount Percentage
53. Pennsylvania State University	52	836	0.46	66. Rice L	Rice University	2	119	0.34
University Park, Pa. 54. University of Kansas	4	823	0.46	Hou 67. Howai	Houston, Texas 67. Howard University	2 9	209	0.34
Lawrence, Kansas 55. Colorado State University	45	816	0.45	Was 68. Foothi	Washington, D.C. Foothill College	32	260	0.33
Ft. Collins. Colo. 56. University of Houston	54	812	0.45	LOS 69. Arizor Tem	LOS AROS FIRIS, CARIL. Arizona State University Temne Ariz	<u>@</u>	878	0.32
Houston, Texas 57. University of Denver	49	756	0.42	70. Frank	Franklin Institute	Ì	573	0.32
Denver, Colo. 58. Southwest Research Institute	69	753	0.42	Phil 71. State	Philadelphia, Fa. (N) 71. State University of New York— Albany	95	688	0.31
San Antonio, Texas (N) S9. Research Triangle Institute Durham N C (N)	89	716	0.40	Alba 72. North	Albany, N.Y. Northeast Radio Observatory Corp.	70	552	0.31
60. HT Research Institute Chicago, III (N)	96	709	0.39	Can 73. Unive	Cambridge, Mass. (N) University of Tennessee—Knoxville	63	823	0.30
61. College of William and Mary Williamshurg Va.	8 6	705	0.39	Knc 74. New	Knoxville, Tenn. New York University	65	511	0.28
62. Ohio State University Columbus Ohio	99	L69	0.39	Nev 75. Unive	New York, N.Y. University of Wyoming	4	808	0.28
63. University of Alabama—Huntsville Huntsville. Ala.	51	684	0.38	Lar 76. Amer	Laramie. Wyo. American Institute of Biological	1	497	0.28
64. State University of New York— Stony Brook Stony Brook. N.Y.	95	630	0.35	S Was 77. Unive	Sciences Washington. D.C. (N) University of Utah	1	495	0.27
65. University of Southern California Los Angeles, Calif.	74	614	0.34	Salt 78. Lehig Bet	Salt Lake City. Utah Lehigh University Bethlehem. Pa.	92	483	0.27

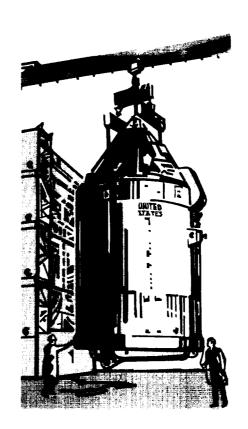
(N) = Nonprofit institution.

*—Includes awards on research grants and contracts of \$10,000 and over: excludes awards to California Institute of Technology for operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 5-35. Top One Hundred Educational and Nonprofit Institutions:4 FY 1978 (Continued) (in thousands of dollars)

		Rank in Net Value of Awards						
Institution :	Institution and Address	FY 1977	Amount 1	FY 1977 Amount Percentage	Institution and Address	FY 1977	FY 1977 Amount Percentage	Percentag
 Mississippi State University State College, Miss. 	University Miss.	84	476	0.26	92. University of Miami Coral Gables, Fla	78	305	0.17
80. University of New Mexico Albuquerque, N.M.	w Mexico N.M.	29	434	0.24	93. Polytechnic Institute of New York Brooklyn N Y	56	304	0.17
81. University of California— Santa Barbara	lifornia— ra	83	426	0.24	94. North Carolina State University Raleigh, N.C.	≅	302	0.17
Santa Barbara, Calif. 82. University of Connecticut Storrs, Conn	Calif. nnecticut	79	425	0.24		68	298	0.17
83. University of Virginia	ginia	53	386	0.21			297	0.16
Charlottesville, Va. 84. Humboldt State University Arcodo, Colf	. Va. Jniversity	87	356	0.20		1	292	0.16
Arcata, Call. 85. Oregon State University Corvallis. Ore.	iversity	74	351	61.0	98. University of Oregon—Eugene Eugene, Ore.	æ	286	0.16
86. University of San Francisco San Francisco, Calif.	r Francisco Calif.	72	348	61.0		1	787	0.16
87. New York State Albany, N.Y. (N)	2	1	347	0.19	Carbonidale, III. 100. University of Dayton Dayton Obio	1	278	0.15
88. University of Alaska—Fairbanks Fairbanks, Alaska	ska—Fairbanks ska	88	342	0.19	Other		19,133	10.63
89. Drexel University Philadelphia. Pa.	· mi	06	335	61.0				
90. Brown University Providence, R.J		7.3	328	0.18	TOTAL AWADDS TO ENTICATIONAL		3	:
91. Florida Technological Orlando, Fla.	tical University	l	323	0.18	AND NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS		180,059	00.00



CHAPTER SIX

NASA INSTALLATIONS

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CHAPTER SIX

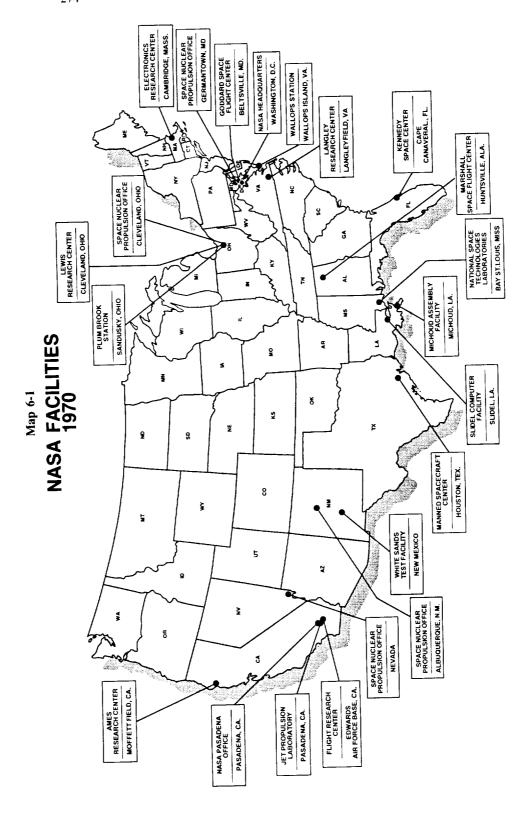
NASA INSTALLATIONS

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CHAPTER SIX NASA INSTALLATIONS

Introduction

This chapter reviews the history and the mission of NASA Headquarters and the thirteen NASA installations that were in existence during the 1969-78 decade. It also provides, in tabular form, detailed information regarding the property, personnel, funding, and procurement activity of each installation during this period.

In addition to NASA Headquarters, in 1969 there were twelve NASA field installations and the contractor-operated Jet Propulsion Laboratory. Five of the installations—the Ames Research Center, the Flight Research Center, the Langley Research Center, the Lewis Research Center, and Wallops Station—had been facilities of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. With the establishment of NASA in 1958, these facilities were transferred to NASA. The Goddard Space Flight Center, the Kennedy Space Center, the Marshall Space Flight Center, and the Jet Propulsion Laboratory were transferred to NASA from the United States military space program in the next few years. The Space Nuclear Propulsion Office was established in 1961 jointly with the Atomic Energy Commission. The Electronics Research Center was established as a NASA installation in 1964. During the next decade, two installations were disestablished as NASA installations—the Electronics Research Center in 1970 and the Space Nuclear Propulsion Office (renamed the Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970) in 1973. A new NASA installation—the National Space Technology Laboratories—was established in 1974. (For a more comprehensive history of NASA installations during the 1958-68 period, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. 1.)

In general, NASA's aim has been to create a relationship between NASA Headquarters and the installations that would allow the installations to have "the institutional management, resources, and freedom to perform the Agency's programs without their becoming too independent and separated from the Agency's priorities and goals." Administrative control of NASA installations has undergone several changes, reflecting the overall changes in NASA organization. In 1968 NASA installations were under the control

of three separate offices, each headed by a NASA Associate Administrator who reported to the Associate Deputy Administrator. The Ames Research Center, the Electronics Research Center, the Flight Research Center, the Langley Research Center, and the Lewis Research Center were administered by the Office of Advanced Research and Technology. The Marshall Space Flight Center, the Manned Spacecraft Center, and the Kennedy Space Center were administered by the Office of Manned Space Flight. The Goddard Space Flight Center, the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, and Wallops Station were administered by the Office of Space Science and Applications. In 1972 the Office of Space Science and Applications was split into the Office of Space Science and the Office of Applications, and the three installations formerly under the combined office were now administered by the Office of Space Science. In 1974 NASA installations were removed from under the control of the three offices that had administered them in the past and were placed under the control of the newly created Office of Associate Administrator for Center Operations. The NASA reorganization of 1978 did away with the Associate Administrator for Center Operations, and NASA installations were placed under the direct control of the Administrator himself. (For a detailed view of the changes in the NASA organizational structure, see Appendix B.)

Note: Sources for the discussion of individual installations are NASA Historical Data Book, I, 1988; NASA, The Evolution of the NASA Organization, 1985; and NASA, Facilities Data, 1974.

Figure 6-1. NASA Installations, 1969-1978

)								
Installation	1969	0261	1971	2261	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	8261
Ames Research Center	Authori	Authorized 1939; dedicated June 1940	dicated Jun	e 1940						-
Electronics Research Center	Established September 199 disestablished June 1970	Established September 1964; disestablished June 1970					5			
Flight Research Center	Authoriz Septemb	zed 1952; na ver 1959; rer	med NACA	Authorized 1952; named NACA High Speed Fl September 1959; renamed DFRC January 1976	Authorized 1952; named NACA High Speed Flight Station and made autonomous July 1954; designated FRC September 1959; renamed DFRC January 1976	tion and ma	de autonom	ous July 19	54; desig	nated FRC
Goddard Space Flight Center	Authoriz	Authorized 1958; dedicated March 1961	dicated Man	rch 1961						
Jet Propulsion Laboratory	Organize	Organized in 1944								
Kennedy Space Center	Establis	hed March I	962; effecti	ve July 1962	Established March 1962; effective July 1962 as Launch Operations Center; redesignated KSC December 1963	Operations	Center; red	esignated k	SC Dec	ember 1963
Langley Research Center	Authoriz	Authorized 1917; dedicated June 1920	dicated Jun	e 1920						
Lewis Research Center	Authoriz	ed 1940; gre	oundbreakin	Authorized 1940; groundbreaking January 1941	941					
Manned Spacecraft Center	Establisl JSC Feb	Established January JSC February 1973	1961 as Spa	ace Task Gr	Established January 1961 as Space Task Group; major occupancy of Clear Lake site February 1964; renamed JSC February 1973	occupancy o	of Clear Lak	e site Febr	uary 196	4; renamed
Marshall Space Flight Center	Establis	ned March 1	960; transfe	er of person	Established March 1960; transfer of personnel from U.S. Army effective July 1960	S. Army effe	ective July 1	096		
National Space Technology Laboratories						Establish installati	Established as an independent NASA field installation June 1974	dependent 4	NASA fi	pla
Space Nuclear Propulsion Office	Establish Space N disestabl	Established August 1960: renamed Space Nuclear Systems Office in 1970; disestablished in 1973	1960; renam ems Office i 3	n 1970;						
Wallops Station	Established un Center in 1974	ned under L n 1974	angley Rese	earch Center	Established under Langley Research Center in 1945; became autonomous May 1959; renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974	came auton	omous May	1959; rena	med Wal	lops Flight

Table 6-1. Distribution of Research and Development Budget Plan by Installation and Program Office: FY 1978 (in thousands of dollars)

	Transportation Systems	Space Science	Terrestrial Applications	and Space Technology	Data Acquisition	Total Budget Plan
Amor Daronroh Contar	470	55.317	7.048	49.803		112,638
3	(0.4)	(49.1)	(6.3)	(44.2)		(3.7)
(referrings of total bugget plan)	760	140	19	14,463	3.154	18.584
(Percentage of total budget plan)	(4.1)	(0.7)	(0.4)	(77.8)	(17.0)	(9.0)
Coddard Space Flight Center	66.734	88,631	127.363	5,303	199,211	487,242
(Percentage of total hidger plan)	(13.7)	(18.2)	(26.1)	(1.1)	(40.9)	(16.2)
Let Propulsion Laboratory	475	85.261	29,132	26.877	57.626	199,371
(Dercentage of total budget plan)	(0.2)	(42.8)	(14.6)	(13.5)	(58.9)	(9.9)
Kennedy Space Center	169.312	92	730	l]	170,134
(Percentage of total budget plan)	(5,66)	(0.1)	(0.4)			(5.6)
Langley Research Center	16.276	12,498	9,903	119,994	l	158.671
(Percentage of total budget plan)	(10.3)	(7.9)	(6.2)	(75.6)		(5.3)
Lewis Research Center	38,903	874	3.286	91.487	I	134,550
(Percentage of total budget plan)	(58.9)	(0.7)	(2.4)	(0.89)		(4.5)
Manned Spacecraft Center ^b	913.647	22,016	27,306	6.074	1	969,043
(Percentage of total hudget plan)	(94.3)	(2.3)	(2.8)	(9.0)		(32.2)
Marshall Space Flight Center	511.067	85.473	17.314	8.767	1	622.621
(Percentage of total budget plan)	(82.1)	(13.7)	(2.8)	(1.4)		(20.7)
National Space Technology Laboratories	16,100	20	3.890	i	1	20.040
(Percentage of total hildget plan)	(80.3)	(0.3)	(19.4)			(0.7)
Wallone Station	1	6,118	3.543	653	5.444	16.058
(Percentage of total budget plan)		(38.1)	(22.1)	(5.9)	(33.9)	(0.5)

"Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

Renamed Walkops Flight Center in 1974

Table 6-1. Distribution of Research and Development Budget Plan by Installation and Program Office: FY 1978 (in thousands of dollars)

Installation	Space Transportation Systems	Space Science	Space and Terrestrial Applications	Aeronautics and Space Technology	Tracking and Data Acquisition	Total Budget Plan
NASA Headquarters (Percentage of total budget plan)	17.756 (17.3)	48.230 (47.0)	14.318 (14.0)	9,479	12.865 (12.5)	102.648
TOTAL (Percentage of total budget plan)	1,751,500 (58.2)	404,700 (13.4)	243,900 (8.1)	333,200 (11.1)	278,300 (9.2)	3.011,600

"Renamed Dryden Flight Research Center in 1976.

Renamed Johnson Space Center in 1973.

Established as an independent NASA field installation in 1974.

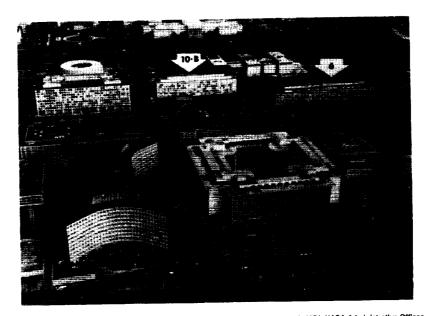
Renamed Wallops Flight Center in 1974

Source: NASA Budget Estimates, 1980.

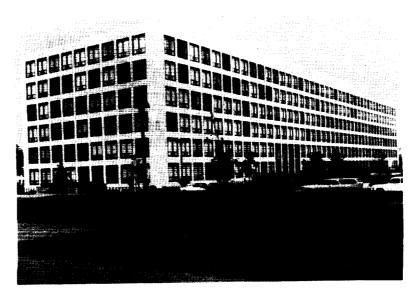
NASA HEADQUARTERS

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\$64.0 280 Miles (10,000,002) billion



Aerial view of the NASA Headquarters buildings in Washington, D.C. taken in March 1974. NASA Administrative Offices were located in Federal Office Building 6 on Maryland Avenue. NASA Offices for Manned Space Flight, Aeronautics and Space Technology, and Applications were located in Federal Office Building 10-B on Independence Avenue. The National Art Museum and the Capitol Mail are in the background.



A close-up of Federal Office Building 10-B.

NASA HEADQUARTERS

Location

In 1978 the main offices of NASA Headquarters were located at 400 Maryland Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. In addition, NASA occupied other buildings, either owned or leased by the Government, in the District of Columbia and in northern Virginia.

Adminstrator:

Robert A. Frosch (June 1977-)
James C. Fletcher (April 1971-May 1977)
George M. Low, Acting (September 1970-April 1971)
Thomas O. Paine (March 1969-September 1970)
Thomas O. Paine, Acting (October 1968-March 1969)
James E. Webb (February 1961-October 1968)
T. Keith Glennan (August 1958-January 1961)

Deputy Administrator:

Alan M. Lovelace (July 1976-) George M. Low (December 1969-June 1976) Thomas O. Paine (March 1968-March 1969) Robert C. Seamans, Jr. (December 1965-January 1968) Hugh L. Dryden (September 1958-December 1965)

Associate Administrator:

John E. Naugle (November 1975-November 1977) John E. Naugle, Acting (April 1975-November 1975) Rocco A. Petrone (March 1974-April 1975) Homer E. Newell (October 1967-December 1973) Robert C. Seamans, Jr. (September 1960-October 1967) Richard E. Horner (June 1959-July 1960)

History

The development of NASA Headquarters and its early history are described in NASA Historical Data Book, I. During the decade 1969-78, the agency underwent several reorganizations affecting both management control over program offices and field installations as well as the staff

structure of the Administrator's office. The changes in NASA administration wrought by the 1978 reorganization included placing both program offices and field installations directly under the Administrator and creating, among others, the positions of Assistant for Special Projects within the Administrator's office, Chief Scientist, General Counsel, and Inspector General. In addition, the role of the Office of Public Affairs and that of the Office of International Affairs was downgraded to an advisory function. The Office of Applications became the Office for Space and Terrestrial Applications, and the Office of Space Flight became the Office for Space Transportation Systems. The Office of University Affairs, the Office of Industry Affairs and Technology Utilization, and the Office of DOD and Interagency Affairs were among the offices that were disbanded.

Mission

The mission of NASA Headquarters was to maintain the overall management of all NASA installations. Headquarters set policies and determined programs and projects; it drew up procedures and performance criteria; and it evaluated and reviewed all aspects of the aerospace programs. Headquarters was responsible for the financing of NASA programs, for contracting, and for establishing security procedures. The NASA Pasadena Office, a component installation of Headquarters, was responsible for administering the contract with the California Institute of Technology for the operation of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 6-2. Capitalized Equipment Value (at end of fiscal year; in thousands of dollars)

				•							
1969	0261	1761	1972	1973		1974	1975	9261	9	1977	1978
14,878	32,077	21,171	21,406	38,186	i	34,656	32,155	11,592	92	NA	11.764
NA = Not available.	nilable.										
Source: Table 2-15.	e 2-15.										
				:	,	•					
				lable (at end	Table 6-3. Personnel (at end of fiscal year)	nnel 'ear)					
Category		6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Paid employees	sea										
Permanent		2,093	2,064	1,800	1,669	1,672	1,628	1,562	1,572	1,556	1.512
Temporary	>-	280	195	139	126	114	145	146	136	83	8
Total pa	Total paid employees	2,373	2,259	1,939	1,795	1.786	1,773	1,708	1,708	1,619	909.
Occupationa	Occupational code groups										
(permanent only)	nt only)										
200, 700, and 900	and 900	Y V	558	477	447	463	426	403	399	416	413
600 and 500	2	ΥZ	1,481	1,305	1,210	1.1%	1,190	1.148	1,162	1,130	1.086
300		Y Z	9	2	0	2	8	3	4	4	ν,
901		ΥZ	61	91	12	=	6	œ	7	9	œ
Excepted: on duty	n duty	255	258	240	232	218	195	<u>₹</u>	181	180	174
Minority per	Minority permanent employees	Y Z	259	241	213	238	265	280	311	304	306
Female pern	Female permanent employees	Y Z	Ϋ́	Y Z	878	582	593	009	919	592	577
Military detailees	ailees	20	21	15	13	12	9	9	5	8	œ
NA = Not available.	lable.										

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-4. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

			Į	(TO	(~					
Appropriation Title	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	J976 + TQ	161	8261
Research and development Administrative operations ^a	134.8	149.5	121.3 64.9	124.3	104.6	87.6 63.0	6.89	109.8 93.5	95.7 78.4	95.0 83.4
TOTAL	9.561	212.7	186.2	185.9	165.8	150.6	156.8	203.3	174.1	178.4

^aRenamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 and 4-19.

Table 6-5. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				III IIIIIIIIIII OI UOIIALS)	niai s)					
	1969	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Net value of contract awards	397.7	422.2	382.8	400.9	412.9	430.2	468.7	520.1	151.2	154.0
Percentage of NASA total	10.9	12.4	13.4	14.6	15.4	15.9	16.3	16.2	4.3	4.2
Source: Table 5-12.										

NASA Headquarters Major Functional Organizations

1969

	1969
Code A	Office of the Administrator
Code B	Office of the Associate Administrator for Administration
Code C	Office of the Assistant Administrator for Legislative Affairs
Code D	Office of the Associate Administrator for Organization and
	Management
Code E	Office of the Assistant Administrator for Policy
Code F	Office of the Assistant Administrator for Public Affairs
Code G	Office of the General Counsel
Code I	Office of the Assistant Administrator for International Affairs
Code J	Office of the Assistant Administrator for Special Contracts
Code 5	and Review
Code K	Office of the Assistant Administrator for Industry Affairs
Code L	Office of the Assistant Administrator for Management Devel-
Code E	opment
Code M	Office of the Associate Administrator for Manned Space
Code M	Flight
Code P	Office of the Assistant Administrator for Program Plans and
Couci	Analysis
Code R	Office of the Associate Administrator for Advanced Research
Couc K	and Technology
Code S	Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Science and
Coue 3	Applications
Code T	Office of the Associate Administrator for Tracking and Data
Coue i	Acquisition
Code II	
Code U	Office of the Assistant Administrator for Technology Utilization Office of the Assistant Administrator for DOD and Inter-
Code W	
C. J. V	agency Affairs Executive Secretary
Code X	Office of the Assistant Administrator for University Affairs
Cody Y	
Code Z	GAO Representatives
	1978
C. J. A	Office of the Administrator
Code A	Office of the Administrator
Code B	Office of the Associate Administrator/Comptroller
Code C	Office of Legislative Affairs
Code D	Office of the Chief Engineer
Code E	Office of the Associate Administrator for Space and Terres-
0.1.0	trial Applications
Code G	
0 1 11	Office of the General Counsel
Code H	Office of Procurement
Code L	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations
	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transporta-
Code L Code M	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transporta- tion Systems
Code L	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transporta- tion Systems Office of the Associate Administrator for Management Opera-
Code L Code M Code N	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transporta- tion Systems Office of the Associate Administrator for Management Opera- tions
Code L Code M Code N Code P	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transporta- tion Systems Office of the Associate Administrator for Management Opera- tions Office of the Chief Scientist
Code L Code M Code N	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transporta- tion Systems Office of the Associate Administrator for Management Opera- tions Office of the Chief Scientist Office of the Associate Administrator for Aeronautics and
Code L Code M Code N Code P Code R	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transporta- tion Systems Office of the Associate Administrator for Management Opera- tions Office of the Chief Scientist Office of the Associate Administrator for Aeronautics and Space Technology
Code L Code M Code N Code P Code R Code S	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transporta- tion Systems Office of the Associate Administrator for Management Opera- tions Office of the Chief Scientist Office of the Associate Administrator for Aeronautics and Space Technology Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Science
Code L Code M Code N Code P Code R	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transportation Systems Office of the Associate Administrator for Management Operations Office of the Chief Scientist Office of the Associate Administrator for Aeronautics and Space Technology Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Science Office of the Associate Administrator for Tracking and Data
Code L Code M Code N Code P Code R Code S	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transporta- tion Systems Office of the Associate Administrator for Management Opera- tions Office of the Chief Scientist Office of the Associate Administrator for Aeronautics and Space Technology Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Science Office of the Associate Administrator for Tracking and Data Systems
Code L Code M Code N Code P Code R Code S Code T Code U	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transportation Systems Office of the Associate Administrator for Management Operations Office of the Chief Scientist Office of the Associate Administrator for Aeronautics and Space Technology Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Science Office of the Associate Administrator for Tracking and Data Systems Office of the Equal Opportunity Programs
Code L Code M Code N Code P Code R Code S Code T	Office of Procurement Office of the Associate Administrator for External Relations Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Transporta- tion Systems Office of the Associate Administrator for Management Opera- tions Office of the Chief Scientist Office of the Associate Administrator for Aeronautics and Space Technology Office of the Associate Administrator for Space Science Office of the Associate Administrator for Tracking and Data Systems

....

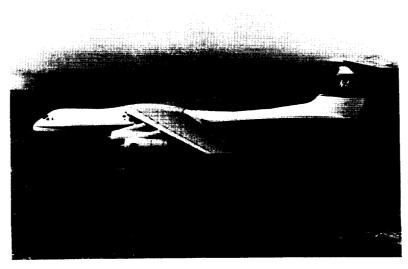
AMES RESEARCH CENTER

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An aerial view of Ames Research Center at Mountain View, California, adjacent to the United States Naval Air Station at Moffett Field, California taken on February 11, 1976.



A C-141A carrier aircraft based at Ames Research Center served as NASA's Airborne Infrared Observatory.

AMES RESEARCH CENTER

Location

The Ames Research Center was located at the south end of San Francisco Bay, thirty-five miles southeast of San Francisco, California. It was adjacent to the United States Naval Air Station at Moffett Field, California.

Director:

Clarence A. Syverston (April 1978-) Clarence A. Syverston, Acting (August 1977-April 1978) Hans Mark (February 1969-August 1977) H. Julian Allen (October 1965-February 1969) Smith J. DeFrance (October 1958-October 1965)

Deputy Director:

A. Thomas Young (February 1979-) Clarence A. Syverston (February 1969-April 1978)

History

The Moffett Field Laboratory began operations as a facility of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics (NACA) in early 1941. In 1944 it was renamed the Ames Aeronautical Laboratory in honor of Dr. Joseph S. Ames, chairman of NACA from 1927 to 1939, former president of Johns Hopkins University, and a leading authority on aerodynamics. With the establishment of NASA in 1958, the facility became one of the original NASA installations and was renamed the Ames Research Center. (For a more detailed history of the Ames Research Center, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. 1.)

Mission

Equipped with some of the most advanced, specialized facilities—such as wind tunnels with speed ranges from subsonic to hypersonic, motion-based flight simulators, and experimental aircraft—the Ames Research Center's mission has been to conduct basic and applied research and to

develop technology in the fields of aeronautics, space science, life science, and spacecraft technology. The Ames Research Center was responsible for the Pioneer and Biosatellite space projects. It contributed to the development of short take-off and landing (STOL) and vertical take-off and landing (VTOL) technology and supported the development of NASA's Space Shuttle program.



Technicians at Ames Research Center work on an orbiter to be launched into orbit around the planet Venus in 1978. Next to it is a Ploneer spacecraft to be used to probe the planet's atmosphere and weather.

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Table 6-6. Property (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars)

Category	6961	1970	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	9/61	1977	8/61
In-house and contractor-held property										
Land, in acres	Y Z	Ϋ́	366	374	374	430	430	430	430	430
Number of buildings	Z	N A	129	129	129	123	124	128	133	153
Area of buildings, in square feet	N	Ϋ́	1,886,736	2,006,888 2,060,021		2,114,797	2,109,355	2,114,797 2,109,355 2,336,655	2,350,060	2,433,145
Value of in-house and contractor-held property										
Land	2,372	2,374	2,372	2,373	2,373	2,928	2,928	2,928	2,928	2,928
Buildings	167.146	170,901	175,801	176,188	180,858	183,260	196,541	198,848		208,900
Other structures and facilities	2,987	3,302	3,894	3,962	4,487	4,496	6,166	7,282	7,922	8,313
Total real property value	172,505	176,577	182,067	182,523	187,718	190,684	205,635	209,058		220,141
Capitalized equipment value	60,811	73,617	82,684	87,432	100,001	110,274	114,810	115,308	Y Z	136,331
Contractor-held land, in acres	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of contractor-held buildings	Y V	NA NA	15	13	13	0	0	0	0	0
Contractor-held buildings, in square feet	Y Z	Y Z	11,016	999,9	999'9	0	0	0	0	0
Value of contractor-held real property										
Land	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buildings	47	Y V	158	125	125	0	0	0	0	0
Other structures and facilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total contractor-held real property	47	Y V	158	125	125	0	0	0	0	0

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-7. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

		(total re	ai property	value in i	(total real property value in thousands of dollars)	of dollars)				
Component	1969	1970	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Land	7	1 3	- 1	-						0//-
Duilding	r :	C: .	C:1	1.5	1.3	J.S	4.	4.	- 3	1 3
Duildings	6.96 6.0	8.96 8.98	9.9 8.	5.96	 8	96.1	7 50	1 30	9	
Other structures and facilities	1.7	67	1 6	ς ς	7		0.00	75.1	0.0	94.9
Total real property youlus	303 (1)	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1 6	1	, j	4.7	3.0	3.5	3.7	×
rotal ical property value	1/2.505	1/6.5/8	182,067	182,523	187.718	190.684	205,635	209,058	215,848	220.141
Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.										
			Tabl	Table 6-8. Personnel	onnel					
			(at e	(at end of fiscal year)	year)					
Category	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	7201	0000
Paid employees										17/0
Permanent	1.992	1.953	068	1 766	802 1	1 603	02.7	,		
Temporary	125	8	9Z	3,7	1,/06	1,063	8/9/1	1.646	1.603	1,662
Total, paid employees	7117	3 032	0/0-	0/	32	93	9/	78	42	29
Occupational code groups	-	660.7	1.308	1.844	1./40	1.776	1,754	1.724	1,645	1.691
(permanent only)										
200, 700, and 900	Z	887	873	641		ţ	1			
600 and 500	2	200	170	1 6	976	×1×	810	80 8	801	832
300	C :	5/5	3/0	2/8	374	380	390	402	388	400
(V)C	Y Z	323	297	268	245	231	217	081	174	65-
(8)	Y Z	375	345	279	265	256	196	99,	† ¢	133
Excepted: on duty	47	46	45	37	33	30	707	007 7	047	277
Minority permanent employees	ΥZ	148	183	3 2	521	361	207	47.0	57	25
Female permanent employees	Z	Z	Z	311	7/1	5/1 00 6	107	707	215	243
Military detailees	- 13	7	()	115	100	667	303	313	297	320
a company	C	¢	~1	4	4	9	S	4	"	. ~
NA = Not smallett.									ı	1

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-9. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				In minous of conars)	i domais)					
				0000	5201	1074	1975	OT + 9791	1977	1978
Appropriation Title	6961	1970	1761	7/6	6/61	13/4	277	y		
		6	0.10	75.1	73.5	83.2	112.6	171.5	113.1	115.5
Research and development	66.4	70.4	41.7	• · · ·	 	<u>!</u>	3.7	2.6	4.4	1
Construction of facilities	9.4	0.3	=	6.0	2.6	١;		63.0	53.1	57.7
Administrative operations ^a	34.0	37.6	40.6	42.2	42.4	46.4	48.0	63.5	1.00	
Administrative operations			,	0 (()	1.011	9 001	164.9	238.0	170.6	173.2
TOTAL	100.8	108.3	155.6	0.621	117.1	0.721	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			

*Renamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-10. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

					(in minimum or donars)	6				
	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Net value of contract awards	75.4	80.4	103.9	88.5	8.88	104.0	135.1	162.7	140.3	142.5
Percentage of NASA total	2.1	5. 4.	3.6	3.2	3.3	3.8	4.7	5.1	4.0	3.9

Source: Table 5-12.

ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER

-	-	

ELECTRONICS RESEARCH CENTER

Location

The Electronics Research Center was located in Cambridge, Massachusetts.

Director:

James C. Elms (October 1966-June 1970) Winston E. Kock (September 1964-October 1966)

Deputy Director:

Albert J. Kelly (September 1964-June 1967)

History

An electronics research facility for NASA was first considered in 1961. In 1962 NASA proposed in its FY 1964 budget request that such a facility be established in the Greater Boston area. After considerable delays and extensive hearings in Congress, construction funds for the proposed facility were appropriated in the 1965 NASA Authorization Act, signed by President Lyndon B. Johnson on July 11, 1964. The Electronics Research Center formally opened as a NASA installation on September 1, 1964. It was in operation, however, for only about five and one-half years. On December 29, 1969, NASA announced its decision to close the center because of budgetary reductions. The Electronics Research Center ceased operations on June 30, 1970, when it was transferred to the Department of Transportation. (For a more detailed history of the Electronics Research Center, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. 1.)

Mission

Despite its short-lived existence, the Electronics Research Center carried out its mission to organize, sponsor, and conduct programs to improve the performance and reliability of space and aeronautical electronics systems. The center became the focal point for national aerospace electronics research and was the coordinating institution for nationwide research efforts in this field.

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Table 6-11. Property (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars)

Category	1969	1970
In-house and contractor-held property		
Land, in acres	NA	NA
Number of buildings	NA	NA
Area of buildings, in square feet	NA	NA
Value of in-house and contractor-held property		
	1.384	1,573
Land	0	18,468
Buildings	4	1,716
Other structures and facilities	1.388	21,757
Total real property value	20,613	28,255
Capitalized equipment value	20,013 NA	NA.
Contractor-held land, in acres	NA NA	NA NA
Number of contractor-held buildings		NA NA
Contractor-held buildings, in square feet	NA	IIA
Value of contractor-held real property	*14	NIA
Land	NA	NA
Buildings	NA	NA
Other structures and facilities	NA	NA
Total contractor-held real property	NA	NA

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-12. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

Component	1969	1970
Land	99.7	7.2
Buildings	0.0	84.9
Other structures and facilities Total real property	0.3	7.9
value	1,388	21,757

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

Table 6-13. Personnel (at end of fiscal year)

Category	1969	1970
Paid employees		
Permanent	802	592
Temporary	149	0
Total, paid employees	951	592
Occupational code groups		
(permanent only)		
200, 700, and 900	NA	338
600 and 500	NA	175
300	NA	68
100	NA	П
Excepted: on duty	16	16
Minority permanent employees	NA	20
Female permanent employees	NA	NA
Military detailees	8	0

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

C-4.

Table 6-14. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

Appropriation Title	1969	1970
Research and development	21.9	7.2
Construction of facilities Administrative operations ^a	17.2	19.1
TOTAL	39.1	26.3

*Renamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-15. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

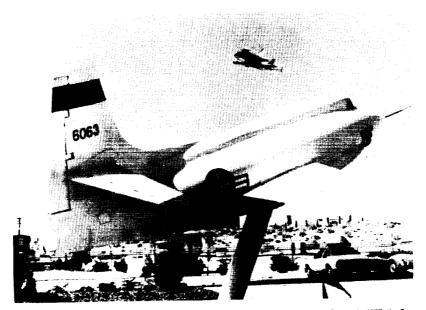
	1969	1970
Net value of contract awards	31.7	11.7
Percentage of NASA total	0.9	0.3

Source: Table 5-12.

FLIGHT RESEARCH/DRYDEN FLIGHT RESEARCH CENTER



The Flight Research Center next to Edwards Air Force Base in California's Mojave Desert has served as a major NASA facility for aeronautical flight research.



The Space Shuttle Orbiter Enterprise files over the X-1E aircraft at Dryden Flight Research Center. In 1977, the Space Shuttle performed its approach and landing tests here.

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FLIGHT RESEARCH/DRYDEN FLIGHT RESEARCH CENTER

Location

The Flight Research Center was located at Edwards, California, in the Mojave Desert, about sixty miles north of Los Angeles. It was adjacent to Edwards Air Force Base.

Director:

Isaac T. Gilliam (June 1978-)
Isaac T. Williams, Acting (October 1977-June 1978)
David R. Scott (August 1977-October 1977)
David R. Scott, Acting (April 1975-August 1977)
Lee R. Scherer (October 1971-January 1975)
Paul F. Bikle (September 1959-May 1971)

Deputy Director:

Isaac T. Gilliam (August 1977-June 1978) David R. Scott (August 1973-August 1977) D. E. Beeler (April 1961-August 1973)

History

Originally a facility of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, the High Speed Flight Station became part of NASA upon NASA's formation in 1958 and was renamed the Flight Research Center in September 1959. In January 1976, NASA again renamed the installation, calling it the Hugh L. Dryden Flight Research Center in honor of Dr. Hugh L. Dryden, an aeronautical research pioneer and the first Deputy Administrator of NASA. (For a more detailed history of the Flight Research Center, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. I.)

Mission

The Flight Research Center's mission under NASA was to perform research and evaluation of aeronautical flight. It included tests on problems

of takeoff, reentry, and landing for space flight; low speed, supersonic, and hypersonic flight; and other problems associated with both unmanned and manned flight within and beyond the atmosphere. Among its most important research programs were tests of the X-15 rocket aircraft flight, research on the X-24 heavyweight lifting body, and flight investigations of the Space Shuttle vehicle. The center also carried out a research program involving remotely piloted research vehicles, life sciences studies into aircraft ride qualities, wing-wake-vortex operating studies, and aerodynamic and propulsion system noise studies.

(at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars) Table 6-16. Property

							•			
Category	1969	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
In-house and contractor-held property										
Land, in acres	Y N	Y Z	0	0	0	0	-	•	•	•
Number of buildings	ΥN	Z	36	36	07	48.	54	ÿ	,	9 (
Area of buildings, in square feet	Ν	Ϋ́	374,702	374.702	375.189	386 276	300 353	400 573	20 070	700 777
Value of in-house and contractor-held property					-		000000	616,504	7/0.464	440,097
Land	0	0	С	c	0	•	<	ć	•	ć
Buildings	7.658	7.726	8 147	8 479	080 8	9 175	0 063	0 6	020 ::	0
Other structures and facilities	2,135	1 222	7 260	2,620	7 571	0,11,7	2,00,7	10,401	2/6/11	12,094
Total real property walne	200	1 0	007.0	770.7	7/7	7,033	3,03/	2,286	3.562	3.765
total teal property value	9,793	7,948	10,407	11.108	11,560	12,008	12,890	13.687	15,534	15.859
Capitalized equipment value	36,744	52.914	56,198	47,477	52,882	61,307	63,823	61,437	Z	62,310
									i.	
Contractor-held land, in acres	0	0	0	0				6		
Number of contractor-held buildings	Z	Y Z	0	· C		· -	> <		> 0	-
Contractor-held buildings, in square feet	Ϋ́	Z	C		9	· -	•		0 0	o í
Value of contractor-held real property			>		31.1	>		>	0	0
Land	С	C	•	-	•	•	c	((ı
Buildings		Z	•		0	0	•	0	-	0
Other of management of the Commission of the Com	•	()	>	•	¢	O	9	0	0	0
Ottici structures and facilities	=	Y X	0	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	C	· c
Iotal contractor-held real property	0	Y N	0	<u>5</u>	œ	0	0	0	0	· c

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27. NA = Not available.

Table 6-17. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

		2	total teal property where in measures of	and fried			, _			
Component	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	161	1978
Land Buildings	0.0	0.0 7.77	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 76.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other structures and facilities	21.8	22.3	21.7	23.7	22.2	23.6	23.6	24.0	22.9	23.7
mTotal real property value	9,793	9,948	10,407	11,108	11,560	12,008	12,890	13,687	15,534	15,859

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

Table 6-18. Personnel (at end of fiscal year)

					·					
Category	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	7.761	9701
Paid employees										12/0
Permanent	539	534	233	463	470	707	607	9		
Temporary	62	49	47	46	30	4 6	483	492	210	486
Total, paid employees	9	583	\$79	\$30	608	4 (5	4/ -	36	25
Occupational code groups)		(6)	202	166	44	266	546	514
(permanent only)										
200, 700, and 900	Z	3	105	.01	;					
005 pue 009		2 3	3	701	//1	<u>~</u>	<u>80</u>	161	161	185
Soc alla 200	K Z	2 2	25	%	9/	8	88	10	103	è
300	Z	71	7	774	21.0	3	99	.	103	<u>=</u>
901	Z	<u> </u>	! [t 77	1 17	417	5113	208	214	201
Especial.	C.	6/1	- / -	3	m	m	7	C	Ç	ŗ
Excepted: on duty	12	13	12	~	2	2	•	٠ <u>-</u>	1 9	7
Minority permanent employees	Z	74	30	£	! ?	1 6	2 ;	71	2	∞
Female permanent employees		5 ;		25	3	3.5	39	45	55	65
tenanc permenent employees	K Z	K Z	₹ Z	25	4	55	20	37	: 5	``
Military detailees	2	•	0	7		, (` '	ò	60	ě
	ı	•	•	•	_	~	~	7	C	·
									•	1

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-19. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				in millions or donars)	I dollar 3)					
							2000	OT 1 2501	1077	1978
Appropriation Title	1969	1970	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975) + 0/6l	1277	
and morning and the							, .,	0 00	32.6	9 81
December on development	16.9	11.3	16.1	14.1	16.0	16.7	9./1	9.67	6.57	9.0
Research and acverophiesing	ì				١	١	ļ	I	ø.0	† •
Construction of facilities	!	6.0	1	ļ		•		10.1	17.7	28.2
Administrative operations ^a	9.7	10.3	1:1	11.7	11.7	12.2	13.2	13.7	!	!
Administrative operations					ţ	0.00	30.0	3 07	8 17	37.2
TOTAL	56.6	22.5	27.2	25.8	1.12	6.97	30.0	C: \		

*Renamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-20. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

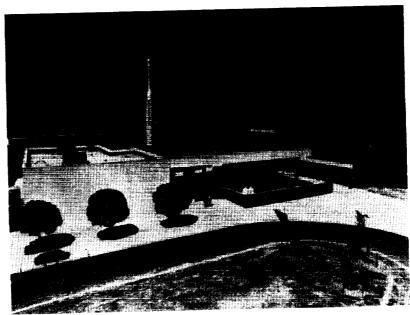
				Illinoits of dollars)	liai 3)					
										o to
	1969	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
									- 00	3 66
		. 01	17.7	18.7	14.7	19.5	21.8	76.9	3 7.1	C.C7
Net volue of contract awards	12.3	18.1	10.	10.	:			9		90
ואבו אמותר חו בחווותר מוויים		4	70	0.7	٠ د	0.7	×.	ø.0	6.9	0.0
Percentage of NASA total	6.9	C.D	0.0							

Source: Table 5-12.

GODDARD SPACE FLIGHT CENTER



Aerial view of NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center in Greenbelt, Md. as of 1973.



NASA Visitors Center in Greenbelt, Md. where the public can view demonstrations of many NASA programs.

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GODDARD SPACE FLIGHT CENTER

Location

The Goddard Space Flight Center was located in Greenbelt, Maryland, fifteen miles northeast of Washington, D.C. In addition to its main site, Goddard leased 620 acres of land, located nearby, from the Department of Agriculture where the Goddard Antenna Test Range, the Magnetic Test Facility, the Optical Tracking and Ground Plane Test Facility, the Bi-Propellant Test Facility, and the Network Test and Training Facility were located.

Director:

Robert S. Cooper (August 1976-) John F. Clark (May 1966-August 1976) Harry J. Goett (September 1959-July 1965)

Deputy Director:

Robert E. Smylie (December 1976-) Donald P. Hearth (April 1970-September 1975) Vacant (July 1968-April 1970) John W. Townsend (July 1965-July 1968)

Associate Director:

Eugene W. Wasielewski (October 1960-August 1972)

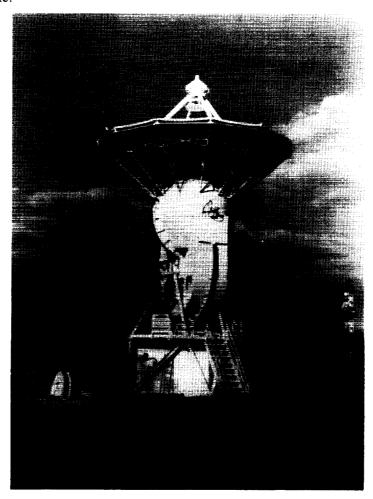
History

In 1958 Congress authorized construction of a NASA "space projects center" in the vicinity of Washington, D.C. Originally named the Beltsville Space Center, the facility officially opened in January 1959. In May 1959, it was renamed the Goddard Space Flight Center in honor of Dr. Robert H. Goddard, the father of American rocketry. Initially, the center was housed at the Naval Research Laboratory until construction of its own facility was complete, on a site that was part of the Department of Agriculture's Beltsville Agricultural Research Center. The Goddard Space Flight

Center was officially dedicated in its new location in March 1961. (For a more detailed history of the Goddard Space Flight Center, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. 1.)

Mission

The Goddard Space Flight Center was responsible for automated space-craft and sounding rocket experiments in support of basic and applied research. Research programs were carried out in such disciplines as aeronomy, energetic particles and fields, ionospheric physics, astronomy, planetary atmospheres, geophysics, and solar physics. The center also managed the development of meteorological and advanced technology satellites, including the Earth Resources Technology Satellite, Nimbus, Applications Technology Satellite F, Atmosphere Explorer, Interplanetary Monitoring Platform, Small Astronomy Satellite, and Synchronous Meteorological Satellite.



A 30-ft Apollo Unified S-Band System antenna and operating console at Goddard's Network Test and Training Facility at Goddard Space Flight Center.

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(at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars) Table 6-21. Property

Category	6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	5261	9261	<i>L</i> 161	1978
In-house and contractor-held property Land, in acres	AZ AZ	Z Z	12,003	12,003	12,003	12,003	12,003	12,003	12,003	12.003
Number of buildings	Y Z	Y V	262	386	278	278	276	268	260	262
Area of buildings, in square feet	Y X		2,730,170	2,730,170 2,776,199 2,767,353		2.758.596 2.718,910	2.718,910	2,719,150 2,698,057	2.698.057	2,698,348
Value of in-house and contractor-held										
property										
Land	1.54	1.640	1.64	1,647	1,661	1,661	1,661	1,661	1.675	1,675
Buildings	86.019	87.283	88,224	91.628	91.769	92.607	91,830	97,108	98,377	101,115
Other structures and facilities	53.565	62,798	62,027	64.147	62.329	62,067	58,670	58,906	56,169	57,840
Total real property value	141,128	151,721	151.898	157,422	155,759	156,335	152,161	157,675	156,221	160,630
Capitalized equipment value	421,902	474,147	507,499	521,949	534,371	555,188	549,170	484,554	Y Z	521,134
Contractor-held land, in acres	Y Z	N A	2,789	2.789	2,789	2.789	2.789	2,789	2,789	2,789
Number of contractor-held buildings	YZ	Y V	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-
Contractor-held buildings, in square feet Value of contractor-held real property	Y X	Y V	2,352	2,352	2,352	<u>&</u>	08	80	8	2
Land	ď Z	Y X	Y X	Z	Z	Ϋ́Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
Buildings	88	ΥZ	88	88	88	-	_	-	-	-
Other structures and facilities	45	VΝ	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Total contractor-held real property	133	Υ	133	133	133	4	46	46	46	46

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-22. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

							•			
Component	6961	0/61	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Land	==	=	-:	1.0	==	1:1	1.1	1.0	1:1	1.0
Buildings	61.0	57.5	58.1	58.2	58.9	59.2	60.3	61.6	63.0	63.0
Other structures and										
facilities	37.9	41.4	40.8	40.8	40.0	39.7	38.6	37.4	35.9	36.0
Total real property										
value	141,128	151,721	151,898	157,422	155,759	156,335	152,161	157,675	156,221	160,630

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

Table 6-23. Personnel (at end of fiscal year)

					,					
Category	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	5261	9261	161	1978
Paid employees										
Permanent	4,129	4,411	4.404	4,061	3,802	3.808	3,750	3,676	3,607	3.570
Temporary	991	76	55	117	20	128	121	132	59	77
Total, paid employees	4,295	4.487	4,459	4,178	3,852	3.936	3.871	3.808	3,666	3.641
Occupational code groups) : -	
(permanent only)										
200, 700, and 900	۷ Z	1.956	1.975	1.891	1.784	1.766	1,765	1.738	1.718	1.757
600 and 500	Y Z	1,284	1,340	1.207	1,158	1.194	1,174	1,145	1.149	1.154
300	Y Z	066 6	912	796	7 07	694	657	634	584	513
901	Y Z	181	177	167	156	154	154	159	156	146
Excepted: on duty	29	<i>L</i> 9	29	9	55	50	45	46	4	42
Minority permanent employees	Y Z	290	253	247	234	269	282	300	352	382
Female permanent employees	Y Z	Y Z	Y Z	701	654	714	406	694	720	750
Military detailees	6	∞	6	-	0	0	С	0	0	0

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-24. Funding by Fiscal Year* (in millions of dollars)

			ļ	(,					
Appropriation Title	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	OL + 9/61	1977	8/61
Research and development	422.3	430.7	469.4	458.7	490.3	401.1	386.5	462.4	381.2	492.9
Construction of facilities	1	0.7	1.4	0.7	9.0	1.3	1.9	1	1	4.5
Administrative operations ^a	73.2	86.4	93.1	96.5	95.7	97.3	104.8	136.6	114.3	123.5
TOTAL	495.5	517.8	563.9	555.9	586.6	499.7	493.2	599.0	495.5	670.9

^aRenamed Research and program management ir 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-25. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (money amounts in millions of dollars)

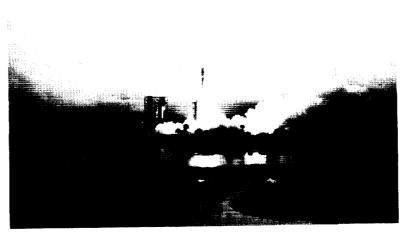
						(2)				
	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	5261	9261	1617	1978
Net value of contract awards Percentage of NASA total	435.6	401.5	480.0 16.8	433.9 15.8	405.1 15.2	363.6 13.4	393.3 13.7	394.3 12.3	520.7 14.7	594.6 16.2

Source: Table 5-12.

KENNEDY SPACE CENTER



Aerial photograph of Kennedy Space Center showing some of the facilities at KSC's Launch Complex 39. The tall building, dominating the view, is the Vehicle Assembly Building; the low structure to the right of it is the Launch Control Center. The 15,000 foot long runway is in the background to the left.



A launching of a Viking II spacecraft aboard a Titan-Centaur rocket on September 19, 1975 to begin a half-billion mile, 11-month journey through space to explore the planet Mars.

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KENNEDY SPACE CENTER

Location

The John F. Kennedy Space Center was located on the east coast of Florida, immediately north and west of Cape Canaveral. It lay approximately 150 miles south of Jacksonville and fifty miles east of Orlando.

Director:

Lee R. Scherer (January 1975-)

Kurt H. Debus (March 1962-October 1974)

Deputy Director:

Gerald D. Griffin (July 1977-August 1981) Miles Ross (June 1970-May 1977)

Deputy Director Center Management:

Albert F. Siepert (February 1963-December 1969)

Deputy Director Center Operations:

Miles Ross (June 1967-December 1969)

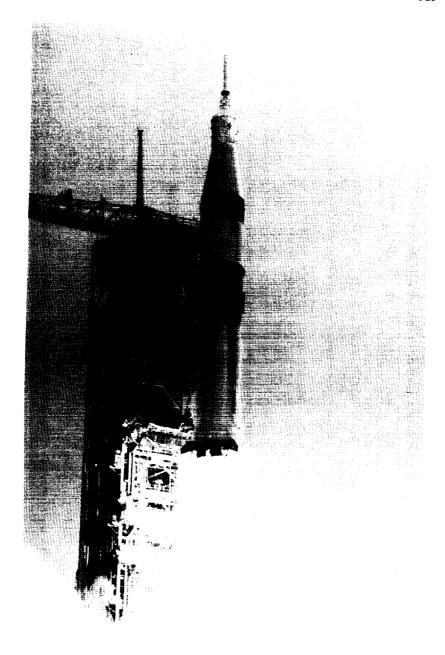
History

The present site of the Kennedy Space Center has been used as a missile launching ground since the late 1940s. Called the Long Range Proving Ground, it became in 1951 the site for test flights of the United States Army's Redstone intermediate-range ballistic missile. In January 1953, the site was renamed the Missile Firing Laboratory, and in July 1960 it became part of NASA's Marshall Space Flight Center's Launch Operations Directorate. The Launch Operations Directorate was disbanded in March 1962. In July 1962, the Cape Canaveral site was established as a separate NASA installation and renamed the Launch Operations Center. In November 1963, less than a week after the death of President John F. Kennedy, President Lyndon B. Johnson renamed it the John F. Kennedy Space Center. In addition to the Cape Canaveral site, since January 1963 the Launch Operations Center also managed and operated the Merritt Island Launch Area adjacent to Cape Canaveral. In July 1965, the headquarters of the Kennedy Space Center moved to new facilities on Merritt Island,

and the whole complex was designated the Kennedy Space Center. (For a more detailed history of the Kennedy Space Center, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. I.)

Mission

The Kennedy Space Center has been the primary NASA center charged with the testing and launching of space vehicles. It was responsible for the launching of manned and unmanned vehicles not only at the Kennedy Space Center but also at the Air Force Eastern Test Range and the Air Force Western Test Range. Among its greatest successes in the 1969-78 decade were the Apollo lunar landings, the joint Soviet-American Apollo/Soyuz launches, and participation in the development of the Space Shuttle program. All launching of unmanned space vehicles at the Air Force Western Test Range were under the management and supervision of the Western Test Range Operations Division, a component installation of the Kennedy Space Center located at Vandenberg Air Force Base in California.



Astronauts Charles Conrad, Jr., Dr. Joseph P. Kerwin, and Paul J. Weitz lifting off aboard a Saturn IB rocket from Kennedy Space Center's launch site on May 25, 1973. They will dock their spacecraft with a Skylab space station orbiting the Earth.

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Table 6-26. Property (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars)

Category	6961	0261	1261	2761	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
In-house and contractor-held property Land, in acres Number of buildings Area of buildings, in square feet	V V V Z Z Z	4 4 4 2 2 2	84,021 5,232,145	84,031 484 5,049,372	84.031 470 5,172.427	84,031 413 5,131,877	, 84,021 84,031 84,031 84,031 82,944 82,943 82,943 538 484 470 413 405 350 333 5,232,145 5,049,372 5,172,427 5,131,877 5,133,170 5,134,774 5,121,605	82,943 350 ,134,774	82,943 333 1,121,605	82,943 344 5,297,528
Value of in-house and contractor-held property Land Buildings Other structures and facilities Total real property value Capitalized equipment value	71,018 281,739 423,552 776,309 169,769	72,173 285,847 415,583 773,603 222,097	72,173 290,392 420,793 783,358 464,972	72,171 286,274 350,028 708,473 588,968	72,171 291,191 317,001 680,363 562,581	72,172 291,853 310,336 674,361 616,791	71,345 297,723 310,931 679,999 589,556	71,345 297,983 334,938 704,266 773,035	71,345 299,588 310,473 681,406 NA	71,345 332,226 314,580 718,151 494,442

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-27. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•						
Component	1969	1970	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Land	9.1	9.3	9.2	10.2	10.6	10.7	10.5	10.1 42.3	10.5 44.0	9.9
Other structures and facilities	54.6	53.7	53.7	49.4	46.6	46.0	45.7	47.6	45.5	43.8
Total real property value	776,309	773,603	783,358	708,473	680,363	674,361	666,679	704,266	681,406	718,151

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

Table 6-28. Personnel (at end of fiscal year)

	1970	1771	7//1	6121					1
Category									
Paid employees				!		4	6		
Permanent 2,877	2,762	2,600	2,463	2,403	2,309	2,259	2,250	2.215	
	133	5	105	113	8	8 - -	154	25	
Total, paid employees 3,058	2,895	2,704	2,568	2,516	2,408	2,377	2,404	2,270	
Occupational code groups									
(nermanent only)									
		1,308	1,278	1,259	1,241	1,239	1,237	1,232	
		806	828	908	756	749	763	748	
		381	354	334	308	566	246	232	
			"	4	4	S	4	3	
		36	, 8°	38	3,4	39	29	28	
Excepted: on duty		96	9 .	8		6 6	i <u>c</u>	125	
Permanent minority employees NA		53	\$	6 5	7/	5	071	133	
ses		Ϋ́	427	420	407	402	426	424	
Military detailees 5	2	0	0	0	-	_	S	9	

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-29. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

			=	in millions of dollar	of dollars)					
Appropriation Title	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	J976 + TQ	7761	1978
Research and development Construction of facilities Administrative operations ^a	385.5 7.4 95.8	273.4 10.5 97.6	0.3 0.3 98.3	159.6 15.6 92.6	182.0 9.7 92.4	111.6	98.5	136.0	138.9 2.6 110.1	170.0 1.7 116.3
TOTAL	488.7	381.5	278.5	267.8	284.1	206.0	194.4	264.0	251.6	288.0

^aRenamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-30. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				a lo supplied in	or dollars)					
	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	7261	1978
Net value of contract awards Percentage of NASA total	456.6	327.9 9.6	237.1	215.0	217.7	180.6	169.0	190.8 6.0	239.1	279.6

Source: Table 5-12.

LANGLEY RESEARCH CENTER



Flight Control Research Facility at NASA's Langley Research Center in Hampton, Va. was built in 1968 to be used for guidance and control research to support flight missions.



The Langley 14- by 22- Ft Subsonic Tunnel (formerly the 4- by 7- Meter Tunnel) is used for low-speed testing of powered and unpowered models of various fixed- and rotary wing civil and military aircraft. The tunnel is powered by an 8000-hp electrical drive system.

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LANGLEY RESEARCH CENTER

Location

The Langley Research Center was located at Langley Field in Hampton, Virginia, approximately 150 miles southeast of Washington, D.C.

Director:

Donald P. Hearth (September 1975-) Edgar M. Cortright (May 1968-September 1975) Floyd L. Thompson (May 1960-May 1968) Henry J. E. Reid (October 1958-May 1960)

Deputy Director:

Oran W. Nicks (November 1970-) Charles J. Donlan (November 1967-May 1968)

Associate Director:

J. E. Duberg (1968-) Charles J. Donlan (March 1961-November 1967)

History

In 1916 a site near Hampton, Virginia, was selected as the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics's (NACA) experimental air station. It was called Langley Field in honor of Dr. Samuel P. Langley, the third Secretar y of the Smithsonian Institution and a pioneer aviationist, scientist, and astronomer. Construction of NACA's first field station at Langley Field began a year later, and in 1920 the new facility was named the Langley Memorial Aeronautical Laboratory. It was the only NACA laboratory until 1940. In October 1958, the laboratory became an installation of NASA and was renamed the Langley Research Center. (For a more detailed history of the Langley Research Center, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. I.)

Mission

Throughout its existence, the Langley Research Center has conducted research in the fields of aeronautical and space flight. Much of the research

work has been dedicated toward the development of advanced concepts and technology for future aircraft, both military and civilian. The Langley Research Center had management responsibility for NASA's Lunar Orbiter and Viking Mars Lander programs. It provided support for the unmanned spacecraft programs and many ground-based research programs intended to improve the performance and capability of space vehicles.



Shuttle in transonic dynamics tunnel.

(at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars) Table 6-31. Property

Category	6961	0261	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8/61
In-house and contractor-held property										
Land, in acres	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	868	868	868
Number of buildings	Y Z	Ν	155	156	<u>4</u>	4	142	142	4	152
Area of buildings, in square feet	Y Z	NA V	1,933,184	1,938,041	1.997,466	2,042,659	2,057,768	1,938,041 1,997,466 2,042,659 2,057,768 2,057,768 2,105,510 2,153,591	2,105,510	153,591
Value of in-house and contractor-held property										
Land	116	911	911	116	911	911	116	162	791	<i>C</i> 91
Buildings	121,397	121,891	126,472	125.024	123,301	127,837	132,810	132.810	139.340	144,442
Other structures and facilities	134,449	143,955	145,887	149,007	150.833	153,628	155,400	155,451	165,445	189.847
Total real property value	255,962	265,962	272,475	274,147	274,250	281.581	288.326	288,423	304,947	334.451
Capitalized equipment value	114,575	122,671	140,009	138.525	145,256	166.062	169,343	145,903	Y Z	163,301
Contractor-held land, in acres	Y Z	Y X	110	110	011	011	011	011	011	110
Number of contractor-held buildings	Y Z	NA	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	: -
Contractor-held buildings, in square feet	Z	Y Z	65,990	65,990	65,990	65,990	65.990	65,990	65,990	65,990
Value of contractor-held real property										
Land	9	Y V	9	9	\$	9	9	9	9	9
Buildings	15,217	Y V	15.478	15,404	15.404	15,404	15,404	15,404	15.404	14.400
Other structures and facilities	25	Y V	25	25	25	25	25	9/	16	76
Total contractor-held real property	15.248	Y Z	15,509	15,435	15,435	15,435	15,435	15,486	15,486	14,482

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-32. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total* (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

		3	tai ivai pio	(total teal property value in thousands of comments)			9)			
Component	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Land	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Buildings	47.4	45.8	46.4	45.6	45.0	42.4	46.1	46.1	45.7	43.2
Other structures and facilities	52.5	54.1	53.5	54.4	55.0	54.6	53.9	53.9	54.3	56.8
Total real property value	255,962	265,962	272,475	274,147	274,250	281,581	288,326	288,423	304,947	334,451

* = Less than 0.05%. *Figures may not add to 100.0% due to rounding.

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

ersonnel	eal year)
6-33. P	of fiscal
Table 6	(at end
_	_

			(שו כווו	(at eilu ol liscal year)	/ear)					
Category	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Paid employees										
Permanent	3,912	3,853	3,740	3.455	3,305	3 355	3 315	2 723	3 110	3 00 5
Temporary	175	1117	8	137	25	149	CIC,C	17.4	9,110	3,063
Total, paid employees	4,087	3.970	3,830	3.592	3,389	3 504	3 472	3 407	69 707 t	701
Occupational code groups					1		7/11	104.0	2,407	2,10/
(permanent only)										
200, 700, and 900	Ž	1.610	909	1.515	1 459	1 468	1 441	707	9	•
600 and 500	7	878	55	963	65.	904,1	Ţ	074.1	1,400	1,360
900		2/0	707	976	470	230	2 4	542	238	548
300	Y Z	1,401	1,480	1,352	1.287	1.306	1.288	1.219	1 130	1 114
001	ΥZ	264	92	3	35	- 15	42	46) (CI., 1	<u>:</u> ;
Excepted: on duty	63	3	62	54	52	. C	! £	? ?	7 6	£ 5
Permanent minority employees	Y Z	179	157	148	9	1 6	213	ر د در	67	25
Permanent female employees	Z	Z	Z	472	463	161	2.5	677	167	Q 4 7
Military datailass	•	•	:	1 0	9	101	R.	644	£ €	Š
Milital y uctallees	4	7	-	0	0	0	_	_	-	0

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-34. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

Appropriation Title	6961	0261	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 + TQ	1977	1978
Research and development Construction of facilities Administrative operations ^a	84.5	103.4 5.6 69.8	102.2 0.6 75.3	202.2	241.4 4.3 78.6	288.2 4.0 83.3	171.0 3.2 88.6	195.5 1.6 115.7	143.0 6.1 94.7	1.57.1 1.6 100.7
TOTAL	147.5	178.8	178.1	282.4	324.3	375.5	262.8	312.8	243.8	259.4

*Renamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-35. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				(III IIIIIIIII)	(21111)					
	6961	0261	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Net value of contract awards Percentage of NASA total	90.4	119.2	122.9	220.6	248.2 9.3	292.3	231.0	156.6	206.9	211.3
Source: Table 5-12.										

LEWIS RESEARCH CENTER



Lewis Research Center in Cleveland, Ohio consists of laboratory buildings, shops, wind tunnels, space environmental tanks, and other facilities built for conducting research on advanced propulsion systems or power-generating systems.



The OV-1B aircraft pictured here is used by scientists at Lewis Research Center to map the distribution and patterns of ice on the Great Lakes. An example of NASA activity, other than space exploration, this effort is part of a federally-funded Winter Navigation Program.

LEWIS RESEARCH CENTER

Location

The Lewis Research Center was located in Cleveland, Ohio, adjacent to the Cleveland Airport.

Director:

John F. McCarthy (October 1978-) Bernard Lubarsky, Acting (August 1977-October 1978) Bruce T. Lundin (November 1969-August 1977) Abe Silverstein (November 1961-October 1969) Eugene J. Manganiello, Acting (January 1961-October 1961)

Deputy Director:

Bernard Lubarsky (1974-) Eugene J. Manganiello (December 1961-1972)

Deputy Director Center Management:

Henry C. Barnett (1973-1974)

Deputy Director Center Technology:

Bernard Lubarsky (1973-1974)

History

Authorized by Congress in 1940, the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics' (NACA's) Aircraft Engine Research Laboratory began operations in 1942. In 1948 this flight propulsion laboratory, adjacent to the Cleveland Airport, was renamed the Lewis Flight Propulsion Laboratory in honor of Dr. George W. Lewis, a leading aeronautical engineer who served as NACA's Director of Aeronautical Research from 1919 to 1947. In 1958 the facility became a NASA installation and was renamed the Lewis Research Center. (For a more detailed history of the Lewis Research Center, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. I.)

Mission

The Lewis Research Center has been responsible for research and development on advanced propulsion and space power systems. Its research

programs included work on turbojet engines, supersonic aircraft, highenergy chemicals, electric rocket engines, and experiments on converting chemical and solar energy into electricity. It has used its wind tunnels, space environmental tanks, and other special facilities to simulate flight conditions. Among major programs at the Lewis Flight Center were management responsibilities for the Agena and Centaur launch vehicle stages.

A component installation of the Lewis Research Center, the Plum Brook Station, located on Lake Erie near Sandusky, Ohio, performed large-scale testing of nuclear propulsion components in NASA's nuclear test reactor and conducted full-scale static and dynamic tests of completed space vehicles.



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Table 6-36. Property (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars)

Category	6961	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
In-house and contractor-held property Land, in acres Number of buildings Area of buildings, in square feet Value of in-house and contractor-held property Land Buildings Other structures and facilities Total real property value Capitalized equipment value	NA NA NA 1,696 189,287 60,975 251,958 99,970	NA NA NA 3,391 191,979 61,493 256,863 122,032	15,760 289 3,264,126 3,739 197,673 62,229 263,641 122,657	NA 15,760 15,760 8,350 8,398 8,402 8,402 NA 289 292 262 264 263 264 263 264 NA 3,264,126 3,247,008 3,166,684 3,172,115 3,169,856 3,161,247 NA 3,264,126 3,247,008 3,166,684 3,172,115 3,169,856 3,161,247 NA 3,264,126 3,692 3,692 3,624 3,657 3,661 3,662 3,999 197,673 198,193 200,097 202,332 206,375 213,168 143 62,229 63,164 70,989 73,113 74,588 74,983 863 263,641 265,049 274,710 279,102 284,624 291,813 103 122,657 139,478 139,525 142,504 123,300 118,544	8,350 262 2,166,684 3,624 200,097 70,989 274,710 139,525	8,398 264 3,172,115 3,657 202,332 73,113 279,102 142,504	8,402 263 3,169,856 3,661 206,375 74,588 284,624 123,300	8,402 264 3,161,247 3,662 213,168 74,983 291,813 118,544	8,402 265 3,162,721 3,662 214,690 76,034 294,386 NA	8,357 259 3,123,410 3,651 215,729 76,819 296,199 120,441
Contractor.beld land in acres	Y Z	, X	6,871	898'9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of contractor-held buildings	Y Z	X	15	17	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contractor-held buildings, in square feet	NA	Y V	87,236	901'89	0	0	0	0	0	0
Value of contractor-held real property I and	8	Z	8	79	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buildings	4.240	Y V	4,164	3,051	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other structures and facilities	4.007	N.	3,651	3,649	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total contractor-held real property	8,346	Y V	7,914	6,779	0	0	0	0	0	0

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-37. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total* (101al real property value in thousands of dollars)

		01)	tai real pro	perty value	in thousan	total real property value in thousands of dollars)	(s.			
Component	6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	161	1978
Land	8.0	1.3	1.4	4.1	1.3	1.3	=	۱ ۲	1.3	1,
Buildings	75.0	74.7	75.0	74.8	72.8	72.5	72.5	73.0	72.9	1.1 2 X
Other structures and										
facilities	24.2	23.9	23.6	23.8	25.8	26.2	26.2	25.7	25.8	25.0
Total real property						1		: i	?	(:61
value	251,958	256,863	263,641	265,049	274,710	279,102	284,624	291,813	294,386	296,199

*Figures may not add to 100.0% due to rounding.

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

Table 6-38. Personnel (at end of fiscal year)

1969 4,268 4 131 131 loyees 4,399 4		1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1477	1978
4,268 131 131 4,399 4,399 4de groups 139			2//1	2171		21/1	2121		2
4,268 131 131 4,399 4 4,399 4 4,399 4 4,399 4 4,399 4 4,399 4,399 4 4,									
4,268 131 4,399		700	702 (2 2 4 3	2 089	3 042	3 00 8	2,994	2.899
131 4,399		4,030	ok/.s	3,343	000,0	100			37
4,399		47	5	25	%	139	143	6	6
;		4,083	3,866	3,368	3,172	3,181	3,168	3,061	2,84
;									
2	778	1 736	1.628	1.458	1,363	1,343	1,348	1,339	1,314
200	573	26.11	245	500	470	481	476	486	475
	2/3	7#7	3	200	` ;	į		777	726
٧Z	345	338	324	273	272	27.1	740	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 	250
* 17. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12	203	1 420	290	1,103	974	947	955	925	874
YNI 13	1.7	27.1	48	30	33	28	28	28	28
	10	7 ;	? :) <u>{</u>	301	101	143	157	159
	202	<u>₹</u>	<u> </u>	67	071	/7-	£ :		
7	Z	۷ Z	392	351	2 4	346	352	3/0	5/4
cinpioyees				_	•	C	C	0	0
	2	n	>	•		,	,		

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-39. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

	i			(in millions of dollars)	of dollars)					
Appropriation Title	1070	000								
	1909	0/61	1/61	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 + TO	1977	1079
Research and development	1001	113.0	1 000					,		17/0
Constanting of The	102.1	113.9	/.871	138.3	198.4	182.1	129.9	204.5	140 €	1
Coulst uction of facilities	J	0.3	0.7	80	0 01		,	0.1.2.4	140.0	133.6
Administrative operations ^a	0 2 9	0 (1	100		2	ļ	7.7	J	2.7	ď
	67.70	7.57	/8.0	\$2.5	81.2	9.6	803	102.4	, (0	2
TOTAL	0 771	1001						1.10	63.3	\$
	0.//1	1.00	4./07	221.6	589.6	261.7	213.9	306 9	3746	1016
an de									0.4.0	717.1

^aRenamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-40. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

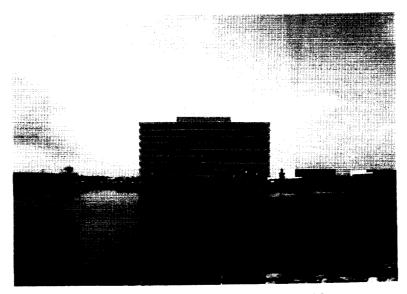
				(S IBIIOD IN CIDIUS)	Julian S)					
	6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Net value of contract awards Percentage of NASA total Source: Table 5-12.	3.3	149.5	175.4	196.1	231.9	259.1	243.4	237.1	242.5	237.0

MANNED SPACECRAFT/ JOHNSON SPACE CENTER

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Aerial view of Manned Spacecraft Center near Houston, Texas, a center for human spaceriight.



A close-up of the Project Management Building at Manned Spacecraft Center.

MANNED SPACECRAFT/ JOHNSON SPACE CENTER

Location

The Manned Spacecraft Center was located at Clear Lake, near Houston, Texas. Additional facilities of the center were located at Ellington Air Force Base, approximately seven miles north of the main facility.

Director:

Christopher C. Kraft, Jr. (January 1972-) Robert R. Gilruth (November 1961-January 1972)

Deputy Director:

Sigurd A. Sjoberg (January 1972-) Christopher C. Kraft, Jr. (November 1969-January 1972) George S. Trimble (October 1967-September 1969) George M. Low (February 1964-April 1967) James C. Elms (November 1963-February 1964)

History

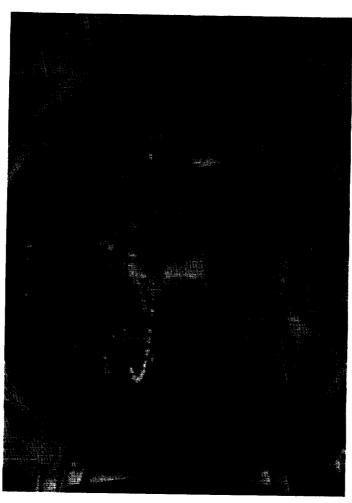
In January 1961, the Space Task Group, an autonomous component of the Goddard Space Flight Center that was located at the Langley Research Center, became an independent NASA installation. Later that year, the installation was renamed the Manned Spacecraft Center, and construction of its new facilities, near Houston, Texas, was begun. In February 1973, the Manned Spacecraft Center was renamed the Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center. (For a more detailed history of the Manned Spacecraft Center, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. I.)

Mission

The Manned Spacecraft Center was NASA's primary center for the design, development, and testing of manned spacecraft, selection and training of astronaut crews, and operation of manned spaceflight missions. The center was responsible for many of NASA's most successful space flight

programs, including the Mercury, Gemini, Apollo, and Skylab missions, as well as the joint Soviet-American Apollo-Soyuz Test Project. It was designated as the lead NASA center for the Space Shuttle and for the Earth Observations Program.

The White Sands Test Facility, a component installation of the Manned Spacecraft Center, was established in 1962 at Las Cruces, New Mexico, for testing Apollo propulsion and power systems.



Thermal-vacuum testing of an Apolio spacecraft inside Chamber A of the Space Environmental Simulation Laboratory at Manned Spacecraft Center.

Table 6-41. Property (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars)

			•							
Category	6961	0261	1971	1972	1973	1974	5261	9/61	1977	8/61
In-house and contractor-held Land, in acres Number of buildings Area of buildings in square feet	Y Z Z Z	Z Z Z	NA 3,195 3,195 3,195 3,195 3,195 NA 274 280 273 269 263 NA 4,585,189 4,738,065 4,739,099 4,753,454 4,793,419	3,195 280 4,738,065	3,195 273 1,739,099	3,195 269 1,753,454	3,195 263 ,793,419 4	3,195 257 4,795,311	3,195 255 4,832,326	3,195 253 4,826,481
Value of in-house and contractor-held property Land Buildings Other structures and facilities Total real property value Capitalized equipment value	9,029 164,949 51,608 225,586 230,086	9,029 172,787 53,158 234,974 500,607	9,029 173,677 52,534 235,240 572,736	9,029 178,011 52,859 239,899 622,132	9,029 179,061 53,014 241,104 605,637	9,029 183,042 54,824 246,895 639,702	9,036 189,215 57,854 256,105 612,243	9,047 191,551 58,986 259,584 409,576	9,107 194,275 60,684 264,066 NA	9,107 194,928 61,080 265,115 421,745
Contractor-held land, in acres Number of contractor-held buildings Contractor-held buildings, in square feet Value of contractor-held real property Land Buildings Other structures and facilities Total contractor-held real property	NA NA NA 3,570 24,415 5,142 33,127	ZZZ ZZZZ	166 74 1,717,163 3,570 24,770 4,979 33,319	166 166 74 75 1,717,163 1,717,563 3,570 3,570 24,770 25,022 4,979 5,041 33,319 33,633	166 71 1,715,193 3,570 25,016 5,020 33,606	166 71 1,720,996 3,570 25,063 4,994 33,627	166 166 71 69 1,720,996 1,716,577 3,570 3,570 25,063 24,978 4,994 5,025 33,627 33,573	166 64 1,711,377 3,570 25,981 5,030 34,581	166 60 1.733.668 3.570 26.172 5.036 34.778	166 61 1,734,673 3,570 26,082 5,076 34,728

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-42. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total* (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

		3	tai itai pio	perty value	(total ical property value in thousands of utildis)	us of uolia	(a)			
Component	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	5261	9/61	1977	1978
Land	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4
Buildings	73.1	73.5	73.8	74.2	74.3	74.1	73.9	73.8	73.6	73.5
Other structures and								}		
facilities	22.9	22.6	22.3	22.0	22.0	22.2	22.6	22.7	23.0	73.0
Total real property) 	2.5
value	225,586	234,974	235,240	239,899	241,104	246.895	256,105	259,584	264.066	265,115

Figures may not add to 100.0% due to rounding.

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

Table 6-43. Personnel (at end of fiscal year)

				(ar cha or moral year)	ì					
Category	1969	1970	1261	1972	1973	1974	5261	9261	1977	1978
Paid employees									,	1
Permanent	4,384	4,270	4,147	3,817	3,717	3,676	3,660	3,613	3,548	3,523
Temporary	367	569	151	811	179	210	217	183	92	3
Total, paid employees	4,751	4,539	4,298	3,935	3,896	3,886	3,877	3,7%	3,640	3,617
Occupational code groups										
(permanent only)										
200, 700, and 900	₹ Z	2,462	2,389	2,259	2,215	2,198	2,233	2,210	2,188	2,187
Sold and Sold	Z	1.190	1,222	1,098	1,077	1,047	1,012	1,015	<u>1</u> 8	9 <u>8</u> 6
300	Z	570	496	427	398	406	389	362	343	327
901	Z	84	9	33	27	25	56	56	56	23
Excepted: on duty	3	× ×	57	51	51	48	46	43	47	47
Permanent minority employees	Ž	621	220	881	216	252	290	296	337	352
Permanent female employees	Z	Ž	Z Z	627	638	626	617	<u>\$</u>	\$	658
	170	158	120	80	4	38	28	36	33	45
and the public of the second state of the seco										

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-44. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				in millions of dollars	dollars)					
Appropriation Title	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 + TQ	1977	1978
Research and development Construction of facilities Administrative operations ^a	1,083.6 0.9 98.9	1,013.8	601.7	442.4	485.5	607.8	785.1	1,241.9	1,085.0	970.7
TOTAL	1,183.4	1,120.4	713.9	555.4	596.7	725.4	121.3	1 407 1	139.1	146.2
a T								1.,07,1	6.022.1	1,110.9

^aRenamed Research and program management in 1970.

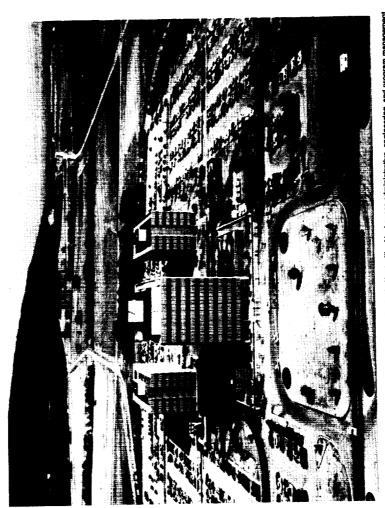
Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-45. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				(S IMILION TO GREATING TO)	Orien 3)					
	6961	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Net value of contract awards Percentage of NASA total	1,156.0	1,059.0	609.0	449.4 16.4	492.4 18.4	676.5	831.6	1,024.7	1,115.3	1,015.7
Source: Table 5-12.										

MARSHALL SPACE FLIGHT CENTER

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re-building complex of Mershall Space Flight Center in Huntsville, Ala. nouses administrative, engineering, env progremmer.

MARSHALL SPACE FLIGHT CENTER

Location

The George C. Marshall Space Flight Center was located at the United States Army's Redstone Arsenal in Huntsville, Alabama.

Director: William R. Lucas (June, 1974-)

Rocco A. Petrone (January, 1973-March, 1974) Eberhard F. M. Rees (March, 1970-January, 1973) Wernher von Braun (July, 1960-January, 1970)

Deputy Director:

R. G. Smith (November, 1974-August, 1978) William R. Lucas (February, 1971-June, 1974)

Deputy Director Technical:

William R. Lucas (1970-February, 1971)

Erich W. Neubert (1970)

Eberhard F. M. Rees (July, 1960-March, 1970)

Deputy Director Management:

R. W. Cook (October, 1969-June, 1970)

Harry H. Gorman (November, 1961-October, 1969) Delmar M. Morris (July 1, 1960-September, 1961)

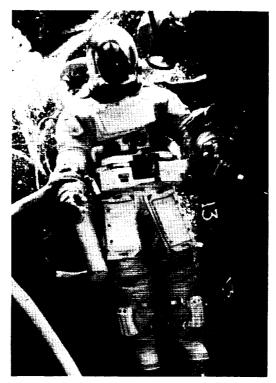
History

In April 1950, the United States Army established the Ordnance Guided Missile Center at Redstone Arsenal in Huntsville, Alabama. When in February 1956 the Army Ballistic Missile Agency (ABMA) was formed at the Redstone Arsenal, the Ordnance Guided Missile Center became ABMA's Development Operations Division. After the establishment of NASA in October 1958, President Dwight D. Eisenhower requested Congress to transfer the facilities and personnel involved in ABMA's space missions to NASA. In March 1960, the Development Operations Division was transferred to NASA and renamed the George C. Marshall Space Flight Center

in honor of General of the Army George C. Marshall, who had been Chief of Staff during World War II and Secretary of State from 1948 to 1949. (For a more detailed history of the Marshall Space Flight Center, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, I.)

Mission

The primary mission of the Marshall Space Flight Center was to develop space transportation systems, orbital systems, and scientific payloads for space exploration. The center was responsible for the development of the Saturn launch vehicles used in the Apollo manned lunar-landing program, in the Skylab space station program, and in the joint Soviet-American Apollo-Soyuz Test Project. The center also was involved in the development of the solid-fueled rocket booster, the main engine, and the external tank for the Space Shuttle. In addition, the Marshall Space Flight Center managed and directed operations of its three component installations—the Michoud Assembly Facility near New Orleans, Louisiana; the Mississippi Test Facility (until June 1974, when it became the independent National Space Technology Laboratories) located in Bay St. Louis, Mississippi; and the Slidell Computer Complex in Slidell, Louisiana.



An astronaut undergoing tests in the Neutral Buoyancy Simulator at Marshall Space Flight Center in preparation for one of the manned missions of the Skylab Program.

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Last of the original order of booster stages for Saturn V launch vehicle in final assembly and checkout at the Michoud Assembly Facility near New Orleans, La., a component Installation of Marshall Space Flight Center.

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Table 6-46. Property (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars)

Category	6961	0261	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
In-house and contractor-held property	7	V	71.871	1 871	21.821	Š	1 314	1 314	1 314	1 256
Land, in acres	2 2		120,12	120,12	408	32	040	336	1,00	226
Number of buildings		2	C.t	CC+	9	107	747	2	177	21
Area of buildings, in square feet	Ϋ́	NA	196,670,6	0,046,354	3,952,586	7,714,176	7,712,053	7,608,269	NA 9,073,961 9,046,354 8,952,586 7,714,176 7,712,053 7,608,269 7,534,902 7,529,877	7,529,877
Value of in-house and contractor-held property										
Land	30.822	30,810	26.270	26.271	26,271	7,568	7,568	7,587	7,587	7,137
Buildings	269,190	272,439	287,688	289,415	266,767		197,558	198,136	196,797	199,266
Other structures and facilities	276,739	281,852	302,434	300,650	271,458	103,552	109,156	111,500	97,134	105,543
Total real property value	576.751	585,101	616,392	616,336	564,496	304,715	314,282	317,223	301,518	311,946
Capitalized equipment value	347,703	468,775	505,252	532,570	554,524	485,165	476,560	427,131		686,106
Contractor-held land, in acres	YZ	AN	905	21,821	21,821	506	1,314	1,314	1,314	1,256
	V	Y Z	%	178	991	08	%	77		\$
Contractor-held buildings, in square feet	N A	NA	4,922,499	5,266,919	5,169,378	3,972,054	3,969,272	3,896,729	NA 4,922,499 5,266,919 5,169,378 3,972,054 3,969,272 3,896,729 3,845,115 3,845,892	3,845,892
Value of contractor-held real property										
[and	11,058	Y Z	7,567	26,271	26,271	7,568	7,568	7,587	7,587	7,137
Buildings	94,712	Y Z	94,827	176,577	151,849	78,515	78,789	78,004	74,967	75,475
Other structures and facilities	64.60	Y Z	65,405	248,792	219,051	50,934	54,615	54,840	40,110	42,672
Total contractor-held real property	170,371	Z	167,799	451,640	397,171	137,017	140,972	140,431	122,664	125,284

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-47. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total* (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

		OI)	tai real pro	perty value	(totai reai property vaiue iii thousands of domars)	us of dollar	(S			
Component	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8261
Land	5.3	5.3	4.3	4.3	4.7	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.3
Buildings	46.7	46.6	46.7	47.0	47.3	63.5	62.9	62.5	65.3	63.9
Other structures and										
facilities	48.0	48.2	49.0	48.8	48.1	34.0	34.7	35.2	32.2	33.8
Total real property										
value	576,751	585,101	616,392	616.336	564,496	304,715	314,282	317,223	301,518	311,946

*Figures may not add to 100.0% due to rounding.

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

Table 6-48. Personnel

			(at end	at end of hscal year)	year)					
Category	6961	0261	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	8/61
Paid employees										
Permanent	6.149	5.994	5,760	5,414	5,115	4.400	4.100	4.059	3,922	3,760
Temporary	490	331	300	141	172	174	237	277	92	48
Total, paid employees	6:939	6.325	090'9	5,555	5,287	4.574	4.337	4.336	4.014	3.808
Occupational code groups										
(permanent only)										
200, 700, and 900	ΥZ	2,561	2.511	2,442	2,350	2,215	2,133	2.142	2.114	2.046
600 and 500	ΥZ	1.864	1.840	1,721	-,6 4	1,361	1,255	1,238	1.166	1.104
300	Z	1,323	1,358	1,208	1.080	793	683	749	109	570
001	Ϋ́	246	51	43	4	31	29	32	4	40
Excepted: on duty	94	93	93	68	81	51	2 6	19	65	89
Permanent minority employees	Ϋ́Z	112	103	68	95	76	108	139	137	130
Permanent female employees	ΥZ	Y Z	Y Z	828	\$08	672	654	671	159	619
Military detailees	17	4	10	13	=	-	_	3	7	∞
										-

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-49. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

			!	(2	(1)					
Appropriation Title	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	\$261	JOZ + 9/61	161	8/61
Research and development	693.2	732.2	633.5	9.899	472.6	295.4	289.8	545.6	509.2	630.9
Construction of facilities	1	1	1.3	1		J	3.8	1	1	
Administrative operations ⁴	116.3	125.7	145.1	138.9	137.2	137.5	1.9.1	170.0	140.2	143.6
TOTAL	\$.608	857.9	6.677	807.5	8.609	432.9	422.7	715.6	649.4	774.5

"Renamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-50. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				(Gibilion to Circuiti iii)	(2.11)					
	6961	0261	1261	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	161	1978
Net value of contract awards Percentage of NASA total	802.3 22.0	740.4 21.7	671.3 23.5	670.5 24.5	536.0 20.1	367.7 13.6	352.0 12.3	445.6 13.9	541.1 15.3	658.5

Source: Table 5-12.

NATIONAL SPACE TECHNOLOGY LABORATORIES

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NATIONAL SPACE TECHNOLOGY LABORATORIES

Location

The National Space Technology Laboratories was located approximately fifty-five miles northeast of New Orleans in Bay St. Louis, Mississippi.

Manager: Jackson M. Balch (June, 1974-)

History

The National Space Technology Laboratories, previously called the Mississippi Test Facility, became an independent NASA installation in June 1974. This change came as a consequence of a shift in emphasis in the national space program from manned exploration to include the exploration of the earth's natural resources and environment. (For a more detailed history of the Mississippi Test Facility, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, 1.)

Mission

Whereas the Mississippi Test Facility's main mission had been to test-fire Saturn rockets, the main task of the National Space Technology Laboratories was to provide NASA with the capabilities of conducting remote sensing, environmental, and related research. Also, NASA encouraged other NASA supporting activities that could complement research carried out at the National Space Technology Laboratories to move to the same location.

Table 6-51. Property (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars)

		200	3/01	1477	1978
Category	1974	c/61	1970		
In-house and contractor-held property	20.916	20,643	20.643	20,642	20,642
Land, in acres	56	107	109		113
Number of buildings	ATC 250	066 886	1,034,864	1,054,469	1,064,511
Area of buildings, in square teet	¥17,017				
Value of in-house and contractor-held property	207.01	18 703	18.074	18,074	18,061
Land	18,703	00,00	548.65	64 374	4,204
Buildings	60,848	204,40	500,40	102 287	194.077
Out at the contract and facilities	165,460	190,515	18/,283	107,001	CAS 255
Offier Structures and racinities	245 011	279.120	270.222	275,735	740'077
Total real property value	68.236	40,901	47,304	Y V	30,919
Capitalized equipment value					
	30 00	0	0	0	0
Contractor-held land, in acres	617,02		c	0	0
Number of contractor-held buildings		> <	, (c	0
Contractor-held buildings, in square feet	975,274	D	0	>	
Value of contractor-held real property			•	c	C
Table of confidence management of the party	18,703	0	9	0 0	
Land	60.848	0	0	0	
Buildings	165 460	0	0	0	o •
Other structures and facilities	245 011	0	0	0	9
Total contractor-held real property	110,047				

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-52. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total* (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

Component	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Land	7.6	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.5
Buildings Other structures and	24.8	25.0	24.0	23.3	23.2
facilities Total real property	67.5	68.3	69.3	70.1	70.2
value	245,011	279,120	270,222	275,735	276,342

^{*}Figures may not add to 100.0% due to rounding.

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

Table 6-53. Personnel (at end of fiscal year)

Category	1975	1976	1977	1978
Paid employees		*** · 		
Permanent	69	69	90	102
Temporary	7	3	4	6
Total, paid employees	76	72	94	108
Occupational code groups			,	100
(permanent only)				
200, 700, and 900	24	23	43	48
600 and 500	45	46	47	54
300	0	0	0	0
100	0	Õ	ñ	0
Excepted: on duty	2	ĺ	2	1
Permanent minority employees	5	5	3	7
Permanent female employees	19	19	23	26
Military detailees	0	0	0	26 0

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-54. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

Appropriation Title	1974	1975	1976 + TQ	1977	1978
Research and development		1.7	10.8	7.7	10.0
Construction of facilities	_	_		_	_
Administrative operations ^a		_			
TOTAL	_	1.7	10.8	7.7	10.0

^{*}Renamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-55. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Net value of contract awards Percentage of NASA total	0	0	22.8 0.7	28.4 0.8	35.1 1.0

Source: Table 5-12.

SPACE NUCLEAR PROPULSION OFFICE

SPACE NUCLEAR PROPULSION OFFICE

Location

The Space Nuclear Propulsion Office was located in Germantown, Maryland.

Manager:

Milton Klein (March 1967-)

Harold B. Finger (August 1960-March 1967)

History

In August 1960, the Atomic Energy Commission and NASA established a joint single project office responsible for all aspects of the nuclear rocket research program. In February 1961, another agreement between the two agencies led to the establishment of jointly staffed field extensions of the Space Nuclear Propulsion Office in Cleveland, Ohio, and Albuquerque, New Mexico. A third field facility, the Nuclear Rocket Development Station at Jackass Flats, Nevada, was placed under the supervision of the Space Nuclear Propulsion Office in February 1962. In June 1970, the Space Nuclear Propulsion Office was renamed the Space Nuclear Systems Office. It was disestablished in 1973. (For a more detailed history of the Space Nuclear Propulsion Office, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. I.)

Mission

The mission of the Space Nuclear Propulsion Office was to supervise and conduct all research and testing necessary to develop nuclear rocket systems suitable for advanced space exploration. It also had management responsibility for ground static-testing of reactors, engines, and vehicles associated with nuclear rocket development at the Nuclear Rocket Development Station in Jackass Flats, Nevada.

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Table 6-56. Property (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars)

Category	6961	0261	1261	1972
(megan)				
In house and contractor held property				•
III-IIOUSE AIIU COIIU ACIOI-IICIA PIOPEIO	2	٧Z	0	9
Land, in acres	CN	4		71
N	Ϋ́Z	₹Z	91	21
Number of Inasa-owied duffulls		V.V	189 220	189.220
Area of buildings, in square feet	¥Z.	22	167,220	
Volume of in house and contractor held property				1
Value of III-liouse and confinación nera proporty		U	0	9
000	>	>		000 01
	18 957	19,000	19,000	18,988
Ruildings		900	6 930	6.930
Other structures and facilities	/16'9	076'0	055.0	
Office superinces and tachines	15.874	35 928	25.930	25,918
Total real property value	4/0.07	07//7		100 10
יייי ליוסקטין וייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין	24 133	71.7.7.	27.594	C86.12
Capitalized equipment value	CC1, 4 2			

NA = Not available. Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-57. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

Component	1969	1970	1971	1972
Land	0	0	0	
Buildings Other structures and	73.3	73.3	73.3	73.3
facilities Total real property	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7
value	25,874	25,928	25,930	25,918

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

Table 6-58. Personnel (at end of fiscal year)

Category	1969	1970	1971	1972
Paid employees	-			
Permanent	104	101	89	45
Temporary	0	2	n	0
Total, paid employees	104	103	89	45
Occupational code groups			07	4.,
(permanent only)				
200, 700, and 900	NA	57	52	30
600 and 500	NA	44	37	15
300	NA	0	0	0
100	NA	ő	0	0
Excepted: on duty	9	8	g .	6
Permanent minority employees	NA	1	í	า
Permanent female employees	NA	NA.	NA.	7
Military detailees	0	0	0	ó

NA = Not available.

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-59. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

A Tide	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Appropriation Title	1707				
Research and development	30.3	32.1	33.3	7.9	2.2
Construction of facilities	_		_	-	_
Administrative operations ^a	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.2	_
TOTAL	32.4	34.4	35.7	10.1	2.2

^aRenamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-60. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Net value of contract awards	62.2	61.3	45.5	27.9	5.5
Percentage of NASA total	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.0	0.2

Source: Table 5-12.

WALLOPS STATION/FLIGHT CENTER

WALLOPS STATION/FLIGHT CENTER

Location

Wallops Station was located on Wallops Island, off the Delmarva Peninsula in Virginia and on an additional property nearby on the mainland. It was approximately fifty miles southeast of Salisbury, Maryland, and seventy miles north of the Chesapeake Bay Bridge Tunnel.

Director:

Robert L. Krieger (June 1948-)

Associate Director:

Abraham D. Spinak (August 1966-)

History

Wallops Island's association with NASA dates back to 1945, when NASA's predecessor organization, the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics (NACA), established a test-launching facility for its Langley Memorial Aeronautical Laboratory on the island in May of that year and named it the Auxiliary Flight Research Station. In August 1946, the Wallops facility was placed under the Operations Section of the Pilotless Aircraft Research Division, a division of Langley's Research Department. The Wallops facility was renamed the Pilotless Aircraft Research Station, popularly known simply as Wallops. In May 1959, some seven months after NACA's absorption by NASA, the Wallops facility became an independent NASA installation called Wallops Station. In April 1974, Wallops Station was renamed the Wallops Flight Center, reflecting more closely its mission and operations. (For a more detailed history of Wallops Station, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. I.)

Mission

Wallops Station has served primarily as NASA's rocket flight-test range. By 1974 alone, more than 8,000 launches, including many orbiting satellites, had been fired off from Wallops Station. Scientists and engineers from

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other NASA installations, other governmental agencies, colleges and universities, and the international scientific community throughout the world have participated in tracking and acquiring scientific information from space vehicles launched from Wallops Island. Wallops Station exercised project management responsibility over such NASA projects as GEOS C, the Experimental Inter-American Meteorological Rocket Network, the Polar Cusp, the operation of remote site launching and tracking facilities, and the operation of NASA's portable range facilities.

Table 6-61. Property (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars)

Category	6961	0261	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8261
In-house and contractor-held property										
in modes and contractor-nera property										
Land, in acres	Y Z	∢ Z	6,615		6,615	6,615	6,563	991.9	991.9	991.9
Number of buildings	Y Z	N N	NA 355		360	361	358	337	306	280
Area of buildings, in square feet	Y Z	Y V	1,040,160	1,045,007	1,045,990	.05	1.049.094	1 043 396	1.039.391	1 053 264
Value of in-house and contractor-held property										
Land	986	1,072	1,083	1,083	1,176	1,179	1,161	1.277	1.277	1.283
Buildings	23,967	22,225	21,800	22,328	23,125	23,817	24.029	23.577	24.042	25.769
Other structures and facilities	41,899	43,208	44,436	45,063	46,226	47,366	48.999	51,073	52.440	52.295
Total real property value	66,852	66,505	67,319	68,474	70,527	72,362	74,189	75,927	77.759	79.347
Capitalized equipment value	38,860	42,516	47,759	48,762	47,842	50,275	50,045	55,915	Z	52,826
NA MARKET TO BE										

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-62. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total* (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

Component	6961	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	5261	9261	1977	8/61
Land	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	9:1	1.6	1.7	1.6	1 6
Buildings	35.8	33.4	32.4	32.6	32.8	32.9	32.4	31.0	30.9	32.5
Other structures and									1)
facilities	62.7	65.0	0.99	65.8	65.5	65.5	0.99	67.3	67.4	659
Total real property							•	;		
value	66,852	66,505	67,319	68.474	70,527	72.362	74,189	75,927	77.759	79.347

*Figures may not add to 100.0% due to rounding.

Source: Tables 2-11 through 2-14.

Table 6-63. Personnel (at end of fiscal year)

Category	6961	0261	1261	1972	. 1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	8761
Paid employees						,	•		Š	407
Permanent	484	489	480	449	420	423	415	4 4	406	405
Temporary	70	33	17	16	14	24	36	33	20	24
Total, paid employees	554	522	497	465	434	447	44	437	426	459
Occupational code groups										
(permanent only)									:	!
200, 700, and 900	ΥZ	101	90 <u>-</u>	103	8	95	\$	94	102	107
600 and 500	Z	118	115	107	105	104	105	105	107	108
300	Z Z	186	182	177	991	176	191	158	154	154
901	Z	84	77	62	53	48	49	47	43	36
Excepted: on duty	"	'n	m	3	æ	3	8	ĸ	æ	ю
Permanent minority employees	Z	· <u>C</u>	2	13	13	51	22	52	32	35
Permanent female employees	Y Z	N V	Y Z	4	55	98	62	\$	69	73
Military detailees	-	_	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0

Source: Tables 3-8, 3-11 to 3-13, 3-15, 3-24 to 3-27, 3-32, and 3-37.

Table 6-64. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

			=	(iii minions of donars)	or donars)					
Appropriation Title	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 + TQ	1977	1978
Research and development	7.9	10.2	11.3	13.3	15.5	15.1	14.6	8.01	7.1	16.73
Construction of facilities	0.5	0.5		1	9.0	<i>o</i> 0	?:- -	0.7.1	0./1	150.3
Administrative operations ^a	9.1	6.7	10.3	6.01	8.01	11.6	12.4	17.0	13.3	1.51
TOTAL	17.5	20.4	21.6	24.2	26.9	27.6	28.1	36.8	30.9	171.4
de de										

^aRenamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-65. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

					/II.da 3)					
	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Net value of contract awards Percentage of NASA total Source: Table 5.12	12.0	14.4	13.6	16.3	20.2 0.8	20.1	20.5	23.0	25.7	24.1
The state of the s										

JET PROPULSION LABORATORY

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JET PROPULSION LABORATORY

Location

The Jet Propulsion Laboratory was located in Pasadena, California, approximately twenty miles northeast of Los Angeles.

Director:

Bruce C. Murray (April 1976-) William H. Pickering (September 1954-March 1976) L. G. Dunn (1947-1954) F. J. Malina (1944-1946)

Deputy Director:

C. H. Terhune, Jr. (July 1971-) John E. Clark (February 1968-July 1971) A. R. Luedecke (August 1964-August 1967) B. O. Sparks (February 1960-July 1964)

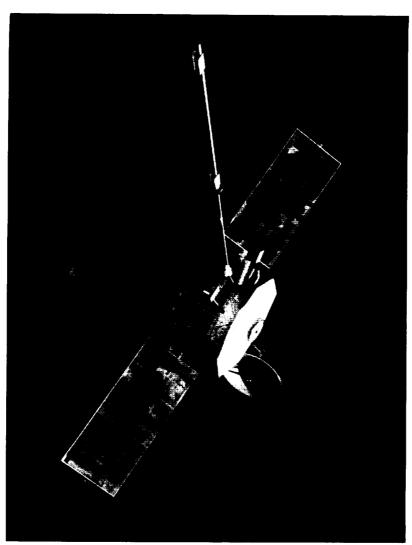
History

The Jet Propulsion Laboratory was a Government-owned facility staffed and managed by the California Institute of Technology in Pasadena, California. In 1936 faculty and students began design and experimental work with liquid-propellant rocket engines at the Guggenheim Aeronautical Laboratory of the California Institute of Technology (GALCIT).

In June 1940, the Army awarded GALCIT a contract to develop solidand liquid-propellant rocket engines. This program, called the GALCIT Rocket Research Project, continued for the duration of World War II. In the postwar period, the facility, renamed the Jet Propulsion Laboratory in 1944, conducted research and development for the United States Army on tactical guided missiles and aerodynamics. In 1958, shortly after NASA was established, the Jet Propulsion Laboratory was transferred from the Army to NASA. It retained its special position as a laboratory of the California Institute of Technology under contract to NASA. (For a more detailed history of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, see Chapter VI of NASA Historical Data Book, Vol. I.)

Mission

The Jet Propulsion Laboratory has engaged in research associated with such activities as deep-space automated scientific missions, tracking, data acquisition, development of advanced solid- and liquid-propellant space-craft engines, and development of advanced spacecraft guidance and control systems. It has managed projects in NASA's unmanned lunar and planetary exploration programs and has operated worldwide deep-space tracking and data acquisition networks.



A Mariner Venus Mercury "73" spacecraft designed for a 1973 mission to Venus and Mercury built by the Boeing Company under project management of Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Table 6-66. Property (at end of fiscal year; money amounts in thousands of dollars)

Category	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
In-house and contractor-held	2	Z	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	156
Number of buildings	ž	Z	386	351	353	339	342	317	322	320
Area of buildings, in square feet	Y Z		1,790,964	1,853,783	1,904,695	1,790,964 1,853,783 1,904,695 1,864,394 1	1.896,330	1,896,330 1,940,062 1,993,168		1,997,380
Value of in-house and contractor-held property							ı	!		
Land	1,067	1,067	1,067	1,067	1.067	1.067	1,067	1.067	1,067	1,188
Buildings	53,172	53,864	55,821	59,887	63,133	996,29	71,754	79.370	85,498	86,131
Other structures and facilities	27,966	28,401	32,189	33,343	63,232	61,955	66,99	66,846	69,238	69,306
Total real property value	82,205	83,332	710,68	94,297	127,432	125,988	139,820	147,283	155,803	156,628
Capitalized equipment value	110,806	131,587	173,299	192,777	204,856	221,808	218,625	217.765	ΥN	231,701
Contractor-held land, in acres	NA	AN	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	156
Number of contractor-held buildings	NA	Z	386	351	353	339	342	317	322	320
Contractor-held buildings, in square feet	NA	AN	1,790,964	1,790,964 1,853,783	1,904,695	1,864,394	1,896,330	1,904,695 1,864,394 1,896,330 1,940,062 1,993,168	1,993,168	1,997,380
Value of contractor-held real property		,								001
Land	1,067	1,067	1,067	1,067	1,067	1,067) (96,1	.0e/	<u>}</u>	1,188
Buildings	53,172	53,864	55,821	29,887	63,133	62,966	71,754	79,370	85,498	86,131
Other structures and facilities	27,966	28,401	32,189	33,343	63,232	61,955	66,99	66,846	69,238	69:306
Total contractor-held real property	82,205	83,332	89,077	94,297	127,432	125,988	139,820	147,283	155,803	156,628

Source: Tables 2-5 to 2-15, 2-21, 2-23, 2-25, and 2-27.

Table 6-67. Value of Real Property Components as a Percentage of Total (total real property value in thousands of dollars)

Component	1969	1070	1071	1072						
	1001	0/21	1/41	7/61	19/3	19/4	1975	9261	1977	8/61
Land	1.3	1.3	1.2	1:1	0.8	0.8	80	0.7	10	0
Buildings Other structures and	7.49	64.6	62.7	63.5	49.5	50.0	51.3	53.9	54.9	55.0 55.0
facilities Total real property	34.0	34.1	36.1	35.4	49.6	49.2	47.9	45.4	44.4	44.2
value	82,205	83,332	89,077	94,297	127,432	125,988	139,820	147.283	155 803	156 678
Course Tables 2 11 charact 2 14	1, 2, 1,								2001.2.2.	170,020

Table 6-68. Funding by Fiscal Year (in millions of dollars)

				(III minions of dollars)	or dollars)					
Appropriation Title	6961	1970	1761	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 + TO	7261	1978
December of december	, ,	0 0,						,		
Acsedicii and development	145.1	8.691	154.3	207.1	207.6	219.0	211.4	250.5	195 2	7017
Construction of facilities	1	1	6.1	1	0.5	-	4)		•	1.107
Administrative operations ^a	ļ	ļ				9	1.	ļ	-	5.I
			İ	1	1	J	l	1	1	1
TOTAL	143.1	8.691	156.2	207.1	208.1	220.3	220.6	2005	6 508	
							2.01		7.661	204.5

Renamed Research and program management in 1970.

Source: Tables 4-18 to 4-20.

Table 6-69. Total Procurement Activity by Fiscal Year* (in millions of dollars)

	1977	1978
Net value of contract awards	289.0	283.7
Percentage of NASA total	8.2	7.8

^{*}Data comprise awards on contracts for operation of Jet Propulsion Laboratory. Awards to Jet Propulsion Laboratory for fiscal years 1969-1976 are included in the awards to Headquarters.

Source: Table 5-12.

APPENDIX A **SELECTED AEROSPACE AWARDS**

APPENDIX A

SELECTED AEROSPACE AWARDS

Contents

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National Aeronautics and Space Administration Honor Awards	397
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APPENDIX A

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE **ADMINISTRATION HONOR AWARDS**

Certificate of Appreciation

The NASA Certificate of Appreciation is usually granted to an individual upon separation from Headquarters to mark dedicated and significant service, or a substantial contribution, to his or her organization.

	-
1969 Luis W. Alvarez	1971 Charles F. Bingman
Stanley H. Bennett	Melvin S. Day
Francis H. Clauser	Alfred J. Eggers
H. Lester Cooke	Dave W. Lang
Lee A. Dubridge	1972 Hugh Odishaw
Leo Goldberg	Robert F. Packard
Harry H. Hess	1973 Howard N. Braithwaite
T. William Lambe	J. Allen Crocker
Gordon J. F. MacDonald	Robert H. Hood
Francis J. Magliato	James J. Owens
John S. Patton	Jacob E. Smart
William G. Shepherd	Madison B. Smith
William B. Shockley	Demarquis D. Wyatt
William H. Sweet	1975 Sherwood L. Butler
Charles H. Towns	Henry E. Clements
John R. Whinnery	C. Guy Ferguson
George D. Zuidema	Boyd C. Myers
1970 Paul A. Barron	Leonard Rawicz
Helen G. Frey	1978 Jeff Cockran
Clarence J. George	Alex Liebenson
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Charles G. Haynes

Antonio P. Marin Franklyn W. Phillips

Leona L. Kempainen

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E. C. Magette

Kathryn C. Walker

Distinguished Service Medal

The NASA Distinguished Service Medal, NASA's highest award, is given to any person in Federal service who, "by distinguished service, ability, or courage, has personally made a contribution representing substantial progress to aeronautical or space exploration in the interests of the United States." Recommendations for this award are reviewed by the NASA Incentive Awards Board.

1969 William A. Anders Frank A. Bogart Carroll H. Bolender Frank Borman Robert E. Bourdeau Eugene A. Cernan Roger B. Chaffee John F. Clark Raymond L. Clark Ozro M. Covington Kurt H. Debus Maxime A. Faget Robert R. Gilruth Harry H. Gorman Virgil I. Grissom Hans F. Gruene George H. Hage Wesley L. Hjornevik Lee B. James David M. Jones Kenneth S. Kleinknecht Christopher C. Kraft James A. Lovell George M. Low Charles W. Matthews James A. McDivitt Jessie L. Mitchell George E. Mueller John E. Naugle Edmund F. O'Connor Rocco A. Petrone Samuel C. Phillips Joseph Purcell Eberhard F. M. Rees Ludie G. Richard Arthur L. H. Rudolph Julian W. Scheer William C. Schneider

Russell L. Schweickart David R. Scott Robert C. Seamans Willis H. Shapley Albert F. Siepert Donald K. Slayton Thomas P. Stafford Gerald M. Truszynski Wernher von Braun Hermann K. Weidner Edward H. White John J. Williams John W. Young 1970 Edwin E. Aldrin Nail A. Armstrong Alan L. Bean Michael Collins Charles Conrad Richard F. Gordon Fred W. Haise James A. Lovell Thomas O. Paine John L. Swigert 1971 Charles J. Donlan James B. Irwin Vincent L. Johnson Walter J. Kapryan Eugene F. Kranz Bruce T. Lundin Glynn S. Lunney James A. McDivitt Edgar D. Mitchell Bernard Moritz Dale D. Myers Oran W. Nicks Stuart A. Roosa David R. Scott Alan B. Shepard

Sigurd A. Sjoberg John W. Townsend Alfred M. Worden 1972 Charles M. Duke Paul W. Gast William R. Lucas Hans M. Mark Thomas K. Mattingly Richard C. McCurdy William T. Pecora Dan Schneiderman John W. Young 1973 George W. S. Abbey Alan L. Bean Leland F. Belew Charles A. Berry Aleck C. Bond Anthony J. Calio Eugene A. Cernan Aaron Cohen Charles Conrad Richard W. Cook John H. Disher Paul C. Donnelly Ronald E. Evans Arnold W. Frutkin Owen K. Garriott Ernst D. Geissler Roy E. Godfrey Robert H. Grav George B. Hardy Robert C. Hock William P. Horton S. Neil Hosenball Roy P. Jackson Richard S. Johnston Joseph P. Kerwin James E. Kingsbury Jack A. Kinzler Kenneth S. Kleinknecht Joseph N. Kotanchik Chester M. Lee William E. Lilly Jack R. Lousma Owen G. Morris Rocco A. Petrone Isom A. Rigell

Miles Ross George T. Sasseen Harrison H. Schmitt William C. Schneider Richard G. Smith Howard W. Tindall Paul J. Weitz 1974 Donald D. Buchanan Gerald P. Carr Walker E. Giberson Edward G. Gibson Charles F. Hall Robert L. Krieger Dale D. Myers William R. Pogue Norman Pozinsky Martin L. Raines Lee R. Scherer John M. Thole Robert F. Thompson 1975 Vance D. Brand Robert H. Curtin M. P. Frank Donald P. Hearth Chester M. Lee Glynn S. Lunnev Joseph B. Mahon Ellery B. May John L. McLucas William Nordberg George F. Page Donald K. Slavton Thomas P. Stafford David Williamson 1976 Charles J. Donlan Isaac T. Gillam Charles R. Gunn William M. Lohse Charles W. Mathews John J. Neilon Leonard Roberts William R. Schindler 1977 Edgar M. Cortright Malcolm R. Currie

James C. Fletcher

Noel W. Hinners

Leonard Jaffe

Harriett G. Jenkins Robert S. Kraemer Bruce T. Lundin Hans M. Mark James S. Martin John E. Naugle Henry W. Norris A. Thomas Young 1978 Kenneth R. Chapman Duward Crow Robert H. Curtin Marvin L. McNickle David R. Scott Milton O. Thompson Gerald M. Truszynski

Distinguished Public Service Medal

The NASA Distinguished Public Service Medal is granted only to individuals whose meritorious contributions produced results which measurably improved, expedited, or clarified administrative procedures, scientific progress, work methods, manufacturing techniques, personnel practices, public information services, and other efforts related to the accomplishment of the mission of NASA. It is granted to any United States citizen who is not an employee of the Federal Government or was not an employee during the period in which the service was performed.

1969 Harry H. Hess
Frederick Seitz
Charles H. Townes
1971 Joseph G. Gavin
George E. Stoner
1972 Riccardo Giacconi
Brian O'Brien
Gerald J. Wasserburg
1973 Paul B. Blasingame
Joseph F. Clayton
Leo Goldberg
Clinton H. Grace

Leo Goldberg
Clinton H. Grace
Robert E. Greer
George W. Jeffs
Thomas J. Kelly
H. Douglas Lowrey
Joseph P. McNamara
Richard H. Nelson
Frank Press
Theodore D. Smith
1974 Ben G. Bromberg

1974 Ben G. Bromberg Jack M. Campbell Edwin G. Czarnecki Harry Dornbrand Jesse L. Greenstein Bruce C. Murray William G. Purdy

1975 Grant L. Hansen Willis M. Hawkins Richard B. Kershner

1976 Edward W. Bonnett Antonio Ferri Theodore D. Smith Lyman Spitzer

1977 Laurence J. Adams
Franklin W. Kolk
Walter O. Lowrie
Thomas G. Pownall
Carl Sagan
Francis B. Sayre
Ronald Smelt
Kurt Waldheim

1978 Edward O. Buckbee Gerald J. Wasserburg

Exceptional Bravery Medal

The NASA Medal for Exceptional Bravery is given for exemplary and courageous handling of an emergency in NASA program activities by an individual who, independent of personal danger, has acted to prevent the loss of human life or government property.

1969 Charles J. Beverlin Billy B. McClure

1970 Herbert W. Grandy 1974 Paul D. Sebesta

Exceptional Scientific Achievement Medal

The NASA Exceptional Scientific Achievement Medal is an award given for unusually significant scientific accomplishments which contribute to the programs of NASA, the Department of Defense, and other government agencies.

1969 Charles A. Berry William F. Brown Thomas N. Canning Moustafa T. Chahine Hong-Yee Chiu Clarence D. Cone James A. Downey Erwin Fehlberg Richard J. Green Rudolf A. Hanel Webb E. Havmaker Gerhard Heller Harvey H. Hubbard James W. Humphreys Mark W. Kelly James E. Kupperian Dale R. Lumb Wolfgang E. Moeckel Paul M. Muller Robert J. Naumann William T. O'Bryant George F. Pieper Henry Plotkin Joseph L. Randall Donald G. Rea Nancy G. Roman Lee R. Scherer

William L. Sjogren

Charles P. Sonett

Robert G. Stone

David Q. Wark Richard T. Whitcomb Donald U. Wise 1970 Wilhelm Angele James R. Arnold Paul J. Coleman Leverett Davis Milner H. Eskew Herbert Friedman Paul W. Gast Peter F. Macdoran Warren L. Martin Maurice K. Morin Marcia M. Neugebauer Edward W. Perkins Edward J. Smith Conway W. Snyder Nelson W. Spencer Patrick Thaddeus Robert M. Walker Gerald J. Wasserburg 1971 Richard J. Allenby Clyde D. Baker Ivan E. Beckwith Mitchel H. Bertram Anthony J. Calio Frederick J. Doyle Farouk el-Baz Stanley Ellis

Carl E. Fichtel

John C. Freche Riccardo Giacconi Larry A. Haskin James W. Head Noel W. Hinners Alton E. Jones Harold R. Kaufman Gary Latham Robert B. Leighton Gerald S. Levy Charles A. Lundquist Bruce C. Murray Werner M. Neupert Robert O. Pepin Floyd I. Roberson Sherman M. Seltzer Robert P. Sharp Leon T. Silver M. Gene Simmons Charles T. Stelzried Gordon A. Swann John H. Wolfe Hans F. Wuenscher 1972 Charles H. Acton Isidore Adler Vernon H. Alley Kinsey A. Anderson James R. Arnold Charles A. Barth Jacques E. Blamont Geoffrey A. Briggs Richard S. Brokaw George R. Carruthers Edward L. Chupp Paul J. Coleman Thomas C. Duxbury Palmer Dyal Rudolf A. Hanel Melvin J. Hartmann Klaus Heinemann James P. Heppner William F. Hoffmann Billy P. Jones Hans F. Kennel A. J. Kliore Arthur L. Lane Conway Leovy

Giuseppe J. Luigi Harold Masursky Eugene C. McKannan Gerry Neugebauer William C. Phinney Helmut R. Poppa Carl Sagan William L. Sjogren **Bradford Smith** Charles P. Sonett Lyman Spitzer Robert H. Steinbacher David W. Strangway Hubert C. Vykukal 1973 John B. Adams Joseph P. Allen Carrol O. Alley **Edward Anders** William J. Anderson P. Robin Brett Robert P. Bryson Donald S. Burnett Edward C. T. Chao Joan Vernikos Danellis Robert H. Drake Michael B. Duke Geoffrey Eglinton Anthony W. England James E. Faller William G. Fastie William A. Fischer John W. Freeman Robert Fleischer Johannes Geiss Paul Gorenstein Herbert F. Hardrath John H. Hoffman Robert A. Hoffman Marvin R. Holter Warren Hovis H. Taylor Howard E. Dale Jackson Philip C. Johnson Robert L. Johnson Robert L. Kovach David A. Landgrebe Marcus G. Langseth

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APPENDIX A

Harvard Lomax Harold Masursky William R. Mehler Albert Metzger James K. Mitchell William R. Muehlberger James J. Papike Archibald B. Park Robert A. Parker Robert A. Phinney P. Buford Price David L. Reasoner John H. Reynolds Wilbur A. Riehl Edwin Roedder Irving M. Salzberg Eric C. Silverberg Henry J. Smith Conway W. Snyder Floyd W. Stecker Manik Talwani Sandor Traimar Jacob I. Trombka Harold C. Urey Joel S. Watkins John A. Wood 1974 John D. Anderson Siegfried J. Bauer Reinhard Beer Albert E. Belon Ralph Bernstein Herbert S. Bridge William A. Brooks Victor C. Clarke James A. Dunne Crofton B. Farmer R. Walker Fillius James D. Frost Harry C. Gatos Thomas Gehrels Ashton Graybiel Curtis L. Hemenway Karl G. Henize George W. Hoffler Jerry L. Homick Carolyn L. Huntoon Robert L. Johnson

Darrell L. Judge Hongsuk H. Kim Stephen L. Kimzey William H. Kinard Henry G. Kosmahl Norman H. MacLeod Robert M. MacQueen Joseph T. McGoogan Edward L. Michel John M. Miller James E. Milligan Guido Munch Thornton Page Edward C. Polhamus S. Ichtiaque Rasool Edmund M. Reeves John A. Rummel Gary R. Russell John R. Sevier John A. Simpson David E. Smith William C. Snoddy John E. Taber William E. Thornton **Richard Tousey** James H. Trainor Guiseppi S. Vaiana James A. van Allen Hans U. Walter G. Gordon Whedon Herbert Wiedemeir Thomas T. Wilheit August F. Witt John T. Yue 1975 John D. Bird Brent Y. Creer William B. Demore R. Thomas Giuli Samuel Gulkis James D. Lawrence Francis J. Lerch Howard G. Nelson Matthew P. Thekaekara Eugene W. Urban Edward J. Walsh

Dell P. Williams

1976 Arden L. Albee Robert E. Alexovich Peter M. Bell Stuart Bowyer Horst Bucker Sherwood Chang

Robert N. Clayton Peter X. Eberhardt Howard E. Goldstein

Frank Hohl Kenneth W. Iliff Klaus Keil

Robert A. Kilgore Robert F. Landel Leslie M. Mack Lucio Maestrello Laurence E. Nyquist Dimitri A. Papanastassiou

James B. Pollack Vincent V. Salomonson

Tito T. Serafini
Gerald R. Taylor
M. Nafi Toksoz
Friedrich O. Vonbun
Jeffrey L. Warner
James G. Williams

1977 Donald L. Anderson

Otto E. Berg Klaus Biemann Michael H. Carr Alphonso V. Diaz James L. Elliot Fereidoun Farassat Barney C. Farmer Robert C. Finke Ronald I. Gilje John D. Goodlette Robert B. Hargraves Seymour L. Hess Stephen S. Holt Hugh H. Kieffer Harold P. Klein Janos K. Lanyi B. Gentry Lee Jay H. Lieske Harold Masursky William H. Michael Thomas A. Mutch Alfred O. C. Nier Tobias C. Owen James D. Porter

Albert R. Schallenmuller Conway W. Snyder Gerald A. Soffen Glenn R. Taylor

George W. Reed

G. Leonard Tyler
1978 Albert Boggess
Elihu A. Boldt
Hale V. Bradt
John C. Brandt
Herbert Friedman
Gordon P. Garmir
Herbert Gursky
Forrest G. Hall
Walter H. G. Lewin
Gunnar F. Lindal

Gunnar F. Lindal Frank B. McDonald Thomas A. Parnell Laurence E. Peterson Alvin Seiff

Alvin Seiff Robert H. Tolson Robert Vessot

Exceptional Service Medal

The NASA Exceptional Service Medal is the second highest award in the NASA Incentive Awards Program. It is granted for significant achievement or service characterized by unusual initiative or creative ability that clearly demonstrates substantial improvement in engineering, administative, space flight, or space-related endeavors which contribute to NASA programs.

1969 George W. S. Abbey Robert M. Aden Joseph S. Algranti Alfred P. Alibrando Robert O. Aller Ernest A. Amman Donald D. Arabian Gordon E. Artley C. Dixon Ashworth John R. Atkins Henry F. Auter Fred E. Bakutis Jackson M. Balch Stephen G. Bales Edward P. Ballinger Henry C. Barnett Oakley W. Baron Paul A. Barron William P. Bass Robert C. Baumann James C. Bavely Leland F. Belew Lucian B. Bell James V. Bernardo Emil P. Bertram Joseph A. Bethay John H. Blackstone William M. Bland Joseph M. Bobik Carroll H. Bolender Philip H. Bolger Aleck C. Bond Julian H. Bowman James E. Bradford James B. Bramlet John R. Brinkmann Eugene H. Brock H. R. Brockett

Charles O. Brooks B. Porter Brown William D. Brown Herbert S. Brownstein Rudolph H. Bruns Donald D. Buchanan Charles L. Buckley Garland G. Buckner Eugene S. Burcher Gerald L. Burdett Anthony J. Calio Dale W. Call Sidney A. Cariski Charles E. Cataldo Allen D. Catterson James A. Chamberlin Clifford E. Charlesworth Clarence A. Chauvin Donald C. Cheatham Robert G. Chilton John F. Clark Raymond L. Clark Victor C. Clarke Aaron Cohen John E. Condon George N. Constan Richard W. Cook Ozro M. Covington Newton W. Cunningham Konrad K. Dannenberg Leroy E. Day John H. Disher Charles J. Donlan

Leroy E. Day John H. Disher Charles J. Donlan Paul C. Donnelly Daniel H. Driscoll Friedrich Duerr Brian M. Duff

Lynwood C. Dunseith

William B. Easter Marion D. Edwards Otto K. Eisenhardt James C. Elms Maxime A. Faget Lionel E. Fannin Hans J. Fichtner Joyce N. Foster Davis E. Foxworthy Cline W. Frasier Robert F. Freitag James M. Funkhouser Robert F. Garbarini Robert A. Gardiner Roger B. Gaskins Austin L. Gaver Clarence C. Gay Ernst D. Geissler Howard I. Gibbons Roy E. Godfrey Erich E. Goerner Thomas F. Goldcamp Robert E. Gorman Dieter Grau Wilbur H. Gray Bert Greenglass Hans F. Gruene Crompton A. Guthrie Walter Haeussermann George H. Hage Carlos C. Hagood Richard L. Haley Jerome B. Hammack Fred C. Hammers Theodore U. Hardeman Gordon L. Harris Willard R. Hawkins Donald P. Hearth Karl L. Heimburg Robert F. Heiser Richard R. Heldenfels Ralph L. Hicks Paul R. Hill Oliver M. Hirsch Andrew Hobokan

John D. Hodge

Helmut Hoelzer

Robert W. Hoffman John K. Holcomb S. Neil Hosenball Hans Hueter Benjamin W. Hursey Carl R. Huss Vincent G. Huston Chauncey W. Huth Thomas P. Isbell Lee B. James John Janokaitis Otha C. Jean Thomas E. Jenkins Bernard L. Johnson Caldwell C. Johnson Marshall S. Johnson Robert E. Johnson Richard S. Johnston David M. Jones Joseph M. Jones Walter J. Kapryan John J. Kelleher Samuel W. Keller Walter W. Kemmerer Charles H. King John W. King Robert E. King James E. Kingsbury Jack A. Kinzler Kenneth S. Kleinknecht Joseph N. Kotanchik Eugene F. Kranz Hermann W. Kroeger Gustav A. Kroll Donald A. Krueger Jerald R. Kubat Howard C. Kyle William F. Lahatte Dave W. Lang Roy E. Lealman Jerome F. Lederer Chester M. Lee Richard L. Lesher William E. Lilly James P. Lindberg Oakley B. Lloyd William M. Lohse

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Robert G. Long Bernard Lubarsky William R. Lucas George H. Ludwig Glynn S. Lunney H. Robert Lynn Jerry Mack Joseph F. Malaga Carl H. Mandel Charles B. Mars William R. Marshall Edward R. Mathews Hans H. Maus John P. Mayer Owen E. Maynard Jack T. McClanahan John G. McClintock Alexander A. McCool James C. McCulloch Charles W. McGuire James C. McLane Thomas H. McMullen Roderick O. Middleton Frederic H. Miller William E. Miller Peter A. Minderman Edward D. Mohlere Fletcher B. Moore Saverio F. Morea Homer G. Morgan Bernard Moritz Owen G. Morris Robert E. Moser William A. Mrazek James T. Murphy Walter P. Murphy Erich W. Neubert John C. New David H. Newby Charles T. Newman Steward H. Nichols George W. Noel Warren J. North Edmund F. O'Connor Alfred D. O'Hara Royce G. Olson Donald R. Oswald

Robert L. Owen George F. Page Clarence C. Parker Edward F. Parry John F. Parsons Henry C. Paul John E. Pickering Andrew J. Pickett Edward A. Pierce Joseph V. Piland John S. Potate James T. Powell Norman Pozinsky Harry Press G. Merritt Preston Paul A. Price Duncan W. Rabey Norman Rafel Martin L. Raines A. Gerald Rainey Wallis C. Rainwater Robert A. Rapp Harold E. Ream Nicholas A. Renzetti Raul E. Reyes Stanley R. Reinartz Ludie G. Richard Isom A. Rigell **Tecwyn Roberts** Lorne M. Robinson Rodney G. Rose Miles Ross Jack Sargent George T. Sasseen James H. Sasser Melvvn Savage Ralph S. Sawyer John R. Schaibley Julian W. Scheer William H. Schick Donald L. Schmittling Harris M. Schurmeier Karl Sendler Ralph Shapiro John Shea

Alan B. Shepard

James T. Sheperd

Milton A. Silveira William K. Simmons Scott H. Simpkinson Sigurd A. Sjoberg James B. Skaggs Bart J. Slattery Donald K. Slayton John W. Small Richard G. Smith Spencer E. Smith Robert E. Smylie Bill H. Sneed Victor C. Sorensen Fridtjof A. H. Speer Charles W. St. Clair Laverne R. Stelter James B. Sterett John D. Stevenson Bailey E. Stimson William E. Stoney Ernst Stuhlinger Paul L. Styles Charles N. Swearingen Eldon D. Taylor William Teir Bernard R. Tessman Joseph G. Thibodaux Henry F. Thompson Robert F. Thompson Jarry Thomson Howard W. Tindall Robert T. Tolleson George S. Trimble Jack Trott Mathew W. Urlaub George A. van Staden William P. Varson William W. Vaughan Paul H. Vavra George J. Vecchietti James I. Vette Frederick E. Vreuls Thomas S. Walton Chester T. Wasileski Eugene W. Wasielewski Hermann K. Weidner

Stanley Weiland

Philip H. Whitbeck George C. White M. Keith Wible Herman K. Widick Reuben L. Wilkinson Francis L. Williams Grady F. Williams John J. Williams H. William Wood Roy E. Wood 1970 John W. Aaron William H. Bayley Floyd V. Bennett Frank G. Bryan John P. Campbell William L. Green Gerald D. Griffin Charles G. Haynes Walter W. Jacobi Eugene S. Love Eugene J. Manganiello Merland L. Moseson Hans G. Paul Donald E. Phillips Franklyn W. Phillips Glen A Reiff Homer J. Steward Ermine van der Wyk 1971 Arnold D. Aldrich James M. Allman Donald D. Arabian Donald D. Baals Donald A. Beattie Ronald L. Berry Josef Boehm Peter H. Broussard Joseph R. Burke Paul Butler Norman M. Carlson Donald M. Corcoran Graydon F. Corn Werner K. Dahm Edward M. Davin Richard A. Davis Melvin S. Day Harry J. De Voto Alfred J. Eggers

George L. English George F. Esenwein Albert G. Ferris M. P. Frank George C. Franklin Clarence R. Gates Charles D. Gay Jesse F. Goree John D. Gossett John M. Gould Olin L. Graham John R. Graman Gerald D. Griffin Julian S. Hamilton Richard S. Hamner James E. Hannigan Onice M. Hardage James F. Harrington Theodore P. Hershey Richard R. Howell Caldwell C. Johnson Enoch M. Jones Sidney C. Jones Harold K. Katz Milton Klein Ronald W. Kubicki H. Fletcher Kurtz Elwood W. Land Charles C. Lutz Ellery B. May Riley D. McCafferty Thomas C. McMurtry William A. Mecca Charles H. Meyers Benjamin Milwitzky Saverio F. Morea Thomas W. Morgan Gerald J. Mossinghoff Lawrence B. Mulloy Richard L. Nafzger John J. Neilon John W. O'Neill James P. Orr Shelby L. Owens Chris D. Perner John C. Rains Orr E. Reynolds

James F. Saunders Robert B. Sieck Scott H. Simpkinson Richard L. Sinderson Francis B. Smith Robertson Stevens Harley L. Stutesman Clarence A. Syvertson James C. Taylor John M. Thole Richard A. Thorson Marjorie R. Townsend Hugh A. Weston Foster T. Williams Willis J. Willoughby Milton L. Windler Ralph F. Winte David L. Winterhalter Donald G. Wiseman Fred S. Wojtalik Ralph A. Yorio 1972 Richard R. Balduin John Baylis Josef F. Blumrich Karol J. Bobko Willard E. Bollman Robert R. Breshears Melvin F. Brooks E. Kane Casani Frank J. Colella Allan G. Conrad Woodrow L. Cook Gary A. Coultas Robert L. Crippen John M. De Nover Josephine Dibella Larry N. Dumas Albert J. Evans Frances Fairfield William G. Fawcett William C. Fischer Robert G. Forney Porter H. Gilbert Kenneth B. Gilbreath Earl W. Glahn Victor Gordon

Richard M. Gramling

Charles R. Gunn Willard L. Halcomb Richard T. Hayes Norman R. Haynes Arthur Henderson Edward D. Hildreth Tommy W. Holloway Pleasant M. Hughes Clyde S. Jones Masakazu S. Katow James I. Kistle Garv E. Krier Richard P. Laeser Horace L. Lamberth Kenneth A. Lavoy Harold Ledford Gerald W. Longanecker Katy M. Lyle J. O'Neil Mackey David L. McCraw James C. McPherson James F. McGee Michael A. Minovitch Richard T. Mittauer Jewell W. Moody Brooks T. Morris Archibald E. Morse Helen M. Neumann David D. Norris Ted L. Oglesby Philip D. Potter Edwin Pounder Henry W. Price Richard C. Proffitt Jones W. Roach William A. Russell Patrick J. Rygh Martin Sacks Newell D. Sanders Bruton B. Schardt Moe I. Schneebaum Wilfred E. Scull Eugene M. Sestile John R. Sevier James M. Sisson Earnest C. Smith

John Y. Sos

James C. Stokes James E. Stitt Raymond J. Sumser Clinton L. Taylor Wilmer C. Thacker Thomas H. Thornton William E. Thornton Adelbert O. Tischler Stanley Weiland John A. Whitney David Williamson Charles C. Wood Demarquis D. Wyatt Robert R. Ziemer 1973 Howard Allaway Robert O. Aller Oscar E. Anderson Joseph Arlauskas Peter J. Armitage Carl D. Arnett Michel Bader David A. Ballard Robert E. Beaman John V. Becker John D. Beeson Larry E. Bell Robert H. Benson James W. Bilodeau Alfred A. Bishop Joel S. Blum Fred Boles Jerry C. Bostick Donald R. Bowden William C. Bradford Melvin Brooks William A. Brooksbank William A. Brown Robert A. Browne Frederick B. Bryant Paul Buchanan Francis Byrne Thomas Campbell Leland J. Casey John A. Chambers Milton Chambers William O. Chandler William B. Chubb

Joseph P. Click
Haggai Cohen
Harold R. Coldwater
Wilbur A. Collier
Richard A. Colonna
Edward J. Connor
James V. Correale
Duane N. Counter
Jerry W. Craig
Philip E. Culbertson
Raymond Daley
Edwin J. Davis
William H. Dana
Philip M. Deans
Frederick J. Demeritte

Dick S. Diller John P. Donnelly W. Harry Douglas James B. Dozier Flovd M. Drummond William R. Dunbar Roland D. English Robert E. Ernull Robert G. Eugy Clare F. Farley Richard B. Ferguson J. Pemble Field Thomas L. Fischetti James J. Fitzgerald William L. Folsom Dixon L. Forsythe William J. Franklin Werner K. Gengelbach John M. Gerding Thomas F. Gibson Herman P. Gierow Philip C. Glynn Frank E. Goddard Robert R. Godman

Glen Goodwin

Paul E. Goozh

Dean F. Grimm

Carlos C. Hagood

Thomas E. Hanes

Charles S. Harlan

Edgar L. Harkleroad

John B. Hanley

George E. Harrington
L. Steven Harris
Charles F. Henschel
Rufus R. Hessberg
Robert C. Hock
John W. Holland
George D. Hopson
W. G. Huber
Thomas E. Huber
Bobby R. Huffman
Robert B. Hughes
John T. Humphrey
Neil B. Hutchinson
James M. Igou
Rein Ise

Richard K. Jenke Morris V. Jenkins William O. Jewell Norman S. Johnson Robert L. Johnston Thomas S. Johnston Harry M. Johnstone Jack A. Jones

Jesse C. Jones Sidney C. Jones James L. Jovner John J. Kelly William R. Kelly John W. King Richard H. Kohrs Raymond A. Kline Charles E. Koenig Carl D. Lamb Charles K. Lapinta Thomas J. Lee Charles R. Lewis Russell P. Lloyd Thomas R. Loe Joseph A. Lombardo Douglas R. Lord Jusdon A. Lovingood

Jusdon A. Lovingood Reginald M. Machell Eugene A. Marianetti Richard A. Marmann Peter V. Mason Robert R. McCann George F. McDonough Thomas U. McElmurry Edward J. McLaughlin John G. McTigue Bruce E. Miller James A. Miller Brian O. Montgomery James S. Moore Jo Ann H. Morgan Myron L. Myers Bobby D. Nelson James B. Odom William J. O'Donnell Goetz K. H. Oertel Dolores B. O'Hara Robert E. Pace Wayne E. Parris James D. Phillips William W. Petynia A. Felder Phillips Marvin N. Picos Henry O. Pohl George A. Post Luther E. Powell Carl Prince Donald R. Puddy Phillip D. Quattrone Leonard Rawicz John P. Reeder Peter L. Robinson Jerome D. Rosenberg Charles E. Ross Carroll R. Rouse Howell H. Row Hans W. Rudolph Robert S. Ryan Earle J. Sample James M. Satterfield Melvyn Savage Russell L. Schweickart Robert J. Schwinghamer Donald A. Scoville James M. Scrivener Philip C. Shaffer Robert B. Sheridan James C. Shows William K. Simmons Jacob E. Smart

Edmond F. Smith Orval Sparkman Leonard T. Spence James L. Splawn William R. Stelges Francis M. Stewart Arthur T. Strickland Homer W. Strickland John D. Stroud Donald E. Stullken Frank J. Sullivan Sidney J. Sweat John W. Thomas James R. Thompson Rob R. Tillett Thomas A. Toll Richard H. Truly Gerald L. Turner Richard W. Underwood C. Burl Valentine Donald C. Wade Jack H. Waite William M. Wallace Herbert D. Ward Edgar H. Weber Oscar Weinstein Charles E. Welly Carl A. Whiteside Franklin E. Williams Jack H. Williams James D. Williams Lawrence G. Williams Milton L. Windler Guy N. Witherington Gerald W. Wittenstein Robert K. Wolf Carroll H. Woodling William H. Woodward Halsey E. Worley John G. Zarcaro Donald L. Zylstra 1974 Billy M. Adair Leslie F. Adams Roger A. Anderson G. Mervin Ault Anne T. Barber Lida M. Bates

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Daniel H. Herman

APPENDIX A

Frank R. Batty Gilbert W. Branchflower Vance D. Brand George W. Brooks Lyle V. Burden William H. Bush Edward L. Christianson Claude W. Coffee James F. Connors **Elliott Cutting** G. Edward Danielson Gerald R. David William E. Davidson William O. Davis Esker K. Davis Carmine E. Desanctis John H. Dickinson Lawrence F. Dietlein Richard P. Dodd Maurice Dubin Joseph R. Duke S. Chris Dunker Porter Dunlap Robert C. Edwards Einar K. Enevoldson Elmer L. Field Richard O. Fimmel Henry W. Flagg Henry B. Floyd Don V. Fordyce Richard L. Foster John V. Foster Darval T. Gant Michael J. Garbacz Daniel M. Germany Alfred Gessow Herman L. Gilmore Edmond J. Golden Harold J. Gordon Charles B. Graff William D. Green David W. Grimes William H. Hamby Jeffrey T. Hamilton Peter J. Haro Jackson D. Harris Gerald W. Hawkins

Henry C. Hoffman Robert U. Hofstetter Ralph W. Holtzclaw Jay F. Honeycutt Adrian J. Hooke Jerry R. Hordinsky Rhoda S. Hornstein William R. Howard William J. Huffstetler Marshall F. Humphrey Henry Iuliano Harold Jaffe Gary W. Johnson James W. Johnson **Belton Jones** Eldon W. Kaser Charles B. King William E. Kirhofer Fred D. Kochendorfer Edward H. Kopf Myron W. Krueger Richard E. Kuhn Walter La Fleur John R. Lanier James Lazar John C. Leeds William B. Lenoir Joseph E. Lepetich Roy C. Lester William G. Lewers Don L. Lind Robert E. Lindstrom Jack R. Lister Jerrol W. Littles Joseph P. Loftus Robert L. Lohman Allen J. Louviere Richard B. Marsten Joseph M. Martin Norman J. Martin George D. Matthews Bruce McCandless Dudley G. McConnell Robert A. McDaris Marvin R. McLain John E. McLeaish

Harold J. McMann Ann R. McNair Joe R. Medlock William G. Melbourne William D. Merrick Bobby J. Miller Walter D. Moody Arthur H. Moore Edwin T. Muckley F. Story Musgrave Dema S. Nappier Clyde B. Netherton Theodrick B. Norris Robert R. Nunamaker Paul G. Parks Walter E. Parsons Richard P. Parten Paul J. Pashby Wayne H. Patterson James E. Powers William I. Purdy Alfred R. Raffaelli Albert Rango Robert L. Reeves James E. Rice Melvin L. Richmond Glover H. Robinson William H. Rock Alfred L. Ryan Melvin Sadoff Samuel D. Sanborn Paul D. Schrock Nina Scrivener Carl B. Shelley Daniel J. Shramo Alfred J. Siegmeth Norri Sirri Joseph W. Siry Malcolm C. Smith Gerald M. Smith Earl A. Smith Jackie E. Smith James A. Smith F. Louis Sola Anthony J. Spear Gael F. Squibb John C. Stonesifer

James N. Strickland Francis M. Sturms Jack C. Swearingen Annie E. Taylor Elmer L. Taylor Jerold L. Vaniman Fred Vescelus Alan R. Vette Kenneth Webster Richard D. Wegrich Albert A. Whalen James R. White Peter B. Whitehead Arthur C. Wilbur Charles K. Williams James N. Wilson Charles L. Wood Jack T. Wood Alvan P. Woosley Albert Zeiler Harold Zweigbaum 1975 Bernard G. Achhammer William R. Adams Kenneth S. Ahmie William S. Aiken Joseph D. Atkinson Robert P. Baker Richard J. H. Barnes Joseph F. Battaglia John C. Beckman John H. Bell Calvin B. Blevins Donald D. Blume E. Jean Bollinger Robert A. Bush Arthur J. Carraway Billy H. Childers Kenneth W. Colley Charles E. Cote James L. Crafts James E. Curry Richard L. Daniels Marlene M. Davis Paul D. Davis James D. Dean Preston B. Dickerson

William B. Dickinson

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William E. Zorumski

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Louis N. Lushina

Robert B. Macdonald Arthur J. Mackey Joseph F. Malaga Wayne L. McCall Harold A. McClanahan Robert M. Montgomery Paul A. Mowatt Walter P. Murphy James L. Neal John E. O'Brien Harry O'Dell Walter H. Padgham Robert N. Parker Robert H. Pickard Charles E. Pontious Phillip H. Roberts Jack H. Rupe William A. Russell John W. Russell William H. Schick F. Robert Schmidt Henry Schultz Elton R. Scott John R. Scull Edward M. Shafer Sara M. Sheppard Richard C. Simmonds Arthur L. Sprott David H. Suddeth James C. Sweat James E. Towles William F. Townsend Richard B. Umlauf Chauncey W. Uphoff Henry R. van Goey Darrow L. Webb Robert R. Wessels Charles E. White Jack W. Wild Sue E. Wilder Roger L. Winblade Joseph A. Yienger Ray E. Yost 1977 James D. Acord David B. Ahearn

Marius J. Alazard

Melvin S. Anderson

Walter H. Anderson Jack E. Baltar William R. Bandeen Richard A. Bender Ansel Q. Berglund Maurice E. Binkley Percy J. Bobbitt John H. Boeckel John W. Boyd William J. Boyer Neva B. Brooks Barbara Brown Robert A. Bruce John D. Buckley Donald H. Buckley Stanley A. Butman Francis Byrne William J. Carley Arlen F. Carter David J. Carter Richard Case Waldo J. Castellana A. Earl Cherniack Hubert K. Clark Leonard V. Clark Richard F. Collins Norman L. Crabill William F. Cuddihy Floyd A. Curington Charles R. Darwin Leo P. Daspit Paul B. Davenport Rudolf Decher John P. Decker Leonard J. Deryder Howard W. Douglass Roy J. Duckett Robert T. Duffy Mahlon F. Easterling Merle A. Economu Charles D. Engle Jack B. Esgar Anthony Fontana Jerald D. Fox Robert R. Frazer L. Bernard Garrett Loyal G. Goff

Luis Gonzales John B. Graham Charles H. Green Charles R. Haines William M. Hall H. Frank Hann Richard F. Harrington James P. Harris Rolf C. Hastrup Claude E. Hildebrand Neil A. Holmberg H. Milton Holt James W. Hooper Friedrich O. Huck Charles Husson Walter Jakobowski Erwin J. Janota Clavin R. Jarvis Richard D. Johnson David W. Johnston Mark W. Kelly Robert A. Kennedy Charles B. King Robert H. Kirby Wayne H. Kohl John R. Kolden Herbert R. Kowitz James F. Kukowski Brian T. Larman Frederick J. Lees E. Burton Lightner Robert E. Loesh Uriel M. Lovelace Lawrence E. Lundgren Robert T. Magee Arlene G. Marek Gerard E. Migneault Rodney A. Mills Robert T. Mitchell Henry J. Moore Warren K. Moore William M. Moore Joseph C. Moorman Douglas J. Mudgway James R. Mundy Nicholas D. Murray Robert F. Murray

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Ronald J. Rauth Ian M. Ross Emanuel M. Roth William G. Shepherd William B. Shockley William H. Sweet John R. Whinnery Fred L. Whipple George D. Zuidema 1973 Hans P. Bruckner O. W. Clark W. L. Duval R. E. Ehrhardt C. D. Fowler H. F. Hafenmaier William C. Holmes J. P. Kaiser C. E. Kroupa

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Sheldon Haas

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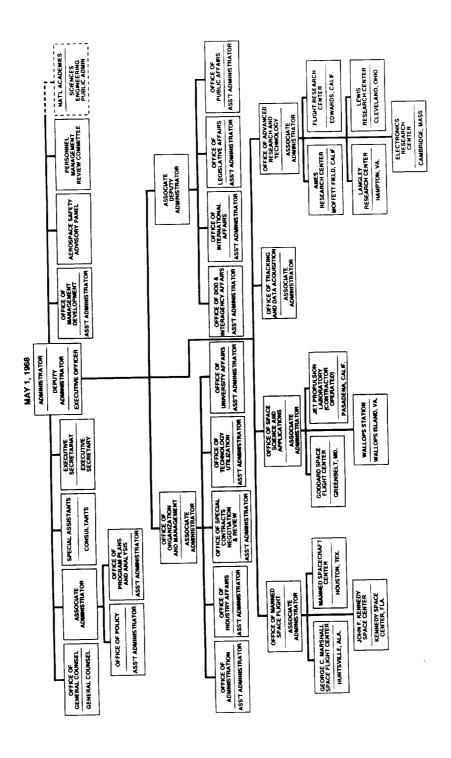
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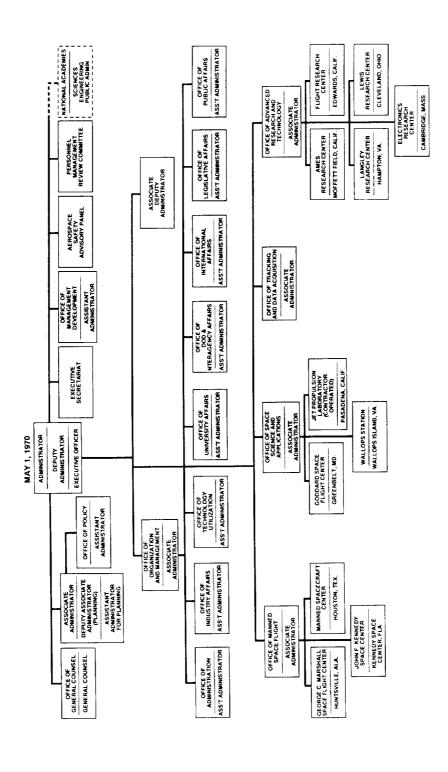
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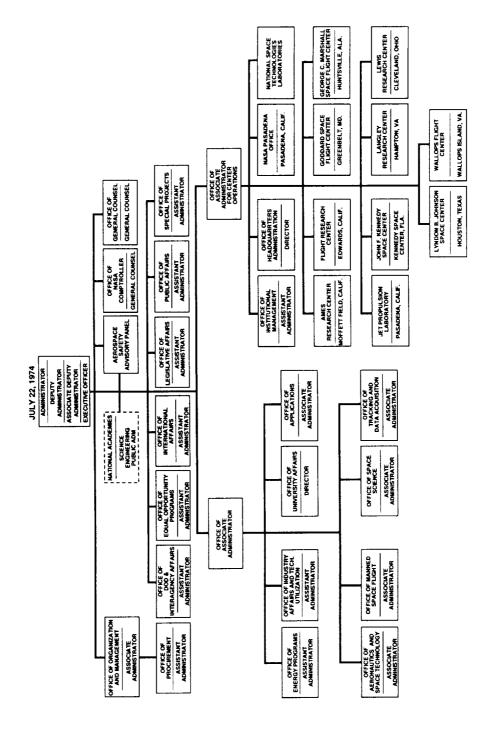
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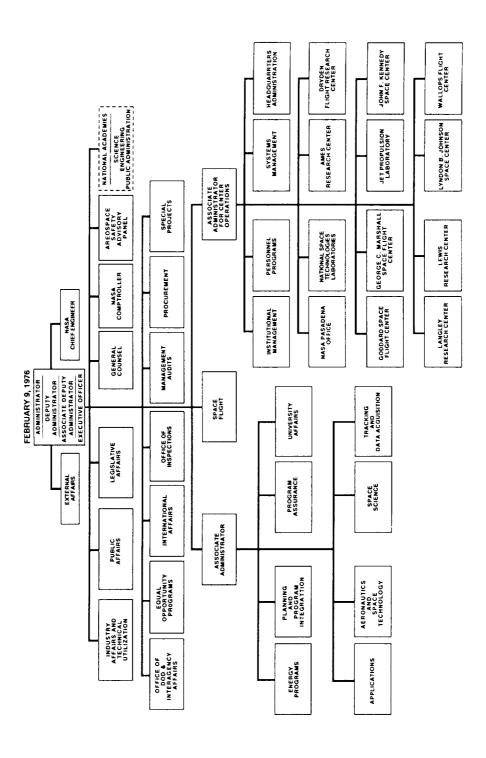


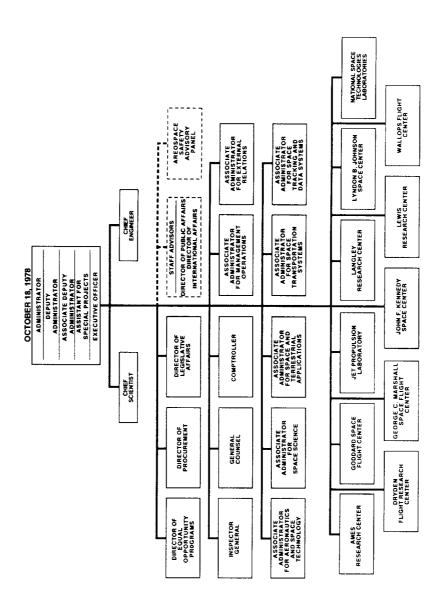
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